

**AGENDA**  
**CITY COUNCIL REGULAR MEETING**  
**G.L. Gilleland Council Chambers on 2<sup>nd</sup> Floor**  
**Monday, December 3, 2018**  
**7:00 P.M.**

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1. Call to Order – **7:00 pm**
2. Roll Call – **7:01 pm**
3. Invocation and Pledge – **7:02 pm**
4. Announcements – **7:04 pm**
5. Approval of the Agenda – **7:05 pm**
6. Public Input – **7:08 pm**
  
7. Consent Agenda **7:08 pm**
  - a. Approve the Minutes
    - Regular Meeting - November 5, 2018
    - Special Called Meeting and Executive Session - November 13, 2018
  - b. Approve 2019 Meeting Dates and Times
  - c. Approve 2019 Mayor and Council Board Designations and Compensation
  - d. Approve 2019 Staff Appointments
  - e. Approve Training, Lodging and Travel Expenses for Mayor
  - f. Approve Resolution – 2018 Comprehensive Plan as Updated
  
8. Recognition of Retired Planning Commission Members - **7:09 pm**

**PUBLIC HEARING**

9. **ZA C8-00221**: Fall Leaf Residential LLC. has requested a PUD site plan change for TMP 093 048 and 093 049, located at 2364 Perimeter Road, consisting of 32.6 acres. Hearing Dates: Planning Commission – November 5, 2018 and City Council – December 3, 2018 – **7:11 pm**
  
10. An Ordinance Repealing The Zoning Ordinance Of The City Of Dawsonville, Georgia Adopted On June 2, 2003, As Amended, And Adopting A New Zoning Ordinance For The City Of Dawsonville, Georgia For The Purpose Of Regulating The Location, Height, Bulk, Number Of Stories And The Size Of Buildings And Structures; The Amount Of Lot Which May Be Occupied; The Size Of Yards, Courts, And Other Open Space; The Density And Distribution Of Population; The Use Of Buildings, Structures, And Land For Trade, Industry, Commerce, Residence, Recreation, Agriculture, Conservation, Water Supply, Sanitation, Public Activities, And Other Purposes; Creating Districts For Said Purposes And Establishing The Boundaries Thereof; Defining Certain Terms Used Herein; Providing For The Method Of Administration And Amendment: Defining The Composition, Powers And Duties Of The Planning Commission, Board Of Appeals, Historic Preservation Commission, Building Inspector, And Governing Authority; Providing Penalties For Violation; Repealing Conflicting Regulations; And For Other Purposes. (First Reading: November 5, 2018; Public Hearing and Second Reading: December 3, 2018) – **7:13 pm**
  
11. An Ordinance To Amend The City Of Dawsonville Occupation Taxes And Miscellaneous Business Regulations Ordinance Regarding General Business Licensing, Registration And Fees; To Provide For Regulation Of Pawnshops; To Repeal Conflicting Ordinances; And For Other Purposes. (First Reading: November 5, 2018; Public Hearing and Second Reading: December 3, 2018) – **7:18 pm**

**BUSINESS**

12. Audit Presentation FY 2017-2018 – **7:20 pm**
13. Award Bid – RFP 19-01 Garbage/Solid Waste Collection Service – **7:29 pm**
14. Garbage Rate Increase – **7:32 pm**
15. Fee Reduction Request – KK Turner Estate ANX/ZA/VAR C8-00209 – **7:33 pm**

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16. **ANX C8-00210:** Michael Turner and Myles Montgomery have petitioned to annex into the city limits of Dawsonville the 11.407 acre tract known as TMP 093 006 located at 0 Allen Street. Hearing Dates: Planning Commission – October 8, 2018 and City Council – October 22, 2018 and November 5, 2018. – **7:39 pm**
- ZA C8-00210:** Michael Turner and Myles Montgomery have requested a rezone of the 14.175 acres known as TMP 093 006 and TMP 093 007, located at 0 Allen Street from City Zoning of LI (Light Industrial) and County Zoning of RSR (Residential Sub Rural) to City Zoning of R3 (Single Family Residential) Hearing Dates: Planning Commission – October 8, 2018 and City Council – October 22, 2018 and November 5, 2018.
- a. Vote
  - b. Agreement for Detention Pond Design, Construction and Maintenance
17. An Ordinance Of The City Council Of The City Of Dawsonville To Amend The Stormwater Management Ordinance; To Prohibiting Illicit Discharge And Illegal Connection To The City Of Dawsonville Storm Sewer System; To Repeal Conflicting Ordinances; And For Other Purposes. (First Reading: December 3, 2018; Second Reading and Vote: December 17, 2018) - **7:44 pm**
18. NGN Water Tower Agreement – **7:47 pm**
19. Local Maintenance & Improvement Grant (LMIG) – 30% Match - **7:49 pm**
20. Impact Fees – **7:51 pm**
21. TSPLOST - **7:52 pm**
22. 2019 Renewal of Professional Services – **Take off Agenda**
23. 2019 Mayor Pro-Tem Appointment - **7:52 pm**
24. Personnel Leave Transfer Policy – **7:53 pm**
25. Main Street Park Change Order – **7:55 pm**
26. Appoint to Family Connection – **8:01 pm**

**EXECUTIVE SESSION:** Pending or Potential Litigation – **8:02 pm**

**ADJOURNMENT – 8:30 pm**



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**BUSINESS**

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- a. Vote
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- 18. NGN Water Tower Agreement
- 19. Local Maintenance & Improvement Grant (LMIG) – 30% Match
- 20. Impact Fees
- 21. TSPLOST
- 22. 2019 Renewal of Professional Services
- 23. 2019 Mayor Pro-Tem Appointment
- 24. Personnel Leave Transfer Policy

**EXECUTIVE SESSION:** Pending or Potential Litigation

**ADJOURNMENT**



DAWSONVILLE CITY COUNCIL  
EXECUTIVE SUMMARY FOR  
AGENDA ITEM # 7

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SUBJECT: CONSENT AGENDA

CITY COUNCIL MEETING DATE: 12/03/2018

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PURPOSE FOR REQUEST:

**CONSIDERATION AND APPROVAL OF ITEMS A THROUGH F; SEE ATTACHED SUPPORTING DOCUMENTS**

- a. Approve the Minutes
    - Regular Meeting - November 5, 2018
    - Special Called Meeting and Executive Session - November 13, 2018
  - b. Approve 2019 Meeting Dates and Times
  - c. Approve 2019 Mayor and Council Board Designations
  - d. Approve 2019 Staff Appointments
  - e. Approve Training for Mayor
  - f. Approve Resolution – 2018 Comprehensive Plan as Updated
-



DAWSONVILLE CITY COUNCIL  
EXECUTIVE SUMMARY FOR  
AGENDA ITEM # 7a

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SUBJECT: APPROVE THE MINUTES

CITY COUNCIL MEETING DATE: 12/03/2018

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BUDGET INFORMATION: GL ACCOUNT # NA

Funds Available from:      Annual Budget      Capital Budget Other     

Budget Amendment Request from Reserve:      Enterprise Fund      General Fund

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PURPOSE FOR REQUEST:

TO APPROVE THE MINUTES FROM:

- REGULAR MEETING – NOVEMBER 5, 2018
- SPECIAL CALLED MEETING AND EXECUTIVE SESSION – NOVEMBER 13, 2018

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HISTORY/ FACTS / ISSUES:

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OPTIONS:

**AMEND OR APPROVE AS PRESENTED**

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RECOMMENDED SAMPLE MOTION:

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REQUESTED BY: Beverly Banister, City Clerk

**MINUTES**  
**CITY COUNCIL REGULAR MEETING**  
**G.L. Gilleland Council Chambers on 2<sup>nd</sup> Floor**  
**Monday, November 5, 2018**  
**7:00 P.M.**

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1. **CALL TO ORDER:** Mayor Mike Eason called the meeting to order at 7:00 pm.
2. **ROLL CALL:** Present were Councilmember Jason Power, Councilmember Mark French, Councilmember Stephen Tolson, Councilmember Caleb Phillips, City Attorney Dana Miles, City Manager Bob Bolz, City Clerk Beverly Banister, Utilities Director Gary Barr, Public Works Operations Manager Trampas Hansard, Planning Director Robbie Irvin, Finance Administrator Hayden Wiggins, Deputy City Clerk Tracy Smith and Human Resource Manager Donna Blanton.
3. **INVOCATION AND PLEDGE:** Invocation and Pledge were led by Councilmember Tolson.
4. **ANNOUNCEMENTS:** Mayor Eason explained the addition of times to the Agenda which can be found on the website so that anyone who watches the recording can forward to specific items instead of watching the entire feed.
5. **APPROVAL OF THE AGENDA:** Motion to amend the agenda by removing item #8g Reindeer Run 5k and 10k with Road Closures off of the consent agenda and move to item #19 made by S. Tolson; second by J. Power. Vote carried unanimously in favor.  
  
Motion to amend the agenda by removing item #8b Zoning Map off of the consent agenda and move to item #20 made by M. French; second by C. Phillips. Vote carried unanimously in favor.  
  
Motion to approve agenda as amended made by J. Power; second by S. Tolson. Vote carried unanimously in favor.
6. **PUBLIC INPUT:** No comments from the public.
7. **RESOLUTION – CONSENT AGENDA PROTOCOL:** Mayor Eason outlined the purpose of the resolution; Councilmember French stated his support of the consent agenda but prefers it not to go into effect until the following meeting. Motion to approve the resolution as presented made by J. Power; second by S. Tolson. Vote carried unanimously in favor. (Exhibit "A")
8. **CONSENT AGENDA:** Motion to approve the consent agenda for the following items made by J. Power; second by S. Tolson. Vote carried unanimously in favor.
  - a. Approve the Minutes – passed 4-0
  - c. Move NGN Water Tower Agreement to December 3, 2018 – passed 4-0
  - d. Approve Edmunds Software Agreement – passed 4-0
  - e. Approve Veteran's Day Parade with Road Closure – passed 4-0
  - f. Approve Christmas Parade with Road Closure – passed 4-0
9. **EMPLOYEE OF THE MONTH AND SERVICE AWARD:** The Mayor and Council presented the October Employee of the Month to Beverly Banister and a two-year service award to Bob Bolz.
10. **ANX C8-00210:** Michael Turner and Myles Montgomery have petitioned to annex into the city limits of Dawsonville the 11.407 acre tract known as TMP 093 006 located at 0 Allen Street. Hearing Dates: Planning Commission – October 8, 2018 and City Council – October 22, 2018 and November 5, 2018.

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11. **ZA C8-00210:** Michael Turner and Myles Montgomery have requested a rezone of the 14.175 acres known as TMP 093 006 and TMP 093 007, located at 0 Allen Street from City Zoning of LI (Light Industrial) and County Zoning of RSR (Residential Sub Rural) to City Zoning of R3 (Single Family Residential) Hearing Dates: Planning Commission – October 8, 2018 and City Council – October 22, 2018 and November 5, 2018.

Planning Director Irvin read the annexation and rezone into the record. Mayor Eason stated a stipulation from the Planning Commission to enter into an agreement with the property owners to jointly develop a detention pond on our property is still being worked on by the attorneys. Additionally, the County has filed an objection to the annexation which is still pending; the City Attorney needs to be directed to seek arbitration.

Motion to table items #10 and #11 to the December 3, 2018 meeting and to direct the City Attorney to seek arbitration regarding the objection from Dawson County made by C. Phillips; second by M. French. Vote carried unanimously in favor.

12. An Ordinance To Amend The Current Speed Zone Ordinance Of The City Of Dawsonville, Georgia By Attaching A Revised Exhibit A Based Upon The Latest GDOT Study Of Speeds; And For Other Purposes. (First Reading: October 22, 2018; Second Reading: November 5, 2018)

The second reading of the ordinance was read by City Attorney Dana Miles.

Motion to approve the ordinance as presented by M. French; second by J. Power. Vote carried unanimously in favor. (Exhibit "B")

13. An Ordinance Repealing The Zoning Ordinance Of The City Of Dawsonville, Georgia Adopted On June 2, 2003, As Amended, And Adopting A New Zoning Ordinance For The City Of Dawsonville, Georgia For The Purpose Of Regulating The Location, Height, Bulk, Number Of Stories And The Size Of Buildings And Structures; The Amount Of Lot Which May Be Occupied; The Size Of Yards, Courts, And Other Open Space; The Density And Distribution Of Population; The Use Of Buildings, Structures, And Land For Trade, Industry, Commerce, Residence, Recreation, Agriculture, Conservation, Water Supply, Sanitation, Public Activities, And Other Purposes; Creating Districts For Said Purposes And Establishing The Boundaries Thereof; Defining Certain Terms Used Herein; Providing For The Method Of Administration And Amendment: Defining The Composition, Powers And Duties Of The Planning Commission, Board Of Appeals, Historic Preservation Commission, Building Inspector, And Governing Authority; Providing Penalties For Violation; Repealing Conflicting Regulations; And For Other Purposes. (First Reading: November 5, 2018; Public Hearing and Second Reading: December 3, 2018)

The first reading of the ordinance amendment was read by Planning Director Irvin. He also read the staff report summarizing the proposed changes to the ordinance.

Councilmember French asked how the changes to the ordinance would impact the existing PUD designations; Irvin responded no new PUDs could be developed, however, the existing PUDs would maintain their protection. Councilmember French also stated he would like the ordinance amendment to be presented to the Planning Commission for their input.

14. An Ordinance To Amend The City Of Dawsonville Occupation Taxes And Miscellaneous Business Regulations Ordinance Regarding General Business Licensing, Registration And Fees; To Provide For Regulation Of Pawnshops; To Repeal Conflicting Ordinances; And For Other Purposes. (First Reading: November 5, 2018; Public Hearing and Second Reading: December 3, 2018)

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The first reading of the ordinance amendment was read by Planning Director Irvin. He also read the staff report summarizing the proposed changes to the ordinance.

- 15. IMPACT FEE STUDY PROPOSAL:** Mayor Eason reported the County has asked the City to consider impact fees. We have received a proposal on the study for impact fees outlining what needs to be done to implement impact fees. Councilmember Tolson stated he is interested in having the study done and thought it would be worthwhile to determine how future infrastructure would be paid for; either by the taxpayer or the developers. Mayor Eason stated doing the study does not mean we have to implement the fees. Councilmember French agreed with Councilmember Tolson's assessment and stated we should look at this option so as not to burden our current residents for future development; he is in favor of the study.
- 16. TSPLOST:** Mayor Eason reported the County has asked the City to consider a TSPLOST. The projected amount is \$50,000,000 over five years; the percentage each entity receives needs to be negotiated. He stated the biggest project the City is interested in is getting the Perimeter Road bypass. Council will need to consider it for a vote, possibly by the next meeting.
- 17. 2019 MEETINGS CALENDAR:** Mayor Eason discussed the proposed 2019 meeting dates and times calendar and stated it will be up for a vote at the December 3, 2018 meeting.
- 18. RESOLUTION – TIMELINE FOR PREPARING AGENDAS AND SUBMISSION OF SUPPORT DOCUMENTATION:** Motion to approve resolution as presented made by J. Power; second by C. Phillips. Vote carried unanimously in favor. (Exhibit "C")
- 19. REINDEER RUN 5K AND 10K WITH ROAD CLOSURE:** Motion to approve the event with road closure contingent upon receipt of proper insurance coverage with the City named as insured made by M. French; second by J. Power. Vote carried unanimously in favor.
- 20. ZONING MAP:** Motion to approve the zoning map as presented made by J. Power; second by C. Phillips. Vote carried unanimously in favor. (Exhibit "D")

City Clerk Banister announced a citizen has completed a Public Input form and is requesting to be heard on item #15. Motion to allow public input made by C. Phillips; second by M. French. Vote carried unanimously in favor.

Michael Turner who resides at 1090 Oak Haven Drive in Roswell spoke about impact fees stating it harms the people who need the housing the most, he also said they are unfair and although the developer is charged the fee it is the end user who is impacted by it with nothing in return.

#### **ADJOURNMENT**

With there being no further business to attend to, a motion to adjourn the meeting at 7:38 p.m. made by J. Power; second by C. Phillips. Vote carried unanimously in favor.



MINUTES  
CITY COUNCIL REGULAR MEETING  
G.L. Gilleland Council Chambers on 2<sup>nd</sup> Floor  
Monday, November 5, 2018  
7:00 P.M.

---

By: CITY OF DAWSONVILLE

\_\_\_\_\_  
Michael Eason, Mayor

\_\_\_\_\_  
Caleb Phillips, Councilmember Post 1

\_\_\_\_\_  
Stephen Tolson, Councilmember Post 2

\_\_\_\_\_  
Jason Power, Councilmember Post 3

\_\_\_\_\_  
Mark French, Councilmember Post 4

Attested: \_\_\_\_\_  
Beverly Banister, City Clerk

**A RESOLUTION FOR THE PURPOSE OF ESTABLISHING A CONSENT AGENDA PROTOCOL; FOR PLACING ITEMS ON A CONSENT AGENDA; FOR REMOVAL OF ITEMS FROM A CONSENT AGENDA; FOR CONSIDERATION AND VOTING ON A CONSENT AGENDA; AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES.**

**WHEREAS**, the City of Dawsonville has semi-monthly meetings at which it discusses and considers matters of import to the City of Dawsonville; and

**WHEREAS**, in conjunction with agenda items for consideration by the City Council, there are often matters upon which there is little to no discussion, and which could effectively be considered in many cases by the individual members of the Dawsonville City Council prior to Council meetings; and

**WHEREAS**, the Mayor of the City of Dawsonville presides over the meetings of the City Council, and in that capacity must facilitate the efficient operation of the government of the City of Dawsonville; and

**WHEREAS**, the Mayor and the Council of the City of Dawsonville have determined that, to promote the efficient operation of the governing authority during its meetings, it is desirable to have a procedure for a consent agenda, pursuant to which matters requiring little to no discussion or additional consideration may be approved.

**NOW THEREFORE**, the foregoing premises considered, the Council of the City of Dawsonville hereby resolves as follows:

Section 1. **SETTING THE CONSENT AGENDA.** The Mayor of the City of Dawsonville may set a consent agenda for the approval of those matters which, in the discretion of the Mayor, should require little or no discussion and for which materials may be provided to the members of the City Council in advance of their meeting for review. The items which are eligible for placement on a consent agenda for approval include the following:

- a. Minutes of prior meetings.
- b. Minutes of prior executive session meetings.
- c. Financial reports.
- d. Staff reports.
- e. Council reports.
- f. Mayor's report.
- g. Reappointments to committees/boards/authorities of persons currently serving on the subject committee/board/authority.
- h. Renewals of permits issued by the City of Dawsonville requiring approval by the City Council.
- i. Matters which, in the consideration of the Mayor, have received such prior discussion and consideration and on which there is such apparent consensus that the efficient operation of government will be promoted by their placement on a consent agenda.

Section 2. PLACEMENT OF THE CONSENT AGENDA AND REMOVAL OF ITEMS THEREFROM.

- a. The Consent Agenda shall be placed on the agenda of the Mayor and Council at any meeting where the procedure is utilized by the Mayor, and it shall be placed upon the agenda following the Approval of the Agenda as a whole.
- b. At the time of the Approval of the Agenda is reached for consideration by the Council, any council member shall have the right upon motion, without a second or any vote, to have an item(s) removed from the Consent Agenda. Any item removed from a Consent Agenda shall be placed at the end of the Agenda, but before any Executive Session portion of the meeting, where it shall be discussed and/or voted upon as if it were never part of the Consent Agenda. Thereafter, Approval of the Agenda as modified will be voted upon by the Council.

Section 3. CONSIDERATION OF CONSENT AGENDA

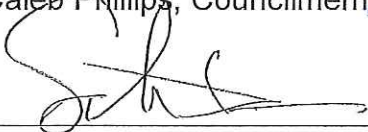
- a. For each item on a Consent Agenda, any applicable written materials for the members of the City Council to review must be made available sufficiently in advance to permit meaningful review and consideration, but in no event shall an item be placed on a Consent Agenda unless any applicable written materials in support thereof are available for at least three (3) calendar days prior to the day of the meeting where the item appears on the Consent Agenda.
- b. When the Consent Agenda is reached for consideration during the meeting, the Mayor shall read aloud the title of each item on the Consent Agenda and shall ask for a motion to approve the entire Consent Agenda as read.
- c. Upon a motion and a second to approve the Consent Agenda, the question shall then be called without discussion and a vote cast to determine whether the Consent Agenda should be approved.
  - i. Upon approval, each item thereon shall be deemed to have been approved as if it were considered individually by the Council of the City of Dawsonville, and the minutes shall so reflect that approval by recording the vote totals for each item approved on the Consent Agenda.
- d. In the event there is no Motion to approve the Consent Agenda, or in the event the Consent Agenda otherwise fails to achieve a majority of the votes for its approval, then and in that event each of the items on the Consent Agenda must be considered individually and shall be placed on the Agenda pursuant to Section 2(b) of this Resolution.

Section 4. The terms and procedures provided for in this Resolution shall continue to be in place until such time as they are amended, revoked or annulled by action of the City Council of Dawsonville.

SO RESOLVED this 5 day of November, 2018.

  
Michael Eason, Mayor,

  
Caleb Phillips, Councilmember, Post 1

  
Steve Tolson, Councilmember, Post 2

  
Jason Power, Councilmember, Post 3

  
Mark French, Councilmember, Post 4



Attested:   
Beverly Barister, City Clerk

FIRST READING: 10/22/2018  
SECOND READING: 11/05/2018  
PASSED: 11.05.2018

**SPEED ZONE ORDINANCE  
CITY OF DAWSONVILLE, GEORGIA**

**AN ORDINANCE TO AMEND THE CURRENT SPEED ZONE ORDINANCE OF THE CITY OF DAWSONVILLE, GEORGIA BY ATTACHING A REVISED EXHIBIT A BASED UPON THE LATEST GDOT STUDY OF SPEEDS; AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES.**

**WHEREAS**, pursuant to O.C.G.A. § 40-6-183, the City Charter of the City of Dawsonville, and other powers vested in the City, the City is authorized to regulate speed zones and establish speeding regulations within the corporate limits of the City of Dawsonville;

**WHEREAS**, a traffic and engineering study, required by law, has recently been completed by the Georgia Department of Transportation (“GDOT”) regarding speeds traveled on the roads, streets, highways and other public ways within the City of Dawsonville described in this Ordinance;

**WHEREAS**, the City desires to update its Speed Zone Ordinance as passed on February 1, 2010 and previously amended on September 10, 2012 and October 5, 2015 based upon the most recent GDOT study completed in June 2018 and as reflected in the attached Exhibit A.

**NOW THEREFORE**, the Council of the City of Dawsonville hereby ordains and enacts a revision to the Speed Zone Ordinance of the City of Dawsonville by attaching a new Exhibit A as follows:

**Section 1. Adoption of a new Exhibit A (2200-06-2018).**

The Code of the City of Dawsonville, Georgia is hereby amended to repeal the existing Section 13-31 in Article III of Chapter 13 of the same, and create a new Section 13-31, with the text attached hereto as Exhibit A, being enumerated as “2200-06-2018”. Exhibit A is incorporated herein by express reference.

**Section 2. Ratification of Existing Ordinance.**

Except as provided in Section 1 by replacing the existing Section 13-31 from the October 5, 2015 amendment with a new revised Section 13-31, the remainder of Chapter 13, Article III is ratified, reaffirmed and remains in full force and effect.

**Section 3. Effective Date.**

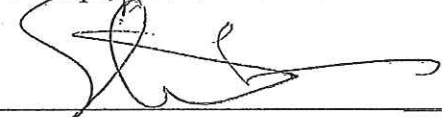
This Amendment to the Speed Zone Ordinance shall take effect and be in force from and after adoption, the public welfare demanding it.

SO ADOPTED, this 5 day of November, 2018.

By: CITY OF DAWSONVILLE

  
\_\_\_\_\_  
Mike Eason, Mayor

  
\_\_\_\_\_  
Caleb Phillips, Councilmember Post 1

  
\_\_\_\_\_  
Stephen Tolson, Councilmember Post 2

  
\_\_\_\_\_  
Jason Power, Councilmember Post 3

  
\_\_\_\_\_  
Mark French, Councilmember Post 4



Attested:   
\_\_\_\_\_  
Beverly Banister, City Clerk

**LIST OF ROADWAYS**  
for  
**CITY OF DAWSONVILLE**

**ON-SYSTEM**

STATE ROUTE	WITHIN THE CITY/TOWN LIMITS OF and/or School Name	FROM	MILE POINT	TO	MILE POINT	LENGTH IN MILES	SPEED LIMIT
SR 9	Dawsonville	60' north of Perimeter Rd (South Dawsonville City Limits)	05.57	47' south of Howard Road	06.37	00.80	45
SR 9	Dawsonville	47' south of Howard Road	06.37	183' north of Robinson Road	07.01	00.64	35
SR 9 *** SCHOOL ZONE ***	Dawson County Middle School	610' north of State Route 53	06.69	348' south of Robinson Road	06.91	00.22	35
SR 9	Dawsonville	183' north of Robinson Road	07.01	578' south of Perimeter Rd (North Dawsonville City Limits)	07.13	00.12	45
SR 9WE	Dawsonville	State Route 9	00.00	State Route 9	00.11	00.11	25
SR 53	Dawsonville	48' west of Creekstone Ln (West Dawsonville City Limits)	08.25	594' east of Creekstone Lane	08.38	00.13	55
SR 53	Dawsonville	594' east of Creekstone Lane	08.38	129' east of Howser Mill Road	08.70	00.32	45
SR 53	Dawsonville	129' east of Howser Mill Road	08.70	State Route 9	08.92	00.22	35
SR 53	Dawsonville	<i>This section of roadway runs common with State Route 9 from MP 08.92 to MP 09.07 for a total of 00.15 Miles</i>					
SR 53	Dawsonville	State Route 9	09.07	590' east of Main St.	09.58	00.51	35
SR 53	Dawsonville	590' east of Main St.	09.58	87' west of Jack Heard Road (East Dawsonville City Limits)	09.69	00.11	45

**OFF-SYSTEM**

ROAD NAME	WITHIN THE CITY/TOWN LIMITS OF and/or School Name	FROM	TO	LENGTH IN MILES	SPEED LIMIT
Perimeter Road	Dawsonville	Dawsonville City Limits (400' west of Melody Lane)	Shoal Creek Road (County Road 224)	00.55	35
Shoal Creek Road	Dawsonville	600' south of Perimeter Road	Dawsonville City Limits (250' north of Shoal Creek Ridge Drive)	00.43	35



**\*\*\*SCHOOL ZONE HOURS ARE EFFECTIVE\*\*\***

A.M. from 45 minutes prior to commencement time to 15 minutes after commencement time –  
**SCHOOL DAYS ONLY**

P.M. from 15 minutes prior to dismissal time to 45 minutes after dismissal time –  
**SCHOOL DAYS ONLY**

ALL LISTS AND PARTS OF LISTS IN CONFLICT WITH THIS LIST ARE HEREBY REPEALED.

Signature of Governing Authority:

Mayor

see below

City Council Members

Sworn and Subscribed before me

This 5 day of November, 2018.

Beverly A. Banister  
NOTARY PUBLIC



**Beverly A. Banister**  
**NOTARY PUBLIC**  
**Dawson County, Georgia**  
**My Commission Expires**  
**February 18, 2020**

Caleb Phillips, Councilmember Post 1

Stephen Tolson, Councilmember Post 2

Jason Power, Councilmember Post 3

Mark French, Councilmember Post 4

**A RESOLUTION FOR THE PURPOSE OF SETTING A TIMELINE FOR PREPARING AGENDAS AND SUBMISSION OF DOCUMENTS IN SUPPORT OF OR OPPOSITION TO AGENDA ITEMS FOR ALL REGULAR COUNCIL, AUTHORITY AND COMMISSION MEETINGS**

**WHEREAS**, the City of Dawsonville has via ordinance created certain commissions and authorities, including but not limited to the Planning Commission, the Historic Preservation Commission and the Downtown Development Authority; and

**WHEREAS**, in conjunction with agenda items for consideration by the City Council, its authorities and commissions, members of the public may desire to submit documents in support or opposition to an agenda item; and

**WHEREAS**, the City's decision makers need sufficient time in order to review the supporting/opposing documentation related to upcoming agenda items and to ask questions so as to be adequately prepared for their meetings and to efficiently run City business;

**NOW THEREFORE**, the Council of the City of Dawsonville hereby resolves as follows:

All proposed agendas for the Council, its authorities and its commissions shall be prepared in draft form and sent out to Council, its authorities and/or commissions and appropriate staff at least five (5) business days prior to any regular meeting of the City Council, any Work Session of the City Council, and all meetings of Commissions and Authorities of the City of Dawsonville, including but not limited to the Planning Commission, the Historic Preservation Commission and the Downtown Development Authority.

A final copy of the agenda shall be posted at City Hall and on the City's website and distributed with supporting documentation to the Council, its authorities, commissions and appropriate staff no later than three (3) business days prior to the meeting.


Any member of the public who desires to submit additional documentation in support of or in opposition to proposed agenda items shall submit the same to the Clerk not less than one (1) business day prior to the meeting by 12:00 p.m. in order to be considered at the meeting.

The timelines set forth hereinabove shall not apply to items that are added to the agenda after it has been prepared, posted at City Hall and sent out to the Council, its authorities and/or commissions.

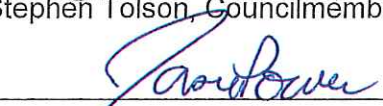
SO RESOLVED this 5 day of November, 2018.

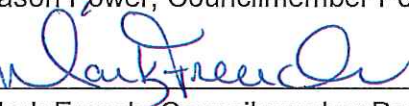
By: CITY OF DAWSONVILLE

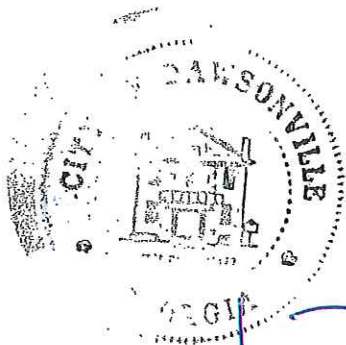
  
Mike Eason, Mayor

  
Caleb Phillips, Councilmember Post 1

  
Stephen Tolson, Councilmember Post 2

  
Jason Power, Councilmember Post 3

  
Mark French, Councilmember Post 4



Attested:

  
Beverly Banister, City Clerk





**MINUTES**  
**CITY COUNCIL SPECIAL CALLED MEETING**  
**G.L. Gilleland Council Chambers on 2<sup>nd</sup> Floor**  
**Tuesday, November 13, 2018**  
**5:30 P.M.**

---

1. **CALL TO ORDER:** Mayor Mike Eason called the meeting to order at 5:30 pm.
2. **ROLL CALL:** Present were Councilmember Jason Power, Councilmember Mark French, Councilmember Stephen Tolson, Councilmember Caleb Phillips, City Attorney Dana Miles, City Manager Bob Bolz and City Clerk Beverly Banister.
3. **INVOCATION AND PLEDGE:** Invocation and Pledge were led by Councilmember Phillips.
4. **APPROVAL OF THE AGENDA:** Motion to amend the agenda by adding item #4a Public Input made by C. Phillips; second by M. French. Vote carried unanimously in favor.

Motion to approve agenda as amended made by J. Power; second by S. Tolson. Councilmember French voiced his objection regarding the manner in which the meeting was called. Vote carried unanimously in favor.

- 4a. **PUBLIC INPUT:** No comments from the public.

5. **EXECUTIVE SESSION:**

At 5:33 p.m. the Council motioned to close regular session and go into executive session for the purpose of Pending or Potential Litigation made by S. Tolson; second by J. Power. Vote carried unanimously in favor.

At 5:55 p.m. a motion to close executive session and resume regular session was made by M. French; second by J. Power. Vote carried unanimously in favor.

6. **ADJOURNMENT:**

With there being no further business to attend to, a motion to adjourn the meeting at 5:58 p.m. was made by C. Phillips; second by J. Power. Vote carried unanimously in favor.

By: CITY OF DAWSONVILLE

\_\_\_\_\_  
Michael Eason, Mayor

\_\_\_\_\_  
Caleb Phillips, Councilmember Post 1

\_\_\_\_\_  
Stephen Tolson, Councilmember Post 2

\_\_\_\_\_  
Jason Power, Councilmember Post 3

\_\_\_\_\_  
Mark French, Councilmember Post 4

Attested: \_\_\_\_\_  
Beverly Banister, City Clerk



STATE OF GEORGIA  
COUNTY OF DAWSON


AFFIDAVIT OF THE CITY OF DAWSONVILLE MAYOR AND COUNCIL


Mayor Michael Eason, Councilmember/Mayor Pro-Tem Jason Power, Councilmember Caleb Phillips, Councilmember Stephen Tolson, and Councilmember Mark French; being duly sworn, state under oath that the following is true and accurate to the best of their knowledge and belief:

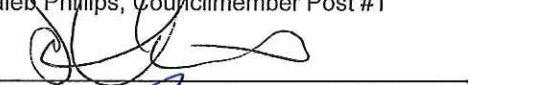
1. The City of Dawsonville Council met in a duly advertised meeting on the November 13, 2018.
2. During such meeting, the Board voted to go into closed session.
3. The executive session was called to order at 5<sup>33</sup> p.m.
4. The subject matter of the closed portion of the meeting was devoted to the following matter(s) within the exceptions provided in the open meetings law: (check all that apply)


- Consultation with the City Attorney or other legal counsel to discuss pending or potential litigation, settlement, claims, administrative proceedings, or other judicial actions brought or to be brought by or against the City or any officer or employee or in which the City or any officer or employee may be directly involved as provided in O.C.G.A. § 50-14-2(1);
- Discussion of tax matters made confidential by state law as provided by O.C.G.A. § 50-14-2(2) and \_\_\_\_\_;
- Discussion of future acquisition of real estate as provided by O.C.G.A. § 50-14-3(b)(1);
- Discussion or deliberation on the appointment, employment, compensation, hiring, disciplinary action or dismissal, or periodic evaluation or rating of a City officer or employee as provided in O.C.G.A. § 50-14-3(b)(2);
- Other \_\_\_\_\_ as provided in: \_\_\_\_\_.

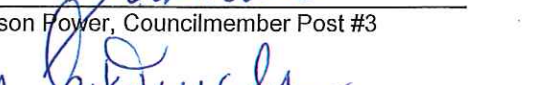
This 13th day of November 2018; By the City of Dawsonville, Mayor and Council:

  
\_\_\_\_\_  
Michael Eason, Mayor

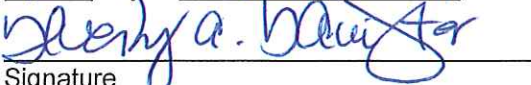
  
\_\_\_\_\_  
Caleb Phillips, Councilmember Post #1

  
\_\_\_\_\_  
Stephen Tolson, Councilmember Post #2

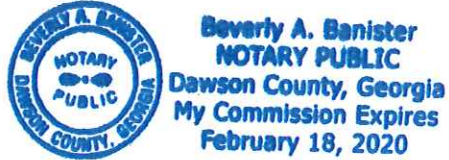
  
\_\_\_\_\_  
Jason Power, Councilmember Post #3

  
\_\_\_\_\_  
Mark French, Councilmember Post #4

Sworn to and subscribed before me this 13 day of November, 2018.

  
\_\_\_\_\_  
Signature  
Notary Public

My Commission expires:  
02.18.2020





DAWSONVILLE CITY COUNCIL  
EXECUTIVE SUMMARY FOR  
AGENDA ITEM # 7b

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SUBJECT: APPROVE 2019 MEETING DATES AND TIMES

CITY COUNCIL MEETING DATE: 12/03/2018

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BUDGET INFORMATION: GL ACCOUNT # \_\_\_\_\_

Funds Available from: \_\_\_\_\_ Annual Budget \_\_\_\_\_ Capital Budget Other \_\_\_\_\_

Budget Amendment Request from Reserve: \_\_\_\_\_ Enterprise Fund \_\_\_\_\_ General Fund

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PURPOSE FOR REQUEST:

**APPROVE 2019 MEETING DATES AND TIMES**

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HISTORY/ FACTS / ISSUES:

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OPTIONS:

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RECOMMENDED SAMPLE MOTION:

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REQUESTED BY: Beverly Banister, City Clerk





## PUBLIC NOTICE

### 2019 Meetings of the City of Dawsonville

The City of Dawsonville City Council, DDA, Planning Commission and HPC shall conduct regular meetings on the dates and time below:

#### 2019 City Council Regular Meetings at 5:30 pm

JAN 7   FEB 4   MAR 4   APR 8   MAY 6   JUN 3  
JUL 1   AUG 5   SEP 9   OCT 7   NOV 4   DEC 2

#### 2019 City Council Work Sessions and Regular Meetings at 5:30 pm

JAN 22   FEB 18   MAR 18   APR 22   MAY 20   JUN 17  
JUL 15   AUG 19   SEP 23   OCT 21   NOV 18   DEC 16

#### 2019 Planning Commission Meetings at 5:30 pm

JAN 14   FEB 11   MAR 11   APR 15   MAY 13   JUN 10  
JUL 8   AUG 12   SEP 16   OCT 14   NOV 12   DEC 9

#### 2019 Historic Preservation Commission Meetings at 5:30 pm

FEB 25   APR 29   JUN 24   AUG 26   OCT 28   DEC 23

#### 2019 Downtown Development Authority Meetings at 5:30 pm

JAN 28   MAR 25   MAY 28   JUL 22   SEP 30   NOV 25

All meetings according to the dates set forth above will be upstairs in the G.L. "Pete" Gilleland Council Chambers at City Hall located at 415 HWY 53 E, Dawsonville, GA. The public is invited to attend all of these meetings.

*Those with disabilities who require certain accommodations in order to allow them to observe and/or participate in meetings, or who have questions regarding the accessibility of meetings, should contact City Hall at (706) 265-3256. The City will make reasonable accommodations for those persons.*

# 2019

## City Council Regular Meeting

5:30 PM

Jan-19						
S	M	T	W	T	F	S
		1	2	3	4	5
6	7	8	9	10	11	12
13	14	15	16	17	18	19
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27	28	29	30	31		

Mar-19						
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31						

May-19						
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26	27	28	29	30	31	

Jul-19						
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28	29	30	31			

Sep-19						
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29	30					

Nov-19						
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24	25	26	27	28	29	30

## City Council Regular & Work Session Mtg

5:30 PM

Feb-19						
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Apr-19						
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Jun-19						
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Aug-19						
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Oct-19						
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Dec-19						
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City Hall is CLOSED in observance of a holiday



# 2019

Planning Commission	Historic Preservation Commission	Downtown Development Authority
5:30 PM	5:30 PM	5:30 PM

Jan-19						
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Feb-19						
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Mar-19						
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Apr-19						
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May-19						
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Jun-19						
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Jul-19						
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Aug-19						
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Sep-19						
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29	30					

Oct-19						
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27	28	29	30	31		

Nov-19						
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Dec-19						
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DAWSONVILLE CITY COUNCIL  
EXECUTIVE SUMMARY FOR  
AGENDA ITEM # 7c

SUBJECT: APPROVE 2019 MAYOR & COUNCIL BOARD DESIGNATIONS AND COMPENSATION

CITY COUNCIL MEETING DATE: 12/03/2018

BUDGET INFORMATION: GL ACCOUNT # NA

Funds Available from:      Annual Budget      Capital Budget Other     

Budget Amendment Request from Reserve:      Enterprise Fund      General Fund

PURPOSE FOR REQUEST:

**TO APPROVE THE BOARD DESIGNATIONS FOR THE MAYOR AND COUNCIL FOR 2019 AND TO AUTHORIZE APPROVAL FOR PAYMENT OF ONE MEETING PER MONTH AS DESIGNATED WHEN ATTENDED**

HISTORY/ FACTS / ISSUES: **CURRENT DESIGNATIONS**

**Boards**

- Planning Commission
- Historic Preservation Commission
- Downtown Development Authority
- Family Connection
- Board of Health
- Animal Control Board
- Chamber of Commerce
- GRHOF
- GMA
- GMRC

**2018**

Caleb Phillips  
Mark French  
Stephen Tolson  
Stephen Tolson  
Jason Power  
Caleb Phillips  
Mayor or Mayor Pro-Tem  
Mark French  
Mayor or Mayor Pro-Tem  
Mayor or Mayor Pro-Tem

OPTIONS:

**RECOMMENDATION TO APPROVE DESIGNATIONS SAME AS 2018**

RECOMMENDED SAMPLE MOTION:

REQUESTED BY: Beverly Banister, City Clerk

## **Recommended Mayor and Council Members Board Designations for 2019**

1. Planning commission – Caleb Phillips
2. Historic Preservation Commission – Mark French
3. Downtown Development Authority – Stephen Tolson
4. Family Connection – Stephen Tolson
5. Board of Health – Jason Power
6. Animal Control Board – Caleb Phillips
7. Chamber of Commerce – Mayor or Mayor Pro-Tem
8. GRHOF – Mark French
9. GMA – Mayor or Mayor Pro-Tem
10. GMRC – Mayor or Mayor Pro-Tem

**Recommend authorization to approve payment of one meeting per month as designated when attended**



DAWSONVILLE CITY COUNCIL  
EXECUTIVE SUMMARY FOR  
CONSENT AGENDA ITEM # 7d

---

SUBJECT: APPROVE 2019 STAFF APPOINTMENTS

CITY COUNCIL MEETING DATE: 12/03/2018

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BUDGET INFORMATION: GL ACCOUNT # NA

Funds Available from:      Annual Budget      Capital Budget Other     

Budget Amendment Request from Reserve:      Enterprise Fund      General Fund

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PURPOSE FOR REQUEST:

**TO APPROVE 2019 STAFF APPOINTMENTS (SEE ATTACHED)**

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HISTORY/ FACTS / ISSUES:

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OPTIONS:

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RECOMMENDED SAMPLE MOTION:

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REQUESTED BY: Mike Eason, Mayor



## **City of Dawsonville Staff Appointments for 2019**

- City Manager – Bob Bolz
- City Clerk – Beverly Banister
- Deputy City Clerk – Tracy Smith





**DAWSONVILLE CITY COUNCIL  
EXECUTIVE SUMMARY FOR  
AGENDA ITEM # 7e**

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**SUBJECT: APPROVE TRAINING, LODGING AND TRAVEL EXPENSES FOR MAYOR**

DATE(s): \_\_\_\_\_ WORK SESSION 12/03/2018 CITY COUNCIL MEETING

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BUDGET INFORMATION: GL ACCOUNT # \_\_\_\_\_

Funds Available from:  Annual Budget \_\_\_\_\_ Capital Budget \_\_\_\_\_ Other \_\_\_\_\_

Budget Amendment Request from Reserve: \_\_\_\_\_ Enterprise Fund \_\_\_\_\_ General Fund

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**PURPOSE FOR REQUEST:**

- **TO REQUEST APPROVAL FOR MAYOR'S DAY 2019: CONFERENCE, TRAINING, LODGING, PER DIEM AND MILEAGE (01/25 – 01/28/2019)**
- **TO REQUEST APPROVAL FOR NEWLY ELECTED OFFICIALS TRAINING: REGISTRATION, LODGING, PER DIEM AND MILEAGE (03/06 – 03/08/2019)**

---

**HISTORY/ FACTS / ISSUES: TOTAL = \$2,451.41**

- **MAYOR'S DAY (Hilton Atlanta)**
  - i. **\$900.00 REGISTRATION & TRAINING**
  - ii. **\$322.00 LODGING (2 NIGHTS)**
  - iii. **\$80.00 PER DIEM**
  - iv. **\$61.26 MILEAGE**
- **NEWLY ELECTED OFFICIALS TRAINING (Tifton, GA)**
  - i. **\$385.00 REGISTRATION**
  - ii. **\$327.00 LODGING (3 NIGHTS)**
  - iii. **\$120.00 PER DIEM**
  - iv. **\$256.15 MILEAGE**

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**FUNDING SOURCE – IN FY 2018-2019 BUDGET**

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**OPTIONS:**

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**RECOMMENDED SAMPLE MOTION:**

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REQUESTED BY: Mike Eason, Mayor





# MAYORS' WEEK 2019

registration &  
schedule &



January 25 - 28 • Hilton Atlanta







## Mayors' Day Conference January 25-28, 2019 Hilton Atlanta

### GMA Mayors' Day Conference vs. Super Bowl LIII

In 2016, NFL owners voted to bring the 2019 Super Bowl to Atlanta to be played in the brand new, state-of-the-art Mercedes-Benz Stadium. This is the first time since 2000 that Atlanta has been selected to host the game. Super Bowl LIII (53) will be played on February 3, 2019 and is expected to bring in more than 100,000 visitors (those from more than 50 miles away) and bring in several hundred million dollars in economic activity to the City of Atlanta. That is great news, but what does it mean for the GMA Mayors' Day Conference, which is scheduled for January 25-28, one week before the game?

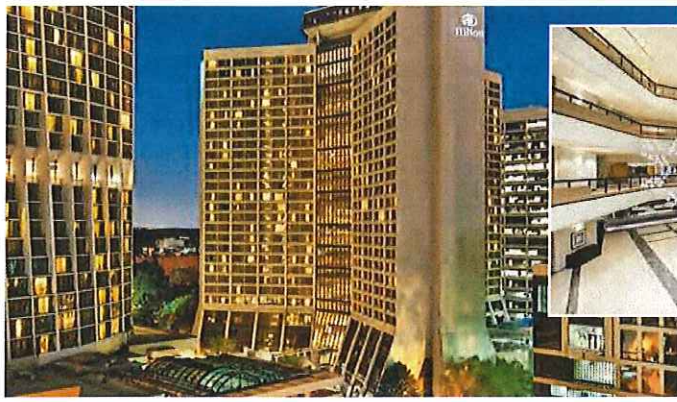
Part of the bid package that Atlanta submitted to entice NFL owners to come to Atlanta was full use of hotel space beginning on Monday, January 28. The city has put a block on all group hotel accommodations, including meeting space and sleeping rooms, at all major hotels in downtown Atlanta, beginning on Monday, January 28. As past attendees know, the GMA Capitol Connections Breakfast is typically held on Monday morning and following the breakfast, training classes are conducted. With no hotel meeting space to use on Monday, solutions had to be found to accommodate an exciting breakfast that would attract members, as well as members of the Georgia Legislature.

**New Venues:** The 2019 GMA Mayors' Day Conference will return to the Atlanta Hilton and Towers. Over the past two years, the Atlanta Hilton has undergone a complete multi-million-dollar renovation. The transformation includes the lobby, meeting space, restaurants and bars, as well as contemporary upgrades to all guest rooms. The new space is gorgeous and functional.

The Capitol Connections Breakfast has been relocated to the Georgia Railroad Freight Depot, directly across the street from the Capitol. The new Governor, Lieutenant Governor and Speaker of the House will be invited to address attendees and, as usual, all members of the Georgia General Assembly will be invited to attend, providing a great opportunity for networking with state leaders. After breakfast, GMA members are encouraged to visit the Capitol to celebrate GMA Day at the Capitol. Shuttle service from the Atlanta Hilton to the Georgia Freight Depot will be available from 7:00 am through the lunch hour.

To accommodate membership needs for training classes, class offerings have been expanded on Friday, January 25.





# new schedule

## Friday, January 25

8:30 a.m. – 11:30 a.m.

**3 Municipal Training Institute Classes** (Three hour credit provided to attendees)

8:30 a.m. – 3:30 p.m.

**2 Municipal Training Institute Classes** (Six hour credit provided to attendees)

1:00 p.m. – 4:00 p.m.

**3 Municipal Training Institute Classes** (Three hour credit provided to attendees)

4:30 p.m. – 5:30 p.m.

**Municipal Training Board Meeting**

## Saturday, January 26

8:30 a.m. – 3:30 p.m.

**13 Municipal Training Institute Classes** (Six hour credit provided to attendees)

3:45 p.m. – 5:15 p.m.

**GMA Board of Directors' Meeting**

## Sunday, January 27

7:00 a.m. – 7:30 a.m.

**Worship Service**

8:00 a.m. – 9:00 a.m.

**Federal Policy Council Meeting** (Light Breakfast Included)

8:00 a.m. – 9:00 a.m.

**Orientation for Newly Elected Officials and First Time Attendees** (Light Breakfast Included)

9:15 a.m. – 10:30 a.m.

**Policy Committee Meetings (2 Committees)**

10:45 a.m. – 12:00 p.m.

**Policy Committee Meetings (2 Committees)**

12:15 p.m. – 2:00 p.m.

**Awards Luncheon**

2:30 p.m. – 3:45 p.m.

**Policy Committee Meetings (2 Committees)**

4:00 p.m. – 5:00 p.m.

**Legislative Policy Council Meeting**

## Monday, January 28

7:00 a.m. – 8:00 a.m.

**Shuttle Buses to the Georgia Freight Depot**

7:30 a.m. – 8:30 a.m.

**Legislative Networking Breakfast at the Georgia Freight Depot**

8:30 a.m. – 9:30 a.m.

**Capitol Connection Program at the Georgia Freight Depot**

9:30 a.m. - 12:00 p.m.

**GMA Day at the Capitol**

**Capitol Visits and Take Your Legislator to Lunch**



# COURSES

Classes with an \* are on the "required" list for the Municipal Training Institute certificate program.

**Friday, January 25, 2019**

**8:30 a.m.-3:30 p.m.**

*(Lunch will be provided during 6-hour classes)*

## **Governing the Commons: Collective Decision Making in Complex Systems\* (6-hour class)**

Making decisions within a single jurisdiction is complicated enough, but relatively simple compared to the complexity of decisions multiple jurisdictions must often make among themselves. In this class, participants explore first-hand some of the critical leadership challenges involved in collective decision making, such as: How should such decisions be made? What form should they take? How should they be governed, monitored and enforced? How should costs and benefits be allocated? This class is limited to 35 participants.

## **Managing Growth: Economic and Natural Resource Issues (6-hour class)**

This class shows city leaders how they can exert meaningful control over how their community grows. Topics include economic and ecological considerations, protecting water quality, regulatory initiatives and regionalization. Promoting infill development and redevelopment, preserving land and capturing private investment are also covered.

**8:30 a.m.-11:30 a.m.**

*(Lunch is **not** included for the 3-hour classes)*

## **Municipal Water and Wastewater Systems\* (3-hour class)**

Water and wastewater services are fundamental to the operation of a city. This class provides an overview of the management of these services and introduces participants to the significant role of water in community health, quality of life and economic development. This class also describes various service delivery methods and discusses the challenges and opportunities that municipal officials face in providing water and wastewater services to their customers.

## **Open Records\* (3-hour class)**

This class familiarizes municipal officials with Georgia's open records law and the potential consequences for failing to adhere to it. Hypothetical scenarios are used to give participants a better understanding of their responsibilities and obligations for complying with these statutes. Records management and the requirements of the Georgia Records Act are reviewed as well as legal obligations for preserving records for litigation.

## **Public Policy Development and Implementation\* (3-hour class)**

Developing policy to advance the vision of the city is one of the most important duties that a mayor and council perform. This class is designed to give municipal officials an understanding of the importance of that function and the role of the elected officials and professional staff in developing, implementing and evaluating those policies. Participants learn how to effectively use policy-making models in the development of practical public policy that will benefit their communities and constituents.

**1:00 p.m.-4:00 p.m.**

*(Lunch is **not** included for the 3-hour classes)*

## **Living Beyond Expectations: The Opportunities and Challenges of the Growing Senior Population (3-hour class)**

Never in the history of humankind have we experienced a more radical population shift. Advances in technology and health care are increasing longevity for many Americans. Increased numbers of older residents is not a temporary situation that will end with any generation but rather a permanent state for communities throughout the nation. By 2029, it is estimated that persons over 65 years of age will make up 20 percent of the U.S. population. This class examines the implications of an aging population on cities and how municipal leaders can maintain and attract the older residents, a vital plank of economic vitality and development. Public administrators can play a unique role in preparing communities for residents of all ages and abilities to live healthy and independent lives. Critical components are the adoption of age-friendly practices that address fundamental aspects of housing, transportation and services through decisions about land use, zoning and investments. This session will discuss ways for communities to enact change through integrated public policy, community design and service delivery.

## **Municipal Courts Post-Ferguson II: Promoting Justice, Protecting City Assets (Prerequisite is Municipal Courts Post-Ferguson I: Promoting Justice, Protecting City Assets) (3-hour class)**

This class provides a deeper dive and interactive experience into the actual operations of municipal courts in Georgia. Through a combination of classroom instruction and interactive mock court exercises, classroom participants take a deep dive into the constitutional protections afforded to defendants and the operations of municipal courts. Specifically, this class looks at how contracts with probation service providers and judges as well as specific state and federal laws governing municipal courts work in the real world. Additionally, this



class analyzes the responsibilities of the court, contracted parties, and elected officials under Georgia law, with a focus on criminal justice reform changes enacted by the Georgia legislature.

#### **Municipal Taxation 101 - The Basics\* (3-hour class)**

The class gives municipal officials an overview of the fundamentals of local government taxation with an in-depth look at the two primary funding sources for local government in Georgia: property tax and sales tax. This class is designed to give participants an understanding of tax language and appropriate usage of revenues, preparing them to communicate tax issues to constituents and make prudent decisions related to expenditures.

**Saturday, January 26, 2019**

**8:30 a.m. – 3:30 p.m.**

*(Breakfast and lunch will be provided for these 6-hour classes)*

#### **Building a Hometown Connection: GMA Lobbying 101**

This class provides an overview of the state legislative process and helps city officials understand how they can be effective advocates of issues important to their community and cities throughout the state. Participants receive ideas for establishing productive year-round relationships with members of the General Assembly as well as practical lobbying tips they can use during the legislative session. The class also includes a hands-on exercise using real-life legislative scenarios.

#### **Community and Media Relations\***

This class examines the importance of building effective working relationships with the media and the role the media plays in informing the public and shaping their opinion of municipal governments. Advice for repairing poor relationships is provided, along with insights on when and how to speak with reporters, especially during times of crisis.

#### **Downtown Development Authority Basic Training**

**(ends at 4:30 p.m.)**

This class is primarily directed at those who serve on Downtown Development Authorities, but it is open to all city officials. Topics include: management of downtown as a valuable resource; the role of the authority, board members and staff; DDA laws; and the day-to-day operations of a Downtown Development Authority.

#### **Economic Development\***

This class provides a basic overview of the economic development process, with a focus on the strategies, resources and programs employed by the state of Georgia to assist communities in achieving success in today's global economy. Topics such as community development building blocks, business development strategies, regional cooperation, and the role of local leadership in economic development are covered.

#### **Environmental Sustainability**

City officials are faced with myriad environmental challenges that affect quality of life, public health, and economic vitality. This class explores some of the most pressing environmental issues Georgia cities currently face – such as water quality, water quantity, energy conservation, and hazardous waste – and ways municipal officials are finding to solve them. The class will focus on projects such as green infrastructure, energy efficiency measures, and brownfields redevelopment that promote both environmental sustainability as well as community revitalization. Additional topics include principles of "sustainability leadership," how to get citizens engaged and how to communicate and promote a sustainability message.

#### **How Shall We Live? Practical Ethics for Public Life\***

Ethics is often seen as something that is lacking in public officials, and therefore must be imposed on them through laws and training. Ethics training may promote awareness and compliance, but it does not promote ethical excellence. In this class, participants explore the advantages and limitations of codified ethics; how values, morality, virtue, character, and obligations play out in everyday decision making; why ethical dilemmas arise and how we resolve them; virtues and temptations of leadership; and how public service constitutes a moral and ethical enterprise for public leaders. This class is limited to 35 participants.

#### **Human Resources\***

This class provides an overview of state and federal personnel law that apply to municipal governments and the basics of human resource management. Key topics include day-to-day issues facing human resource staff, the role of the personnel manager, establishing and adhering to sound personnel policies and procedures, and dealing with the media.

#### **Law Enforcement Services**

This class familiarizes municipal officials with the basic concepts of law enforcement. In addition to reviewing ap-



# COURSES

Classes with an \* are on the "required" list for the Municipal Training Institute certificate program.

plicable laws, funding mechanisms and staffing models, the class addresses emerging public safety issues, trends and innovations.

## **Money, Money, Money . . . Money! Funding City Projects and Programs Through Grants and Loans**

With limited ability to generate increased revenues from taxes and user fees, city officials often seek grant and low-interest loan opportunities to help address a range of capital improvement and operational needs. This class details some of the state, federal and foundation funding sources available to municipalities in Georgia and offers advice on how to write strong grant applications. Additionally, the class introduces some reporting and administrative responsibilities the city may have once funding has been awarded.

## **Municipal Law\***

This class provides an overview of the major sources of municipal authority and the limitations on that authority, including constitutional and statutory law. Municipal charters and ordinances are discussed and participants are encouraged to read their city's charter before attending this class. How to enter into legal contracts is reviewed. This course also provides a basic foundation for understanding the liability and immunity of cities, elected officials and municipal employees. If time permits, this course may also address working with the city attorney.

## **Municipal Finance I\***

This class is intended to serve as a basic primer on municipal finance issues that all mayors, councilmembers and managers should understand. A discussion of the budget process, the revenue sources available to cities, purchasing policies and financing capital improvements is included in this general overview.

## **Regional Approaches to Cooperation**

Municipal governments face many challenges today in delivering services to their citizens with resources that continue to diminish. These challenges have provided new opportunities for cities to work across jurisdictional

boundaries to effectively support community and economic development efforts, as well as many other local projects and programs. This cooperation can be accomplished through informal and formal agreements, and partnerships may extend to public, non-profit and private sector entities. This class examines the concept of regional cooperation, tools for implementation, opportunities to explore best practices around the state and strategies for establishing successful regional partnerships.

## **Service Delivery Strategy – Efficiency & Tax Equity for Local Governments**

The Georgia Service Delivery Act requires each county and its municipalities to develop and periodically update a service delivery strategy (SDS) that describes how services are provided and funded. SDS agreements must outline how local governments will minimize duplication of services and insure tax equity in the provision and funding of services. Failure to maintain an updated SDS agreement results in sanctions including the loss of state grants, loans, and permits. This class reviews the components of an SDS agreement, examines tools for negotiation, provides opportunities to explore examples of existing SDS agreements, and provides strategies for establishing successful city/county partnerships. Participants work on a case study identifying services and calculating the financial impact of each service to determine tax equity.

***Classes with an \* are on the "required" list for the Municipal Training Institute certificate program.***









**Carl Vinson  
Institute of Government  
UNIVERSITY OF GEORGIA**

## 2019 Newly Elected Officials Institute Registration Form

**March 6-8, 2019**

**The UGA Tifton Campus Conference Center, 15 RDC Road, Tifton, Georgia**

**Registration:** The registration fee is \$385 per person and includes instructional costs and materials, planned meals and refreshment breaks. The fee does not include lodging. **Cancellations must be made by February 20** to receive a refund. No refunds will be granted after that date.

To register, please complete and return the following form via U.S. to: Attention: Newly Elected Registration, P.O. Box 105377, Atlanta, GA 30348 or visit [www.gmanet.com](http://www.gmanet.com) for online registration.

Name: Mike Eason Title: Mayor

City/Organization: City of Dawsonville Email: (required) \_\_\_\_\_

Email to send confirmation if different than above: \_\_\_\_\_

Mailing Address: \_\_\_\_\_

City: \_\_\_\_\_ Zip: \_\_\_\_\_ Phone: \_\_\_\_\_

Payment amount: \$385  Check (to GMA)

**Registration with the payment by credit card must be made online.**

**Tifton Lodging:** GMA has reserved a block of rooms at the following Tifton hotels for the nights of March 6 and 7: Country Inn & Suites / block rate- \$90 plus fees / (229) 382-8100; Comfort Inn & Suites / block rate- \$90 plus fees / (229) 382-8250; Holiday Inn Express / block rate- \$109 plus fees/ (229) 382-3300. Please call the hotel directly. All three hotels are located off of Exit 62 on I-75. Please ask for the Georgia Municipal Association block rate. **Reservations at the special block rates MUST be made by February 20, 2019.**

Please complete and return form by mail to Attention: Newly Elected Registration, P.O. Box 105377, Atlanta, GA 30348

For questions or additional information: Aileen Harris (678) 686-6293 or [aharris@gmanet.com](mailto:aharris@gmanet.com)

### 2019 Newly Elected Officials Institute Tentative Schedule

**Wednesday, March 6, 2019**

11 a.m.-1 p.m. Conference Check-in and Lunch On Your Own  
1:30 p.m. – 5 p.m. Program  
Dinner On Your Own

**Thursday, March 7, 2019**

7 a.m.– 8 a.m. Breakfast  
8 a.m. – 11:45 a.m. Program  
12 p.m. – 1 p.m. Lunch and Remarks  
1:10 p.m. – 5 p.m. Program

**Thursday, March 7, 2019 Continued**

5 p.m. – 6 p.m. Resource Fair and Reception  
Dinner On Your Own

**Friday, March 8, 2019**

7 a.m.– 8 a.m. Breakfast  
8 a.m. – 11:45 a.m. Program  
11:45 a.m. – Noon Program Closing



**DAWSONVILLE CITY COUNCIL  
EXECUTIVE SUMMARY FOR  
AGENDA ITEM # 7e**

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**SUBJECT: APPROVE TRAINING, LODGING AND TRAVEL EXPENSES FOR MAYOR**

**DATE(s): \_\_\_\_\_ WORK SESSION 12/03/2018 CITY COUNCIL MEETING**

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**BUDGET INFORMATION: GL ACCOUNT # \_\_\_\_\_**

Funds Available from: \_\_\_\_\_ Annual Budget \_\_\_\_\_ Capital Budget Other \_\_\_\_\_

Budget Amendment Request from Reserve: \_\_\_\_\_ Enterprise Fund \_\_\_\_\_ General Fund

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**PURPOSE FOR REQUEST:**

- **TO REQUEST APPROVAL FOR MAYOR'S DAY 2019: CONFERENCE, TRAINING, LODGING, PER DIEM AND MILEAGE (01/25 – 01/28/2019)**
- **TO REQUEST APPROVAL FOR NEWLY ELECTED OFFICIALS TRAINING: REGISTRATION, LODGING, PER DIEM AND MILEAGE (03/06 – 03/08/2019)**

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**HISTORY/ FACTS / ISSUES: TOTAL = \$2,451.41**

- **MAYOR'S DAY (Hilton Atlanta)**
  - i. **\$900.00 REGISTRATION & TRAINING**
  - ii. **\$322.00 LODGING (2 NIGHTS)**
  - iii. **\$80.00 PER DIEM**
  - iv. **\$61.26 MILEAGE**
- **NEWLY ELECTED OFFICIALS TRAINING (Tifton, GA)**
  - i. **\$385.00 REGISTRATION**
  - ii. **\$327.00 LODGING**
  - iii. **\$120.00 PER DIEM**
  - iv. **\$256.15 MILEAGE**

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**OPTIONS:**

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**RECOMMENDED SAMPLE MOTION:**

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**REQUESTED BY: \_\_\_\_\_ Mike Eason, Mayor \_\_\_\_\_**





DAWSONVILLE CITY COUNCIL  
EXECUTIVE SUMMARY FOR  
AGENDA ITEM # 7f

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SUBJECT: APPROVE RESOLUTION – 2018 COMPREHENSIVE PLAN AS UPDATED

CITY COUNCIL MEETING DATE: 12/03/2018

---

BUDGET INFORMATION: GL ACCOUNT # \_\_\_\_\_

Funds Available from: \_\_\_\_\_ Annual Budget \_\_\_\_\_ Capital Budget Other \_\_\_\_\_

Budget Amendment Request from Reserve: \_\_\_\_\_ Enterprise Fund \_\_\_\_\_ General Fund

---

PURPOSE FOR REQUEST:

**REQUEST TO ADOPT THE 2018 COMPREHENSIVE PLAN BY RESOLUTION AS UPDATED**

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HISTORY/ FACTS / ISSUES:

**Per Joe Rothwell from GMRC the DCA made the following changes to the original plan submitted:**

1. For the public participation item: (see page 4C) italicized the meetings held so that it was clear public participation was part of the plan and also that meeting information can be found in Appendix F 76-83.
2. For the STWP element: DCA wanted to know the department responsible for each STWP item on p 45-48. In the interest of time, I listed these under various relevant departments in two columns: PLAN ELEMENT and also DEPARTMENT RESPONSIBLE based on what I've done for past plans.

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OPTIONS:

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RECOMMENDED SAMPLE MOTION:

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REQUESTED BY: Beverly Banister, City Clerk

**A RESOLUTION OF THE MAYOR AND CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF DAWSONVILLE TO ADOPT THE 2018 CITY OF DAWSONVILLE COMPREHENSIVE PLAN**

**WHEREAS**, The Georgia Planning Act of 1989 (codified at O.C.G.A. §§ 45-12-200 *et seq.*; 50-8-1 *et seq.*; 12-2-1 *et seq.*; and 36-70-12 *et seq.*) requires cities and counties to prepare comprehensive plans regarding local economic and natural resources; and

**WHEREAS**, such comprehensive plans are required to be prepared in accordance with the Minimum Planning Standards and Procedures promulgated by the Georgia Department of Community Affairs; and

**WHEREAS**, the Minimum Planning Standards and Procedures require that local governments update their comprehensive plans at least every ten years; and

**WHEREAS**, the City of Dawsonville last adopted a Comprehensive Plan in 2008; and

**WHEREAS**, the City of Dawsonville have undertaken to update the 2008 Comprehensive Plan resulting in the completion of the 2018 City of Dawsonville Comprehensive Plan; and

**WHEREAS**, the 2018 City of Dawsonville Comprehensive Plan complies with the Minimum Planning Standards and Procedures promulgated by the Georgia Department of Community Affairs.

**NOW THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED**, that the Mayor and City Council of the City of Dawsonville, Georgia adopts the 2018 City of Dawsonville Comprehensive Plan. hereby resolves as follows:

**BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED**, that upon its enactment by the City Council, a copy of this Resolution shall be forwarded by the City Clerk to the Georgia Mountains Regional Commission with seven (7) days of the date of adoption.

**SO** adopted this \_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, 2018.

By: CITY OF DAWSONVILLE

\_\_\_\_\_  
Mike Eason, Mayor

\_\_\_\_\_  
Caleb Phillips, Councilmember Post #1

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Stephen Tolson, Councilmember Post #2

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Jason Power, Councilmember Post #3

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Mark French, Councilmember Post #4

Attested: \_\_\_\_\_  
Beverly A. Banister, City Clerk

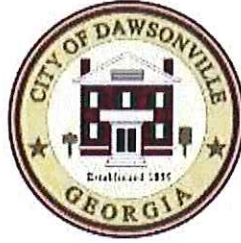


# 2018 City of Dawsonville Comprehensive Plan



*Prepared by:*





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## **I. INTRODUCTION**

Dawsonville, Georgia is the civic seat and social center of Dawson County. The City was incorporated in 1859 and became the center for county government operations after the construction of a courthouse and jail in 1860. Over time the local economy has flourished and struggled with a mostly agriculture base, but Dawsonville's prevailing identity stems from its origins as a haven for the production and trade of moonshine. The popularity of this era remains with a cultural festival named after the illegal alcohol, while, more importantly, the production of fast cars used to transport moonshine lead to the community's fascination with auto racing that survives today within a local museum.

Together with Dawson County, Dawsonville also serves as the southern gateway to the Appalachian Mountains and the northern tip of metropolitan Atlanta. The southern terminus of the Appalachian Trail lies in Dawson County, which, combined with the abundant reserved forest within the area, has raised the profile of outdoor recreational activities for locals and tourists alike. But retail commerce and industry has grown in the region, as well, as suburban development and population growth has crept to and beyond the Dawson County line. Georgia Highway 400 and an outlet mall have raised the regional awareness of Dawsonville, and modern technology has helped permit the once small, rural community to blossom with potential for true urbanized amenities.

Today the city proper remains considerably small but growing rapidly with 2,536 residents within the City limits according to the 2010 Census. Population at the next census in 2020 is expected to exceed 3,630 residents or approximately a 43% growth. Dawson County is also growing rapidly, tripling in population between 1980 and 2000. In 2016 population is estimated to be at 23,095 with growth expected after the 2020 Census to exceed 25,000. Meanwhile, neighboring Cumming and Forsyth County, located immediately below Dawson County, have grown increased in residential size considerably as well over the past twenty years. These trends plus changes in city limits and plans for economic development mean that Dawsonville will continue to receive significant pressures to grow and evolve in the coming decades.

### **A. Purpose**

The purpose of the **2018 Dawsonville Comprehensive Plan** is to lay out a road map for the community's future, developed through a very public process of involving community leaders and stakeholders in making key decisions about the future of the community. The Comprehensive Plan includes the community's vision for the future, key issues and opportunities it chooses to address during the planning period, and its implementation program for achieving this vision and addressing the identified issues and opportunities. The Comprehensive Plan is intended to generate local pride and enthusiasm about the future of the community, thereby making citizens wish to ensure that the plan is implemented.

### **B. Scope**

This document addresses the local planning requirements and community development of Dawsonville, Georgia. Some consideration has been given to those areas and political entities adjacent to the city that influences local conditions, but all the cited issues, objectives and opportunities discussed herein are solely focused on the City of Dawsonville.



### C. Citizen Participation

As a part of the planning process each local government must provide and implement opportunities to encourage public participation during the preparation of the comprehensive plan. The purpose of this is to insure that citizens and other stakeholders are aware of the planning process, are provided opportunities to comment on the local plan elements, and have adequate access to the process of defining the community's vision, values, priorities, goals, policies, and implementation strategies.

At a minimum, the public participation program must provide for: adequate notice to keep the general public informed of the emerging plan; opportunities for the public to provide written comments on the plan; hold the required public hearings; and, provide notice to property owners through advertisements in the newspaper (legal organ) of the planning effort soliciting participation and comments. In addition, Dawsonville must provide opportunities for public participation through other means and methods to help articulate a community vision and develop associated goals and implementation program. *To fulfill this component, stakeholders met monthly from January to August 2018 and two public meetings were held in May. Documentation regarding this is provided in Appendix F on pages 76-83.*

### D. Required Components

This comprehensive plan serves to meet the requirements and intent of the Georgia Department of Community Affairs' "Minimum Standards and Procedures for Local Comprehensive Planning," as amended in 2013, and the Georgia Planning Act of 1989. It is essential that the plan be prepared in compliance with these rules and guidelines in order for the City of Dawsonville to maintain its Qualified Local Government (QLG) status. Further, State law requires that the local government update its comprehensive plan every 5 years.

*"The purpose of Minimum Standards is to provide a framework for the development, management and implementation of local comprehensive plans at the local, regional and state government level. They reflect an important state interest: healthy and economically vibrant cities and counties are vital to the state's economic prosperity."*

**(1) Community Goals:** *The purpose of the Community Goals element is to lay out a road map for the community's future, developed through a very public process of involving community leaders and stakeholders in making key decisions about the future of the community. The Community Goals are the most important part of the plan, for they identify the community's direction for the future, and are intended to generate local pride and enthusiasm about the future of the community, thereby leading citizens and leadership to act to ensure that the plan is implemented.*

*The Community Goals must include at least one or a combination of any of the four components listed below:*

**(a) General Vision Statement:** *Include a general statement that paints a picture of what the community desires to become, providing a complete description of the development patterns to be encouraged within the jurisdiction.*

**(b) List of Community Goals:** Include a listing of the goals the community seeks to achieve. Review the suggested community goals in the Supplemental Planning Recommendations for suggestions.

**(c) Community Policies:** Include any policies the local government selects to provide ongoing guidance and direction to local government officials for making decisions consistent with achieving the Community Goals.

**(d) Character Areas and Defining Narrative:** This option lays out more specific goals for the future of the community by community sub-areas, districts, or neighborhoods, and may be prepared using the guidance provided for the Land Use Element.

**(2) Needs and Opportunities:** This is the locally agreed upon list of Needs and Opportunities the community intends to address. Each of the needs or opportunities that the community identifies as high priority must be followed-up with corresponding implementation measures in the Community Work Program. The list must be developed by involving community stakeholders in carrying out a SWOT (strengths, weaknesses, opportunities, threats) or similar analysis of the community.

**(3) Community Work Program:** This element of the comprehensive plan lays out the specific activities the community plans to undertake during the next five years to address the priority Needs and Opportunities, identified Target Areas (if applicable), or to achieve portions of the Community Goals. This includes any activities, initiatives, programs, ordinances, administrative systems (such as site plan review, design review, etc.) to be put in place to implement the plan. The Community Work Program must include the following information for each listed activity:

- Brief description of the activity;
- Legal authorization for the activity, if applicable;
- Timeframe for initiating and completing the activity;
- Responsible party for implementing the activity;
- Estimated cost (if any) of implementing the activity; and
- Funding source(s), if applicable.

Lastly, local comprehensive plans in Georgia are now required to include an assessment of compliance and consideration for the appropriate regional water plans for each community.

*Consideration of the Regional Water Plan and the Environmental Planning Criteria. During the process of preparing its comprehensive plan, each community must review the Regional Water Plan(s) covering its area and the Rules for Environmental Planning Criteria... to determine if there is need to adapt local implementation practices or development regulations to address protection of these important natural resources. The community must certify that it has considered both the Regional Water Plan and the Rules for Environmental Planning Criteria when it transmits the plan to the Regional Commission for review.*



## **Broadband Internet Access**

As communities move forward the importance of access to reliable and high-speed, high capacity internet connections cannot be overestimated. Unserved and underserved areas of Georgia will not remain economically competitive without sufficient internet infrastructure, as this technology becomes the default utility for all manners of communication.

To address this issue in 2018 the Georgia General Assembly amended the provisions of local planning in Georgia by passing the "Achieving Connectivity Everywhere (ACE) Act," intended to facilitate the enhancement and extension of high-speed internet access in communities that lack such infrastructure and the vast resources it provides. In time the State will support programs and initiatives aimed at delivering the community improvement and empowerment potential that reliable, high-speed internet access can provide to even the most difficult-to-serve citizens, schools, and businesses. As the first step in planning for this critical, potentially catalytic infrastructure, the "Ace" Act requires all local governments to incorporate the "promotion of the deployment of broadband internet services" into their local plan.

In assessing Dawsonville's 2018 access to higher grade broadband technology stakeholders and those that completed public input surveys discussed the general condition and availability of existing internet service providers based on the general distribution of high capacity lines throughout the area. The majority provider within the area (based on geographic area) is Windstream, for which service ratings were considered below average. Both Windstream and Comcast provide major commercial service in the GA 400 corridor, along arterial roads leading westward into the county and to Dawsonville, and along various roads throughout the unincorporated County. There are, however, several gaps in "last-mile" connectivity along more remote rural roads, particularly with regard to higher speed and higher capacity lines.

The North Georgia Network (NGN) is an incorporated cooperative providing a regional fiber optic system with over 1,600 linear miles of infrastructure. The NGN was conceived as part of visions for a more prosperous rural Georgia, with the knowledge that a fiber optic network that is fast, reliable and affordable is vital to modern economic development. The NGN provides infrastructure that loops through the northeast Georgia mountains area with 100 gigabit core line and connects to almost all the schools and colleges in the region as well as reaching many government structures and prominent business parks.

Based on survey results, public comments, and stakeholder input, there remains a strong need for improved internet access in Dawsonville and Dawson County. The City, likewise, supports improvement programs that will expand local network connectivity and enhance network capacity with an eye toward significantly greater growth (and therefore increased demand for internet services) within the areas between the City, Forsyth County and Lake Lanier.

### **Priorities for Future Network Enhancements**

- Ability to increase "last-mile" connections
- Higher-capacity trunk lines westward from NGN
- Expansion of NGN north of Dawsonville

## **II. COMMUNITY VISION**

### **A. Vision Statement**

The *Minimum Standards and Requirements for Local Comprehensive Planning* defines a community vision as something "... intended to paint a picture of what the community desires to become, providing a complete description of the development patterns to be encouraged within the jurisdiction." It is required as an element of the comprehensive plan so that communities can truly establish a pure and simple ideal for themselves in a format that is easily expressed and understood.

Visioning provides communities with an opportunity to pause and consider the "big picture" as well as to attempt to clearly define their ideal future. Developing a vision means that community has at least tried to identify current values, describe how they are to be realized in the future and use that image as a foundation for short and long-term planning. As a process, this also requires the community to develop a consensus on what conditions to change or to preserve.

The vision presented as part of the Dawsonville Comprehensive Plan was originally developed as part of the plan update process of 2008. The process featured several meetings for the community, input from organized stakeholder groups, as well as comments suggested from more than 115 surveys.

Discussions with various stakeholders revealed several common themes that contributed to the proposed vision statement for Dawsonville. Participants expressed near unanimous support for recognizing the value of the City's historic urban core for both cultural and economic reasons. There was equal support for characterizing the City as a sustainable and prosperous hometown where residents could live, work and play. These two elements were considered the most valuable to Dawsonville's identity and all other aspects would build from their principles.



*“Dawsonville will be a safe, attractive and welcoming place to live, work and play; Dawsonville will strive to enhance its downtown and other areas throughout the City with opportunities to become a viable destination for business and cultural activities, fostering a family friendly, walkable environment that is characterized by a variety of historic and local destinations.”*

Broken down, the General Vision for Dawsonville expresses the following values:

*“Dawsonville will be a safe, attractive and welcoming place to live, work and play;*

*The opening line captures the essence of the desire for the City to be a welcoming hometown. One that’s self-sustaining by providing residents the opportunities to live, work and play within the same community.*

*...Dawsonville will strive to enhance its downtown and other areas throughout the city with opportunities to become a viable destination for business and cultural activities,*

*This refers to the residents’ strong desire to increase their capacity for civic, cultural and commercial activities, making Dawsonville a stronger destination for people and dollars.*

*fostering a family friendly, walkable environment that is characterized by a variety of historic and local destinations.”*

*The final line pays homage to the City’s commitment to preserving the form, scale and general structure of their historic downtown, and using that as the foundation of their growth.*



## **B. Goals and Objectives**

In addition to the values identified within the Vision Statement, other goals for Dawsonville were raised for consideration. In most cases, these goals are ideal principles and objectives that simply could not be efficiently incorporated into the Vision Statement but generally compliment the values expressed therein.

*Revitalize downtown as a walkable destination for shoppers and visitors* – Though also referenced within the vision statement, residents wished to emphasize the desire to restore the commercial and social appeal of downtown, making the city a true destination 7 days a week and a more viable location for harboring events and festivals. This is paramount as the City strives to distinguish itself from the outlet mall and the Ga. 400 corridor.

*Expand the urban core of the historic downtown so as to connect with the City Hall complex* – The City has a general Urban Redevelopment Plan providing guidance on the expansion of sidewalks and application of design guidelines. The Urban Redevelopment Plan also calls for additional measures to improve the pedestrian access between downtown and City Hall, including amendments to land use policies and possibly the development of new streets to continue the urban block pattern southward from downtown.

*Continue to maintain high quality levels of service for all residents* – Stakeholders expressed strong support for City initiatives at expanding services, providing open communication and improving customer service relations.

*Continue efforts to improve the quality and variety of affordable housing* – As Dawsonville grows so has the demand for more types of housing, including increases demand for senior housing and multi-family units. The city is encouraged to find ways to encourage this variety while also ensuring a safe standard for all new housing units.

### C. Community Needs and Opportunities

The needs and opportunities described here represent a compilation of key factors impacting the future of the community. They reflect an assessment of the conditions and factors influencing the area and people, stakeholder knowledge of the community and comments received throughout the planning process.

In order to effectively realize their vision for the future a community must develop a well-defined implementation plan. By identifying the core needs and priorities of the community, the government and its partners can develop specific mitigation strategies that must be accomplished to fulfill the desired goals and objectives of the vision. It is critical that these needs and opportunities be clearly defined and understood by the stakeholders because they form the basis for the development of the community's long and short-term work action plans.

A. Population	
Needs and Opportunities	Mitigation Strategies
<p><b>1.) <i>Managing growth:</i></b> While the majority of growth anticipated for Dawson County will occur in the unincorporated areas, the City will continue to grow both naturally and through possible annexations. As it does so, the City must work to ensure such growth is done in a manner that does not adversely impact the delivery of public services or greatly alter the character of the community.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Monitor and evaluate annual Utility, traffic and Infrastructure reports to ensure quality, adequacy and efficiency of services.</li> <li>• Monitor and sustain land use management policies through Comprehensive Planning and development regulations.</li> </ul>

B. Economic Development	
Needs and Opportunities	Mitigation Strategies
<p><b>1.) <i>Tourism opportunities:</i></b> Dawsonville must work with Dawson County and other stakeholders in recognizing the aspirations and possibilities for tourism in the City to ensure economic success.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Create a Downtown Dawsonville Tourism &amp; Marketing Strategic Plan, to continue efforts at developing a coordinated and sustained policy towards promoting downtown and the city.</li> <li>• Review signage for directing people towards the City and key tourism destinations.</li> <li>• Identify historic, cultural, and natural tourism destinations that require additional attention for success.</li> </ul>



**2.) Downtown economic development:**

An influx of concentrated reinvestment in the downtown area is necessary for success. Programs for revitalizing structures and businesses must be made available and promoted, while the City must finalize long term development plans for the area to begin coordinating capital improvements and implementing proper development policies.

- Create and maintain inventory of undeveloped properties for new construction and vacant properties for renovation commercial opportunities.
- Examine existing parking and traffic conditions to determine better methods to manage both efficiently.
- Develop Property Redevelopment Guide, a policy for City directed efforts to encourage and support infill.
- Downtown Dawsonville Tourism and Marketing Strategy, to develop a coordinated and sustained policy towards promoting downtown.
- Identify additional opportunities for pedestrian enhancement of the streetscape through pedestrian seating, signage, and other improvements as identified.
- Maintain and promote DDA funding opportunities for reinvestment opportunities.

**3.) Transition of economic base:**

As Dawsonville and Dawson County become more suburban, the nature of industrial development and employment opportunities will change. Some aspects of coordinated economic development have become more difficult as the characteristics of the labor force and regional consumer market experience fluctuation.

The same metropolitan expansion will also introduce a greater variety of resources to aid in Dawsonville's economic development, including additional technical and education facilities and stronger financial resources. Particularly with improvements in transportation and communication, the City will be able to better draw upon these resources for promotion, recruitment and economic expansion.

- Maintain partnerships with post-secondary educational institutions, Chamber, GMRC Work Source, Goodwill Center, Development Authorities, and others as the opportunity arises.
- Review annual report summarizing economic projects carried out for Dawsonville from DDA.
- Provide opportunities for small business development.
- Research feasibility of creating a technology/office/light industrial park.



<p><b>4.) Increase in diverse range of employment opportunities and higher range of income opportunities:</b>  One aspect of the economy currently growing is the Service industry, a boon for local consumers but typically a weaker sector in terms of wages and benefits to local employees. Continued growth is encouraged but the City must monitor the overall changes to the economy to ensure a diverse range of employment opportunities available for residents.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Maintain and increase partnerships with post-secondary educational institutions, Chamber, Development Authorities and other stakeholders such as Dept. of Labor, Worksource (GMRC) and business incubators.</li> <li>• Annual report summarizing economic projects carried out for Dawsonville.</li> </ul>
<p><b>5.) Increased demand for educational resources:</b>  Access to quality education and job training has become critical for the modern workplace to develop and diversify job skill sets. This requires not only the presence of education facilities and programs but regular monitoring of those programs to ensure they provide the level and types of education needed to compete in the work place.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Maintain and increase partnerships with post-secondary educational institutions, Chamber, Development Authorities and other stakeholders such as Dept. of Labor, Worksource (GMRC) and business incubators.</li> <li>• Develop annual report summarizing economic, job and training workforce trends.</li> </ul>

<b>C. Housing</b>	
<b>Needs and Opportunities</b>	<b>Mitigation Strategies</b>
<p><b>1.) Aging housing stock/shortage of specific housing types:</b>  Many local housing units may require structural maintenance or repair while many more may simply lack the amenities or features to remain economically viable in the face of a rapidly growing housing market.</p> <p>The recent growth Dawsonville is experiencing has produced an imbalance in the measure of two housing types: quality entry level housing for the area's workforce, and special needs housing for the elderly and handicapped. While these sectors are recognized as among the least viable for private developers, failure to provide options</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Promote DCA/DDA housing revitalization programs to homeowners.</li> <li>• Promote DCA CHIP program for housing revitalization.</li> <li>• Explore grants for neighborhood improvement projects.</li> <li>• Promote local Historic Preservation ordinance and state Historic Preservation Tax credit.</li> <li>• Maintain and utilize historic preservation design guidelines for downtown revitalization through historic preservation ordinance and historic preservation commission.</li> </ul>

<p>within proximity of Dawsonville will only serve to increase the costs for those consumers and likely adversely impact the general economy and local quality of life.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Market Study to assess breakdown of housing trends and cost factors, gauging the influence of development policies.</li> <li>• Annual Utility and Infrastructure Reports to ensure efficiency of services.</li> <li>• Monitor and sustain land use management policies through Comprehensive Planning and development regulations.</li> <li>• Consider participation in GICH (Georgia Initiative for Community Housing)</li> </ul>
<p><b>2.) <i>Maintain Housing Variety:</i></b> Natural demographic and economic trends are increasing the volumes of smaller households within all of Dawson County. As the community moves to support traditional family and large-household programs and development types, Dawsonville must also ensure that a diversity of housing conditions and programs exist to support this variety of household types.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Market Study to assess breakdown of housing trends and cost factors, gauging the influence of development policies and feasibility of conservation subdivisions and small house development.</li> </ul>

<b>D. Natural Resources</b>	
<b>Needs and Opportunities</b>	<b>Mitigation Strategies</b>
<p><b>1.) Need for greenspace/ Improved management of greenspace:</b> As Dawsonville grows more suburban, there is more pressure to not only provide greenspace but to do so in a way that retains the community’s rural character, provides actual environmental benefits and coordinates with recreational uses where possible. This issue becomes more critical as new development reduces opportunities while increasing the level of demand for preserved greenspace. The City must work to protect the ecology along local waterways to provide direct benefits with flood control, preserving water quality and providing natural buffers and scenic beauty. Emphasis should be placed on benefiting the local ecology and</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Promote and maintain conservation design regulations for larger development.</li> <li>• Explore options for financing of greenspace acquisition.</li> <li>• Review floodplain management and soil information control regulations against the latest versions from respective authorities.</li> <li>• Monitor and sustain land use management policies through Comprehensive Planning, development regulations and best management practices.</li> <li>• Report annually on the city’s tree ordinances, landscaping, and property and stream buffer policies.</li> </ul>



<p>targeting lands for protection that are environmentally sensitive areas.</p>	
<p><b>2.) Improved resources for natural resource management:</b>  Advances in technology and environmental science now allow for more effective management policies. City efforts to protect the environment can outline definitive actions that build upon public awareness and utilize improved sources of information to better achieve preservation objectives.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Consider conservation design regulations for larger development.</li> <li>• Review floodplain management and soil information control regulations against the latest versions from respective authorities.</li> <li>• Monitor and sustain land use management policies through Comprehensive Planning, development regulations and best management practices.</li> </ul>

E. Cultural Resources	
Needs and Opportunities	Mitigation Strategies
<p><b>1.) Need to recognize existing resources and take advantage of local funding and assistance sources:</b>  Encourage the inclusion of all worthy historic buildings, structures, sites and districts to the National Register of Historic Places and the Georgia Register of Historic Places. This would include buildings, structures and sites deemed notable in the city's history prior to 1978.</p> <p>Utilize regional, state, federal, and university programs that provide funding, staff, and services to enhance future historic preservation programs for the City of Dawsonville.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Support new nominations of historic resources to the National Register of Historic Places that are eligible.</li> <li>• Utilize local, regional, state and national organizations for funding opportunities for historic preservation.</li> <li>• Promote and support the preservation, restoration and documentation of Elliott Village</li> </ul>
<p><b>2.) Need to support local interest groups:</b>  Encourage and support the Dawson County Historical Society's efforts to educate the general public on the importance and benefits of protecting cultural resources.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Support the Dawson County Historical Society and other stakeholder groups that support the same.</li> </ul>



<p><b>3.) Need to encourage the adaptive reuse of existing resources:</b> Promote the adaptive reuse of historic buildings and structures.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Develop Property Redevelopment Guide, a policy for City directed efforts to encourage and support infill.</li> <li>• Promote and support the preservation, restoration and documentation of Elliott Village</li> </ul>
<p><b>4.) Continue plans to revitalize downtown/ Coordinate new development within the existing community:</b> Plans for downtown Dawsonville do not have the benefit of unified property ownership or financing, and they require additional, more detailed implementation strategies that must be coordinated with several other specialty plans. New development should be designed so as to complement the existing community.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Implement Urban Redevelopment Plan.</li> <li>• Explore funding options for urban redevelopment plans such as Carl Vinson Plan.</li> <li>• Explore options for a more in depth Phase II Urban Redevelopment Plan</li> <li>• Consider design guidelines for areas outside historic districts and expand district boundaries as necessary.</li> <li>• Monitor and sustain land use management policies through Comprehensive Planning and development regulations.</li> </ul>

<b>F. Community Facilities and Services</b>	
<b>Needs and Opportunities</b>	<b>Mitigation Strategies</b>
<p><b>1.) Expand and maintain water and sewer service:</b> Dawsonville currently operates its own water and sewer service. In order for the city to properly plan for and attract quality growth it must ensure the quality and long-term viability of these services.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Annual Utility and Infrastructure Capacity Reports to ensure efficiency of services.</li> <li>• Update sewer infrastructure.</li> <li>• Confirm future partnership terms and conditions with all utility providers.</li> <li>• Expand new and existing wells for water service.</li> </ul>
<p><b>2.) Demand for additional meeting space:</b> Dawsonville does not have a formal Civic/Conference Center for hosting a variety of indoor events. Renovations are ongoing for the Georgia Racing Hall of Fame and Museum/ City Hall complex that will provide improved meeting space</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Conduct feasibility study to determine type, size and location of meeting facility.</li> </ul>

<p>but there is demand for some small convention space to support local and tourist events.</p>	
<p><b>3.) <i>New/ Expanded Schools:</i></b> The Dawson County Board of Education has plans for at least one new school and several facility expansions that should accommodate increases in enrollment and allow for the use of modern technology.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Coordinate and communicate quarterly with the Dawson County School System to ensure coordination of investment efforts and efficiency of services.</li> </ul>
<p><b>4.) <i>Parks and Recreation Plan:</i></b> A new Parks and Recreation Master Plan will be needed to guide new land purchases and facility improvements through the next 20+ years.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Develop Parks and Recreation Master Plan.</li> <li>• Support the Dawson County Parks and Recreation Master Plan.</li> <li>• Continue plans to build City Park</li> <li>• Create and maintain a permanent space for a farmers market that can be used for many cultural events</li> </ul>
<p><b>5.) <i>Broadband:</i></b> Increase coverage and better access to high speed internet will be integral to the continued growth and success of Dawsonville for both economic development and residential use.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Increase coverage and provide more reliable bandwidth speed from providers.</li> <li>• Expansion of North Georgia Network.</li> </ul>

G. Transportation	
Needs and Opportunities	Mitigation Strategies
<p><b>1.) <i>Balancing local traffic and commercial traffic:</i></b> As Dawsonville and Dawson County grow more suburban, the major corridors will become viable for multiple uses. Uses that, at times can lead to competing priorities, particularly in balancing through and tourist traffic with that of local residents. The City must balance its overall priorities for growth, character and land use management to ensure clear priorities for all major roadways to ensure</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Annual report concerning traffic data and updates to GDOT plans for the region.</li> <li>• Update Transportation element of Comprehensive Plan (as needed).</li> <li>• Analysis of downtown parking, signage and wayfinding for pedestrian improvements/enhancements.</li> <li>• Evaluate feasibility of speed reductions on identified roadways.</li> </ul>



<p>an efficient transportation system.</p>	
<p><b>2.) <i>Maintaining the access corridors:</i></b>  Connectivity to Hwy 400 is a chief priority for residents and businesses alike. Yet this also causes the greatest blend of uses and competing demands as discussed above. For example, State Route 53 could serve as a commercial destination, gateway, scenic corridor or simple rural arterial. Management of these routes will be critical to determining a vision for the community and the effectiveness of measures to achieve that vision.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Monitor, encourage and sustain land use management policies through Comprehensive Planning and development regulations.</li> </ul>
<p><b>3.) <i>Improving access to mass transit:</i></b>  Few opportunities exist for alternative modes of transportation, either as a local service or as a commuter service into metropolitan Atlanta. Though demand is not high for such modes at present, both the rate and styles of growth projected for the near future suggest a strong need for such alternatives in order to mitigate transportation concerns for the City.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Review Rural Transit Plan with GMRC; Consider options for van service.</li> </ul>
<p><b>4.) <i>Long-Range Road Improvement Plan:</i></b>  The City is served by many of the county's roads, specifically Burt Creek Road, and State Routes 53, 9, 142 and 136 located in the north section of the city, also serves as a major corridor. The expansion to the north will prompt development and increased travel demand. There is a need to develop a focused road improvement program to guide public investment in the future, and to connect future land use planning with transportation planning.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Annual report concerning traffic data and updates to GDOT plans for the region.</li> <li>• Update Transportation element of Comprehensive Plan (as needed).</li> <li>• Investigate options for Perimeter Road expansion/Parkway roadway expansion/development and street connectivity to improve transportation throughout the city.</li> </ul>



<p><b>5.) Perimeter Road Corridor/ Intersections with Burt Creek and Shoal Creek:</b>  Completion of this perimeter road will reduce congestion in the historic district; improve freight movement within the city and county, and safety for local traffic, pedestrians and cyclists sharing the road. A focused transportation study is recommended to determine alternative routes. Findings from this study can guide future public investment in corridor preservation.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Investigate options for Perimeter Road expansion/Parkway roadway expansion/development and street connectivity to improve transportation throughout the city.</li> </ul>
<p><b>6.) Establishment of Pedestrian and/ or Bike Planning:</b>  The city continues to improve pedestrian infrastructure with a long-term master plan that coordinates pedestrian interconnectivity between the historic downtown district and the newer development along Ga. Hwy 53, Ga. Hwy. 9, Allen Street, and Dawsonville By-Pass. There is an opportunity to build connectivity to State Bicycle Highway 90.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Develop Bicycle and Pedestrian Accessibility Master Plan.</li> <li>Update Comprehensive Plan with information from Bicycle and Pedestrian Master Plan.</li> <li>Advocate for GDOT speed reductions, additional crosswalks, bike lanes and signage.</li> </ul>

<b>H. Intergovernmental Coordination</b>	
<b>Needs and Opportunities</b>	<b>Mitigation Strategies</b>
<p><b>1.) Annexation and growth management:</b>  The City is under pressure from development to expand boundaries and service areas. This requires not only coordination as part of the Service Delivery Agreement but also effective planning by the City to ensure the proper quality of growth introduced to the area.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Update Service Delivery Agreements.</li> <li>Monitor and sustain land use management policies through Comprehensive Planning and development regulations.</li> </ul>
<p><b>2.) Coordination with affiliated organizations:</b>  As Dawsonville and Dawson County experience rapid growth and change it becomes more important that the governments are coordinating their</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>For each partner organization, designate a Council member to serve as liaison.</li> </ul>

actions with those of all affiliated support organizations such as the School Board, Dev. Authority and others.

I. Land Use	
Needs and Opportunities	Mitigation Strategies
<p><b>1.) <i>Attracting quality infill development:</i></b> Dawsonville has select properties suitable for infill development but must work to ensure they're developed in ways compatible with the existing and proposed context of the City.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Create and maintain inventory of undeveloped properties for new construction and vacant properties for renovation commercial opportunities.</li> <li>• Examine existing parking and traffic conditions to determine better methods to manage both efficiently.</li> <li>• Develop Property Redevelopment Guide, a policy for City directed efforts to encourage and support infill.</li> <li>• Create a Downtown Dawsonville Tourism &amp; Marketing Strategic Plan, to develop a coordinated and sustained policy towards promoting downtown.</li> <li>• Identify additional opportunities for pedestrian enhancement of the streetscape through pedestrian seating, signage, and other improvements as identified.</li> <li>• Maintain and promote DDA funding opportunities for reinvestment opportunities.</li> </ul>
<p><b>2.) <i>Incompatible land uses:</i></b> Dawsonville will be subject to competing land uses and development interests along the arterial corridors within the City and in the transition areas between the rural county and the established, urban portions of the city.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Monitor and sustain land use management policies through Comprehensive Planning and development regulations.</li> </ul>
<p><b>3.) <i>Accommodating new growth:</i></b> Dawsonville will have to plan for incorporating new development into the City via annexation, requiring more studies concerning the expansion of</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Annual Utility and Infrastructure Reports to ensure efficiency of services.</li> <li>• Monitor and sustain land use management policies through Comprehensive Planning</li> </ul>

utility service areas and monitoring of trends outside the City limits.

and development regulations.

**4.) *Downtown redevelopment plans:***

Redevelopment plans have been completed for downtown and the Georgia Racing Hall of Fame and Museum / City Hall site. The City has also completed a similar plan for the central city that will connect the two areas. The City will use these for guidance to attract and manage development and capital improvements contributing to the revitalization of the central city.

- Implement Urban Redevelopment Plan.
- Explore funding options for urban redevelopment plans such as Carl Vinson Plan.
- Explore options for a more in depth Phase II Urban Redevelopment Plan
- Consider design guidelines for areas outside historic districts and expand district boundaries as necessary.
- Monitor and sustain land use management policies through Comprehensive Planning and development regulations.



#### ***D. Land Use Assessment***

Land use management policies and programs represent guidelines for shaping development patterns that provide for efficient growth while also protecting sensitive social and environmental areas. This section presents an inventory of existing land use patterns and development trends for the community, allowing the local government to produce the most effective policies needed to manage the demands from projected development.

Dawsonville is still the traditional social center of Dawson County but there has been an economic shift in commercial activity in the county away from Dawsonville east towards the Georgia 400 corridor where it intersects with SR 53. The downtown area is currently a mix of historic and new structures filled with commercial and institutional uses. Some of the historic structures have been renovated, while others have not been well maintained. Growth in local tourism and the increase in demand for institutional space have kept most of the buildings in the traditional town center occupied. However, residential and commercial activity is moving away from the downtown and city to outlying areas of the county and GA 400 corridor.

To better achieve the community's vision, the City will foster more and better infill development to strengthen the vitality of existing areas. While economic growth is desired, the overall form and types of development are equally important for maintaining the City's character. Central Dawsonville should be the focus of increased commercial, cultural and civic activity, taking on a more traditional urban form within a small-town context and scale. New housing will be encouraged with an emphasis on variety of housing types and price points. New single-family detached housing closer to the urban core should exhibit traditional neighborhood forms yet also have sustainable structures and lots that readily retain market value.

The form of development will explore more suburban and rural character further away from central Dawsonville. The main arterial corridors will likely feature some development but this should be focused at nodal intersections while preserving the integrity of the roadways for through traffic. Outlying portions of the City will feature more rural residential activities comparable to those anticipated throughout Dawson County. This will minimize environmental impacts and capital improvement costs outside the urbanized areas.

The north-south axis will feature additional measures for commercial and public activity centers and/or higher density housing, as Dawsonville will strengthen the social connections with Southern Catholic College and the mixed-use village projected for the property adjoining the college. Concentrating the densities and activities between this node and central Dawsonville will preserve the rural character of outlying Dawsonville and Dawson County as identified within the comprehensive plans for both communities.

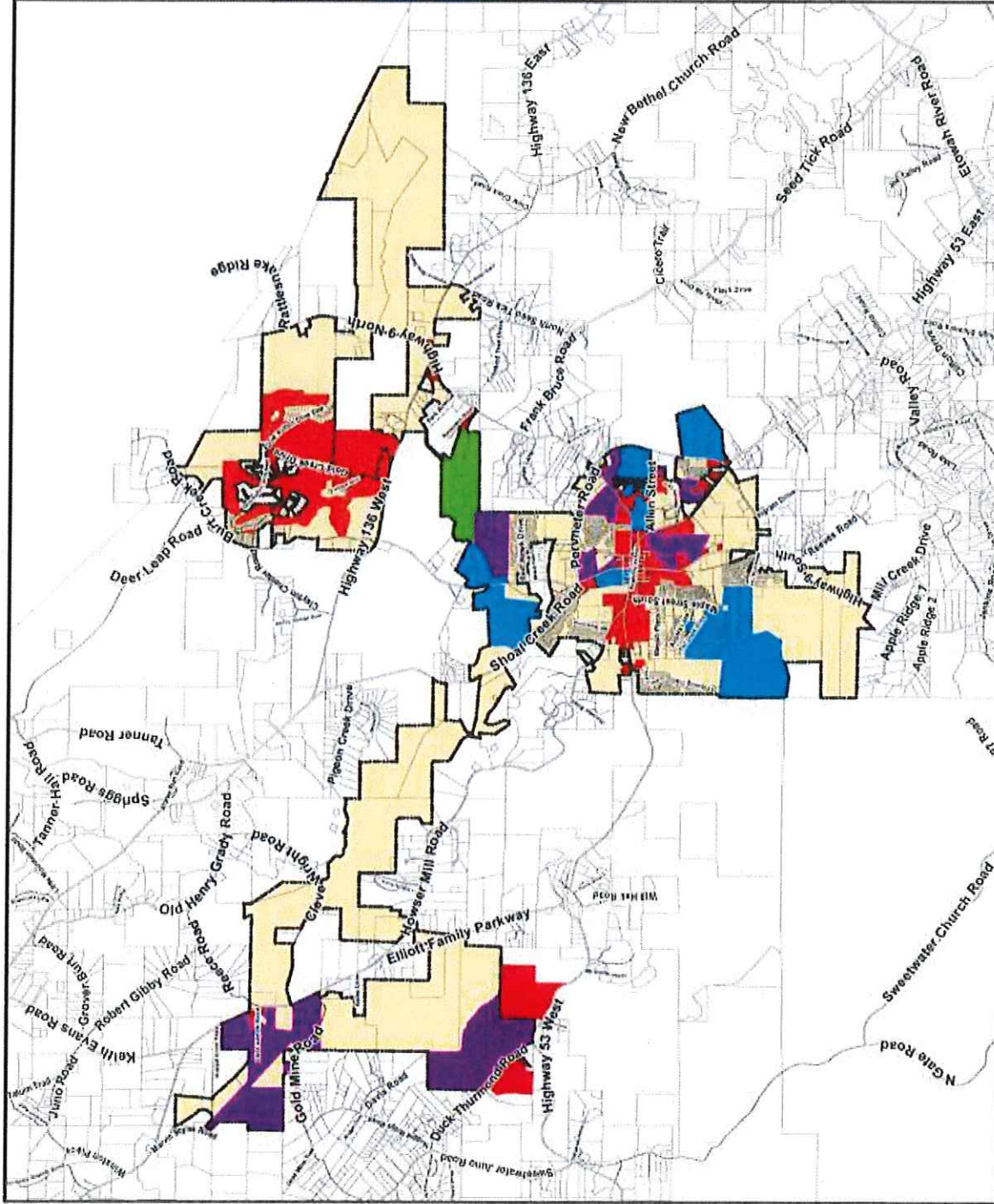
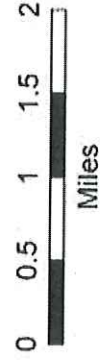
Lastly, the City will attempt to foster light industrial activity within the Elliott Airport Park to the west. Uses will be preserved to those minimal demands for auto traffic and utilities, while also minimizing the production of nuisances that might impact neighboring properties. Adjoining land uses will be preserved to rural conditions as both a buffer from the industrial activity and to retain the prevailing character of the area.



# Existing Land Use Dawsonville, GA



- Existing Land Use**
- Commercial
  - Conservation
  - Industrial
  - Institutional
  - Residential
  - Parcels
  - Dawsonville City Limits



## **E. Areas Requiring Special Attention**

The Georgia Department of Community Affairs has identified the following seven special conditions and requires that they be addressed in the partial plan update where they exist within the community:

- Natural or cultural resources.
- Areas where rapid development or change of land use is likely to occur.
- Areas where the pace of development has and/or may outpace the availability of community facilities and services.
- Areas in need of redevelopment and/or significant improvements to aesthetics or attractiveness.
- Large abandoned structures or sites.
- Infill development opportunities.
- Areas of significant disinvestment, levels of poverty, and/or substantially higher unemployment.

The City has reviewed existing conditions and has identified areas that require special attention. These areas have been indicated on the enclosed map entitled "City of Dawsonville Areas Requiring Special Attention".

### **A. Areas of Significant Natural or Cultural Resources**

The City of Dawsonville contains numerous streams which are a valuable natural resource and have identified in their Needs and Opportunities analysis:

- the need for greenspace/ improved management of greenspace
- improved resources for natural resource management
- continue plans to revitalize downtown/ coordinate new development within the existing community that could include greenways and pathways.

### **B. Areas Where Rapid Development or Change of Land Use is Likely to Occur**

1. Proposed GDOT 2030 bypass (four proposed route options currently)
2. Airport
3. Lanier Tech/Education area

### **C. Areas Where the Pace of Development has and/or may outpace the availability of Community Facilities and Services *(Not Applicable)***

### **D. Areas in Need of Redevelopment and/or Significant Improvements to Aesthetics or Attractiveness**

1. Specific areas that require significant improvements to aesthetics or attractiveness notated on the Areas Requiring Special Attention Map include:
  - a. Maple Street
  - b. Stegall Place
  - c. Pearl Chambers



- d. Flat Creek Drive
- e. 9 S Apartments

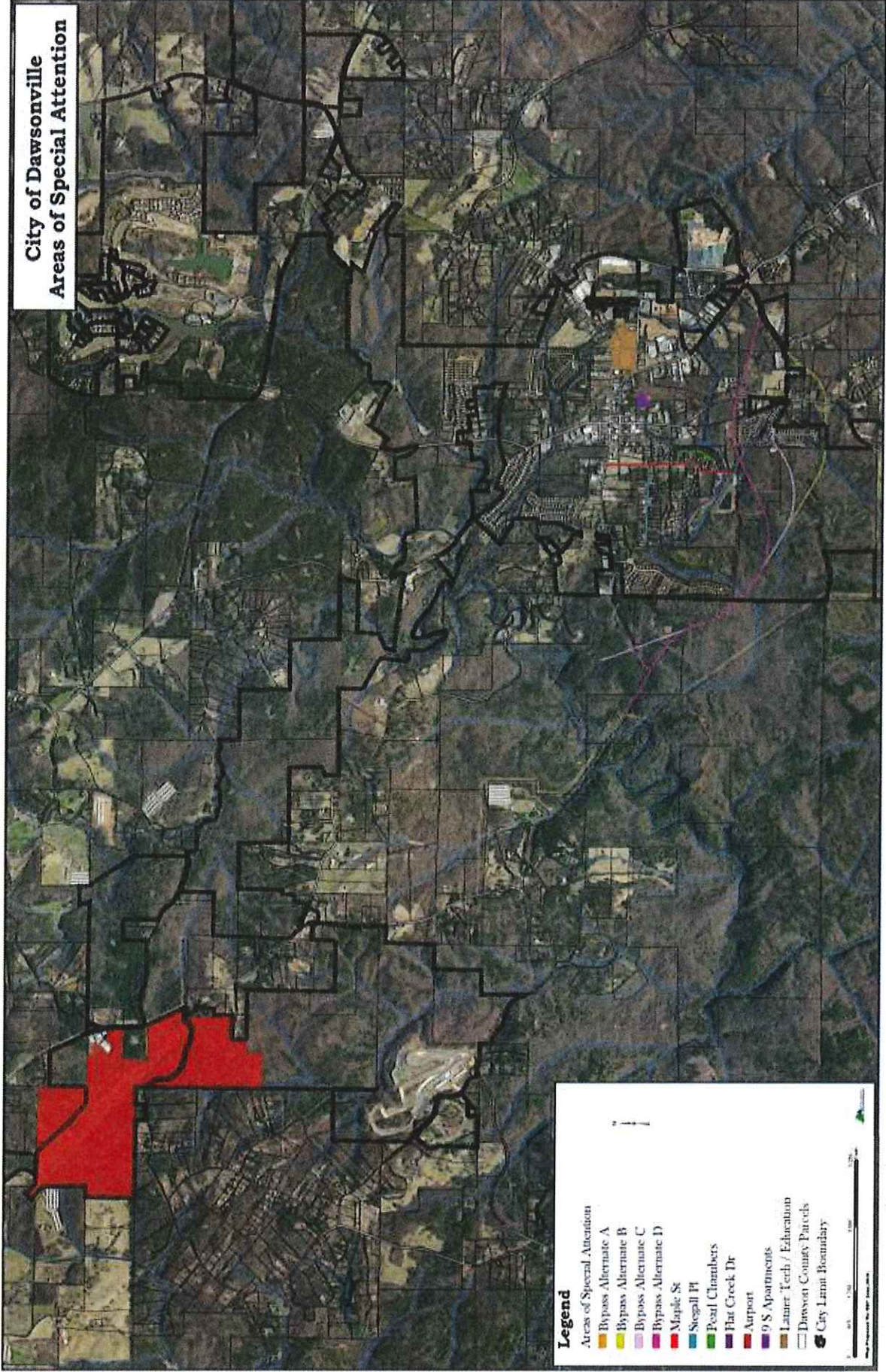
**E. Large Abandoned Structures or Sites** *(Not Applicable)*

**F. Areas with Significant Infill Development Opportunities** *(Not Applicable)*

**G. Areas of Significant Disinvestment, Levels of Poverty, and/or Unemployment Substantially Higher than levels for the Community as a Whole**

1. Specific areas of significant disinvestment, levels of poverty and/or unemployment substantially higher than levels for the community as a whole and notated on the Areas Requiring Special Attention Map include:
  - a. Maple Street
  - b. Stegall Place
  - c. Pearl Chambers
  - d. Flat Creek Drive
  - e. 9 S Apartments

**City of Dawsonville  
Areas of Special Attention**

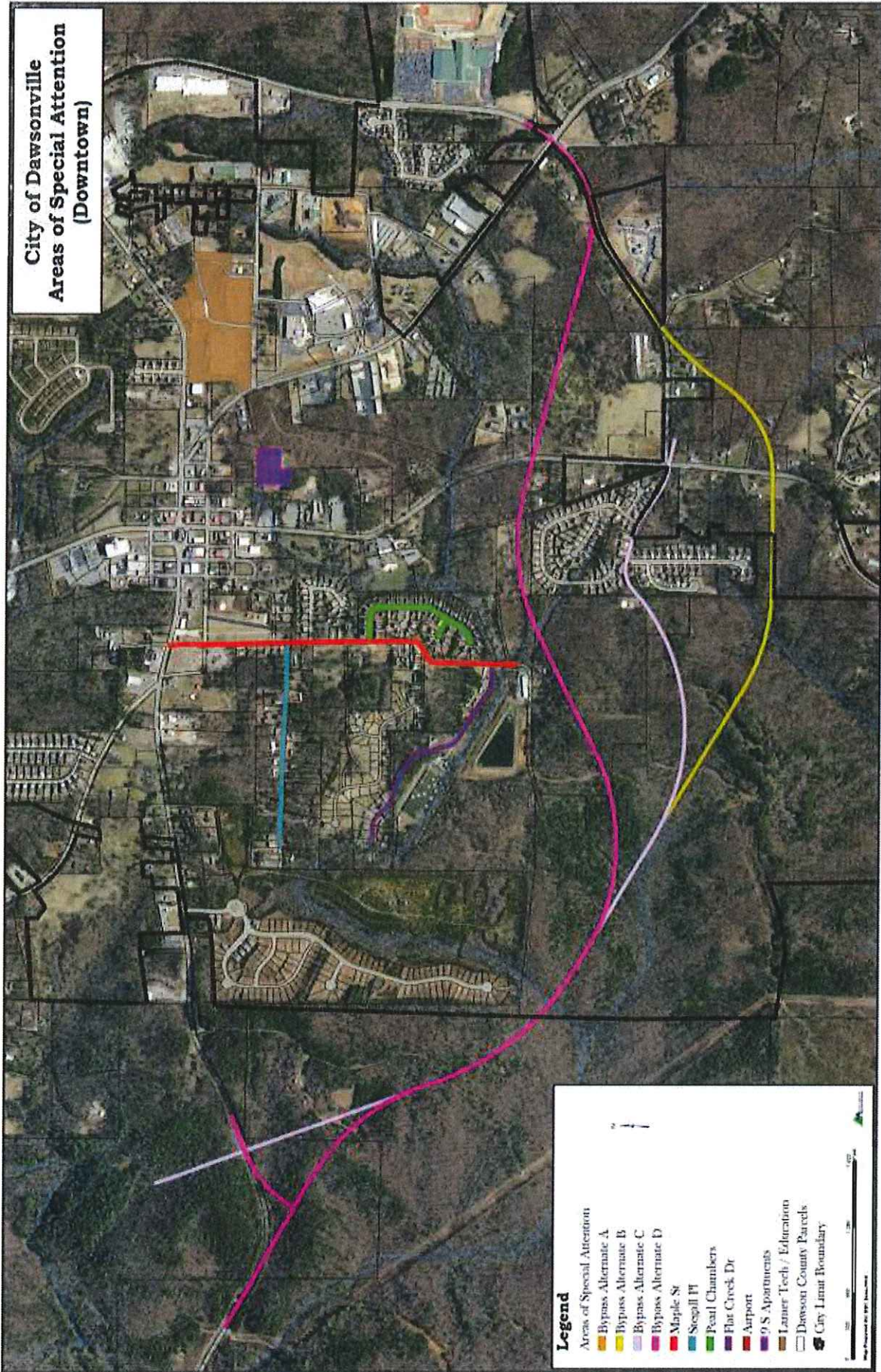


**Legend**

- Areas of Special Attention
- Bypass Alternate A
- Bypass Alternate B
- Bypass Alternate C
- Bypass Alternate D
- Maple St
- Seepall Pt
- Pearl Chambers
- Flat Creek Dr
- Airport
- 9 S Apartments
- Lamar Tech / Education
- Dawson County Parcels
- City Limit Boundary



**City of Dawsonville  
Areas of Special Attention  
(Downtown)**

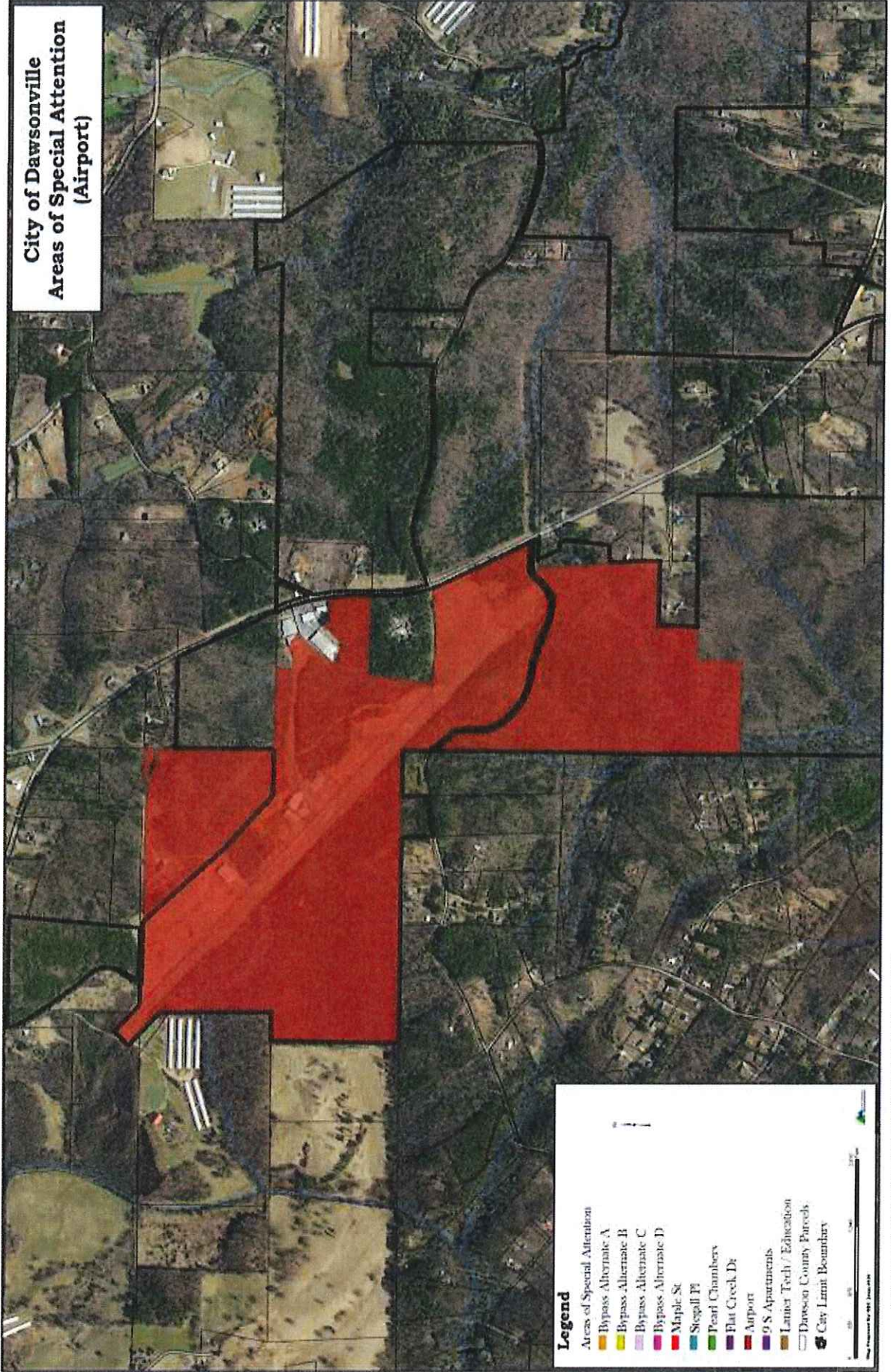


**Legend**

- Area of Special Attention
- Bypass Alternate A
- Bypass Alternate B
- Bypass Alternate C
- Bypass Alternate D
- Maple St
- Steeple Pt
- Peal Chambers
- Flat Creek Dr
- Airport
- 9 S. Apartments
- Lerner Tech / Education
- Dawson County Parcels
- City Limit Boundary



**City of Dawsonville  
Areas of Special Attention  
(Airport)**



**Legend**

- Areas of Special Attention
- Bypass Alternative A
- Bypass Alternative B
- Bypass Alternative C
- Bypass Alternative D
- Maple St
- Steph II
- Pearl Chambers
- Flat Creek Dr
- Airport
- 9/8 Apartments
- Lanner Tech / Education
- Dawson County Parcels
- City Limit Boundary

0 100 200 300 Feet

Map Prepared By: GPC, June 2010



## **F. Recommended Character Areas**

To further assist in identifying development needs and target areas it is crucial to understand not only the land use patterns but also the prevailing character and context of a community. It is possible to identify these sub-areas within the community defined by architectural scale and style, functions and roles, traffic flow, and other factors that differentiate one area from the next. These can include the areas requiring special attention identified above and/or existing community sub-areas for which plans have already been prepared.

### **1. Historic District**

#### **Description**

This is the physical and social heart of the City envisioned as having more vital, urban areas, a variety of uses and an overall architectural form that belies the established scale and character of downtown Dawsonville. Because of the plans for redeveloping the site around the City Hall this area is notably larger than just the traditional downtown. Included are several of the surrounding and connecting blocks that for the most part maintain the smaller, urban block pattern and similar massing of structures. This also contains the bulk of Dawsonville's commercial and civic sites that establish the City as a public destination. Many of these businesses rely on their collective volume to appeal to customers, playing off the urbanized nature of downtown as part of the attraction.

#### **Urban Redevelopment Plan:**

*"Dawsonville will further define its unique character through traditional town planning principles. The downtown will be a vibrant, pedestrian-friendly, mixed-use destination, free from truck traffic and franchise architecture, with proud citizens and small business owners who admire their past. It will preserve historic, cultural, and small-town qualities and maintain and promote aesthetic charm.*

#### **Land Use Types**

Commercial  
Civic/Institutional  
Mixed-use  
Multi-family  
Residential

#### **Implementation Strategies**

Maintenance of Comprehensive plan  
Implement Urban Redevelopment Plan  
Explore options for a more in depth Phase II Urban Redevelopment Plan  
Update of development regulations (as needed)



## **2. Gateway Corridors**

### **Description**

This is the area immediately outside of Central Dawsonville that features a mix of uses, including modern subdivisions and shopping centers, and is most often characterized by the transition from downtown to more rural Dawson County. Its designation is both the result of this need to transition between extreme densities and the desire to strengthen the urbanized core of Central Dawsonville.

As development in this area will comprise mostly of residential uses and smaller-scale commercial activities, it has been designated Urban Neighborhood. As implied, the scale and form of new development should complement (not necessarily be equal to) that found in Central Dawsonville, particularly with regards to the density of land use, size of blocks and capacity for pedestrian accessibility. Streets should maintain connectivity, especially with downtown, and properties should limit frontage parking areas. Residential uses may include subdivisions, but these should minimize cul-de-sacs, feature multiple access points and emphasize connectivity with the City as a whole.

Heavier commercial and public activity centers may be reserved for key nodal locations, at the intersection of arterial roadways. This would maximize the infrastructure while preserving the traffic flow, minimizing the number of curb cuts along arterials or traffic flow on collector roads.

### **Land Use Types**

Commercial  
Residential

### **Implementation Strategies**

Maintenance of Comprehensive plan  
Consider amendments to development regulations  
Encouraging/requiring traditional neighborhoods





### **3. Mixed Use/PUD (Planned Unit Development)**

#### **Description**

This area is reserved for mixed use developments that will foster and support neighborhood and sub-regional scale commercial and public activity centers. Development at the major intersection and leading southward towards Central Dawsonville should exhibit a village form and scale that includes a mix of uses within the same block and/or building, small block sizes with marginal frontage parking and prominent pedestrian amenities that provide access throughout the area.

Ancillary development outside the public and commercial aspects of the village center should provide some housing in a traditional neighborhood or middle-to-high density scale so as to support the village and minimize local automotive traffic. Additional housing can be provided of more suburban scale or as part of a specialized development, but pedestrian connectivity is encouraged throughout these areas and roadways must minimize the use of cul-de-sacs and dead end routes. Further, such developments are encouraged to pursue conservation design applications for environmental protection and to ease the transition between village densities and rural Dawson County.

#### **Land Use Types**

Commercial  
Mixed-use  
Multi-family

#### **Implementation Strategies**

Maintenance of Comprehensive plan  
Develop Village Center development regulation





#### **4. Commercial**

##### **Description**

Commercial development is focused in the central area of Dawsonville and along the major arterial roadways. It is important that future development focuses on design standards that reflect Dawsonville's character and sense of place. The gentrification of abandoned or older dilapidated commercial centers should be encouraged.

##### **Land Use**

Commercial

##### **Implementation Measures**

Conduct forum reviewing/amending development regulations as needed

Consider guidelines for signage and lighting

Review property maintenance codes and enforcement policies; Amend as needed





## **5. Residential**

### **Description**

This represents the outlying residential portions of the city to the northwest, northeast and south. There are no immediate plans to alter their general form or land use, and long terms plans suggest these areas will remain predominantly residential. Present levels of agricultural activity will continue as development pressures will allow, but neither the City nor the County will pursue capital improvements in this region to facilitate new development.

This area will be fostered as a haven for larger residential uses and rural/conservation subdivisions to facilitate a buffer between the higher densities of Dawsonville and the rest of Dawson County. Most development should entail large lots, with an average approaching or, preferably, surpassing 5 acres per unit. Nonresidential activity should be kept to a minimum and compliment the rural character of the area, such as churches, neighborhood scale markets and services with limited parking and traffic generation.

### **Land Use Types**

Residential  
Agricultural  
Conservation

### **Implementation Strategies**

Maintenance of Comprehensive plan  
Update of development regulations (as needed)





## **6. Industrial**

These uses will be kept to those areas zoned in Dawsonville for industrial use and are locations where the existing infrastructure is available. Future land use industrial development would be focused in adjoining property locations due to these traffic and service requirements. The future focus of industrial development as well would be to encourage small light industries that need anywhere from 1,000 to 5,000 square feet of space and employ 3 to 20 employees. The idea behind this concept is to allow small business entrepreneurs to develop and grow in the county and become not just an industry, but part of the community.

### **Land Use Types**

Industrial

### **Implementation Measures**

Develop utility and commercial traffic assessment for growing industry as needed

Conduct forum reviewing/amending development regulations as needed

Consider guidelines for signage and lighting



## **7. Airport**

### **Description**

This refers to the existing airport on the City's western fringe. This is a private facility with select, small-scale manufacturing and air service related industries already on site. The potential exists for this site to harbor additional, similar uses capable of developing employment options for area residents.

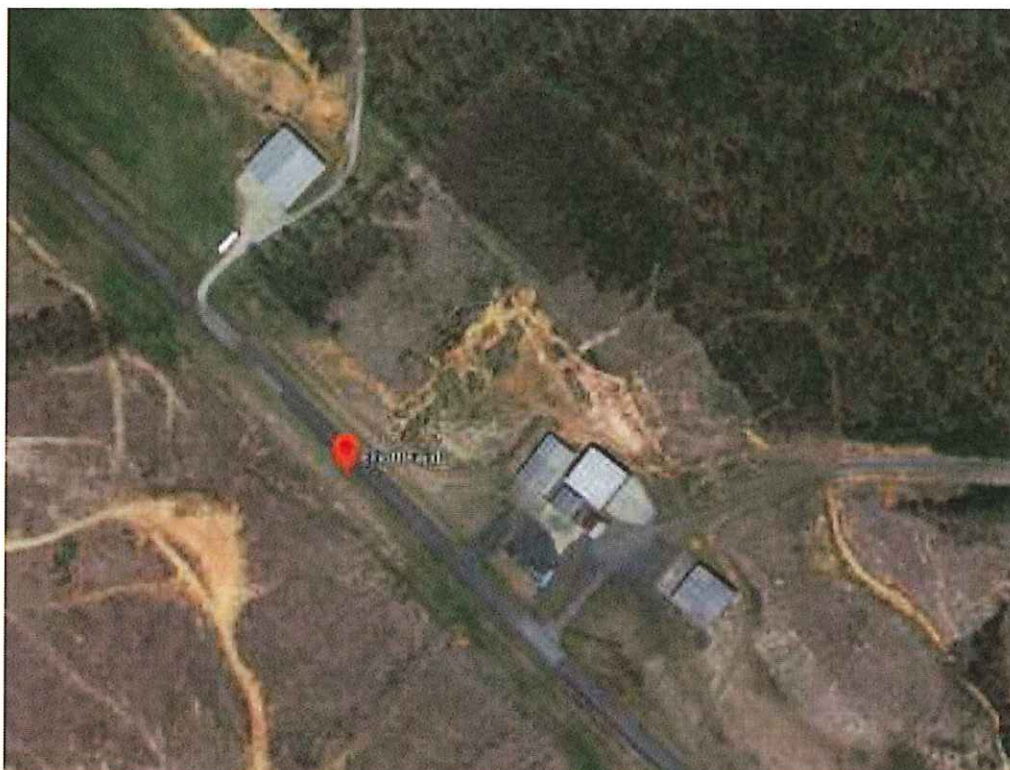
To attain the City's vision and stay within the context desired by Dawson County, this development should be done with minimal impact on the neighboring properties and the prevailing rural character of the area. Business types should feature low-to-modest levels of employment and minimal demands for public services so that the location does not require significant improvements to infrastructure or utilities, thus supporting measures to preserve rural land uses outside the airport. Structures should be modest and preferably concealed from view outside the property.

### **Land Use Types**

Small industrial facilities  
Warehouse facilities

### **Implementation Strategies**

Maintenance of Comprehensive plan  
Update of development regulations (as needed)





## 8. Bypass

### Description

The proposed bypass and arterial roads within and around Dawsonville serve to connect the city with the outside world while also providing access for local traffic. By nature these roads must retain high levels of service while handling larger volumes of local and through traffic. Outside of downtown area most of the uses along the corridors are auto-oriented, with larger conventional parking lots, wider spaces and lower heights.

To balance the differing issues of supporting commerce and the flow of traffic, development should be concentrated at select nodes, notably the major intersections along the perimeter road and future bypass. Development at these nodes may not require architectural standards but must accommodate standards for setbacks, accessibility and signage that could differ from adjoining character areas. These uses should still aspire for minimal amounts of impervious surface and compliment the small-town scale of the existing urban form. Development at these nodes should also seek over time to foster a mix of uses and pedestrian connectivity, allowing the nodes to evolve into village centers if possible and thereby minimizing the demands for local traffic.

### Implementation Strategies

Maintenance of Comprehensive plan

Update of development regulations (as needed)



## 9. Conservation

### Description

An integral facet to the City of Dawsonville is the natural resources and rural heritage of Dawson County that draws many to the area. Additional open space, parks, pocket or corner parks in the City should continue to be a wellness component during future planning and development efforts. Planned improvements such as the development of Main Street Park and the Farmers Market will aid in achieving the City's goals for pedestrian accessibility and increased walkability throughout Dawsonville.

### Land Use

Conservation

### Implementation Measures

Conduct forum reviewing/amending development regulations as needed

Develop design guideline reference material

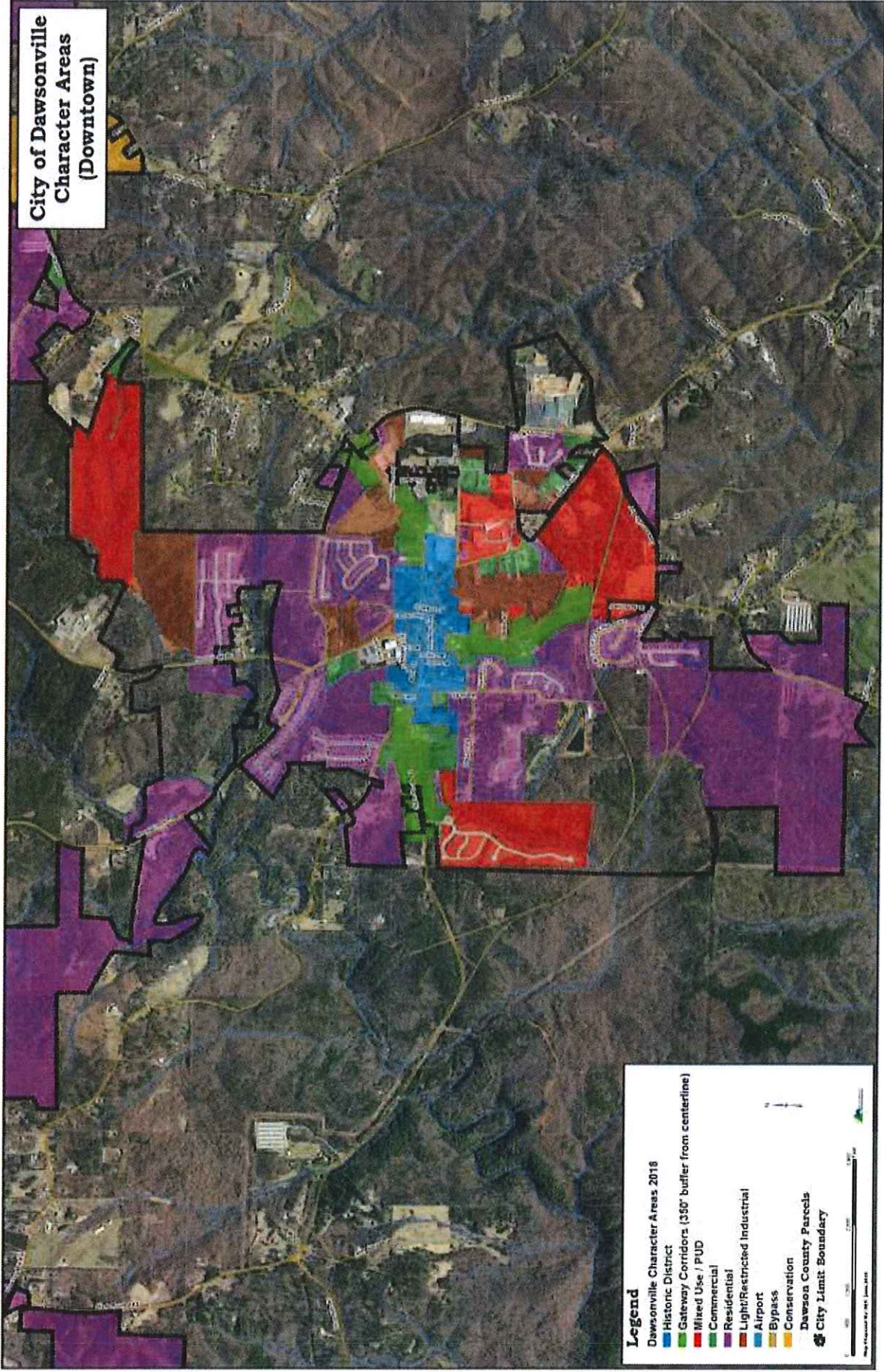






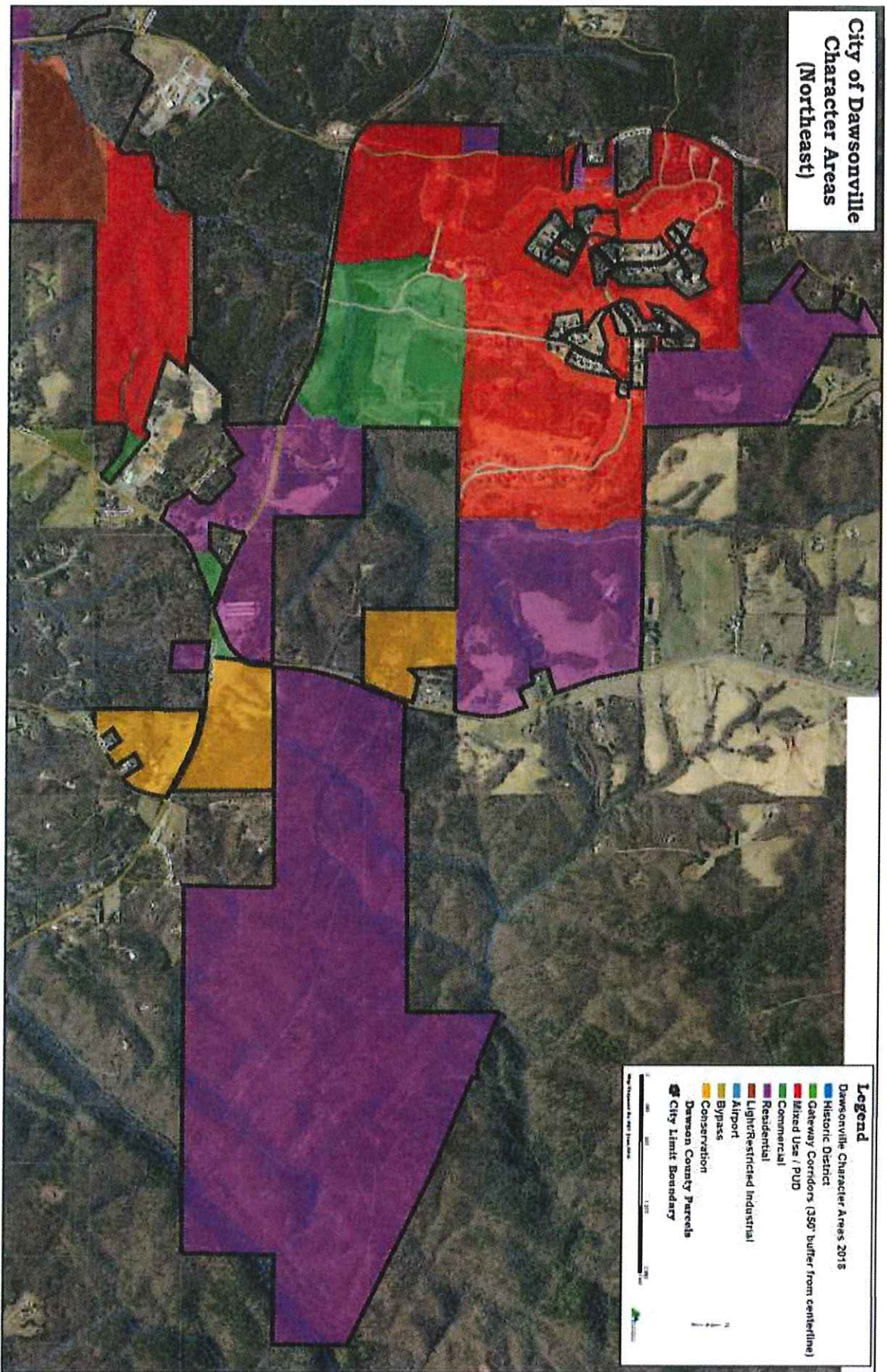


**City of Dawsonville  
Character Areas  
(Downtown)**

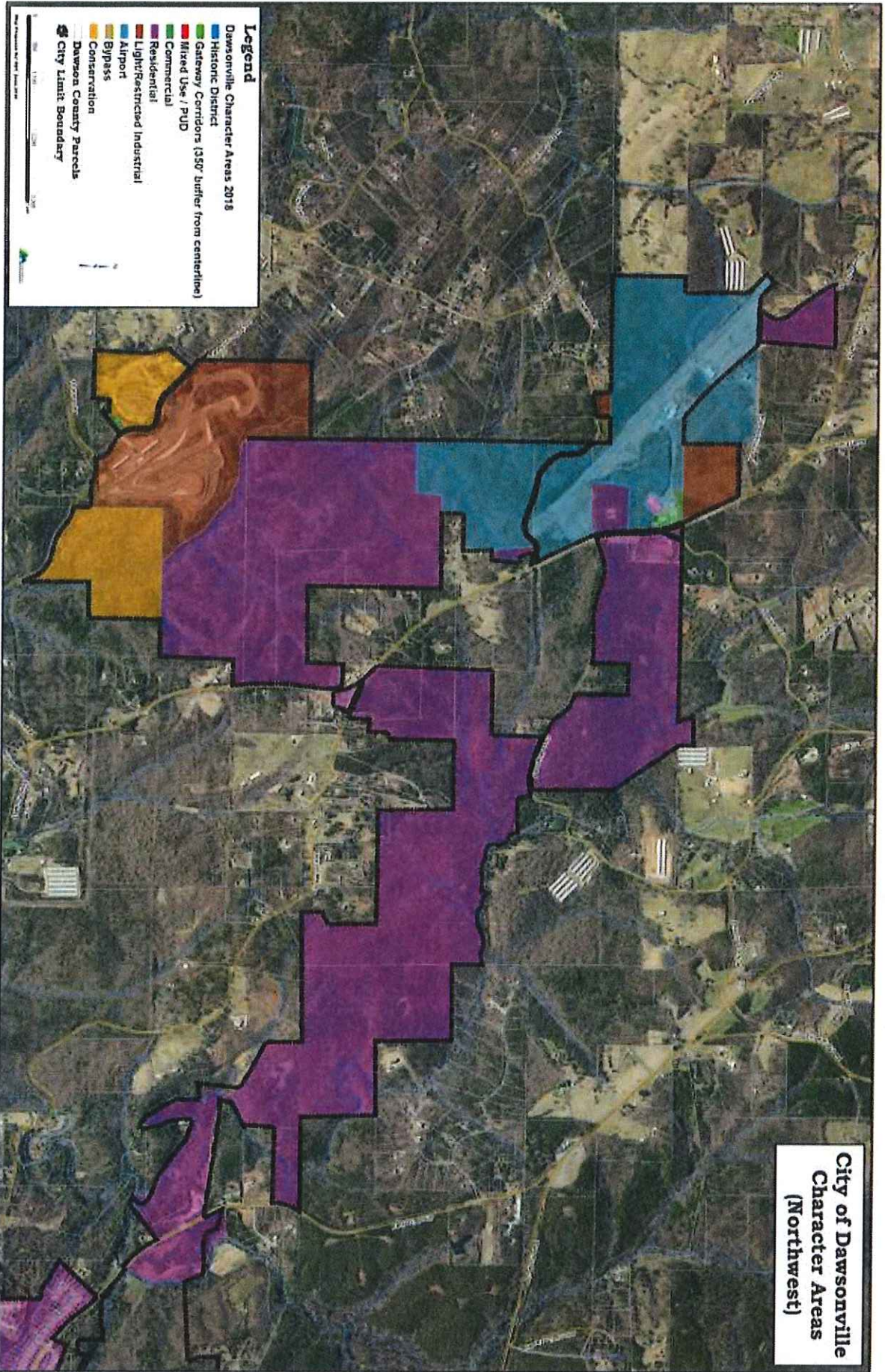




**City of Dawsonville  
Character Areas  
(Northeast)**









## G. Quality Community Objectives

Since 1999 the Board of the Department of Community Affairs has identified various Quality Community Objectives (QCOs) as value statements of the development patterns and options that will help Georgia preserve her unique cultural, natural and historic resources while looking to the future and developing to her fullest potential.

These ten objectives are adapted from generally accepted community development principles to fit the unique qualities of Georgia's cities and counties. Although these objectives are only recommendations, we are convinced that implementing these principles will result in greater efficiency and cost savings for local governments and a higher quality of life for their citizens.

Applicable DCA Quality Community Objectives	Economic Prosperity	Resource Mgmt.	Efficient Land Use	Local Preparedness	Sense of Place	Regional Cooperation	Housing Options	Transportation Options	Educational Opportunities	Community Health
Dawsonville	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X

- **Economic Prosperity:** Encourage development or expansion of businesses and industries that are suitable for the community. Factors to consider when determining suitability include job skills required; long-term sustainability; linkages to other economic activities in the region; impact on the resources of the area; or prospects for creating job opportunities that meet the needs of a diverse local workforce.
- **Resource Management:** Promote the efficient use of natural resources and identify and protect environmentally sensitive areas of the community. This may be achieved by promoting energy efficiency and renewable energy generation; encouraging green building construction and renovation; utilizing appropriate waste management techniques; fostering water conservation and reuse; or setting environmentally sensitive areas aside as green space or conservation reserves.
- **Efficient Land Use:** Maximize the use of existing infrastructure and minimize the costly conversion of undeveloped land at the periphery of the community. This may be achieved by encouraging development or redevelopment of sites closer to the traditional core of the community; designing new development to minimize the amount of land consumed; carefully planning expansion of public infrastructure; or maintaining open space in agricultural, forestry, or conservation uses.
- **Local Preparedness:** Identify and put in place the prerequisites for the type of future the community seeks to achieve. These prerequisites might include infrastructure (roads, water, and sewer) to support or direct new growth; ordinances and regulations to manage growth as desired; leadership and staff capable of responding to opportunities and managing new challenges; or undertaking an all-hazards approach to disaster preparedness and response.
- **Sense of Place:** Protect and enhance the community's unique qualities. This may be achieved by maintaining the downtown as focal point of the community; fostering

compact, walkable, mixed-use development; protecting and revitalizing historic areas of the community; encouraging new development that is compatible with the traditional features of the community; or protecting scenic and natural features that are important to defining the community's character.

- **Regional Cooperation:** Cooperate with neighboring jurisdictions to address shared needs. This may be achieved by actively participating in regional organizations; identifying joint projects that will result in greater efficiency and less cost to the taxpayer; or developing collaborative solutions for regional issues such as protection of shared natural resources, development of the transportation network, or creation of a tourism plan.
- **Housing Options:** Promote an adequate range of safe, affordable, inclusive, and resource efficient housing in the community. This may be achieved by encouraging development of a variety of housing types, sizes, costs, and densities in each neighborhood; instituting programs to provide housing for residents of all socio-economic backgrounds; or coordinating with local economic development programs to ensure availability of adequate workforce housing in the community.
- **Transportation Options:** Address the transportation needs, challenges and opportunities of all community residents. This may be achieved by fostering alternatives to transportation by automobile, including walking, cycling, and transit; employing traffic calming measures throughout the community; requiring adequate connectivity between adjoining developments; or coordinating transportation and land use decision-making within the community.
- **Educational Opportunities:** Make educational and training opportunities readily available to enable all community residents to improve their job skills, adapt to technological advances, or pursue life ambitions. This can be achieved by expanding and improving local educational institutions or programs; providing access to other institutions in the region; or coordinating with local economic development programs to ensure an adequately trained and skilled workforce.
- **Community Health:** Ensure that all community residents, regardless of age, ability, or income, have access to critical goods and services, safe and clean neighborhoods, and good work opportunities. This may be achieved by providing services to support the basic needs of disadvantaged residents; instituting programs to foster better health and fitness; or providing all residents the opportunity to improve their circumstances in life and to fully participate in the community.



### **III. IMPLEMENTATION PROGRAM**

While the Future Land Use Map illustrates the physical conditions expressed within the Vision, the Implementation Program is the overall strategy for achieving the Community Vision and for addressing each of the Community Issues and Opportunities. It identifies specific measures, both short and long-term, that must be undertaken by the community in order realize the community's goals.

#### **A. Policies and Long-Term Objectives**

One type of action a community can establish to achieve its vision is the establishment of policy. These are those ongoing principles and practices that the community will observe in order to realize specific objectives. Some policies may compliment single action-items while others may provide ongoing guidance and direction to local government officials for making decisions consistent with achieving the Community Vision or addressing Community Issues and Opportunities.

- For each partner organization, designate a Council member to serve as liaison.
- Support marketing of regional tourism and amenities within Dawsonville.
- Support new nominations for the National Register of Historic Places and also designate local landmarks.
- Support the Dawson County Historical Society
- Support the Dawson County Parks and Recreation Master Plan.
- Maintain partnerships with education institutions, Chamber and Dev. Authorities.
- Promote housing revitalization programs to homeowners.

#### **B. Long-Term Activities and Ongoing Programs**

In addition to establishing policy, communities may also establish long-term or ongoing programs and activities that support identified objectives. These measures may compliment policies or may simply be action items that must be employed more than once. These are recognized here so as to distinguish their need and conditions apart from the single-action items and to identify any required special terms or context.

- Annual City review of Dawson County School System 5-year plans to ensure coordination of investment efforts and efficiency of services
- Annual report concerning traffic data and updates to GDOT plans for region.
- Annual report summarizing economic projects carried out for Dawsonville
- Annual Utility and Infrastructure Reports to ensure efficiency of services.
- Maintain inventory of viable infill opportunities.
- Monitor and sustain land use management policies through Comprehensive Planning and development regulations.

### C. Report of Accomplishments

This is the review of the open items from the STWP from 2014-2018. As a new STWP is produced every five years, the items within the previous STWP must be identified for their status as complete, in progress, either postponed or cancelled. Those items that have been postponed or are in progress must be shown in the next STWP where appropriate, while those items that have been postponed or cancelled must also include a reason for their status.

YEAR	DESCRIPTION	STATUS	COMMENT
2014	Update records for City Cemetery	COMPLETED	
2014	Annex unincorporated islands into City	ONGOING	
2014	Water System Improvements	COMPLETED	More underway
2014	Vehicle Purchase – Roads Dept. – 4x4 Extended Cab Truck	COMPLETED	
2014	Expansion of Historic District	ONGOING	
2014	Update Service Delivery Agreement	COMPLETED	Being updated in 2018
2014	Study considering Certified Local Government Status	COMPLETED	Attained CLG in 2018
2014	Develop Bicycle and Pedestrian Accessibility Master Plan	ONGOING	
2014	Update historic resources inventory	COMPLETED	
2014	Report on funding options for greenspace acquisition	ONGOING	
2014	Report on funding options for historic preservation	ONGOING	
2015	Implement the Downtown Revitalization Streetscape	ONGOING	Pending extension of Perimeter Rd Bypass
2015	Conduct Feasibility Study for Adult Living Community	ONGOING	
2015	Sidewalk expansion and road improvements	ONGOING	Shown as specific projects in new STWP
2015	New City Park and existing park improvements/expansion	ONGOING	City Park shown in Phases on new STWP, as well as specific park expansions
2015	Consider reopening City streets	ONGOING	
2015	Develop Property Redevelopment Guide	ONGOING	
2015	Downtown Dawsonville Tourism & Marketing Strategy	CANCELLED	Not funded
2015	Review of tree/landscape ordinances	ONGOING	Under consideration as part of 2018 Development Reg revision
2016	Vehicle purchase – W&S Dept. – 2x4 Extended Cab Truck	COMPLETED	
2016	Treatment Plant Improvements	ONGOING	Shown as specific projects in new STWP
2016	Explore grant to move downtown power lines underground	ONGOING	Engineering work done
2016	Report assessing street signage in City	COMPLETED	
2017	Comp Plan update – Community Assessment	ONGOING	To be completed Fall 2018
2017	Land acquisition for Amphitheater & walking trail	COMPLETED	
2017	Conduct Perimeter Road Study	ONGOING	GDOT underway
2017	Explore grants for neighborhood improvements	ONGOING	
2018	Comp Plan update – Community Agenda	ONGOING	To be completed fall 2018
2018	Sewer System Infrastructure Expansion	ONGOING	30 yr. plan under development



**D. Short-Term Work Program**

The third forward-thinking element of the Implementation Program is the Short-Term Work Program (STWP). This identifies specific implementation actions the local government or other entities intend to take during the first five-year time frame of the planning period. This can include any ordinances, administrative systems, community improvements or investments, financing arrangements, or other programs or initiatives to be put in place to realize the plan goals.

**2019-2023 SHORT-TERM WORK PROGRAM**

PLAN ELEMENT	DESCRIPTION	2	2	2	2	2	2	ESTIMATED COST; DEPARTMENT RESPONSIBLE	DEPARTMENT FUNDING & ASSISTANCE SOURCES
Economic Dev	Main Street Park – Phase I (grading, infrastructure, utilities)	X						\$1.6 Million Public Works	SPLOST VI, City Funds
Economic Dev	Farmer's Market – design & construct	X						\$1 Million Planning & Dev	SPLOST VI
Economic Dev	Main Street Park – Phase II (playground, restroom)	X						\$800,000 Planning & Dev	SPLOST VI, City Funds
Community Fac	Construct Well #111 & bring online	X						\$842,000 Public Works	SPLOST VI & Capital
Community Fac	Upgrade Well #108 w/ new automated water filter system	X						\$159,500 Public Works	Capital
Community Fac	Stabilize banks around sewage treatment pond #1	X						\$400,000 Public Works	Capital
Community Fac	Video, seal casing & upgrade Well #109	X						\$100,000 Public Works	Capital
Community Fac	Engineered design for long range sewage expansion	X						\$50,000 Public Works	Capital
Transportation	Grind & repave cemetery parking lot	X						\$48,000 Public Works	Cemetery

Transportation	Sidewalk from Shoal Creek Rd to Rain Hill subdivision	X					\$84,000 Public Works	SPLOST VI
Community Fac	Computer Upgrade	X					\$12,000 Planning & Dev	City Funds
Economic Dev	Annex unincorporated islands into City	X					\$5,000 Planning & Dev	City Funds
Economic Dev	Expansion of Historic District	X					\$5,000 Planning & Dev	DCA Funds
Economic Dev	Develop Bicycle and Pedestrian Accessibility Master Plan	X					\$10,000 Planning & Dev	GDOT, City Funds
Economic Dev	Report on funding options for greenspace acquisition	X					N/A Planning & Dev	N/A
Economic Dev	Report on funding options for historic preservation	X					N/A Planning & Dev	N/A
Economic Dev	Review of tree/landscape ordinances	X					\$3,000 Planning & Dev	General Fund
Community Fac	HVAC Unit Replacement on GRHOF/City Hall Complex		X				\$35,000 Public Works	City Funds
Community Fac	Trail from Burton Creek Rd to Veteran's Memorial Park		X				\$75,000 Public Works	DNR Grant
Community Fac	Purchase Replacement/New Vehicle		X				\$73,000 Administration	City Funds
Community Fac	Purchase Chipper & Mowers		X				\$60,000 Public Works	City Funds
Community Fac	Water line infrastructure replacement		X				\$100,000 Public Works	Capital
Community Fac	Upgrade Well #110		X				\$159,500 Public Works	Capital
Community Fac	Engineer & construct multiple crosswalks w/ traffic devices		X				\$200,000 Public Works	GDOT
Economic Dev	Main Street Park – Phase III (Amphitheater, shelters)		X				\$200,000 Planning & Dev	SPLOST
Transportation	Repave Angela Lane		X				\$350,000 Public Works	City Funds
Transportation	Repave GRHOF/City Hall Complex Parking		X				\$60,000 Public Works	City Funds



Transportation	Sidewalk from Rain Hill Subdivision to Hwy 9	X					\$185,000 Public Works	SPLOST
Economic Dev	Implement the Downtown Revitalization Streetscape	X					\$500,000 Planning & Dev	DCA, City Funds
Economic Dev	Conduct Feasibility Study for Adult Living Community	X					\$5,000 Planning & Dev	DCA Funds
Transportation	Consider reopening City streets	X					N/A Planning & Dev	N/A
Economic Dev	Develop Property Redevelopment Guide	X					\$3,000 Planning & Dev	DCA, City Funds
Community Fac	Water line infrastructure replacement				X		\$100,000 Public Works	Capital
Economic Dev	Expand Wallace Park				X		\$90,000 Planning & Dev	SPLOST
Economic Dev	Main Street Park – Phase IV (Splash Pad)				X		\$385,000 Planning & Dev	SPLOST
Community Fac	Purchase Vehicle Replacement				X		\$36,000 Administration	City Funds
Transportation	Grind & repave Maple Street Town Homes				X		\$225,000 Public Works	SPLOST/TSPLOST
Transportation	Grind & Repave Stonewall Subdivision				X		\$125,000 Public Works	SPLOST/TSPLOST
Transportation	Saw cut, grind & repave Stegall Place				X		\$175,000 Public Works	SPLOST/TSPLOST
Economic Dev	Explore grant to move downtown power lines underground				X		N/A Planning & Dev	DCA, GDOT, City
Transportation	Grind & repave Rain Hill Subdivision					X	\$425,000 Public Works	SPLOST/TSPLOST
Community Fac	Upgrade Shoal Creek Lift Station					X	\$250,000 Public Works	Capital
Community Fac	Water line Infrastructure Upgrade					X	\$100,000 Public Works	Capital
Community Fac	Purchase Vehicle Replacement					X	\$43,000 Administration	City Funds
Community Fac	Paint Water Tower					X	\$300,000 Public Works	Capital

Community Fac	Sidewalk Perimeter Road to downtown via Hwy 53				X		\$700,000 Public Works	SPLOST
Community Fac	Construction of tertiary waste water treatment plant				X		\$10 Million Public Works	SPLOST/Capital
Community Fac	Sidewalk Perimeter Rd to downtown via Hwy 9				X		\$800,000 Public Works	SPLOST
Community Fac	Purchase Vehicle Replacement				X		\$43,000 Administration	City Funds
Economic Dev	Comp Plan update – Community Assessment				X		\$5,000 Planning & Dev	DCA Funds
Economic Dev	Conduct Perimeter Road Study				X		\$5,000 Planning & Dev	GDOT
Economic Dev	Explore grants for neighborhood improvements				X		N/A Planning & Dev	N/A
Community Fac	Upgrade Flat Creek Lift Station					X	\$200,000 Public Works	Capital
Community Fac	Upgrade Well #106					X	\$25,000 Public Works	Capital
Community Fac	Trash Can Replacement					X	\$30,000 Public Works	Capital
Community Fac	Sidewalk Additions					X	\$200,000 Public Works	SPLOST
Economic Dev	Design & Development of southern portion of Main St Park					X	\$500,000 Planning & Dev	SPLOST/TSPLOST
Transportation	Grind & repave Creekstone Subdivision					X	\$400,000 Public Works	SPLOST/TSPLOST
Community Fac	Bring Well #109 on line					X	\$850,000 Public Works	SPLOST/Capital
Transportation	Grind & repave Maple Hill Dr, Jack Heard Dr, Mill's Ford, Flat Creek & Burt's Cross 2					X	\$750,000 Public Works	SPLOST/TSPLOST
Economic Dev	Comp Plan update – Community Agenda					X	\$5,000 Planning & Dev	DCA Funds
Community Fac	Sewer System Infrastructure Expansion					X	\$600,000 Public Works	ARC, City Funds



#### IV. APPENDICES

##### A. Georgia Mountains Regional Commission Area Labor Profile

### Area Profile for Georgia Mountains Local Workforce Development Area, GA

#### Employment Wage Statistics Table

The table below shows estimated average wage information for the first quarter of 2018.

Area	Number of Employees	Average Hourly Wage†	Average Weekly Wage	Average Annual Wage†
Georgia Mountains Local Workforce Development Area	243,577	\$20.75	\$830	\$43,160
Georgia	4,381,124	\$27.35	\$1,004	\$50,888

† Assumes a 40-hour week worked the year round.

Source: Georgia Dept. of Labor, Workforce Statistics & Economic Research, Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages Program  
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#### Industry Employment Distribution Table

The table below shows the industries with the highest number of employees in Georgia Mountains Local Workforce Development Area, GA for the 1st Quarter, 2018.

Rank	Industry Sector	Number of Establishments	Number of Employees
1	Manufacturing	851	42,017
2	Health Care and Social Assistance	1,587	31,888
3	Retail Trade	2,163	31,328
4	Educational Services	341	24,024
5	Accommodation and Food Services	1,188	23,963
6	Administrative and Support and Waste Management	934	14,288
7	Construction	1,749	13,612
8	Wholesale Trade	1,036	11,597
9	Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services	1,934	10,061
10	Public Administration	203	9,880

Georgia Dept. of Labor, Workforce Statistics & Economic Research, Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages Program  
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### Industries by Projected Growth Table

The table below shows the industries with the highest total annual percent change in Georgia Mountains Local Workforce Development Area, GA for the 2014-2024 time period.

Rank	Industry	2014 Estimated Employment	2024 Projected Employment	Total Annual Percent Change	Total 2014-2024 Employment Change
1	Motion Picture and Sound Recording Industries	265	458	5.62%	193
2	Construction of Buildings	2,001	3,186	4.76%	1,185
3	Ambulatory Health Care Services	9,912	14,720	4.03%	4,808
4	General Merchandise Stores	5,961	8,642	3.78%	2,681
5	Sporting Goods, Hobby, Musical Instrument, and Book Stores	701	974	3.34%	273
6	Food and Beverage Stores	6,195	8,531	3.25%	2,336
7	Building Material and Garden Equipment and Supplies Dealers	2,760	3,776	3.16%	1,016
8	Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services	8,132	11,067	3.13%	2,935
9	Social Assistance	3,243	4,393	3.08%	1,150
10	Plastics and Rubber Products Manufacturing	1,274	1,725	3.08%	451

Source: Georgia Dept. of Labor, Workforce Statistics & Economic Research, Projections Unit  
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### Occupational Employment Distribution Table

The table below shows the occupations with the highest projected employment in Georgia Mountains Local Workforce Development Area, GA for the 2014-2024 time period.

Rank	Occupation Title	2014 Estimated Employment	2024 Projected Employment
1	Office and Administrative Support	33,437	38,269
2	Sales and Related	27,168	32,900
3	Production	27,490	29,687
4	Food Preparation and Serving Related	20,210	23,798
5	Transportation and Material Moving	20,025	22,975
6	Education, Training, and Library	15,221	19,393
7	Healthcare Practitioners and Technical	12,387	16,130
8	Management	12,928	14,478
9	Construction and Extraction	11,513	12,766
10	Business and Financial Operations	7,896	9,518

Source: Georgia Dept. of Labor, Workforce Statistics & Economic Research, Projection Unit  
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### Occupations by Projected Growth Table

The table below shows the occupations with the highest total annual average openings in Georgia Mountains Local Workforce Development Area, GA for the 2014-2024 time period.

Rank	Occupation	2014 Estimated Employment	2024 Projected Employment	2014-2024 Annual Avg. Percent Change	Total Annual Average Openings
1	Retail Salespersons	9,270	11,740	2.38%	567
2	Cashiers	5,643	7,007	2.18%	376
3	Combined Food Preparation and Serving Workers, Including Fast Food	4,874	6,097	2.26%	280
4	Waiters and Waitresses	4,339	4,882	1.18%	263
5	Laborers and Freight, Stock, and Material Movers, Hand	5,752	6,614	1.41%	257
6	Stock Clerks and Order Fillers	3,557	4,535	2.48%	211
7	General and Operations Managers	4,238	4,976	1.62%	181
8	Elementary School Teachers, Except Special Education	3,617	4,582	2.39%	176
9	Registered Nurses	3,220	4,161	2.80%	171
10	Office Clerks, General	4,806	5,454	1.27%	169

Source: Georgia Dept. of Labor, Workforce Statistics & Economic Research, Projection Unit  
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### Area Labor Force, Employment and Unemployment Data Table

The table below shows the monthly not seasonally adjusted Labor Force, Employment and Unemployment data for Georgia Mountains Local Workforce Development Area, GA in July, 2018.

Area	Civilian Labor Force	Number Employed	Number Unemployed	Unemployment Rate	Preliminary
Georgia Mountains Local Workforce Development Area	352,909	340,824	12,085	3.4%	Yes
Georgia	5,193,945	4,984,827	209,118	4.0%	Yes
United States	163,734,000	157,004,000	6,730,000	4.1%	Yes

Source: GA Dept. of Labor, Workforce Statistics & Economic Research, Local Area Unemployment Statistics Unit  
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## B. Dawson County/Dawsonville Area Labor Profile

### Area Profile for Dawson County, GA

#### Employment Wage Statistics Table

The table below shows estimated average wage information for the first quarter of 2018.

Area	Number of Employees	Average Hourly Wage†	Average Weekly Wage	Average Annual Wage†
Dawson County	9,056	\$14.58	\$583	\$30,316
Georgia Mountains Local Workforce Development Area	243,577	\$20.75	\$630	\$43,160
SDR 2	243,577	\$20.75	\$630	\$43,160
Atlanta-Sandy Springs-Roswell, GA Metropolitan Statistical Area	2,589,212	\$31.30	\$1,252	\$65,104
Georgia	4,381,124	\$27.35	\$1,094	\$56,888

† Assumes a 40-hour week worked the year round.

Source: Georgia Dept. of Labor, Workforce Statistics & Economic Research, Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages Program  
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#### Industry Employment Distribution Table

The table below shows the industries with the highest number of employees in Dawson County, GA for the 1st Quarter, 2018.

Rank	Industry Sector	Number of Establishments	Number of Employees
1	Retail Trade	177	3,220
2	Accommodation and Food Services	62	1,342
3	Manufacturing	26	970
4	Health Care and Social Assistance	62	800
5	Construction	64	235
6	Wholesale Trade	31	226
7	Other Services (except Public Administration)	41	185
8	Professional, Scientific, and Technical Servi	58	169
9	Administrative and Support and Waste Managemen	31	163
10	Finance and Insurance	31	161

Georgia Dept. of Labor, Workforce Statistics & Economic Research, Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages Program  
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### Current Employment Statistics (CES) Table

The table below shows the preliminary distribution of current employment (not seasonally adjusted) by industry in Atlanta-Sandy Springs-Roswell, GA Metropolitan Statistical Area (which contains Dawson County, GA - no data available for Dawson County, GA) in July, 2018

Series Code	Title	Employment	Previous Month	Over the Month Employment Change
00000000	Total Nonfarm	2,771,600	2,782,200	-10,600
05000000	Total Private	2,451,500	2,450,600	700
06000000	Goods Producing	301,400	300,700	700
07000000	Service-Providing	2,470,200	2,481,500	-11,300
08000000	Private Service Providing	2,150,100	2,150,100	0
10000000	Natural Resources and Mining	1,600	1,600	0
15000000	Natural Resources and Mining and Constru	131,300	131,900	-600
20000000	Construction	129,700	130,300	-600
20236000	Construction of Buildings	28,100	28,000	100
20238000	Specialty Trade Contractors	83,600	83,400	200
30000000	Manufacturing	170,100	168,600	1,300
31000000	Durable Goods	87,600	87,000	600
31336000	Transportation Equipment Manufacturing	14,500	14,400	100
32000000	NonDurable Goods	82,500	81,600	700
32311000	Food Manufacturing	26,800	26,700	100
40000000	Trade, Transportation, and Utilities	620,800	620,500	300
41000000	Wholesale Trade	164,600	164,800	-200
41423000	Merchant Wholesalers, Durable Goods	82,100	82,500	-400
41424000	Merchant Wholesalers, Nondurable Goods	40,300	40,000	300
41425000	Wholesale Electronic Markets and Agents	42,200	42,300	-100
42000000	Retail Trade	293,700	293,900	-200
42445000	Food and Beverage Stores	58,600	58,200	400
42452000	General Merchandise Stores	60,100	59,500	600
42453000	Miscellaneous Store Retailers	14,900	15,000	-100
43000000	Transportation Warehousing and Utilities	162,500	161,800	700
43220000	Utilities	9,900	9,900	0
43400000	Transportation and Warehousing	152,600	151,900	700
43481000	Air Transportation	41,500	41,200	300
43484000	Truck Transportation	34,400	35,100	-700
43492000	Couriers and Messengers	19,900	19,900	0

50000000	Information	94,500	94,600	-100
50517000	Telecommunications	34,400	34,500	-100
50517300	Wired and Wireless Telecommunications Carriers	31,200	31,200	0
50517311	Wired Telecommunications Carriers	25,700	25,800	-100
50517312	Wireless Telecommunications Carriers (except Satellite)	5,500	5,400	100
50618000	Data processing, hosting and related services	11,300	11,300	0
55000000	Finance	169,900	171,400	-1,500
55520000	Finance and Insurance	118,300	120,300	-2,000
55524000	Insurance Carriers and Related Activities	58,900	60,800	-1,900
55530000	Real Estate and Rental and Leasing	51,600	51,100	500
60000000	Professional and Business Services	507,800	505,600	2,200
60540000	Professional, Scientific, and Technical	217,600	215,800	1,800
60541200	Accounting, Tax Preparation, Bookkeeping	25,300	24,400	900
60541300	Architectural, Engineering, and Related	31,300	31,400	-100
60541500	Computer Systems Design and Related Services	59,900	58,800	1,100
60541600	Management, Scientific, and Technical Consulting	37,200	37,300	-100
60550000	Management of Companies and Enterprises	58,200	57,700	500
60560000	Administrative and Support and Waste Management and Remediation Services	232,000	232,100	-100
60561300	Employment Services	116,700	116,400	300
65000000	Educational and Health Services	347,100	345,600	1,500
65610000	Educational Services	52,000	52,100	-100
65620000	Health Care and Social Assistance	295,100	293,500	1,600
65621000	Ambulatory Health Care Services	123,100	122,100	1,000
65622000	Hospitals	105,200	105,200	0
65624000	Social Assistance	38,100	38,200	-100
70000000	Leisure and Hospitality	309,100	311,300	-2,200
70710000	Arts, Entertainment and Recreation	39,400	39,000	400
70720000	Accommodation and Food Services	269,700	272,300	-2,600
70721000	Accommodation	26,100	26,300	-200
70722000	Food Services and Drinking Places	243,600	246,000	-2,400
80000000	Other Services	100,900	101,100	-200
80811000	Repair and Maintenance	24,000	24,100	-100
80812000	Personal and Laundry Services	28,100	28,100	0
90000000	Government	320,100	331,400	-11,300



90910000	Federal Government	46,300	46,200	100
90920000	State Government	72,500	73,000	-500
90930000	Local Government	201,300	212,200	-10,900

Source: Georgia Dept. of Labor, Workforce Statistics & Economic Research, Current Employment Statistics Unit  
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### Industries by Projected Growth Table

The table below shows the industries with the highest total annual percent change in Georgia Mountains Local Workforce Development Area, GA (which contains Dawson County, GA - no data available for Dawson County, GA) for the 2014-2024 time period.

Rank	Industry	2014 Estimated Employment	2024 Projected Employment	Total Annual Percent Change	Total 2014-2024 Employment Change
1	Motion Picture and Sound Recording Industries	265	458	5.62%	193
2	Construction of Buildings	2,001	3,186	4.76%	1,185
3	Ambulatory Health Care Services	9,912	14,720	4.03%	4,808
4	General Merchandise Stores	5,961	8,642	3.78%	2,681
5	Sporting Goods, Hobby, Musical Instrument, and Book Stores	701	974	3.34%	273
6	Food and Beverage Stores	6,195	8,531	3.25%	2,336
7	Building Material and Garden Equipment and Supplies Dealers	2,760	3,776	3.18%	1,016
8	Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services	6,132	11,067	3.13%	2,935
9	Social Assistance	3,243	4,393	3.08%	1,150
10	Plastics and Rubber Products Manufacturing	1,274	1,725	3.08%	451

Source: Georgia Dept. of Labor, Workforce Statistics & Economic Research, Projections Unit  
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### Occupational Employment Distribution Table

The table below shows the occupations with the highest projected employment in Georgia Mountains Local Workforce Development Area, GA (which contains Dawson County, GA - no data available for Dawson County, GA) for the 2014-2024 time period

Rank	Occupation Title	2014 Estimated Employment	2024 Projected Employment
1	Office and Administrative Support	33,437	38,269
2	Sales and Related	27,168	32,900
3	Production	27,490	29,687
4	Food Preparation and Serving Related	20,210	23,798
5	Transportation and Material Moving	20,025	22,975
6	Education, Training, and Library	15,221	19,393
7	Healthcare Practitioners and Technical	12,387	16,130
8	Management	12,928	14,478
9	Construction and Extraction	11,513	12,798
10	Business and Financial Operations	7,896	9,518

Source: Georgia Dept. of Labor, Workforce Statistics & Economic Research, Projection Unit  
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### Occupations by Employment Wage Table

The table below shows the occupations with the highest mean (annual) wages in Dawson County, GA in 2016

Rank	Occupation	Mean Annual Estimated Wage
1	General and Operations Managers	\$69,892
2	First-Line Supervisors of Production and Operating Workers	\$56,181
3	First-Line Supervisors of Office and Administrative Support Workers	\$52,627
4	Postal Service Mail Carriers	\$52,035
5	Accountants and Auditors	\$38,780
6	Bill and Account Collectors	\$36,065
7	Secretaries and Administrative Assistants, Except Legal, Medical, and Executive	\$34,471
8	Maintenance and Repair Workers, General	\$31,069
9	Inspectors, Testers, Sorters, Samplers, and Weighers	\$26,320
10	Office Clerks, General	\$25,003

Source: Workforce Statistics & Economic Research, Occupational Employment Statistics and Wages Program  
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### Occupations by Projected Growth Table

The table below shows the occupations with the highest total annual average openings in Georgia Mountains Local Workforce Development Area, GA (which contains Dawson County, GA - no data available for Dawson County, GA) for the 2014-2024 time period.

Rank	Occupation	2014 Estimated Employment	2024 Projected Employment	2014-2024 Annual Avg. Percent Change	Total Annual Average Openings
1	Retail Salespersons	9,270	11,740	2.39%	667
2	Cashiers	5,643	7,007	2.19%	376
3	Combined Food Preparation and Serving Workers, Including Fast Food	4,874	6,097	2.26%	280
4	Waiters and Waitresses	4,339	4,882	1.19%	263
5	Laborers and Freight, Stock and Material Movers, Hand	5,752	6,614	1.41%	267
6	Stock Clerks and Order Fillers	3,557	4,535	2.46%	211
7	General and Operations Managers	4,238	4,976	1.62%	181
8	Elementary School Teachers, Except Special Education	3,617	4,582	2.39%	176
9	Registered Nurses	3,220	4,161	2.60%	171
10	Office Clerks, General	4,806	5,454	1.27%	169

Source: Georgia Dept. of Labor, Workforce Statistics & Economic Research, Projection Unit  
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### Area Labor Force, Employment and Unemployment Data Table

The table below shows the monthly not seasonally adjusted Labor Force, Employment and Unemployment data for Dawson County, GA in July, 2018.

Area	Civilian Labor Force	Number Employed	Number Unemployed	Unemployment Rate	Preliminary
Dawson County	12,089	11,677	412	3.4%	Yes
Georgia	5,193,945	4,984,827	209,118	4.0%	Yes
United States	163,734,000	157,004,000	6,730,000	4.1%	Yes

Source: GA Dept. of Labor, Workforce Statistics & Economic Research, Local Area Unemployment Statistics Unit  
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**C. Dawsonville Census Data**

<b>Total Population</b>		<b>2,478</b>	
<15 yrs		2,478	100.00%
15-64 yrs		2,180	87.97%
65+ yrs		329	13.29%
<b>Race &amp; Ethnicity</b>			
White		0	0.00%
Black or African American		32	1.29%
American Indian and Alaska Native		54	2.18%
Asian		0	0.00%
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander		914	36.88%
Some Other Race		2	0.08%
Two or More Races		2	0.08%
Hispanic or Latino (of any race)		6	0.24%
Not Hispanic or Latino		2,472	99.76%



## D. Dawsonville Comprehensive Plan Public Comment Survey Sample

*Want to tell your civic leaders what your community should be like in 20-30 years? Here's your chance!*



*Want to tell them which issues you feel are most important? #MakeYourMarkDawsonville*

### 2018 COMPREHENSIVE PLAN SURVEY

The City of Dawsonville is updating their *Comprehensive Plan* that will help guide development and capital projects. Your hometown can only achieve its vision if it knows what that vision is, so please take part in this process and tell us your vision for the future of your hometown! Please take a few minutes to complete the following survey and submit your results to one of the locations listed below. To complete the survey online, use the following link: <https://www.surveymonkey.com/s/Dawsonvilleplan>

All comments will be read and incorporated into the *Comprehensive Plan*, and all responses will be kept confidential. Be sure to also check for future announcements about additional meetings and other opportunities to participate.

**Please submit all completed surveys to:**

➤ Casey Majewski  
Planning Department  
Dawsonville City Hall  
415 Hwy 53 East, Suite 100  
Dawsonville, GA 30534

*Or to:*

Joe Rothwell, Regional Planner  
Georgia Mountains Regional Commission  
P.O. Box 1720  
Gainesville, GA 30503  
O: 770.538.2619  
F: 770.538.2625  
Email: jrothwell@gmrc.ga.gov

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1.) I am submitting comments for Dawsonville: *(circle/highlight)*    **A: Resident**            **B: Business Owner**            **C: Other**

2.) I would like my community to try to \_\_\_\_\_ growth and development:  
     a) attract a high volume of            b) attract some            c) limit

3.) New growth and development should be directed toward:  
     a) in/around cities            b) along highway            c) expand in \_\_\_\_\_ *(please list location)*

4.) Our community's most important asset that should be *preserved* in the future is...

\_\_\_\_\_

5.) Our community's biggest liability that should be *changed* in the future is...

\_\_\_\_\_

6.) With respect to **economic development**, our top priorities should be *(pick 2)*:

\_\_\_\_\_ Attract/sustain new commercial businesses

\_\_\_\_\_ Attract/sustain new manufacturing and industry

\_\_\_\_\_ Attract/sustain any business to downtown areas

\_\_\_\_\_ Attract/sustain any business with high paying jobs

\_\_\_\_\_ Other *(please list: \_\_\_\_\_)*


7.) With respect to **housing**, our most important needs are *(pick 2)*:

\_\_\_\_\_ More family housing            \_\_\_\_\_ Fewer dilapidated houses

\_\_\_\_\_ More high-end housing            \_\_\_\_\_ Design guidelines for new construction

\_\_\_\_\_ More apartments            \_\_\_\_\_ Other: *(please list: \_\_\_\_\_)*

\_\_\_\_\_ More senior housing





**2018 COMPREHENSIVE PLAN SURVEY**

8.) With respect to **historic and cultural resources**, our most important issues are (*pick 2*):

- preserving existing historic structures
- design guidelines for new development
- improving sidewalks, bicycle and pedestrian accessibility around the City
- need for more park space
- need for more/new civic space
- Other (please list: \_\_\_\_\_)

9.) On a scale of 1 (*Very poor*) to 5 (*Very good*), how do you rate each of the following public services:

- Water
- Sewer
- Police/ Public Safety/ EMS
- Fire protection
- General government
- Parks and recreation
- Roads
- Schools
- Other (please list: \_\_\_\_\_)

10.) Please rank the following issues in terms of priority, with 1 being most important:

- Preserving the character of Dawsonville
- Increasing tourism
- Increasing job opportunities
- Preserving the low cost of living
- Preserving the standard of living
- Other (please list: \_\_\_\_\_)

11.) Highway development can attract significant growth and development. Regarding these vital corridors in Dawsonville, please rank the following issues in terms of priority, with 1 being most important:

- Managing traffic volumes
- Managing safety
- Luring more/new retail
- Luring more/new dining
- Luring any new jobs
- Preserving the appearance and rural character
- Other (please list: \_\_\_\_\_)

12.) Please share any other questions, comments, concerns or issues you feel are important and would like to elaborate on regarding life in Dawsonville and that have not been covered sufficiently in the survey questions above.

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*Thank you for your time and for caring about your hometown!*





## E. Dawsonville Comprehensive Plan Public Comment Survey Response Summary

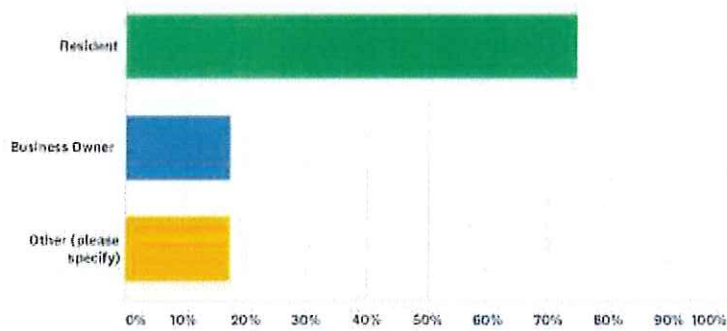
115 responses through Survey Monkey: December 2017 – August 2018

Dawsonville Comprehensive Plan

SurveyMonkey

### Q1 I am submitting comments for Dawsonville as a:

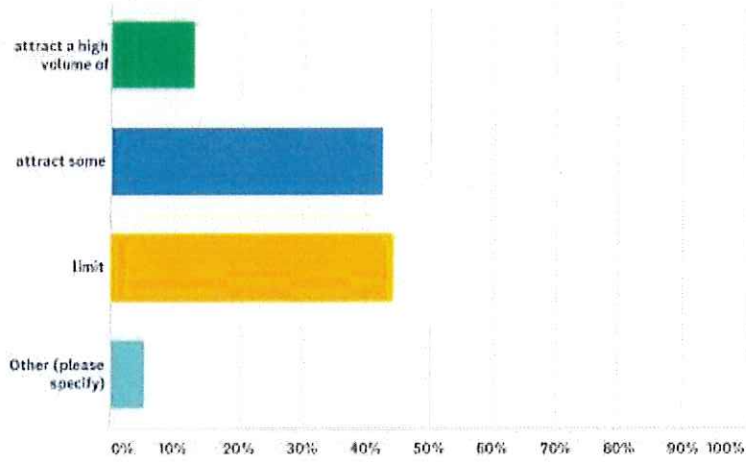
Answered: 115 Skipped: 0



ANSWER CHOICES	RESPONSES	
Resident	74.78%	66
Business Owner	17.39%	20
Other (please specify)	17.39%	20
Total Respondents: 115		

Q2 I would like my community to try to \_\_\_\_\_ growth and development:

Answered: 115 Skipped: 0

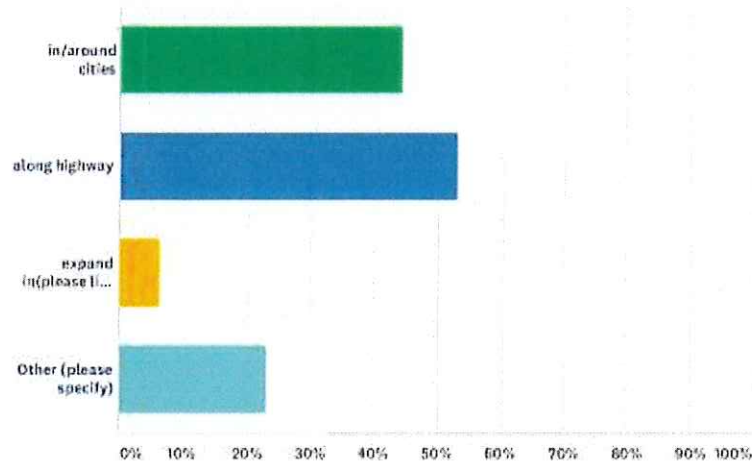


ANSWER CHOICES	RESPONSES	
attract a high volume of	13.04%	16
attract some	42.61%	49
limit	44.35%	51
Other (please specify)	5.22%	6
Total Respondents: 115		



### Q3 New growth and development should be directed toward:

Answered: 113 Skipped: 2



ANSWER CHOICES	RESPONSES	
in/around cities	44.25%	50
along highway	53.10%	60
expand in/please list location)	6.19%	7
Other (please specify)	23.01%	26
Total Respondents: 113		

Q4 Our community's most important asset that should be preserved in the future is:

Answered 102 Skipped 13

Word cloud sample:

small make Keep Forest county housing land downtown rural City  
small town feel small town area Green  
space community History buildings feel nature natural

Showing 20 words and phrases:

- small town feel  
16.67%  
17 responses
- rural  
10.78%  
11 responses
- area  
9.80%  
10 responses
- land  
8.82%  
9 responses
- community  
7.84%  
8 responses
- county  
6.86%  
7 responses
- small  
5.88%  
6 responses
- natural  
5.88%  
6 responses
- small town  
5.88%  
6 responses



- nature  
5.88%  
6 responses
  - downtown  
5.88%  
6 responses
  - keep  
5.88%  
6 responses
  - buildings  
5.88%  
6 responses
  - City  
5.88%  
6 responses
  - housing  
4.90%  
5 responses
  - feel  
4.90%  
5 responses
  - Green space  
4.90%  
5 responses
  - History  
4.90%  
5 responses
  - Forest  
4.90%  
5 responses
  - make  
4.90%  
5 responses
-

Q5 Our community's biggest liability that should be changed in the future is:

Answered: 95 Skipped: 20

Word cloud sample:

people go roads come development stop downtown town  
growth big traffic commercial lack area building much  
need internet housing make

Showing 20 words and phrases:

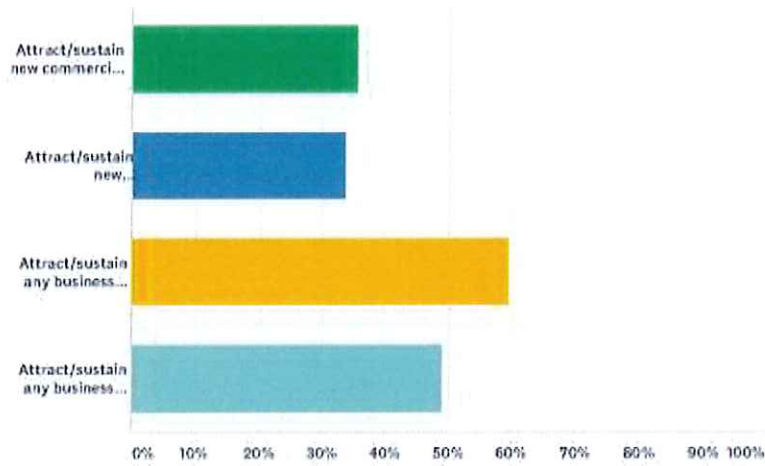
- [traffic](#)  
13.68%  
13 responses
- [growth](#)  
12.63%  
12 responses
- [lack](#)  
10.53%  
10 responses
- [downtown](#)  
9.47%  
9 responses
- [development](#)  
8.42%  
8 responses
- [building](#)  
8.42%  
8 responses
- [need](#)  
7.37%  
7 responses
- [housing](#)  
6.32%  
6 responses
- [roads](#)  
6.32%  
6 responses
- [area](#)  
5.26%  
5 responses



- people  
5.26%  
5 responses
  - Stop  
5.26%  
5 responses
  - commercial  
5.26%  
5 responses
  - town  
5.26%  
5 responses
  - big  
5.26%  
5 responses
  - make  
5.26%  
5 responses
  - internet  
4.21%  
4 responses
  - go  
4.21%  
4 responses
  - much  
4.21%  
4 responses
  - come  
4.21%  
4 responses
-

Q6 With respect to economic development, our top priorities should be (pick 2):

Answered: 104 Skipped: 11

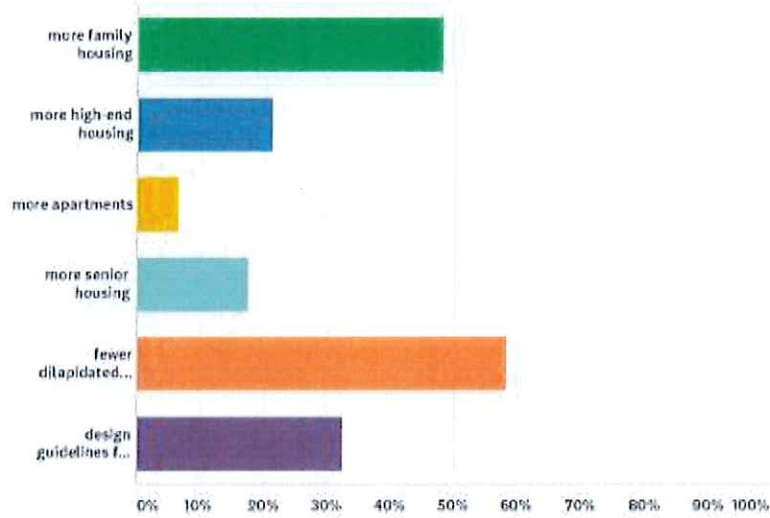


ANSWER CHOICES	RESPONSES	
Attract/sustain new commercial businesses	35.58%	37
Attract/sustain new manufacturing and industry	33.65%	35
Attract/sustain any business to downtown areas	59.62%	62
Attract/sustain any business with high paying jobs	49.04%	51
Total Respondents: 104		



Q7 With respect to housing, our most important needs are (pick 2):

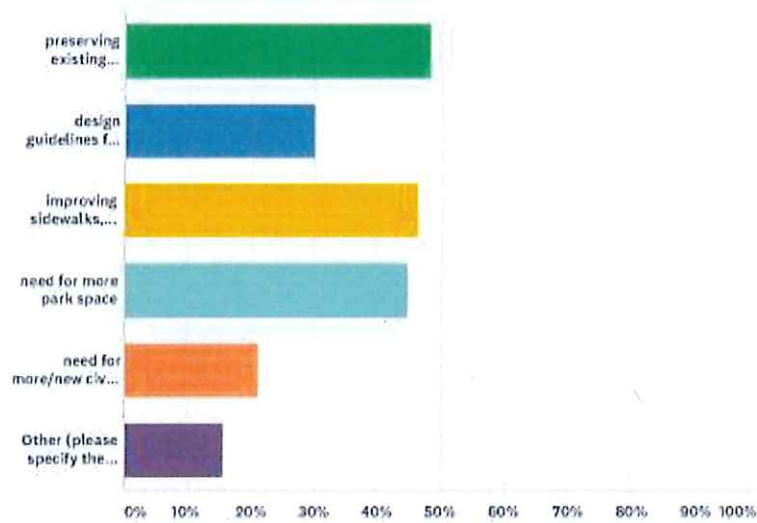
Answered: 108 Skipped: 7



ANSWER CHOICES	RESPONSES	
more family housing	48.15%	52
more high-end housing	21.30%	23
more apartments	6.48%	7
more senior housing	17.59%	19
fewer dilapidated houses	58.33%	63
design guidelines for new construction	32.41%	35
Total Respondents: 108		

**Q8 With respect to historic and cultural resources, our most important issues are (pick 2):**

Answered: 114 Skipped: 1

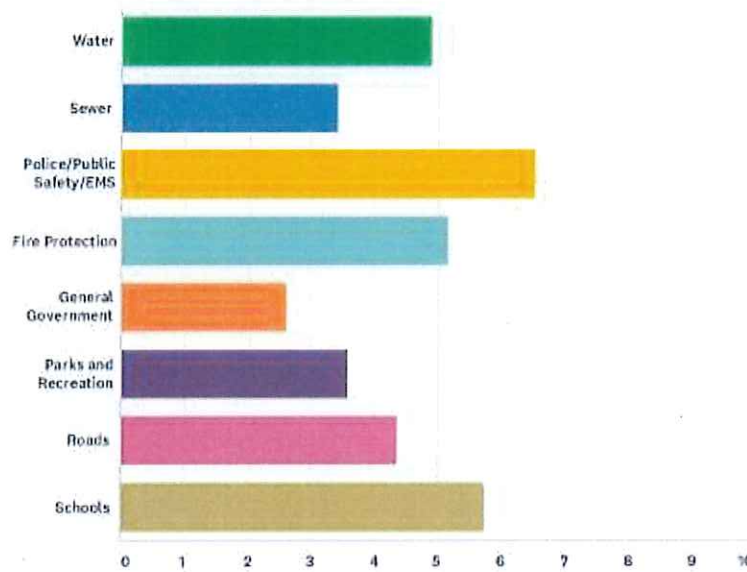


ANSWER CHOICES	RESPONSES
preserving existing historic structures	48.25% 55
design guidelines for new development	29.82% 34
improving sidewalks, bicycle and pedestrian accessibility around the City	46.49% 53
need for more park space	44.74% 51
need for more/new civic space	21.05% 24
Other (please specify the most important asset that should be preserved)	15.79% 18
Total Respondents: 114	



**Q9 For the following public services, please rank them in order of importance (1-8 with 1 being the most important):**

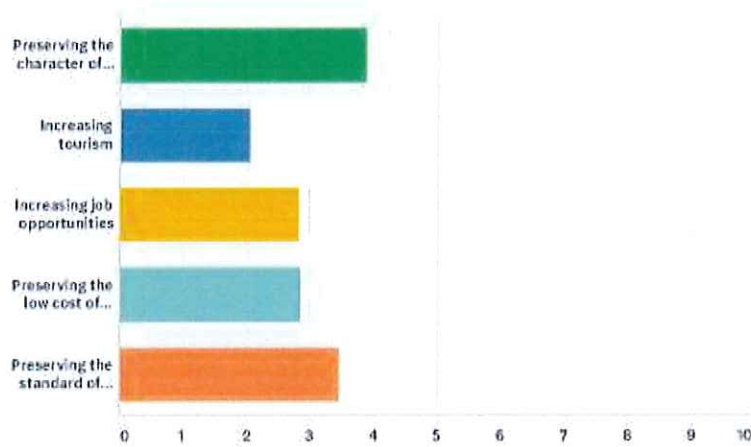
Answered: 111 Skipped: 4



	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	TOTAL	SCORE
Water	16.09% 18	12.26% 13	8.49% 9	14.15% 15	17.92% 19	18.87% 20	5.66% 6	5.66% 6	106	4.89
Sewer	0.93% 1	6.54% 7	9.35% 10	10.28% 11	16.82% 18	16.82% 18	23.36% 25	15.89% 17	107	3.41
Police/Public Safety/EMS	42.59% 46	22.22% 24	9.26% 10	11.11% 12	4.63% 5	7.41% 8	0.93% 1	1.85% 2	108	6.52
Fire Protection	2.80% 3	27.10% 29	24.30% 26	14.95% 16	10.28% 11	4.67% 5	13.08% 14	2.80% 3	107	5.17
General Government	1.87% 2	1.87% 2	7.48% 8	10.28% 11	7.48% 8	7.48% 8	21.50% 23	42.05% 45	107	2.62
Parks and Recreation	3.70% 4	6.48% 7	9.26% 10	9.26% 10	16.67% 18	19.44% 21	20.37% 22	14.81% 16	108	3.57
Roads	7.41% 8	8.33% 9	12.95% 14	20.37% 22	12.96% 14	20.37% 22	9.26% 10	8.33% 9	108	4.37
Schools	26.85% 29	16.67% 18	19.44% 21	9.26% 10	13.89% 15	3.70% 4	4.63% 5	5.66% 6	108	5.76

**Q10 For the following quality of life issues, please rank them in order of importance (1-5 with 1 being the most important):**

Answered: 114 Skipped: 1

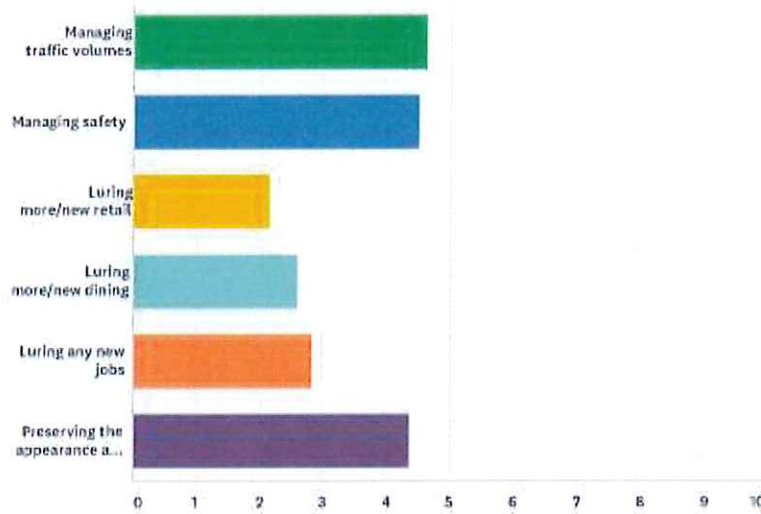


	1	2	3	4	5	TOTAL	SCORE
Preserving the character of Dawsonville	52.25% 58	16.22% 18	9.91% 11	11.71% 13	9.91% 11	111	3.89
Increasing tourism	10.00% 11	10.00% 11	9.09% 10	16.36% 18	54.55% 60	110	2.05
Increasing job opportunities	10.81% 12	13.51% 15	30.63% 34	37.64% 42	7.21% 8	111	2.83
Preserving the low cost of living	8.93% 10	28.57% 32	22.32% 25	18.75% 21	21.43% 24	112	2.85
Preserving the standard of living	20.72% 23	32.43% 36	27.03% 30	13.51% 15	6.31% 7	111	3.48



**Q11 Highway development can attract significant growth and development. Regarding these vital corridors in Dawsonville, please rank the following in order of importance (1-6 with 1 being the most important):**

Answered: 114 Skipped: 1



	1	2	3	4	5	6	TOTAL	SCORE
Managing traffic volumes	25.89% 29	38.39% 43	22.32% 25	5.36% 6	4.46% 5	3.57% 4	112	4.65
Managing safety	26.36% 29	30.91% 34	22.73% 25	11.82% 13	4.55% 5	3.64% 4	110	4.52
Luring more/new retail	4.63% 5	0.00% 0	8.33% 9	18.52% 20	29.63% 32	38.89% 42	108	2.16
Luring more/new dining	5.50% 6	8.26% 9	7.34% 8	23.85% 26	29.35% 32	25.69% 28	109	2.60
Luring any new jobs	3.64% 4	9.09% 10	12.73% 14	32.73% 36	24.55% 27	17.27% 19	110	2.83
Preserving the appearance and rural character	36.61% 41	14.29% 16	25.89% 29	6.25% 7	6.25% 7	10.71% 12	112	4.37

Q12 Please share any other questions, comments, concerns or issues you feel are important and would like to elaborate on regarding life in Dawsonville and that have not been covered sufficiently in the survey questions above.

Answered: 53 Skipped: 62

Word cloud sample:

community Dawson make keep city built people new need want  
county businesses Dawsonville many will town live coming do  
wntown become

Showing 20 words and phrases:

- county  
32.08%  
17 responses
- need  
28.30%  
15 responses
- Dawsonville  
24.53%  
13 responses
- city  
16.98%  
9 responses
- will  
16.98%  
9 responses
- people  
16.98%  
9 responses
- downtown  
15.09%  
8 responses
- become  
15.09%  
8 responses



- make  
15.09%  
8 responses
- community  
15.09%  
8 responses
- live  
15.09%  
8 responses
- Dawson  
13.21%  
7 responses
- coming  
13.21%  
7 responses
- want  
13.21%  
7 responses
- town  
13.21%  
7 responses
- keep  
13.21%  
7 responses
- many  
13.21%  
7 responses
- built  
13.21%  
7 responses
- businesses  
13.21%  
7 responses
- new  
13.21%  
7 responses

**F. Comprehensive Plan Meeting  
Summaries**

January 9, 2018

**DISCUSSION/ACTION:**

1.) Comp Plan schedule and overview of update process

2.) Review and update comprehensive plan components from prior 2008 update to include: Vision Statement & Overview of Needs and Opportunities

**DAWSONVILLE COMPREHENSIVE PLAN  
STAKEHOLDER MEETING  
DAWSONVILLE CITY HALL**

6:00 PM, Tuesday January 9, 2018

**Sign In Sheet**

Name	Email Address
Steve Jones	Steve.Roberts.me
Phil Gibson	phil@philgibson.com
Angie Mayhew	Angie.Mayhew@dawsonville-ge.gov
Lynda Hudson	Lynda.Hudson@windstream.net
Angie Baker	angie.baker@delaplan.com
Bob Bala	bob.bala@dawsonville-ge.gov
Misti Moore	misti.1212@yahoo.com
Don Elliott	depp@donelliott.com
Leann Smith	leannsmith@windstream.net
Terrance Smith	terrance@windstream.net
Chuck Carter	ccarter@windstream.net



February 6, 2018

**DISCUSSION/ACTION:**

1.) Q&A with guest speakers addressing Dawsonville Comprehensive Plan Needs and Opportunities priorities for their respective areas of focus

**City** – Bob Bolz, City Manager

**County** – Billy Thurmond, Chairman of the Dawson County Board of Commissioners

**GDOT** – Brandon Kirby, District Preconstruction Engineer

**Dawson County Chamber of Commerce** – TBD

**Dawson County Board of Education - A.**  
Damon Gibbs, EdD  
Superintendent, Dawson County School District

**DAWSONVILLE COMPREHENSIVE PLAN  
STAKEHOLDER MEETING  
DAWSONVILLE CITY HALL**

6:00 PM - Tuesday February 6, 2018

**Sign In Sheet**

<u>Name</u>	<u>Email Address</u>
Terrance Sicilia	Terrance.Sicilia@populists.com
Misti Moore	misti1212@yahoo.com
Michael Sosebee	mmsosebee@yahoo.com
David Headley	dheadley@dawsoncounty.org
Billy Thurmond	bthurmond@dawsoncounty.org
James Bearden	james@beardenfuneralhome.com
Don Elliott	don@performances.com
Mike Ellis	mike.ellis@dawsoncounty.gov
Angie Smith	angie@fruitproperties.com
Lynda Hudson	Lynda@lyndahudson.com
Bob Bolz	bob.bolz@dawsonville.ga.gov

March 13, 2018

DISCUSSION/ACTION:

- 1.) Review prior Vision Statement
- 2.) Review prior Needs and Opportunity component
- 3.) Brief overview of Development Strategy/Land Use based on Dawsonville Existing Land Use Map & how this will lead to Character Area Map/Areas That Require Special Attention Map for future development (see Oakwood Comp Plan for examples on maps)

DAWSONVILLE COMPREHENSIVE PLAN  
STAKEHOLDER MEETING  
DAWSONVILLE CITY HALL

6:00 PM Tuesday March 13, 2018

Sign In Sheet

Name	Email Address
Frank Sauer	frank@sauer.net
James Bearden	james@beardenfuneralhome.com
Christie Hayes	christie@hawson.org
Laura Smith	laura@smithfamily.org
Bob Bize	bob.bize@dawsonville-ga.gov
Dan Eltuff	eltp@performance@windstream.net
Mike Eason	mike.eason@dawsonville-ga.gov
Matt Follen	mattfollen@gmail.com
Mary Herr	outsidethelines@clayconversecreate.com
Angie Smith	etsman@windstream.net
Lynda Hudson	lynda@appalachianhistory.com
Misti Moran	misti122@yahoo.com
Deey Majanski	planning@dawsonville-ga.gov



April 11, 2018

**DISCUSSION/ACTION:**

1.) Review prior Needs and Opportunity components

2.) Next Meeting:

- Existing Land Use & Character Areas for future development
- Public Meeting date TBD for public to have a chance to comment in addition to surveys received.

**DAWSONVILLE COMPREHENSIVE PLAN  
STAKEHOLDER MEETING  
DAWSONVILLE CITY HALL**

**6:00 PM-Wednesday April 11, 2018**

Sign In Sheet

<u>Name</u>	<u>Email Address</u>
Bob Fole	bob.fole@dawsonville-ga.gov
Angie Smith	angie.smith@cityofdawsonville.com
Don Elliott	don.elliott@cityofdawsonville.com
Terris Heer	outside.the.lines@citycanvascreate.com
Mary Heer	
Cheryl Myer	planning@dawsonville-ga.gov
Lynda Hudson	lynda@hudsonhvac.com
James Bearden	james@beardenfuneralhome.com
Christie Thayer	c.thayer@dawsonville-ga.gov

May 9, 2018

DISCUSSION/ACTION:

1.) Land Use/Future Development Strategy discussion:

- Existing Land Use
- Character Areas
- Annexation
- Areas Requiring Special Attention

2.) Public Meeting: City Hall on Thursday 5/17 at 2PM and 7PM.

PowerPoint presentation about what the comp plan is an opportunity for the public to have a chance to comment about what Dawsonville needs/complete a survey if they haven't already done so.

DAWSONVILLE COMPREHENSIVE PLAN  
STAKEHOLDER MEETING  
DAWSONVILLE CITY HALL

6:00 PM-Wednesday May 9, 2018

Sign In Sheet

Name	Email Address
Terrence Sicilia	Terrence @ weldh.papertie.com
Lynda Hudson	lynda @ dppaction.com
Mary Hen	outside.thelines@alaycanvascreate.com
Dan Elliott	dan.performance@windstream.net
Angie Smith	etsmom@windstream.net
Bob Boltz	bob.boltz@dawsonville-ga.gov
Christa Hayes	c.haynes@dawson.org
Laura Swafford	laura.swafford@gmail.com
Misti Moore	misti1212@gmail.com
M. Ke Ensel	mike.ensel@dawsonville-ga.gov
Hatch Copeland	hatch.copeland@dawsonville-ga.gov
James Bearden	james@beardenfamilyhome.com
Misti Moore	misti1212@yahoo.com



May 17, 2018 Public Comment Meeting

DAWSONVILLE COMPREHENSIVE PLAN  
PUBLIC COMMENT MEETING  
DAWSONVILLE CITY HALL  
2:00 PM-Thursday May 17, 2018

Sign In Sheet

Name	Email Address
Daisy L. Casfield	DCASFIELD@DAWSONVILLEGA.COM
Elton Bode	eltonbode@fmc.com
Wendy Ray	wray@rayconcrete.com

DAWSONVILLE COMPREHENSIVE PLAN  
PUBLIC COMMENT MEETING  
DAWSONVILLE CITY HALL  
6:00 PM-Thursday May 17, 2018

Sign In Sheet

Name	Email Address
Dwight Messinger	DMESSINGER@DAWSONVILLEGA.COM
Hyatt Henderson	hyatt@henderson.com
Paula Pat Morgan	pmorgan@patmorgan.com

June 20, 2018

DISCUSSION/ACTION:

- 1.) Joint City/County Comp Plan open discussion of any applicable comp plan topics or issues.

DAWSONVILLE COMPREHENSIVE PLAN  
STAKEHOLDER MEETING  
DAWSONVILLE CITY HALL

6:00 PM-Wednesday June 20, 2018

Sign In Sheet

Name	Email Address
Bob Boltz, City Manager	bboltz@dawsonvillega.com
Angie Smith	angie@smith.com
George Butler	gbutler@lawyers.com
Terence Sparta	terence@sparta.com
Dana Miller	dana@ml.com
Chuck Pierce	cpierce@streetman.net
Christie Taylor Moore	ctaylor@moore.com
Tony Pasarella	tpasarella@pasarella.com
John Streetman	jstreetman@dawsoncounty.org
Nickie McCall	nmccall@dawsoncounty.org
Cubie Miller	cmiller@mill.com
Steve Taylor	staylor@taylor.com
Greg Majewski	gmajewski@cityofdawsonville.com

July 27, 2018

**DISCUSSION/ACTION:**

**1.) Future Development Strategy:**

- Existing Land Use Map
- Review updated Areas of Special Attention Map
- Review updated Character Areas Map
- CA criteria descriptions from 2008 cp

**2.) Implementation Program: (2008 & 2013)**

- Implementation Program
- Programs and Policy
- Report of Accomplishments
- STWP

**DAWSONVILLE COMPREHENSIVE PLAN  
STAKEHOLDER MEETING  
DAWSONVILLE CITY HALL**

6:00 PM - Wednesday July 18, 2018

Sign In Sheet

<u>Name</u>	<u>Email Address</u>
Angie Smith	atsm@quandobean.net
Don ATW	dep@donatw.com
Mike Eason	mike.eason@dawsonville-ga.gov
Yvette Leonard	permb@dawsonville-ga.gov
Lois Safford	lois.safford@gmail.com
Lynnda Hudson	lynnda@lynnda-hudson.com
Stephen Tolson	stephen.tolson@dawsonville-ga.gov
Christie Moore	c.moore@dawson.org

August 22, 2018

DISCUSSION/ACTION:

1.) Review current draft.

DAWSONVILLE COMPREHENSIVE PLAN  
STAKEHOLDER MEETING  
DAWSONVILLE CITY HALL

6:00 PM-Wednesday August 22, 2018

Sign In Sheet

Name	Email Address
Angie Smith	etsnm@windstream.net
Bob Bala	bb.bala@dawsonville-ge.gov
Mike Egan	mike.egan@dawsonville-ge.gov
Mike Wilson	mike.wilson@cityofdawsonville.com
Fernando Sicilia	Fernando@waledi.com
Misti Moore	misti1212@yahoo.com
Charles Pierce	cpierce@windstream.net







DAWSONVILLE CITY COUNCIL  
EXECUTIVE SUMMARY FOR  
AGENDA ITEM # 9

SUBJECT: Perimeter Rd @ Hwy 9 South PUD Site Plan Revision ZA-CB-00221

DATE(s): 12/03/2018 \_\_\_\_\_ WORK SESSION \_\_\_\_\_ CITY COUNCIL MEETING

BUDGET INFORMATION: GL ACCOUNT # \_\_\_\_\_

Funds Available from: \_\_\_\_\_ Annual Budget \_\_\_\_\_ Capital Budget Other \_\_\_\_\_

Budget Amendment Request from Reserve: \_\_\_\_\_ Enterprise Fund \_\_\_\_\_ General Fund

PURPOSE FOR REQUEST: PUBLIC HEARING

Fall Leaf Residential LLC. has requested a PUD site plan change for TMP 093 048 and 093 049, located at 2364 Perimeter Rd. consisting of 32.6 acres.

HISTORY/ FACTS / ISSUES

Parcel # 093 048 and 049, Zoning PUD, approved in 2006 current approved total density 32.6 acres with 123 units = 3.77 units per acre.

Requests change New total density 32.6 acres with 102 units = 3.13 units per acre. Lot reduction is 21 lots.

Request is to retain the originally approved 70-foot front lot line instead of an increase to the current 75-foot standard.

Additionally, applicant will be providing 19% open space with amenities. Current requirement is 15%.

PC tabled until Dec 3 PC meeting / Action summary from PC to follow.

OPTIONS:

Recommend to approve based on staff recommendation.

RECOMMENDED SAMPLE MOTION:

Motion to approve the change to the Perimeter Rd @ Hwy 9 South PUD site plan as presented.

DEPARTMENT: Planning and Zoning

REQUESTED BY: Robbie Irvin, Planning Director



October 16, 2018

To: Ms. Beth Duncan, Chair  
& City of Dawsonville Planning Commission

Re: Staff Recommendation; Perimeter Rd @ Hwy 9 S. PUD site plan revision

Ms. Duncan and Commission,

Fall Leaf Residential LLC. has requested a PUD site plan change for TMP 093 048 and 093 049, located at 2364 Perimeter Rd. consisting of 32.6 acres.

The current conditions are as follows:

Parcel # 093 048 and 049, Zoning PUD, approved in 2006, current approved total density 36.84 acres with 123 units = 3.34 units per acre.

The applicant wishes to amend which would result in the following conditions:

New total density 36.84 acres with 102 units = 3.25 units per acre. Lot reduction is 21 lots.

Request is to retain the originally approved 70-foot front lot line instead of an increase to the current 75-foot standard.

Additionally, applicant will be providing 19% open space with amenities. Current requirement is 15%.

The Planning and Zoning staff would recommend **approval**.

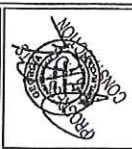
Please let me know if you have any questions regarding this matter.

Sincerely,

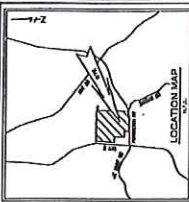
R.J. Irvin  
Planning Director, City of Dawsonville



COMMUNITY TRANSPORTATION PLAN  
 FOR  
 PERIMETER ROAD  
 TRACT  
 LAND LOT 511 & 512 DISTRICT 4-1  
 CITY OF DAWSONVILLE, DAWSON COUNTY, GEORGIA



SCALE	1" = 40'
DESIGNED BY	WAB
DRAWN BY	WAB
CHECKED BY	WAB
DATE	10/15/11
PROJECT NO.	11000001
DATE PLOTTED	10/15/11
PLANNER	WAB
DATE PRINTED	10/15/11

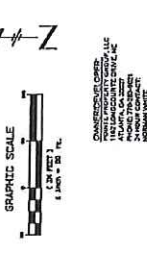


**GENERAL NOTES:**

1. THIS PLAN IS A PRELIMINARY PLAN AND IS SUBJECT TO THE APPROVAL OF THE CITY OF DAWSONVILLE, GEORGIA.
2. THE CITY OF DAWSONVILLE, GEORGIA, RESERVES THE RIGHT TO MODIFY OR CANCEL THIS PLAN AT ANY TIME WITHOUT NOTICE.
3. THE CITY OF DAWSONVILLE, GEORGIA, IS NOT RESPONSIBLE FOR THE ACCURACY OF THE INFORMATION PROVIDED IN THIS PLAN.
4. THE CITY OF DAWSONVILLE, GEORGIA, IS NOT RESPONSIBLE FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF THIS PLAN.
5. THE CITY OF DAWSONVILLE, GEORGIA, IS NOT RESPONSIBLE FOR THE MAINTENANCE OF THIS PLAN.
6. THE CITY OF DAWSONVILLE, GEORGIA, IS NOT RESPONSIBLE FOR THE OPERATION OF THIS PLAN.
7. THE CITY OF DAWSONVILLE, GEORGIA, IS NOT RESPONSIBLE FOR THE RESULTS OF THIS PLAN.
8. THE CITY OF DAWSONVILLE, GEORGIA, IS NOT RESPONSIBLE FOR THE LIABILITY OF THIS PLAN.
9. THE CITY OF DAWSONVILLE, GEORGIA, IS NOT RESPONSIBLE FOR THE RISK OF THIS PLAN.
10. THE CITY OF DAWSONVILLE, GEORGIA, IS NOT RESPONSIBLE FOR THE DAMAGE OF THIS PLAN.
11. THE CITY OF DAWSONVILLE, GEORGIA, IS NOT RESPONSIBLE FOR THE DEATH OF THIS PLAN.
12. THE CITY OF DAWSONVILLE, GEORGIA, IS NOT RESPONSIBLE FOR THE INJURY OF THIS PLAN.
13. THE CITY OF DAWSONVILLE, GEORGIA, IS NOT RESPONSIBLE FOR THE LOSS OF THIS PLAN.
14. THE CITY OF DAWSONVILLE, GEORGIA, IS NOT RESPONSIBLE FOR THE THEFT OF THIS PLAN.
15. THE CITY OF DAWSONVILLE, GEORGIA, IS NOT RESPONSIBLE FOR THE MISUSE OF THIS PLAN.
16. THE CITY OF DAWSONVILLE, GEORGIA, IS NOT RESPONSIBLE FOR THE ABUSE OF THIS PLAN.
17. THE CITY OF DAWSONVILLE, GEORGIA, IS NOT RESPONSIBLE FOR THE NEGLECT OF THIS PLAN.
18. THE CITY OF DAWSONVILLE, GEORGIA, IS NOT RESPONSIBLE FOR THE OMISSION OF THIS PLAN.
19. THE CITY OF DAWSONVILLE, GEORGIA, IS NOT RESPONSIBLE FOR THE COMPLETION OF THIS PLAN.
20. THE CITY OF DAWSONVILLE, GEORGIA, IS NOT RESPONSIBLE FOR THE SUCCESS OF THIS PLAN.

**LEGEND:**

- 1. PERIMETER ROAD
- 2. STREET A - NORTH
- 3. STREET B - SOUTH
- 4. STREET C - WEST
- 5. STREET D - EAST
- 6. STREET E - NORTH
- 7. STREET F - SOUTH
- 8. STREET G - WEST
- 9. STREET H - EAST
- 10. STREET I - NORTH
- 11. STREET J - SOUTH
- 12. STREET K - WEST
- 13. STREET L - EAST
- 14. STREET M - NORTH
- 15. STREET N - SOUTH
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- 17. STREET P - EAST
- 18. STREET Q - NORTH
- 19. STREET R - SOUTH
- 20. STREET S - WEST
- 21. STREET T - EAST
- 22. STREET U - NORTH
- 23. STREET V - SOUTH
- 24. STREET W - WEST
- 25. STREET X - EAST
- 26. STREET Y - NORTH
- 27. STREET Z - SOUTH
- 28. STREET AA - WEST
- 29. STREET AB - EAST
- 30. STREET AC - NORTH
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- 32. STREET AE - WEST
- 33. STREET AF - EAST
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- 35. STREET AH - SOUTH
- 36. STREET AI - WEST
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- 41. STREET AN - EAST
- 42. STREET AO - NORTH
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- 68. STREET BO - WEST
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- 71. STREET BR - SOUTH
- 72. STREET BS - WEST
- 73. STREET BT - EAST
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- 75. STREET BV - SOUTH
- 76. STREET BW - WEST
- 77. STREET BX - EAST
- 78. STREET BY - NORTH
- 79. STREET BZ - SOUTH
- 80. STREET CA - WEST
- 81. STREET CB - EAST
- 82. STREET CC - NORTH
- 83. STREET CD - SOUTH
- 84. STREET CE - WEST
- 85. STREET CF - EAST
- 86. STREET CG - NORTH
- 87. STREET CH - SOUTH
- 88. STREET CI - WEST
- 89. STREET CJ - EAST
- 90. STREET CK - NORTH
- 91. STREET CL - SOUTH
- 92. STREET CM - WEST
- 93. STREET CN - EAST
- 94. STREET CO - NORTH
- 95. STREET CP - SOUTH
- 96. STREET CQ - WEST
- 97. STREET CR - EAST
- 98. STREET CS - NORTH
- 99. STREET CT - SOUTH
- 100. STREET CU - WEST
- 101. STREET CV - EAST
- 102. STREET CW - NORTH
- 103. STREET CX - SOUTH
- 104. STREET CY - WEST
- 105. STREET CZ - EAST
- 106. STREET DA - WEST
- 107. STREET DB - EAST
- 108. STREET DC - NORTH
- 109. STREET DD - SOUTH
- 110. STREET DE - WEST
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- 112. STREET DG - NORTH
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- 117. STREET DL - SOUTH
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- 119. STREET DN - EAST
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- 121. STREET DP - SOUTH
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- 123. STREET DR - EAST
- 124. STREET DS - NORTH
- 125. STREET DT - SOUTH
- 126. STREET DU - WEST
- 127. STREET DV - EAST
- 128. STREET DW - NORTH
- 129. STREET DX - SOUTH
- 130. STREET DY - WEST
- 131. STREET DZ - EAST
- 132. STREET EA - WEST
- 133. STREET EB - EAST
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- 135. STREET ED - SOUTH
- 136. STREET EE - WEST
- 137. STREET EF - EAST
- 138. STREET EG - NORTH
- 139. STREET EH - SOUTH
- 140. STREET EI - WEST
- 141. STREET EJ - EAST
- 142. STREET EK - NORTH
- 143. STREET EL - SOUTH
- 144. STREET EM - WEST
- 145. STREET EN - EAST
- 146. STREET EO - NORTH
- 147. STREET EP - SOUTH
- 148. STREET EQ - WEST
- 149. STREET ER - EAST
- 150. STREET ES - NORTH
- 151. STREET ET - SOUTH
- 152. STREET EU - WEST
- 153. STREET EV - EAST
- 154. STREET EW - NORTH
- 155. STREET EX - SOUTH
- 156. STREET EY - WEST
- 157. STREET EZ - EAST
- 158. STREET FA - WEST
- 159. STREET FB - EAST
- 160. STREET FC - NORTH
- 161. STREET FD - SOUTH
- 162. STREET FE - WEST
- 163. STREET FF - EAST
- 164. STREET FG - NORTH
- 165. STREET FH - SOUTH
- 166. STREET FI - WEST
- 167. STREET FJ - EAST
- 168. STREET FK - NORTH
- 169. STREET FL - SOUTH
- 170. STREET FM - WEST
- 171. STREET FN - EAST
- 172. STREET FO - NORTH
- 173. STREET FP - SOUTH
- 174. STREET FQ - WEST
- 175. STREET FR - EAST
- 176. STREET FS - NORTH
- 177. STREET FT - SOUTH
- 178. STREET FU - WEST
- 179. STREET FV - EAST
- 180. STREET FW - NORTH
- 181. STREET FX - SOUTH
- 182. STREET FY - WEST
- 183. STREET FZ - EAST
- 184. STREET GA - WEST
- 185. STREET GB - EAST
- 186. STREET GC - NORTH
- 187. STREET GD - SOUTH
- 188. STREET GE - WEST
- 189. STREET GF - EAST
- 190. STREET GG - NORTH
- 191. STREET GH - SOUTH
- 192. STREET GI - WEST
- 193. STREET GJ - EAST
- 194. STREET GK - NORTH
- 195. STREET GL - SOUTH
- 196. STREET GM - WEST
- 197. STREET GN - EAST
- 198. STREET GO - NORTH
- 199. STREET GP - SOUTH
- 200. STREET GQ - WEST
- 201. STREET GR - EAST
- 202. STREET GS - NORTH
- 203. STREET GT - SOUTH
- 204. STREET GU - WEST
- 205. STREET GV - EAST
- 206. STREET GW - NORTH
- 207. STREET GX - SOUTH
- 208. STREET GY - WEST
- 209. STREET GZ - EAST
- 210. STREET HA - WEST
- 211. STREET HB - EAST
- 212. STREET HC - NORTH
- 213. STREET HD - SOUTH
- 214. STREET HE - WEST
- 215. STREET HF - EAST
- 216. STREET HG - NORTH
- 217. STREET HH - SOUTH
- 218. STREET HI - WEST
- 219. STREET HJ - EAST
- 220. STREET HK - NORTH
- 221. STREET HL - SOUTH
- 222. STREET HM - WEST
- 223. STREET HN - EAST
- 224. STREET HO - NORTH
- 225. STREET HP - SOUTH
- 226. STREET HQ - WEST
- 227. STREET HR - EAST
- 228. STREET HS - NORTH
- 229. STREET HT - SOUTH
- 230. STREET HU - WEST
- 231. STREET HV - EAST
- 232. STREET HW - NORTH
- 233. STREET HX - SOUTH
- 234. STREET HY - WEST
- 235. STREET HZ - EAST
- 236. STREET IA - WEST
- 237. STREET IB - EAST
- 238. STREET IC - NORTH
- 239. STREET ID - SOUTH
- 240. STREET IE - WEST
- 241. STREET IF - EAST
- 242. STREET IG - NORTH
- 243. STREET IH - SOUTH
- 244. STREET II - WEST
- 245. STREET IJ - EAST
- 246. STREET IK - NORTH
- 247. STREET IL - SOUTH
- 248. STREET IM - WEST
- 249. STREET IN - EAST
- 250. STREET IO - NORTH
- 251. STREET IP - SOUTH
- 252. STREET IQ - WEST
- 253. STREET IR - EAST
- 254. STREET IS - NORTH
- 255. STREET IT - SOUTH
- 256. STREET IU - WEST
- 257. STREET IV - EAST
- 258. STREET IW - NORTH
- 259. STREET IX - SOUTH
- 260. STREET IY - WEST
- 261. STREET IZ - EAST
- 262. STREET JA - WEST
- 263. STREET JB - EAST
- 264. STREET JC - NORTH
- 265. STREET JD - SOUTH
- 266. STREET JE - WEST
- 267. STREET JF - EAST
- 268. STREET JG - NORTH
- 269. STREET JH - SOUTH
- 270. STREET JI - WEST
- 271. STREET JJ - EAST
- 272. STREET JK - NORTH
- 273. STREET JL - SOUTH
- 274. STREET JM - WEST
- 275. STREET JN - EAST
- 276. STREET JO - NORTH
- 277. STREET JP - SOUTH
- 278. STREET JQ - WEST
- 279. STREET JR - EAST
- 280. STREET JS - NORTH
- 281. STREET JT - SOUTH
- 282. STREET JU - WEST
- 283. STREET JV - EAST
- 284. STREET JW - NORTH
- 285. STREET JX - SOUTH
- 286. STREET JY - WEST
- 287. STREET JZ - EAST
- 288. STREET KA - WEST
- 289. STREET KB - EAST
- 290. STREET KC - NORTH
- 291. STREET KD - SOUTH
- 292. STREET KE - WEST
- 293. STREET KF - EAST
- 294. STREET KG - NORTH
- 295. STREET KH - SOUTH
- 296. STREET KI - WEST
- 297. STREET KJ - EAST
- 298. STREET KK - NORTH
- 299. STREET KL - SOUTH
- 300. STREET KM - WEST
- 301. STREET KN - EAST
- 302. STREET KO - NORTH
- 303. STREET KP - SOUTH
- 304. STREET KQ - WEST
- 305. STREET KR - EAST
- 306. STREET KS - NORTH
- 307. STREET KT - SOUTH
- 308. STREET KU - WEST
- 309. STREET KV - EAST
- 310. STREET KW - NORTH
- 311. STREET KX - SOUTH
- 312. STREET KY - WEST
- 313. STREET KZ - EAST
- 314. STREET LA - WEST
- 315. STREET LB - EAST
- 316. STREET LC - NORTH
- 317. STREET LD - SOUTH
- 318. STREET LE - WEST
- 319. STREET LF - EAST
- 320. STREET LG - NORTH
- 321. STREET LH - SOUTH
- 322. STREET LI - WEST
- 323. STREET LJ - EAST
- 324. STREET LK - NORTH
- 325. STREET LL - SOUTH
- 326. STREET LM - WEST
- 327. STREET LN - EAST
- 328. STREET LO - NORTH
- 329. STREET LP - SOUTH
- 330. STREET LQ - WEST
- 331. STREET LR - EAST
- 332. STREET LS - NORTH
- 333. STREET LT - SOUTH
- 334. STREET LU - WEST
- 335. STREET LV - EAST
- 336. STREET LW - NORTH
- 337. STREET LX - SOUTH
- 338. STREET LY - WEST
- 339. STREET LZ - EAST
- 340. STREET MA - WEST
- 341. STREET MB - EAST
- 342. STREET MC - NORTH
- 343. STREET MD - SOUTH
- 344. STREET ME - WEST
- 345. STREET MF - EAST
- 346. STREET MG - NORTH
- 347. STREET MH - SOUTH
- 348. STREET MI - WEST
- 349. STREET MJ - EAST
- 350. STREET MK - NORTH
- 351. STREET ML - SOUTH
- 352. STREET MM - WEST
- 353. STREET MN - EAST
- 354. STREET MO - NORTH
- 355. STREET MP - SOUTH
- 356. STREET MQ - WEST
- 357. STREET MR - EAST
- 358. STREET MS - NORTH
- 359. STREET MT - SOUTH
- 360. STREET MU - WEST
- 361. STREET MV - EAST
- 362. STREET MW - NORTH
- 363. STREET MX - SOUTH
- 364. STREET MY - WEST
- 365. STREET MZ - EAST
- 366. STREET NA - WEST
- 367. STREET NB - EAST
- 368. STREET NC - NORTH
- 369. STREET ND - SOUTH
- 370. STREET NE - WEST
- 371. STREET NF - EAST
- 372. STREET NG - NORTH
- 373. STREET NH - SOUTH
- 374. STREET NI - WEST
- 375. STREET NJ - EAST
- 376. STREET NK - NORTH
- 377. STREET NL - SOUTH
- 378. STREET NM - WEST
- 379. STREET NN - EAST
- 380. STREET NO - NORTH
- 381. STREET NP - SOUTH
- 382. STREET NQ - WEST
- 383. STREET NR - EAST
- 384. STREET NS - NORTH
- 385. STREET NT - SOUTH
- 386. STREET NU - WEST
- 387. STREET NV - EAST
- 388. STREET NW - NORTH
- 389. STREET NX - SOUTH
- 390. STREET NY - WEST
- 391. STREET NZ - EAST
- 392. STREET OA - WEST
- 393. STREET OB - EAST
- 394. STREET OC - NORTH
- 395. STREET OD - SOUTH
- 396. STREET OE - WEST
- 397. STREET OF - EAST
- 398. STREET OG - NORTH
- 399. STREET OH - SOUTH
- 400. STREET OI - WEST
- 401. STREET OJ - EAST
- 402. STREET OK - NORTH
- 403. STREET OL - SOUTH
- 404. STREET OM - WEST
- 405. STREET ON - EAST
- 406. STREET OO - NORTH
- 407. STREET OP - SOUTH
- 408. STREET OQ - WEST
- 409. STREET OR - EAST
- 410. STREET OS - NORTH
- 411. STREET OT - SOUTH
- 412. STREET OU - WEST
- 413. STREET OV - EAST
- 414. STREET OW - NORTH
- 415. STREET OX - SOUTH
- 416. STREET OY - WEST
- 417. STREET OZ - EAST
- 418. STREET PA - WEST
- 419. STREET PB - EAST
- 420. STREET PC - NORTH
- 421. STREET PD - SOUTH
- 422. STREET PE - WEST
- 423. STREET PF - EAST
- 424. STREET PG - NORTH
- 425. STREET PH - SOUTH
- 426. STREET PI - WEST
- 427. STREET PJ - EAST
- 428. STREET PK - NORTH
- 429. STREET PL - SOUTH
- 430. STREET PM - WEST
- 431. STREET PN - EAST
- 432. STREET PO - NORTH
- 433. STREET PP - SOUTH
- 434. STREET PQ - WEST
- 435. STREET PR - EAST
- 436. STREET PS - NORTH
- 437. STREET PT - SOUTH
- 438. STREET PU - WEST
- 439. STREET PV - EAST
- 440. STREET PW - NORTH
- 441. STREET PX - SOUTH
- 442. STREET PY - WEST
- 443. STREET PZ - EAST
- 444. STREET QA - WEST
- 445. STREET QB - EAST
- 446. STREET QC - NORTH
- 447. STREET QD - SOUTH
- 448. STREET QE - WEST
- 449. STREET QF - EAST
- 450. STREET QG - NORTH
- 451. STREET QH - SOUTH
- 452. STREET QI - WEST
- 453. STREET QJ - EAST
- 454. STREET QK - NORTH
- 455. STREET QL - SOUTH
- 456. STREET QM - WEST
- 457. STREET QN - EAST
- 458. STREET QO - NORTH
- 459. STREET QP - SOUTH
- 460. STREET QQ - WEST
- 461. STREET QR - EAST
- 462. STREET QS - NORTH
- 463. STREET QT - SOUTH
- 464. STREET QU - WEST
- 465. STREET QV - EAST
- 466. STREET QW - NORTH
- 467. STREET QX - SOUTH
- 468. STREET QY - WEST
- 469. STREET QZ - EAST
- 470. STREET RA - WEST
- 471. STREET RB - EAST
- 472. STREET RC - NORTH
- 473. STREET RD - SOUTH
- 474. STREET RE - WEST
- 475. STREET RF - EAST
- 476. STREET RG - NORTH
- 477. STREET RH - SOUTH
- 478. STREET RI - WEST
- 479. STREET RJ - EAST
- 480. STREET RK - NORTH
- 481. STREET RL - SOUTH
- 482. STREET RM - WEST
- 483. STREET RN - EAST
- 484. STREET RO - NORTH
- 485. STREET RP - SOUTH
- 486. STREET RQ - WEST
- 487. STREET RR - EAST
- 488. STREET RS - NORTH
- 489. STREET RT - SOUTH
- 490. STREET RU - WEST
- 491. STREET RV - EAST
- 492. STREET RW - NORTH
- 493. STREET RX - SOUTH
- 494. STREET RY - WEST
- 495. STREET RZ - EAST
- 496. STREET SA - WEST
- 497. STREET SB - EAST
- 498. STREET SC - NORTH
- 499. STREET SD - SOUTH
- 500. STREET SE - WEST
- 501. STREET SF - EAST
- 502. STREET SG - NORTH
- 503. STREET SH - SOUTH
- 504. STREET SI - WEST
- 505. STREET SJ - EAST
- 506. STREET SK - NORTH
- 507. STREET SL - SOUTH
- 508. STREET SM - WEST
- 509. STREET SN - EAST
- 510. STREET SO - NORTH
- 511. STREET SP - SOUTH
- 512. STREET SQ - WEST
- 513. STREET SR - EAST
- 514. STREET SS - NORTH
- 515. STREET ST - SOUTH
- 516. STREET SU - WEST
- 517. STREET SV - EAST
- 518. STREET SW - NORTH
- 519. STREET SX - SOUTH
- 520. STREET SY - WEST
- 521. STREET SZ - EAST
- 522. STREET TA - WEST
- 523. STREET TB - EAST
- 524. STREET TC - NORTH
- 525. STREET TD - SOUTH
- 526. STREET TE - WEST
- 527. STREET TF - EAST
- 528. STREET TG - NORTH
- 529. STREET TH - SOUTH
- 530. STREET TI - WEST
- 531. STREET TJ - EAST
- 532. STREET TK - NORTH
- 533. STREET TL - SOUTH
- 534. STREET TM - WEST
- 535. STREET TN - EAST
- 536. STREET TO - NORTH
- 537. STREET TP - SOUTH
- 538. STREET TQ - WEST
- 539. STREET TR - EAST
- 540. STREET TS - NORTH
- 541. STREET TT - SOUTH
- 542. STREET TU - WEST
- 543. STREET TV - EAST
- 544. STREET TW - NORTH
- 545. STREET TX - SOUTH
- 546. STREET TY - WEST
- 547. STREET TZ - EAST
- 548. STREET UA - WEST
- 549. STREET UB - EAST
- 550. STREET UC - NORTH
- 551. STREET UD - SOUTH
- 552. STREET UE - WEST
- 553. STREET UF - EAST
- 554. STREET UG - NORTH
- 555. STREET UH - SOUTH
- 556. STREET UI - WEST
- 557. STREET UJ - EAST
- 558. STREET UK - NORTH
- 559. STREET UL - SOUTH
- 560. STREET UM - WEST
- 561. STREET UN - EAST
- 562. STREET UO - NORTH
- 563. STREET UP - SOUTH
- 564. STREET UQ - WEST
- 565. STREET UR - EAST
- 566. STREET US - NORTH
- 567. STREET UT - SOUTH
- 568. STREET UU - WEST
- 569. STREET UV - EAST
- 570. STREET UW - NORTH
- 571. STREET UX - SOUTH
- 572. STREET UY - WEST
- 573. STREET UZ - EAST
- 574. STREET VA - WEST
- 575. STREET VB - EAST
- 576. STREET VC - NORTH
- 577. STREET VD - SOUTH
- 578. STREET VE - WEST
- 579. STREET VF - EAST
- 580. STREET VG - NORTH
- 581. STREET VH - SOUTH
- 582. STREET VI - WEST
- 583. STREET VJ - EAST
- 584. STREET VK - NORTH
- 585. STREET VL - SOUTH
- 586. STREET VM - WEST
- 587. STREET VN - EAST
- 588. STREET VO - NORTH
- 589. STREET VP - SOUTH
- 590. STREET VQ - WEST
- 591. STREET VR - EAST
- 592. STREET VS - NORTH
- 593. STREET VT - SOUTH
- 594. STREET VU - WEST
- 595. STREET VV - EAST
- 596. STREET VW - NORTH
- 597. STREET VX - SOUTH
- 598. STREET VY - WEST
- 599. STREET VZ - EAST
- 600. STREET WA - WEST
- 601. STREET WB - EAST
- 602. STREET WC - NORTH
- 603. STREET WD - SOUTH
- 604. STREET WE - WEST
- 605. STREET WF - EAST
- 606. STREET WG - NORTH
- 607. STREET WH - SOUTH
- 608. STREET WI - WEST
- 609. STREET WJ - EAST
- 610. STREET WK - NORTH
- 611. STREET WL - SOUTH
- 612. STREET WM - WEST
- 613. STREET WN - EAST
- 614. STREET WO - NORTH
- 615. STREET WP - SOUTH
- 616. STREET WQ - WEST
- 617. STREET WR - EAST
- 618. STREET WS - NORTH
- 619. STREET WT - SOUTH
- 620. STREET WU - WEST
- 621. STREET WV - EAST
- 622. STREET WW - NORTH
- 623. STREET WX - SOUTH
- 624. STREET WY - WEST
- 625. STREET WZ - EAST
- 626. STREET XA - WEST
- 627. STREET XB - EAST
- 628. STREET XC - NORTH
- 629. STREET XD - SOUTH
- 630. STREET XE - WEST
- 631. STREET XF - EAST
- 632. STREET XG - NORTH
- 633. STREET XH - SOUTH
- 634. STREET XI - WEST
- 635. STREET XJ - EAST
- 636. STREET XK - NORTH
- 637. STREET XL - SOUTH
- 638. STREET XM - WEST
- 639. STREET XN - EAST
- 640. STREET XO - NORTH
- 641. STREET XP - SOUTH
- 642. STREET XQ - WEST
- 643. STREET XR - EAST
- 644. STREET XS - NORTH
- 645. STREET XT - SOUTH
- 646. STREET XU - WEST
- 647. STREET XV - EAST
- 648. STREET XW - NORTH
- 649. STREET XX - SOUTH
- 650. STREET XY - WEST
- 651. STREET XZ - EAST
- 652. STREET YA - WEST
- 653. STREET YB - EAST
- 654. STREET YC - NORTH
- 655. STREET YD - SOUTH
- 656. STREET YE - WEST
- 657. STREET YF - EAST
- 658. STREET YG - NORTH
- 659. STREET YH - SOUTH
- 660. STREET YI - WEST
- 661. STREET YJ - EAST
- 662. STREET YK - NORTH
- 663. STREET YL - SOUTH
- 664. STREET YM - WEST
- 665. STREET YN - EAST
- 666. STREET YO - NORTH
- 667. STREET YP - SOUTH
- 668. STREET YQ - WEST
- 669. STREET YR - EAST
- 670. STREET YS - NORTH
- 671. STREET YT - SOUTH
- 672. STREET YU - WEST
- 673. STREET YV - EAST
- 674. STREET YW - NORTH
- 675. STREET YX - SOUTH
- 676. STREET YZ - EAST
- 677. STREET ZA - WEST
- 678. STREET ZB - EAST
- 679. STREET ZC - NORTH
- 680. STREET ZD - SOUTH
- 681. STREET ZE - WEST
- 682. STREET ZF - EAST
- 683. STREET ZG - NORTH
- 684. STREET ZH - SOUTH
- 685. STREET ZI - WEST
- 686. STREET ZJ - EAST
- 687. STREET ZK - NORTH
- 688. STREET ZL - SOUTH
- 689. STREET ZM - WEST
- 690. STREET ZN - EAST
- 691. STREET ZO - NORTH
- 692. STREET ZP - SOUTH
- 693. STREET ZQ - WEST
- 694. STREET ZR - EAST
- 695. STREET ZS - NORTH
- 696. STREET ZT - SOUTH
- 697. STREET ZU - WEST
- 698. STREET ZV - EAST
- 699. STREET ZW - NORTH
- 700. STREET ZX - SOUTH
- 701. STREET ZY - WEST
- 702. STREET ZZ - EAST



PERIMETER ROAD 80' RW  
 INGRAM DRIVE  
 STREET A - NORTH  
 STREET B - SOUTH  
 STREET C - WEST  
 STREET D - EAST  
 STREET E - NORTH  
 STREET F - SOUTH  
 STREET G - WEST  
 STREET H - EAST  
 STREET I - NORTH  
 STREET J - SOUTH  
 STREET K - WEST  
 STREET L - EAST  
 STREET M - NORTH  
 STREET N - SOUTH  
 STREET O - WEST  
 STREET P - EAST  
 STREET Q - NORTH  
 STREET R - SOUTH  
 STREET S - WEST  
 STREET T - EAST  
 STREET U - NORTH  
 STREET V - SOUTH  
 STREET W - WEST  
 STREET X - EAST  
 STREET Y - NORTH  
 STREET Z - SOUTH  
 STREET AA - WEST  
 STREET AB - EAST  
 STREET AC - NORTH  
 STREET AD - SOUTH  
 STREET AE - WEST  
 STREET AF - EAST  
 STREET AG - NORTH  
 STREET AH - SOUTH  
 STREET AI - WEST  
 STREET AJ - EAST  
 STREET AK - NORTH  
 STREET AL - SOUTH  
 STREET AM - WEST  
 STREET AN - EAST  
 STREET AO - NORTH  
 STREET AP - SOUTH  
 STREET AQ - WEST  
 STREET AR - EAST  
 STREET AS - NORTH  
 STREET AT - SOUTH  
 STREET AU - WEST  
 STREET AV - EAST  
 STREET AW - NORTH  
 STREET AX - SOUTH  
 STREET AY - WEST  
 STREET AZ - EAST  
 STREET BA - WEST  
 STREET BB - EAST  
 STREET BC - NORTH  
 STREET BD - SOUTH  
 STREET BE - WEST  
 STREET BF - EAST  
 STREET BG - NORTH  
 STREET BH - SOUTH  
 STREET BI - WEST  
 STREET BJ - EAST  
 STREET BK - NORTH  
 STREET BL - SOUTH  
 STREET BM - WEST  
 STREET BN - EAST  
 STREET BO - NORTH  
 STREET BP - SOUTH  
 STREET BQ - WEST  
 STREET BR - EAST  
 STREET BS - NORTH  
 STREET BT - SOUTH  
 STREET BU - WEST  
 STREET BV - EAST  
 STREET BW - NORTH  
 STREET BX - SOUTH  
 STREET BY - WEST  
 STREET BZ - EAST  
 STREET CA - WEST  
 STREET CB - EAST  
 STREET CC - NORTH  
 STREET CD - SOUTH  
 STREET CE - WEST  
 STREET CF - EAST  
 STREET CG - NORTH  
 STREET CH - SOUTH  
 STREET CI - WEST  
 STREET CJ - EAST  
 STREET CK - NORTH  
 STREET CL - SOUTH  
 STREET CM - WEST  
 STREET CN - EAST  
 STREET CO - NORTH  
 STREET CP - SOUTH  
 STREET CQ - WEST  
 STREET CR - EAST  
 STREET CS - NORTH  
 STREET CT - SOUTH  
 STREET CU - WEST  
 STREET CV - EAST  
 STREET CW - NORTH  
 STREET CX - SOUTH  
 STREET CY - WEST







ALL THAT TRACT OR PARCEL OF LAND LYING AND BEING IN LAND LOTS 511 AND 512 OF THE 4TH DISTRICT, 1ST SECTION OF DAWSON COUNTY, GEORGIA, BEING MORE PARTICULARLY DESCRIBED AS FOLLOWS:

BEGINNING AT AN IRON PIN SET AT THE INTERSECTION OF THE NORTHERLY RIGHT-OF-WAY OF PERIMETER ROAD (80' R/W) WITH THE EASTERLY RIGHT-OF-WAY OF STATE ROUTE 9 (80'R/W) AND RUNNING THENCE NORTH 03° 58' 53" EAST ALONG THE EASTERLY RIGHT-OF-WAY OF STATE ROUTE 9, 542.12 FEET TO AN IRON PIN SET, RUNNING THENCE NORTH 03° 58' 53" EAST ALONG THE EASTERLY RIGHT-OF-WAY OF STATE ROUTE 9, 553.36 FEET TO AN IRON PIN SET, RUNNING THENCE ALONG THE ARC OF A CURVE ALONG THE EASTERLY RIGHT-OF-WAY OF STATE ROUTE 9, 178.46 FEET TO AN IRON PIN SET, SAID ARC BEING SUBTENDED BY A CHORD BEARING NORTH 01° 56' 19" EAST, 178.36 FEET, HAVING A RADIUS OF 1547.32 FEET; RUNNING THENCE NORTH 00° 06' 51" WEST ALONG THE EASTERLY RIGHT-OF-WAY OF STATE ROUTE 9, 14.16 FEET TO A POINT ON THE NORTHERLY LAND LOT LINE OF LAND LOT 512; RUNNING THENCE SOUTH 88° 42' 49" EAST ALONG THE NORTHERLY LAND LOT LINE OF LAND LOT 512 AND BEING THE PROPERTY LINE OF THE PROPERTY NOW OR FORMERLY MICHAEL D. & MARY B. DAVIDSON, 209.96 FEET TO AN IRON PIN FOUND; RUNNING THENCE SOUTH 88° 43' 28" EAST ALONG THE NORTHERLY LAND LOT LINE OF LAND LOT 512 BEING THE PROPERTY LINES OF PROPERTY NOW OR FORMERLY BETTER HOLDINGS, LLC AND NOW OR FORMERLY DEBORAH F. MAST, 1005.36 FEET TO A ROCK FOUND AT THE INTERSECTION OF LAND LOTS 509, 510, 511 AND 512; RUNNING THENCE SOUTH 88° 15' 44" EAST ALONG THE NORTHERLY LAND LOT LINE OF LAND LOT 511, 121.25 FEET TO A ROCK FOUND; RUNNING THENCE SOUTH 25° 39' 31" EAST, 68.90 FEET TO A ROCK FOUND; RUNNING THENCE SOUTH 85° 23' 43" WEST, 149.30 FEET TO A ROCK FOUND ON THE EASTERLY LAND LOT LINE OF LAND LOT 512; RUNNING THENCE SOUTH 01° 44' 40" WEST ALONG THE EASTERLY LAND LOT LINE OF LAND LOT 512, 1143.02 FEET TO AN IRON PIN SET; RUNNING THENCE ALONG THE ARC OF A CURVE ALONG THE NORTHERLY RIGHT-OF-WAY OF PERIMETER ROAD, 404.53 FEET TO AN IRON PIN SET, SAID ARC BEING SUBTENDED BY A CHORD BEARING SOUTH 79° 46' 35" WEST, 401.89 FEET, HAVING A RADIUS OF 979.48 FEET; RUNNING THENCE NORTH 88° 03' 10" WEST ALONG THE NORTHERLY RIGHT-OF-WAY OF PERIMETER ROAD, 430.24 FEET TO AN IRON PIN SET ON THE NORTHERLY RIGHT-OF-WAY OF PERIMETER ROAD; RUNNING THENCE ALONG THE ARC OF A CURVE ALONG THE NORTHERLY RIGHT-OF-WAY OF PERIMETER ROAD, 269.57 FEET TO AN IRON PIN SET, SAID ARC BEING SUBTENDED BY A CHORD BEARING NORTH 87° 40' 55" WEST, 269.56 FEET, HAVING A RADIUS OF 11318.86 FEET; RUNNING THENCE ALONG THE NORTHERLY RIGHT-OF-WAY OF PERIMETER ROAD NORTH 87° 42' 02" WEST, 170.1 FEET TO AN IRON PIN SET, SAID IRON PIN SET BEING THE POINT OF BEGINNING, AS MORE PARTICULARLY SHOWN ON A BOUNDARY SURVEY FOR PERIMETER STONEWALL ASSOCIATES, INC., BY GEOIMAGE LLC., AND BEN D. TRAIL, GEORGIA REGISTERED LAND SURVEYOR #1718, DATED OCTOBER 24, 2005 AND SHOWN AS 36.843 ACRES.



**City of Dawsonville**  
 P.O. Box 6 415 Highway 53 East, Suite 100  
 Dawsonville, GA 30534  
 Phone: (706) 265-3256  
[www.dawsonville-ga.gov](http://www.dawsonville-ga.gov)

*Site Plan Update*  
**Zoning Amendment Checklist**

- All applicable blanks filled out on application
- Completed property owner authorization (notarized)
- Completed adjoining property owners form with names and addresses (Done by City) (16)
- Completed campaign disclosure form
- Detailed **Letter of Intent** requesting rezone with **Conceptual Plan**
- Documentation of CURRENT zoning of parcel in the City (provided by City)
- Site plan information, as specified
- Recorded survey(s) by a Georgia registered surveyor, and recorded at the Court House (11x17 and 8.5x11)
- Legal description
- Completed DRI: Development of Regional Impact, if applicable (for greater than 125 new lots or units) To be done with/by City
- Notice of R-A Adjacency form (notarized) (if applicable)
- Check or money order in the amount for the zoning requested, made payable to "City of Dawsonville"
- SEPARATE FEE received for Public Notice certified return receipt letters, made payable to "City of Dawsonville"

**The applicant, or designated agent, must attend the public hearings for the request to be considered. Failure to appear may result in denial.**

Zoning Requested:	Application Fee Schedule:	Total Acreage	Total Fee
AP R-1 R-2 RHMT	\$250.00 + \$50.00 per part acre (\$5000.00 MAX)		
R-3 R-3R R-6 PCS	\$350.00 + \$50.00 per part acre (\$5000.00 MAX)		
RA PUD TB O CBD NB LI HB CIR INST	<i>Site Plan Change</i> \$500.00 + \$50.00 per part acre (\$5000.00 MAX)	N/A	500 <sup>00</sup>
Public Notice Certified Mail	\$6.56 / Per Each Adjacent Property Owner	21	137.76
APPEAL/CONDITION CHG	\$500.00		
POSTPONEMENT FEE:	Equal to Application Fees		
<b>TOTAL FEE (NON-REFUNDABLE):</b>			





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**Zoning Amendment  
 Application**

Request # ZA-08-00221 Date: 10/4/18

Applicant Name(s): Fall Leaf Residential LLC  
 Address: 6435 Shiloh Rd City: Alpharetta State: GA Zip: 30085  
 Phone: SUITE 100 Cell Phone: 404 502 3305  
 E-Mail: nbwhitenbw8@gmail.com

Property Address: 2364 Perimeter Road Dawsonville GA 30534  
 Tax Map # 093 Parcel # 048 049 Current Zoning\*\*: PUB  
 Land Lot(s): 511, 512 District: 4th Section: 151  
 Subdivision Name: N/A Lot # \_\_\_\_\_

32.6  
Acres

Acres: 32.6 Current Use of Property: Vacant  
 Has a past Request of Rezone of this property been made before?  If yes, provide ZA # \_\_\_\_\_

**The applicant request:**

Rezoning to zoning category: Site Plan Modification  Special Use permit for: \_\_\_\_\_

Proposed use of property if rezoned: Residential and Commercial

If Residential: # of lots proposed 102 Minimum lot size proposed 7,000 (Include Concept Plan)

Is an Amenity area proposed yes, if yes, what Small Park with Playground

If Commercial: Total Building area proposed \_\_\_\_\_ (Include Concept Plan)

Existing Utilities: (readily available at road frontage)  Water  Sewer  Electric  Natural Gas

Proposed Utilities: (developer intends to provide) \_\_\_\_\_ Water \_\_\_\_\_ Sewer \_\_\_\_\_ Electric \_\_\_\_\_ Natural Gas

Road Access/Proposed Access: (Access to the development/area will be provided from)

Road name: Georgia Hwy 9 and Perimeter Rd Type of Surface: Paved

- ◆ Failure to complete all sections will result in rejection of application and unnecessary delays.
- ◆ I understand that failure to appear at a public hearing may result in the postponement or denial of this application.

Sam B. White, Mgr  
 Signature of Applicant

10-3-18  
 Date

**Office Use Only:**  
 Date Completed Application Rec'd 10/4/18 Amount Paid \$ 637<sup>76</sup> Check # 1883 /Cash  
 Date of Planning Commission Meeting: 11/5/18 Dates Advertised: 10/17/18  
 Date of City Council Meeting: 11/26/18 / 12/3/18 Dates Advertised: 10/24/18  
 Postponed: YES NO Date: \_\_\_\_\_ Rescheduled for next Meeting: \_\_\_\_\_  
 Approved by Planning Commission: YES NO Approved by City Council: YES NO

no address  
 093 048 @ Perimeter Rd  
 093 049





City of Dawsonville  
 P.O. Box 6  
 415 Highway 53 East, Suite 100  
 Dawsonville, GA 30534  
 Phone: (706) 265-3256

**Zoning Amendment  
 Authorization**

Property Owner Authorization

I / We Deborah F Mast hereby swear that I / we own the property located at (fill in address and/or tax map & parcel #) NE CORNER OF PERIMETER ROAD / Hwy 9 as shown in the tax maps and/or deed records of Dawson County, Georgia, and which parcel will be affected by this request.

I hereby authorize the person(s) or entity(ies) named below to act as the applicant or agent in pursuit of the rezoning requested on this property. I understand that any rezone granted, and/or conditions or stipulations placed on the property will be binding upon the property regardless of ownership. The under signer below is authorized to make this application. The undersigned is aware that no application or reapplication affecting the same land shall be acted upon within 6 months from the date of the last action by the City Council.

Printed Name of Applicant or Agent FALL LEAF RESIDENTIAL, LLC  
 Signature of Applicant or Agent Ann B. White, Mgr Date 10-3-18  
 Mailing Address 6436 Shiloh Rd Suite 100  
 City Alpharetta State GA Zip 30005  
 Telephone Number 404 502 3306

Printed Name of Owner(s) DEBORAH F. MAST  
 Signature of Owner(s) [Signature] Date 9/26/18  
 Date \_\_\_\_\_

Sworn to and subscribed before me  
 this 26 day of September 2018.

[Signature]  
 Notary Public, State of Georgia



My Commission Expires: 02/25/2022 Notary Seal

(The complete names of all owners must be listed, if the owner is a partnership, the names of all partners must be listed, if a joint venture, the names of all members must be listed. If a separate sheet is needed to list all names, please identify as applicant or owner and have the additional sheet notarized also.)



City of Dawsonville  
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 415 Highway 53 East, Suite 100  
 Dawsonville GA 30534  
 Phone: (706) 265-3256

Zoning Amendment  
 Authorization

Property Owner Authorization

I / We PEACHTREE VILLAGE PARTNERS, LLC hereby swear that I / we own the property located at (fill in address and/or tax map & parcel #) NE CORNER OF PERIMETER RD / Hwy 953 as shown in the tax maps and/or deed records of Dawson County, Georgia, and which parcel will be affected by this request.

I hereby authorize the person(s) or entity(ies) named below to act as the applicant or agent in pursuit of the rezoning requested on this property. I understand that any rezone granted, and/or conditions or stipulations placed on the property will be binding upon the property regardless of ownership. The under signer below is authorized to make this application. The undersigned is aware that no application or reapplication affecting the same land shall be acted upon within 6 months from the date of the last action by the City Council.

Printed Name of Applicant or Agent FALL LEAF RESIDENTIAL, LLC  
 Signature of Applicant or Agent Tom B. White, Mgr Date 10-3-18  
 Mailing Address 6435 Shiloh Road Suite 100  
 City Alpharetta State Ga Zip 30005  
 Telephone Number 404 502 3305

Printed Name of Owner(s) PEACHTREE VILLAGE PARTNERS, LLC  
 Signature of Owner(s) By: B. H. Jones Date 9/26/18  
MANAGING MEMBER Date \_\_\_\_\_

Sworn to and subscribed before me  
 this 26 day of September 2018

Linda S. Coleman  
 Notary Public, State of Georgia

My Commission Expires: 02/25/2022 Notary Seal



The complete names of all owners must be listed, if the owner is a partnership, the names of all partners must be listed, if a joint venture, the names of all members must be listed. If a separate sheet is needed to list all names, please identify as applicant or owner and have the additional sheet notarized also.





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Zoning Amendment  
 Authorization

Property Owner Authorization

I / We PEACHTREE VILLAGE PARTNERS, LLC  
and COMMON GROUND PARTNERS, LLC hereby swear that I / we own the property  
 located at (fill in address and/or tax map & parcel #) PERIMETER RD and Hwy 9  
 as shown in the tax maps and/or deed records of Dawson County, Georgia, and which parcel will  
 be affected by this request.

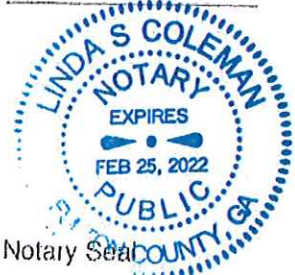
I hereby authorize the person(s) or entity(ies) named below to act as the applicant or agent in  
 pursuit of the rezoning requested on this property. I understand that any rezone granted, and/or  
 conditions or stipulations placed on the property will be binding upon the property regardless of  
 ownership. The under signer below is authorized to make this application. The undersigned is  
 aware that no application or reapplication affecting the same land shall be acted upon within 6  
 months from the date of the last action by the City Council.

Printed Name of Applicant or Agent FALL LEAF RESIDENTIAL, LLC  
 Signature of Applicant or Agent [Signature] Date 10-3-18  
 Mailing Address 6436 Shiloh Rd Suite 100  
 City Alpharetta State GA Zip 30008  
 Telephone Number 404 502 3305

Printed Name of Owner(s) PEACHTREE VILLAGE PARTNERS, LLC  
 Signature of Owner(s) By: Tony H. Join, Managing Member Date 9/24/18  
COMMON GROUND PARTNERS, LLC Date \_\_\_\_\_  
By: [Signature]

Sworn to and subscribed before me  
 this 24 day of September 2018.

[Signature]  
 Notary Public, State of Georgia



My Commission Expires: 02/25/2022 Notary Seal \_\_\_\_\_

(The complete names of all owners must be listed, if the owner is a partnership, the names of all partners must be listed, if a joint venture, the names of all members must be listed. If a separate sheet is needed to list all names, please identify as applicant or owner and have the additional sheet notarized also.)





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 Dawsonville, GA 30534  
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**Zoning Amendment  
 Adjacent Property  
 Owners**

ZA# \_\_\_\_\_

TMP# 093 048 093 048 001 093 049

It is the responsibility of the applicant to provide a list of adjacent property owners. This list must include the name and address of anyone who has property touching your property or who has property directly across the street from your property. (Use additional sheets if necessary)

**\*\*Please note\*\*** This information should be obtained at the Planning Office using the Tax Map Parcel Map listing any parcel(s) adjoining or adjacent to parcel where rezone is being requested.

- TMP # 093 059 1. Name(s): Common Ground Partners LLC  
 Address: 2905 Piedmont Road Suite C  
Atlanta Ga 30305
- TMP # 093 055 2. Name(s): Matthew W. Lond  
 Address: 52 Winding Creek Ct  
Dawsonville GA 30534
- TMP # 093 055 3. Name(s): Christopher & Becky A. Sayler  
 Address: 61 Winding Creek Ct  
Dawsonville GA. 30534
- TMP # 093 073 4. Name(s): Hannah Ader Crombie  
 Address: 868 Highway 9 S  
Dawsonville GA 30534
- TMP # 093 052 5. Name(s): Leroy Harper  
 Address: 796 Highway 9 S  
Dawsonville GA. 30534
- TMP # 093 053 6. Name(s): Tammy E. Chester  
 Address: 756 Highway 9 S  
Dawsonville GA. 30534
- TMP # 093 054 7. Name(s): Nolan A. & Debbie C. Smith  
 Address: 706 Highway 9 S  
Dawsonville GA 30534
- TMP # 093 054 8. Name(s): Mandi B. Smith  
 Address: 706 Highway 9 S  
Dawsonville GA. 30534
- TMP # 093 010 9. Name(s): Jimmy Jenkins  
 Address: P.O. Box 95  
Dawsonville GA 30534

**Adjacent Property Owner notification of a zoning amendment request is required.**



**City of Dawsonville**  
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 415 Highway 53 East, Suite 100  
 Dawsonville, GA 30534  
 Phone: (706) 265-3256

**Zoning Amendment  
 Adjacent Property  
 Owners**

ZA# \_\_\_\_\_

TMP# 093 048 093 048 001 **093  
049**

It is the responsibility of the applicant to provide a list of adjacent property owners. This list must include the name and address of anyone who has property touching your property or who has property directly across the street from your property. (Use additional sheets if necessary)

**\*\*Please note\*\*** This information should be obtained at the Planning Office using the Tax Map Parcel Map listing any parcel(s) adjoining or adjacent to parcel where rezone is being requested.

- TMP # 093 013 1. Name(s): Michael D. & Mary B. Davidson  
 Address: 6305 Hampton Brock Lane  
Cumming GA 30041
- TMP # 093 014 2. Name(s): Better Holdings LLC  
 Address: P.O. Box 574  
Dawsonville Ga 30534
- TMP # 093 067 3. Name(s): Deborah Mast  
 Address: 4252 Wieuca Road  
Atlanta Ga 30342
- TMP # 093 016 4. Name(s): Church of God PROPHECY  
 Address: 680 Highway 53 E  
Dawsonville Ga 30534
- TMP # 093 047 5. Name(s): Curtis Anderson and Karen McCord  
 Address: 2120 Perimeter Road  
Dawsonville GA 30534
- TMP # 093 043 6. Name(s): Curtis B. Anderson  
 Address: 4771 Summit Chase  
Gainesville GA 30506
- TMP # 093 047 7. Name(s): Farmington Woods LP  
 Address: 3825 Paces Walk Suite 100  
Atlanta Ga 30339
- TMP # 094 010 8. Name(s): Toxie Carl & Sandra Bynum  
 Address: 804 Collins Ave  
Warner Robins GA 31093
- TMP # 094 009 9. Name(s): Bradford & Heather Bowman  
 Address: 2337 Perimeter Road  
Dawsonville Ga 30534

**Adjacent Property Owner notification of a zoning amendment request is required.**



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 Phone: (706) 265-3256

**Zoning Amendment  
 Adjacent Property  
 Owners**

ZA# \_\_\_\_\_

TMP# 093 048 093 048 001 093 049

It is the responsibility of the applicant to provide a list of adjacent property owners. This list must include the name and address of anyone who has property touching your property or who has property directly across the street from your property. (Use additional sheets if necessary)

**\*\*Please note\*\*** This information should be obtained at the Planning Office using the Tax Map Parcel Map listing any parcel(s) adjoining or adjacent to parcel where rezone is being requested.

TMP # 094 008 1. Name(s): Stephanie Burt Talley  
 Address: 2363 Perimeter Road  
Dawsonville 30534

TMP # 094 007 2. Name(s): Theresa Stepp  
 Address: 125 Tribble Gap Road Apt. 203  
Cumming Ga 30040

TMP # 094 006 3. Name(s): Common Ground Partners LLC  
 Address: 2905 Piedmont Road NE Suite G  
Atlanta 30305

TMP # \_\_\_\_\_ 4. Name(s): \_\_\_\_\_  
 Address: \_\_\_\_\_

TMP # \_\_\_\_\_ 5. Name(s): \_\_\_\_\_  
 Address: \_\_\_\_\_

TMP # \_\_\_\_\_ 6. Name(s): \_\_\_\_\_  
 Address: \_\_\_\_\_

TMP # \_\_\_\_\_ 7. Name(s): \_\_\_\_\_  
 Address: \_\_\_\_\_

TMP # \_\_\_\_\_ 8. Name(s): \_\_\_\_\_  
 Address: \_\_\_\_\_

TMP # \_\_\_\_\_ 9. Name(s): \_\_\_\_\_  
 Address: \_\_\_\_\_

**Adjacent Property Owner notification of a zoning amendment request is required.**





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**Zoning Amendment  
 Campaign Disclosure**

Disclosure of Campaign Contributions  
 (Applicant(s) and Representative(s) of Rezoning)

**Pursuant to OCGA, Section 36-67 A-3.A, the following disclosure is mandatory when an applicant or any representation of application for rezoning has been made with two (2) years immediately preceding the filing of the applicant's request for rezoning, campaign contributions aggregating \$250.00 or more to a local government official who will consider the application for rezoning.**

**It shall be the duty of the applicant and the attorney representing the applicant to file a disclosure with the governing authority of the respective local government showing the following:**

1. Name of local official to whom campaign contribution was made:

\_\_\_\_\_

2. The dollar amount and description of each campaign contribution made by the opponent to the local government official during the two years immediately preceding the filing of the application for the rezoning action and the date of each such contribution.

Amount \$ \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Enumeration and description of each gift when the total value of all gifts is \$250.00 or more made to the local government official during the 2 years immediately preceding the filing application for rezoning: \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_  
 \_\_\_\_\_  
 \_\_\_\_\_

*N/A*

\_\_\_\_\_  
 Signature of Applicant / Representative of Applicant

\_\_\_\_\_  
 Date

**Failure to complete this form is a statement that no disclosure is required.**





**City of Dawsonville**  
 415 Highway 53 East, Suite 100  
 Dawsonville, GA 30534

ATTN: Beverly Banister, City Clerk  
 (706)265-3256

<b>INVOICE #</b>
18-01025

INVOICE DATE: 10/12/18  
 DUE DATE: 11/11/18

ACCOUNT ID: P-000349 PIN: 030566 FALL LEAF RESIDENTIAL LLC 2364 PERIMETER ROAD DAWSONVILLE GA, 30534
---

PERMIT INFORMATION  
 PERMIT NO: C8-00221  
 LOCATION: 2364 PERIMETER ROAD  
 OWNER: FALL LEAF RESIDENTIAL LLC

QUANTITY/UNIT	SERVICE ID	DESCRIPTION	UNIT PRICE	AMOUNT
		Permit No: C8-00221		
1.0000	P-0143	Zoning Request to PUD Permit No: C8-00221	500.00000	500.00
21.0000/EA	P-0155	CERTIFIED MAIL FEE Permit No: C8-00221	6.56000	137.76
			TOTAL DUE:	\$ 637.76
		Prn Payment: 10/12/18 CK 1883		-637.76
			BALANCE:	\$ 0.00

-----  
**PAYMENT COUPON - PLEASE DETACH AND RETURN THIS PORTION ALONG WITH YOUR PAYMENT**

City of Dawsonville  
 415 Highway 53 East, Suite 100  
 Dawsonville, GA 30534

INVOICE #: 18-01025  
 DESCRIPTION: Permit No: C8-00221  
 ACCOUNT ID: P-000349 PIN: 030566  
 DUE DATE: 11/11/18  
 TOTAL DUE: \$ 0.00

FALL LEAF RESIDENTIAL LLC  
 2364 PERIMETER ROAD  
 DAWSONVILLE GA, 30534







DAWSONVILLE CITY COUNCIL  
EXECUTIVE SUMMARY FOR  
AGENDA ITEM # 10

SUBJECT: Zoning Ordinance

DATE(s): \_\_\_\_\_ WORK SESSION 12/03/2018 CITY COUNCIL MEETING

BUDGET INFORMATION: GL ACCOUNT # \_\_\_\_\_

Funds Available from: \_\_\_\_\_ Annual Budget \_\_\_\_\_ Capital Budget Other \_\_\_\_\_

Budget Amendment Request from Reserve: \_\_\_\_\_ Enterprise Fund \_\_\_\_\_ General Fund

**PURPOSE FOR REQUEST: PUBLIC HEARING AND SECOND READING AND VOTE**

Request to update and amend the Zoning Ordinance

First reading Nov. 5, 2018, Second reading and vote Dec. 3, 2018.

**HISTORY/ FACTS / ISSUES**

This ordinance was last updated in 2011. Sections such as Article XIII-PUD do not function as intended. Other sections required refinement in order to function correctly. Additional items including new zoning districts have been added in order to add more versatility and functionality within the ordinance.

**OPTIONS:**

Approve/deny or request additional changes.

**RECOMMENDED SAMPLE MOTION:**

Recommend approval of updated Zoning Ordinance as amended.

DEPARTMENT: Planning and Zoning

REQUESTED BY: Robbie Irvin, Planning Director



October 29, 2018

To: The Honorable Mike Eason, Mayor  
& City of Dawsonville Council

Re: Staff Recommendation; Zoning Ordinance Revision

Gentlemen,

The following is a summary of the changes being proposed for the City of Dawsonville Zoning Ordinance.

- Definitions have been added and modified.
- Land Use districts have been modified/deleted/added.
- Parking requirements have been modified.
- General provisions including home occupations, yard sales, etc. have been modified.
- Rules for Bed and Breakfast establishments and Short-Term Rentals have been added.
- Powers of the Planning Director, Planning Commission, City Council have been clarified and modified.
- An administrative variance procedure has been added.
- Guidelines for Variances, Conditional Uses and Map Amendments have been clarified.
- Height restrictions in all zoning categories have been modified.
- R3R, Manufactured Home Subdivision District has been deleted.
- A new section RMM, Residential Manufactured/Moved governing mobile homes and moved houses has been created.
- A new section RPC, Residential Planned Community has been created this will serve to replace the PUD zoning district.
- PUD, Planned Unit Development District has been deleted.
- A new section RCT, Residential Cottage has been created.
- General rules for commercial districts including maintenance of properties, lighting regulations etc. have been created or modified.
- A new section, C-PCD, Commercial Planned Comprehensive Development District has been created. This will also serve to replace the PUD district.
- A new section, MUV, Mixed Use Village District has been created.
- A special overlay district IBD, Incentivized Business District Overlay Zone has been created to help attract business.

The Planning and Zoning staff would recommend approval.

Please let me know if you have any questions regarding this matter.

Sincerely,

R.J. Irvin  
Planning Director, City of Dawsonville

Planning and Zoning Department  
City of Dawsonville  
415 Hwy 53 E, Suite 100  
Dawsonville, GA 30534  
Office Phone: 706-265-3256  
Fax: 706-265-4214  
[planning@dawsonville-ga.gov](mailto:planning@dawsonville-ga.gov)

First Reading: 11/05/2018

Public Hearing and Second Reading: 12/03/2018

Passed: \_\_\_\_\_

**ZONING ORDINANCE  
PART I- PRELIMINARY  
CITY OF DAWSONVILLE GEORGIA**

**AN ORDINANCE REPEALING THE ZONING ORDINANCE OF THE CITY OF DAWSONVILLE, GEORGIA ADOPTED ON JUNE 2, 2003, AS AMENDED, AND ADOPTING A NEW ZONING ORDINANCE FOR THE CITY OF DAWSONVILLE, GEORGIA FOR THE PURPOSE OF REGULATING THE LOCATION, HEIGHT, BULK, NUMBER OF STORIES AND THE SIZE OF BUILDINGS AND STRUCTURES; THE AMOUNT OF LOT WHICH MAY BE OCCUPIED; THE SIZE OF YARDS, COURTS, AND OTHER OPEN SPACE; THE DENSITY AND DISTRIBUTION OF POPULATION; THE USE OF BUILDINGS, STRUCTURES, AND LAND FOR TRADE, INDUSTRY, COMMERCE, RESIDENCE, RECREATION, AGRICULTURE, CONSERVATION, WATER SUPPLY, SANITATION, PUBLIC ACTIVITIES, AND OTHER PURPOSES; CREATING DISTRICTS FOR SAID PURPOSES AND ESTABLISHING THE BOUNDARIES THEREOF; DEFINING CERTAIN TERMS USED HEREIN; PROVIDING FOR THE METHOD OF ADMINISTRATION AND AMENDMENT; DEFINING THE COMPOSITION, POWERS AND DUTIES OF THE PLANNING COMMISSION, BOARD OF APPEALS, HISTORIC PRESERVATION COMMISSION, BUILDING INSPECTOR, AND GOVERNING AUTHORITY; PROVIDING PENALTIES FOR VIOLATION; REPEALING CONFLICTING REGULATIONS; AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES.**

WHEREAS the Constitution of the State of Georgia provides in Article IX, Section II, Paragraph IV thereof, that the governing body may adopt plans and exercise the power of zoning; and

WHEREAS, the Georgia General Assembly has enacted the Georgia Planning Act of 1989, (Georgia Laws, 1989 pp. 1317-1391, Act 634) which among other things provides for local governments to adopt plans and regulations to implement plans for the protection and preservation of natural resources, the environment, vital areas, and land use; and

WHEREAS, The City finds that the regulations contained in this Ordinance are necessary for the purposes of implementing its comprehensive plan adopted pursuant to the requirements of the Georgia Planning Act of 1989; and

WHEREAS, this Ordinance has been prepared and considered in accordance with the Zoning Procedures Act, O.C.G.A. § 36-66-1 et. seq., and

WHEREAS, this Ordinance is necessary for the purposes of promoting the health, safety, morals, convenience, order, prosperity and the general welfare of the City of Dawsonville;

NOW THEREFORE, the Council of the City of Dawsonville, Georgia, hereby ordains as follows:

Appendix A- Zoning of Subpart B- Land Development Regulations is repealed in its entirety and in its stead, the following Appendix A- Zoning is adopted:

**Appendix A- Zoning:**



## ARTICLE I. - PREAMBLE AND ENACTMENT CLAUSE

Pursuant to the authority conferred by the 1983 Georgia State Constitution, Article IX, Section II, Paragraph IV, and for the purpose of promoting the health, safety, convenience, order, prosperity, and general welfare of the present and future inhabitants of the City of Dawsonville and the State of Georgia, including among other purposes the lessening of congestion in the streets; securing safety from fire, flood, panic, and other dangers; promoting health and the general welfare; providing adequate light and air; preventing the overcrowding of land and avoiding both undue concentration of population and urban sprawl; facilitating the adequate provision of transportation, water, sewerage service, schools, parks, and other public requirements; promoting such distribution of population, classification of land uses, distribution of land uses and distribution of land development and utilization as will tend to facilitate and promote desirable living conditions and the sustained stability of neighborhoods; preserving buildings, structures and uses in areas having national, regional, state or local historic or environmental significance; improving the aesthetic appearance of the city; protecting property against blight and depreciation; securing economy in governmental expenditures; conserving the value of buildings; and encouraging the most appropriate use of land, buildings and structures throughout the City of Dawsonville, all in accordance with a comprehensive plan for the development of the City of Dawsonville, the city council does hereby ordain and enact into law the following articles and sections.

## ARTICLE II. - SHORT TITLE

These regulations shall be known and may be cited as the "Zoning Ordinance of the City of Dawsonville."

## ARTICLE III. - DEFINITIONS OF TERMS USED IN ORDINANCE

### Sec. 301. - Definitions.

When used in this ordinance, the following words and phrases shall have the meaning given in this article. Terms not herein defined shall have their customary dictionary definitions where not inconsistent with the context. The term "shall" is mandatory. When not inconsistent with the context, words used in the singular number include the plural and those used in the plural number include the singular. Words used in the present tense include the future.

**Abutting:** Having property or district lines in common, or having property separated by only an alley. Separation by a street right-of-way is not considered abutting.

**Accessory building or use:** A building or use which: is subordinate to and serves a principal building or principal use; is subordinate in area, extent, or purpose to the principal building or use served; contributes to the comfort, convenience or necessity of occupants of the principal building or principal use; and is located on the same lot as the principal building or principal use.

**Agriculture:** The cultivation or growth of a field or horticultural crop, including dairying, livestock and poultry raising, farm forestry, and other similar enterprises or uses.

**Agriculturally related uses:** Means those activities that predominantly use agricultural products, buildings or equipment, such as pony rides, corn mazes, pumpkin rolling, barn dances, sleigh/hay rides, and educational events, such as farming and food preserving classes, etc.

**Agricultural products:** includes but is not limited to, crops; fruit, cider and vegetables, floriculture, herbs, forestry, husbandry, livestock and livestock products; aquaculture products, horticultural specialties, etc.

**Agriculturally related products:** means items sold at a farm market to attract customers and promote the sale of agricultural products. Such items include, but are not limited to, all agricultural and horticultural products, animal feed, baked goods, ice cream and ice cream based desserts and beverages, jams, honey, gift items, food stuffs, clothing and other items promoting the farm and agriculture in Georgia, and value-added agricultural products and onsite production.

**Agricultural Tourism and/or -tourism:** Shall mean the practice of visiting and agribusiness, horticultural or agricultural operation, including, but not limited to, a farm, orchard, winery, greenhouse, hunting preserve, a companion animal or livestock show, for the purpose of recreations, education, or active involvement in the operation, other than as a contractor or employee of the operation.

**Airport:** Any area of land, water or mechanical structure which is used for the landing and takeoff of aircraft, including any appurtenant structures and areas which are used or intended to be used for airport buildings, other airport facilities, rights-of- ways or easements.

**Alley:** A private or public thoroughfare, which affords only a secondary means of access to a building or abutting property and is not intended for general traffic circulation.

**Alteration:** Any change in the supporting members of a building, any modification or change in construction, any addition which increases the area or height, any change in use from that of one district classification to another, or movement of a building from one location to another.

**Animal hospital:** A facility operated by a licensed veterinarian specifically for the practice of veterinary medicine.

**Antique shop:** A store or shop for the sale of relics, objects of ancient times or of an earlier period, works of art, pieces of furniture or decorative objects made at a much earlier period than present.

**Apartment house:** A multifamily dwelling located on a parcel of land under a single ownership, designed for use by three or more housekeeping units, living independently of each other, and doing their own cooking on the premises.

**Appeals board:** The planning commission will hear all appeals and variance requests. Any appeal from the planning commission decision will be de novo to the city council. Any appeal from the city council decision will be by certiorari on the record from the city council to the Superior Court of Dawson County.

**Architectural features, exterior:** The architectural style, general design and general arrangement of the exterior of a building or other structure, including but not limited to, the kind or texture of the building material and the type and style of all windows, doors, signs and other appurtenant architectural fixtures, features, details or elements relative to the foregoing.

**Area of shallow flooding:** A designated AO or VO zone on a community's flood insurance rate map (FIRM) with base flood depths from one to three feet where a clearly defined channel does not exist, where the path of flooding is unpredictable and indeterminate, and where velocity flow may be evident.

**Art gallery:** A facility, structure or building used for the display of sculptures, paintings, photographs or other artistic works for public viewing with only incidental sales.

**Automated teller:** An accessory facility through which certain banking functions such as deposits and withdrawals can be completed without the personal assistance of a bank employee.

**Bakery bake shop:** The use of a structure or building for the production and retail sale of bakery products, including but not limited to breads, cakes, pastries and doughnuts. Wholesale bakeries are not included in this definition.

**Basement:** That portion of a building located wholly or partly underground but having less than one-half of its height above the grade.

**Bed and breakfast inn:** A dwelling unit, or portion thereof, where short-term lodging rooms, with or without meals, are provided for compensation, and where the operator of the inn resides on the premises.

**Berm:** An earthen structure used as a screening device in conjunction with the planting of grass, shrubbery and trees.

**Boarding house:** A building, where for compensation, both lodging and meals are provided for persons, provided that a single-family dwelling shall not be deemed to be a boarding house by reason of a contribution to or expense sharing arrangement with the owner or tenant occupying the dwelling by a person related by blood or marriage.

**Broadcasting studio:** A room or suite or rooms operated as a radio or television broadcasting studio or station with local broadcast capability or intended for satellite distribution of programs.

**Buffer:** A landscaped open space and/or screen located between land uses for the purpose of visibly separating uses through distance and to shield or block noise, light, glare, or visual or other nuisances; that portion of a given lot, not covered by buildings, pavement, parking, access and service areas, established for the purpose of screening and separating properties, the width of which is measured from the common property line and extending the developed portion of the common property line. A buffer consists of trees, shrubs and other natural vegetation undisturbed by grading or site development and replanted where sparsely vegetated or where disturbed for approved access and utility crossings.

**Buildable area:** The portion of a lot remaining after required yards, buffers and building setbacks have been provided, where construction of principal buildings is permitted.

**Building:** Any structure, either temporary or permanent, above or below ground, having a roof or other covering, and designed, built, or used as a shelter or enclosure for persons, animals, or property of any kind, including tents, awnings, or vehicles used for purposes of a building.

**Building addition:** Any walled and roofed expansion to the perimeter of a building in which the addition is connected by a common load-bearing wall other than a firewall. Any walled and roofed addition which is connected by a firewall or is separated by independent perimeter loadbearing walls is new construction.

**Building, elevated:** A non-basement building built to have the lowest floor elevated above the ground level by means of fill, solid foundation perimeter walls, pilings, columns (posts and piers), shear walls, or breakaway walls.

**Building Height:** The vertical distance from the average grade to the highest point of the coping of a flat roof or to the deck line of a mansard roof or the average point of a pitch or hip roof. The term "as engineered" denotes that building height for the structure has been established by the architectural and engineering team responsible for the design of said structure.

**Building official:** See Planning Director or designee

**Building, principal:** A building or structure in which is conducted the main use of the property on which the building or structure is located. In any residential district, any structure containing a dwelling unit shall be defined to be the principal building on the lot on which said structure is located.

**Building setback line:** A line establishing the minimum allowable distance between the main or front wall of a building, including any covered porches, and the street right-of-way or property line when measured perpendicularly thereto. In the case of corner lots or double frontage lots, front yard requirements shall be observed for those areas adjacent to street rights-of-way.



**Bulk:** A term used to describe the size and shape of a building or structure and its relationship to other buildings, to the lot area for a building and to open spaces and yards.

**Bus terminal:** An area and building where buses stop to load and unload passengers and luggage or packages and which may include the sale of bus tickets.

**Campground:** Land containing two or more campsites which are located, established or maintained for occupancy by people in temporary lodging units such as camp tents, or cabins, for recreation, education or vacation purposes.

**Car wash:** An establishment engaged in the business of washing domestic vehicles with self-serve, automated or staffed facilities.

**Carport:** An accessory structure or portion of a principal structure, consisting of a roof and supporting members such as columns or beams, unenclosed from the ground to the roof on at least two sides, and designed or used for the storage of motor vehicles or boats.

**Cemetery:** Land used or intended to be used for the burial of the dead and dedicated for cemetery purposes, but not including crematories and mortuaries.

**Centerline of street:** That line designated as the center of a public street. If a centerline has not been surveyed, it shall be the line running midway between the outside curbs, ditches or pavement ends of such street.

**Certificate of occupancy:** A legal document issued by the Planning Director or designee indicating that the building and use or reuse of a particular building or land is in conformity with all applicable codes and regulations, and that such building or land may be occupied for the purpose stated therein.

**Church:** An institution that people regularly attend to participate in or hold religious services, meeting and other purposes, including education, day care and recreation facilities when owned and operated by such church.

**Circus:** The temporary use of land offering entertainment and instruction in the form of such things as thrill rides, games of chance and skill, educational exhibits, display of oddities and the like. The term also includes carnivals and fairs.

**City engineer:** The engineer of the City of Dawsonville, or his authorized representative.

**Clinic:** A building designed and used for the diagnosis and treatment of patients that does not include overnight care facilities.

**Club:** A building or facilities owned or operated by a group for social, educational or recreational purposes, but not customarily for profit or to render a service that is customarily carried on for gain.

**Cluster Development:** A subdivision, planned development, or grouping of lots or dwellings arranged in such a way that open space is maintained throughout the area, that sensitive lands such as wetlands and steep slopes remain undeveloped, and that lot layout requires a reduced amount of street and utility placement.

**College:** A degree-granting establishment, accredited or qualified, which provides formal academic education and generally requiring for admission at least a high school diploma or equivalent academic training. Accessory uses under this definition include but are not limited to dormitories, cafeterias, bookstores, research facilities, sports facilities and auditoriums.

**Commercial-residential group project:** One or more buildings containing both a permitted commercial operation(s) and a residential use(s) within such building(s). It is typically characteristic of a commercial-residential group project to have the residential unit or units occupied by the owners, operators, lessees, or employees of the shop, business or office which occupies the same building or project.

**Common Open Space:** Publicly or privately owned undeveloped open space intended for aesthetic, recreation, public safety, or other conservation purposes, to be used by the owners or residents of a particular development or the public in general.

**Compatibility:** The characteristics of different uses or activities that permit such uses or activities to be located near each other in harmony and without conflict. Some elements affecting compatibility include: intensity of occupancy as measured by dwelling units per acre or gross square footage per acre; pedestrian or vehicular traffic generated; volume of goods handled, and such environmental affects as noise, vibration, odor, glare, air pollution or radiation.

**Comprehensive plan:** Those coordinated plans or portions thereof which have been prepared by or for the governing body for the physical development of the jurisdiction; or any plans that designate plans or programs to encourage the most appropriate use of the land in the interest of public health, safety and welfare.

**Conditional use:** A use which would not be appropriate without restriction throughout a zoning district and is not automatically permitted by right within a zoning district, but which may be permitted within a zoning district subject to meeting specific conditions (such as controls on number, size, area, location and activities) contained in these regulations or required by the governing body in accordance with the regulations established herein.

**Conditional zoning:** The granting or adoption of zoning for property subject to compliance with restrictions as to use, size, density or actions stipulated by the governing body to mitigate adverse impacts that are anticipated without imposition of such conditions.

**Condominium (residential building):** A building or complex of multiple-unit dwellings in which a tenant holds full title to his unit and joint ownership in the common grounds.

**Contractor's establishment:** An establishment engaged in the provision of construction activities including but not limited to plumbing, electrical work, building, paving, carpentry and other such contracting activities, including the storage of materials and the overnight parking of commercial vehicles.

**Convalescent home:** A home for the care of children or the aged or infirm, or a place of rest for those suffering bodily disorders, wherein two or more persons are professionally cared for.

**Convenience store:** A small retail store, 5,000 square feet or less, which sells convenience items as its primary sales. A convenience store may include the sale of gasoline and diesel fuel, but such sales shall be accessory to the primary sale of convenience goods.

**Conventional Construction:** A building constructed on the building site from basic materials delivered to the site and from lumber cut on the job. A conventional building is subject to local codes and ordinances.

**Conversion:** Any change in the original use or purpose of a building or lot to a different use.

**Cul-de-sac:** A street having one end open to traffic and being permanently terminated by a vehicular turn-around.

**Curb cut:** A provision for vehicular ingress and/or egress between property and an abutting public street.

**Day care center:** A childcare facility, pre-kindergarten, play or other special school for young children (other than at public or private elementary schools) providing, for compensation, care and maintenance to seven or more children under age 17 for a period of 12 hours or less, typically during normal daytime hours. A day care center of six children or less is considered to be a home occupation.

**Deciduous:** Falling off or shedding seasonally or at a certain stage of development in the life cycle.

**Density:** The number of dwelling units developed, or to be developed, per gross acre of land, or the gross square footage of a building per acre of land.

**Department store:** A retail facility which offers the sale of various goods and merchandise and serves a regional market as opposed to a facility serving only neighborhood markets. A department store is typically at least 40,000 square feet in area and serves as an anchor for smaller retail stores and shops, usually located in a shopping mall or center.

**Development:** Any manmade change or improved or unimproved real estate including, but not limited to buildings or other structures, mining, dredging, filling, grading, paving, excavation, drilling operations, or permanent storage of materials or equipment.

**Developmentally disabled person:** A person with a disability resulting in substantial functional limitations in such person's major life activities which disability is attributable to mental retardation, cerebral palsy, epilepsy, or autism or is attributable to any other condition related to mental retardation because such condition results in impairment of general intellectual functioning or adaptive behavior similar to that of mentally retarded persons.

**District, zoning:** A geographical area or areas, designated with the use of symbols on the official zoning map, wherein uses of land are restricted in type, size, height and other limitations as established in these regulations.

**Dormitory:** A building that is owned and/or operated by an educational institution, the primary purpose of which is to provide living accommodations for individuals associated with the institution, but which does not include individual kitchen facilities.

**Drive-in:** A retail or service enterprise wherein service is provided to the customer within a motor vehicle on the outside of the principal building.

**Drive-in theater:** A facility designed for the outdoor projection of motion pictures onto a permanent screen to be viewed from the patron's auto.

**Dry cleaners:** An establishment engaged in providing laundry, dyeing and dry-cleaning services to individual customers.

**Dry cleaning plant:** An establishment engaged in providing laundry, dyeing and dry-cleaning services on a large scale for institutions, businesses or other such establishments.

**Dwelling:** A building, other than a manufactured home or house trailer, designed, arranged or used for permanent living, and/or sleeping quarters.

**Dwelling, multifamily:** A building designed for or occupied exclusively by two or more single housekeeping units with separate kitchen or housekeeping facilities for each family or housekeeping unit, including apartments, duplexes, row houses, condominiums, town houses, and similar housing types but not including motels, hotels, lodging houses, hospitals, nursing homes, or public institutions such as prisons and mental institutions.

**Dwelling, single-family:** A building designed or arranged to be occupied by one single housekeeping unit only.

**Dwelling unit:** A building, or portion thereof, designed, arranged and used for living quarters for one or more persons living as a single housekeeping unit with cooking facilities, but not including manufactured homes and units in hotels or other structures designed for transient residence.

**Easement:** A nonpossessory interest in land; a grant by a property owner for the use by the public, a corporation or persons, of a portion of land for a specified purpose or purposes.

**Exterminator:** An establishment engaged in the service of killing insects, mice, rats or other pests.



**Facade:** The exterior wall of a building exposed to public view or that wall viewed by persons not within the building.

**Factory-Built Housing:** Georgia law has now changed "Factory-Built Housing" to "Industrial Building." See Industrialized Building.

**Family:** An individual, or two or more persons related by blood, marriage, adoption or guardianship, or a group of not more than four unrelated persons, occupying a single dwelling unit and using the same cooking facilities; provided however that domestic servants employed on the premises may be housed on the premises without being counted as a separate family or families. Any group which is licensed by the State of Georgia, or any political subdivision thereof, which contains up to six developmentally disabled persons and up to two supervisors or surrogate parents residing on the premise at one time shall constitute a family.

**Farm:** An area of land principally devoted to agriculture.

**Farm supply store:** An establishment engaged in the retail sale of animal feeds, fertilizers, agricultural chemicals, pesticides, seeds and other such farm supplies.

**Fence:** A structural barrier for enclosure, screening or demarcation, presenting a solid face or having openings amongst or between its constituents' members; also, a wall separate from or extending from a building.

**Flea market:** The use of land, structures or buildings for the sale of produce or goods, usually second or cut-rate.

**Flood, base:** The flood having a one percent chance of being equaled or exceeded in any given year, also known as the 100- year flood.

**Flood, flooding:** A general and temporary condition of partial or complete inundation of normally dry land areas from the overflow of inland waters or the unusual and rapid accumulation or runoff of surface waters from any source.

**Flood hazard area, special:** Special flood hazard areas are those lands subject to periodic flooding and shown on the flood insurance rate map and/or flood hazard boundary map as a numbered or unnumbered "A" zone, subject to a one percent or greater chance of flooding in any one given year.

**Flood hazard boundary map (FHBM):** An official map of a community, issued by the Federal Emergency Management Agency, where the boundaries of the areas of special flood hazard have been designated as zone A.

**Flood insurance rate map (FIRM):** An official map of a community, on which the Federal Emergency Management Agency has delineated both the areas of special flood hazard and the risk premium zones applicable to the community.

**Flood insurance study:** The official report provided by the Federal Insurance Administration containing flood profiles as well as the flood hazard boundary-floodway map and the water surface elevation of the base flood.

**Flood proofing:** Any combination of structural and nonstructural additions, changes, or adjustments to structures which reduce or eliminate flood damage to real estate or improved real property, water and sanitary facilities, structures and their contents.

**Floodplain:** An area within the flood contour elevations subject to periodic flooding as designated by federal, state, regional, county or local studies.

**Flood way:** The channel of a river or other watercourse and the adjacent land areas that must be reserved in order to discharge the base flood without cumulatively increasing the water surface elevation more than one foot.

**Floor:** The top surface of an enclosed area in a building (including basement), i.e., top of slab in concrete slab construction or top of wood flooring in wood frame construction. The term does not include the floor of a garage used solely for parking vehicles.

**Floor Area:** The sum of the gross horizontal area of several floors of a building, measured from the exterior faces of the exterior walls, or from the centerline of walls separating two buildings, but not including:

1. Attic space providing headroom of less than seven (7) feet;
2. Basement or cellar, unless finished and heated for occupancy;
3. Uncovered steps or fire escapes;
4. Private garages, carports, or porches;
5. Accessory water towers or cooling towers; and
6. Accessory off-street parking or loading spaces.

**Floor, habitable:** Any floor usable for living purposes, which includes sleeping, working, eating, cooking or recreation, or a combination thereof. A floor used for storage only is not a habitable floor.

**Floor, lowest:** The floor of least elevation including basement and garage.

**Funeral home:** A building or part thereof used for human funeral services, which may contain space and facilities for: embalming and the performance of other services used in preparation of the dead for burial; performance of autopsies; storage of caskets; and chapel services.

**Furniture finishing and repair:** An establishment engaged in the stripping, cleaning, painting, staining, sealing, varnishing, or other like refinishing of the wood or metal components of furniture or the replacement or repair of broken or missing portions of a piece of furniture.

**Garage:** An accessory building or portion of a principal building used only for the private storage of motor vehicles and other personal property as an accessory use.

**Glare:** A sensation of brightness within the visual field that causes annoyance, discomfort, or loss in visual performance and visibility.

**Governing body:** The mayor and city council of the City of Dawsonville, duly elected by the citizens within the jurisdiction.

**Grade:** The average of the finished ground levels at the center of all walls of a building.

**Greenhouse:** A building designed or used for growing or propagating plants, with walls or roof usually designed to transmit light. Greenhouses shall not be construed to include commercial horticultural activities.

**Guest house:** A lodging unit for temporary guests in an accessory building. No such lodging unit shall contain independent cooking or kitchen facilities and shall not be rented or otherwise used as a separate dwelling.

**Height, building:** The vertical distance measured from the grade to the highest point of the coping of a flat roof; to the deck lines of a mansard roof; or to the mean height level between the eaves and ridge of a gable, hip or gambrel roof.

**Heliport:** An area, either at ground level or elevated on a structure, licensed or approved for the landing and takeoff of helicopters, and including auxiliary facilities such as parking, waiting room, fueling and maintenance equipment.

**Helistop:** A heliport, but without auxiliary facilities such as parking, waiting room, fueling and maintenance equipment.

**Historic structure:** Any structure that is: listed individually in the National Register of Historic Places (a listing maintained by the department of interior) or preliminarily determined by the secretary of the interior as meeting the requirements for individual listing on the national register; certified or preliminarily determined by the secretary of the interior as contributing to the historical significance of a registered historic district or a district preliminarily determined by the secretary to qualify as a registered historic district; individually listed on a state inventory of historic places in states with historic preservation programs which have been approved by the secretary of the interior; or individually listed on a local inventory of historic places in communities with historic preservation programs that have been certified either by an approved state program as determined by the secretary of the interior, or directly by the secretary of the interior in states without approved programs.

**Home occupation:** Any use, occupation or activity conducted entirely within the dwelling by the residents thereof, which is clearly incidental and secondary to the use of the dwelling for residence purposes and does not change the character thereof, and in connection with which there is no display, no stock-in-trade nor commodity sold or stored on the premises; and where only those persons residing on the premises are employed specifically in connection with the home occupation. Provided further, that no mechanical equipment is installed or used except such as is normally used for domestic purposes.

**Hospital:** An institution providing health services, for in-patients and medical or surgical care of the sick or injured, including as an integral part of the institution, such related facilities as laboratories, out-patients department, training facilities, central service facilities and staff offices.

**Hotel:** A public commercial lodging facility intended for use as temporary residence including meals, entertainment and various personal services provided for compensation to persons traveling for business, tourism or other visitation purposes in which ingress and egress from all rooms is made through an inside lobby or office supervised by a person in charge at all hours.

**Household pet:** An animal which is customarily kept for company or pleasure within a home or yard which is not exhibited to the public, nor raised for commercial purposes. Household pets include domestic canines, felines, tropical birds, fish, rabbits, rodents and other animals customarily sold in pet stores.

**Industrialized Building:** Any structure or component thereof or any modular home that is wholly or in substantial part made, fabricated, formed or assembled in manufacturing facilities for installation or assembly on a building site and that has been manufactured in such a manner that all parts or processes cannot be inspected at the installation site without disassembly, damage, or destruction and that does not have a permanent chassis.

**Inoperable vehicle:** Any motorized vehicle, other than those vehicles temporarily disabled, incapable of immediately being driven. Any motorized vehicle without a current vehicle registration tag shall be considered an inoperable vehicle.

**Junk/salvage yard:** Any property involving the abandonment, parking, storage or disassembly of junked or inoperable vehicles or junked machinery, the abandonment, storage, sale, or resale of used auto parts, tires, scrap iron, metal, used plumbing fixtures, old stoves, refrigerators and/or other old household appliances, used brick, wood, or other building/structural materials, used paper, rags or other scrap materials.

**Kenel:** The housing, breeding, boarding or training of four or more dogs, cats, or other domestic animals, whether or not it is operated for the purpose of providing income or revenue.



**Laboratory:** A place devoted to experimental study, such as testing and analyzing, but not including the manufacturing of product or products.

**Land-disturbing activity:** Any grading, scraping, excavating, or filling of land; clearing of vegetation; any other alteration of land which causes land and stream bank erosion, siltation or water pollution; and any construction, rebuilding or alteration of a structure.

**Landfill:** An area wherein solid wastes are placed, compacted and covered but specifically excluding hazardous or radioactive wastes.

**Landscape strip:** That portion of a given lot, not covered by buildings, pavement, parking, access and service areas, established as landscaped open space, the width of which is measured from a given property line and extending the developed portion of the property line. A landscape strip, as distinguished from a buffer, may be disturbed by grading or side development but shall be maintained as landscaped open space. A landscape strip may consist of grass lawns, decorative planting, berms, walls, fences or other approved features designed and arranged to produce an aesthetically pleasing effect within and outside of the development.

**Landscaping:** Changing, rearranging or adding to the original vegetation or scenery of a piece of land to produce an aesthetic effect appropriate for the use to which the land is put. It may include reshaping the land by moving the earth, as well as preserving the original vegetation.

**Landscaping service:** An establishment engaged in performing a variety of lawn and landscaping services such as lawn fertilizing, mowing, spraying and planting, and the planting and maintenance of landscaping.

**Land Use:** Any use of the land including, but not limited to, commercial, industrial, residential, agriculture, recreation, public utilities placement, forest management, or natural uses.

**Land Use District:** Land Use Districts are areas of land within the city which have different development standards and criteria. These differences are intended to promote the separation of incompatible uses and to retain the character of the community.

**Laundromat:** A business that provides home-type washing and drying machines for hire to be used by customers on the premises.

**Library:** A building in which literary, musical, artistic or reference materials are kept for use but not generally for sale.

**Loading and unloading space:** A space, typically with dimensions of 12 feet by 60 feet, logically and conveniently located for pickups and/or deliveries or for loading and/or unloading, scaled to delivery vehicles to be used, and accessible to such vehicles.

**Lodging house:** A fraternity house, sorority house, dormitory, or other such building designed and occupied, with or without separate kitchen or housekeeping facilities for each unit.

**Lot:** For purposes of the Ordinance, a lot is a parcel of land of at least sufficient size to meet minimum districts requirements for use, coverage, and area and to provide such yards and other open spaces as are herein required. Such lot shall have frontage on an improved public street, or on an approved private street or easement, and may consist of:

1. A single lot of record;
2. A portion of a lot of record;
3. A combination of complete lots of record, of complete lots of record and portions of lots of records, or of portions of lots of record;

4. A parcel of land described by metes and bounds; provided that in no case of division or combination shall any residual lot or parcel be created which does not meet the requirements of this Ordinance.

**Lot area:** The total horizontal area within the lot lines of a lot, exclusive of public street rights-of-way.

**Lot, corner:** A lot abutting upon two or more streets at their intersection.

**Lot coverage:** The part or percent of a lot occupied by buildings and structures, including accessory buildings and structures, but not including unenclosed parking areas.

**Lot depth:** The mean horizontal distance from the front lot line to the rear lot line.

**Lot, double frontage:** Any lot, other than a corner lot, which has frontage on two streets that do not intersect at a point abutting the property.

**Lot, flag:** A tract or lot of land of uneven dimensions in which the portion fronting on a public street is less than the required minimum width for construction of a building or structure on that lot.

**Lot frontage:** The width in linear feet of a lot where it abuts the right-of-way of any public street.

**Lot Line, Front:** For an interior lot, a line separating the lot from the street; and for a corner lot, a line separating either (but not both) frontage of the lot from the street.

**Lot Line, Rear:** For an interior lot, a line separating one lot from another on the opposite side of the lot from the front lot line; for corner lot either (but not both) interior lot line separating one lot from another; and for an irregular or triangular shaped lot, a straight line ten (10) feet in length that is parallel to and at the maximum distance from the front lot line.

**Lot Line, Side:** For an interior lot, a line separating one lot from the abutting lot or lots fronting on the same street; for corner lots, a line other than the front lot line separating the lot from the street or a line separating the lot from the abutting lot along the same frontage.

**Lots of Record:** Shall mean whenever a lot or plat has been legally and duly recorded with the County Clerk of Superior Court prior to the effective date of the Zoning Ordinance and actually exists as so shown or described, it shall be deemed a lot of record. In addition, lots legally recorded that met zoning standards in place at the time of recordation, but do not meet standards currently in place are also considered lots of record. Although said lot may not contain sufficient land area or lot frontage to meet the minimum lot size requirements of the current zoning such lot may be used as a building site provided that all other requirements of the district are met and that building plans are consistent with all state and local health codes.

**Lot width:** The horizontal distance between side lot lines measured at the minimum required front yard (regulatory front building set back) line.

**Mail order office:** An establishment which engages in the taking of requests for mail order or catalog merchandise by telephone, but not including the storage or distribution of such merchandise. The establishment where orders are picked up or taken in person is not considered a mail order office.

**Manufactured (Mobile) Home** – Shall mean a HUD-code manufactured or mobile home. Manufactured homes are structures transportable in one or more sections and which is built on a permanent chassis and designed to be used as a dwelling with or without a permanent foundation when connected to the required utilities, and includes the plumbing, heating, air-conditioning, and electrical systems contained therein, and is constructed in accordance with national codes. Manufactured (Mobile) Homes shall include items 1 thru 5 below:

1. Multi-Section Manufactured Home (MSMH) - a manufactured home (AKA a double-wide mobile home) that is factory finished in two or more sections built on a permanent chassis and towed to a building site where the sections are joined together.

2. Single-Section Manufactured Home (SSMH) - A manufactured home (AKA a mobile home) in one section with dimensions limited to highway clearance fourteen (14) feet wide and providing between six hundred (600) and one thousand (1,000) square feet of living space.
3. Tiny Homes
4. Park Models
5. Any other non-site-built structure which in area does not meet the minimum square feet required by the International Residential Code with Georgia amendments as adopted by this jurisdiction.

**Manufactured home park:** A parcel of land or any portion thereof under single ownership, which has been designed, planned, or improved for the placement of two or more manufactured homes for residential use, including land, buildings, and facilities used by the occupants of manufactured homes on such property.

**Manufactured home space:** A parcel of land within a manufactured home park that is reserved or leased for the placement of an individual manufactured home and accessory structures for the exclusive use of its occupants.

**Manufacturing, processing and assembling:** The mechanical or chemical transformation of materials or substances into new products. The land uses engaged in these activities are usually described as plants, factories or mills and characteristically use power driven machines and materials handling equipment. Establishments engaged in assembling component parts of manufactured products are also considered under this definition if the new product is neither a fixed structure nor other fixed improvement. Also included is the blending of materials such as lubricating oils, plastic resins or liquors.

**Marquee:** A permanent roof-like structure made of metal or other durable material affixed to the wall of a building.

**Material change in appearance:** A change that will affect either the exterior architectural or environmental features of a historic property or any building, structure, site, object, landscape feature or work of art within a historic district.

**Metes and bounds:** A system of describing and identifying land by distances or measures (metes) and bearings or direction (bounds) from an identifiable point of reference, such as a monument or other marker or the corner of intersecting streets.

**Micro-Planned/Pocket Development** shall mean a clustered group of 6-12 cottage style dwellings oriented around a common open space amalgamated into a coherent pedestrian-oriented development.

**Mini-warehouse:** A building or group of buildings in a controlled access and fenced compound that contains varying sizes of individual, compartmentalized stalls or lockers used for storage, including accessory office and/or night watchman's residence, but not including retail sale on the premises, commercial repair or other services, manufacturing or any other commercial use.

**Modular or Industrialized Housing:** shall mean a residential structure that is designed for the occupancy of one or more families; constructed in one or more modules or constructed using one or more modular components built at a location other than the permanent site; and designed to be used as a permanent residential structure when the module or the modular component is transported to the permanent site and erected or installed on a permanent foundation system. Industrialized housing includes the structure's plumbing, heating, air conditioning, and electrical systems. Industrialized housing does not include a residential structure that exceeds three stories or 49 feet in height; housing constructed of a sectional or panelized system that does not use a modular component; or a ready-built home constructed in a manner in which the entire living area is contained in a single unit or section at a temporary location for the purpose of selling and moving the home to another location.



**Motel:** A public commercial lodging facility intended for use as temporary residence including meals, entertainment and various personal services provided for compensation to persons traveling for business, tourism or other visitation purposes, distinguished from a hotel in that ingress and/or egress to and from all rooms is made primarily from an exterior walkway rather than from an interior lobby.

**Museum:** An establishment engaged in the procurement, care, study, and display of objects of historical, educational and cultural value and interest.

**New construction:** Any structure for which the building permit was obtained or construction starts after the effective date of these regulations. The term also includes any subsequent improvements to such structure.

**Nonconforming lot:** A lot, the area, width, or other characteristic of which fails to meet requirements of the zoning district in which it is located and which was of record as of July 5, 2004. Any lot, which was subsequently annexed into the Dawsonville city limits, which does not meet the requirements of the particular zoning district shall also be considered a nonconforming lot.

**Nonconforming structure:** Any building or structure which does not conform to the regulations governing the bulk, location, height or size of buildings or structures permitted in the district.

**Nonconforming use:** Any building or use of land or building lawfully existing at the effective date of these regulations or as a result of subsequent amendments to these regulations, which does not conform to the permitted use provisions established herein for the district in which it is located.

**Nuisance:** Anything that interferes with the use or enjoyment of property, endangers public health or safety, or is offensive to the senses of a reasonable person.

**Nursing home:** Any building in which aged, chronically ill or incurable persons are housed and furnished with meals and professional nursing care for compensation, but not including hospitals and mental health institutions.

**Office:** A building or portion thereof wherein services are performed involving predominantly administrative, professional or clerical operations and not involving retail sales or other sales of any kind on the premises.

**Official zoning map:** The map, which accompanies the zoning ordinance text, that delineates the geographic location of the boundaries of zoning districts established in this ordinance in relation to natural features, manmade features and/or property uses.

**Open air business:** Any commercial establishment that displays products in a non-enclosed area.

**Open space/Greenspace, landscaped:** That portion or portions of a given lot, not covered by buildings, pavement, parking, access and service areas, set aside and maintained as a buffer, landscape strip or other approved open area. Open spaces shall where feasible consist of at least 50 percent undisturbed natural vegetation. Walking trails within the open space shall be included where practical.

**Outdoor display, outdoor storage and outdoor sales:** The keeping, in an unenclosed area, of any goods, junk, material or merchandise in front of a business, building or establishment or in an area visible from a public street, for display, advertisement or purposes for attracting rental or sales. Such definition shall not be construed as to include the temporary loading or unloading of such goods, junk, material or merchandise to or from an enclosed area in which the period of time of storage is less than 24 hours and said items are not offered for attracting rental or sales during the temporary storage period. Further, this definition shall not include outdoor display, storage and sales in nonresidential zones of the City of Dawsonville, provided that:

1. The display, storage and sales are to be conducted by nonprofit organizations;
2. Said nonprofit organizations must be civic or religious entities which maintain a local organization located within Dawson County, Georgia;

3. The nonprofit organization must have received a permit from the City of Dawsonville and countersigned by the Sheriff of Dawson County for this activity at least 30 days in advance of the date upon which sales will occur; and

4. The display, storage and sales are not conducted upon any public road and are not conducted on a door-to- door basis.

**Owner:** Any individual, firm, association, syndicate, co-partnership, corporation, trust, or any other legal entity having sufficient proprietary interest in the land, including the attorney and agent thereof.

**Parking lot:** Any public or private open area used for the express purpose of temporary storage of private motor vehicles. A parking lot may be the principal use on a given lot or an accessory used to the principal use on a given lot.

**Parking space:** An area having typical dimensions of not less than nine feet by 20 feet and 300 square feet including maneuvering space within a parking lot, to be used exclusively as a temporary storage space for a motor vehicle.

**Permanent Residence:** Any building, structure or housing unit which is used as a residence for more that six (6) months per year.

**Permitted use:** A use by right which is specifically authorized in a particular zoning district.

**Person:** Any natural person, firm, partnership, association, social or fraternal organization, corporation, estate, trust, receiver, syndicate, branch of government, or any other group or combination acting as a unit.

**Personal care home:** A dwelling in which the aged or infirmed persons are boarded and receive personal care on a 24-hour basis, but not including professional treatment.

**Photography studio:** An establishment engaged in photography for the general public, including but not limited to portrait, passport, wedding and other special occasion photographs.

**Places of Worship:** means any church, temple, synagogue, or other place of organized religious assembly which qualify for tax exemption under O.C.G.A. § 48-5-41(a) (2.1) (A)

**Planned unit development (“PUD”):** A form of development usually characterized by a unified site design for a number of housing units, clustered buildings, common open space, density increases, and a mix of building types and land uses. The PUD zoning district has been eliminated.

**Planning commission:** The Dawsonville planning commission as established in this ordinance.

**Planning Director:** the administrative officer of the City of Dawsonville in all matter related to construction codes, permitting, zoning and business licensing or his authorized representative.

**Plat:** Includes a final map, diagram, drawing, re-plat or other writing containing all the descriptions, locations, specification, dedications, provisions, and information concerning a subdivision.

**Premises:** A lot as otherwise used in this ordinance.

**Principal Residence:** Shall mean any residence which occupies the major portion of a lot or constitutes, by reason of its use, the primary purpose for which the lot is used.

**Public Road:** Roads in the state, county, or city road system. Types of roads are as follows:

1. Arterial - Arterials are usually state and federal highways such as SR 53 designed to move traffic over greater distances and provide access to counties and states.
2. Collector Roads - The main function of collector roads is to provide access to arterials.

3. Local Road and Street - Local roads or streets are designed to provide access to abutting property such as a local street in a municipal area. Local roads and are not intended for through traffic.

**Public use:** Any building, structure or use owned and/or operated by the Federal Government, State of Georgia, Dawson County or other county, the City of Dawsonville or other municipality, or any authority, agency, board or commission of the above governments, which is necessary to serve a public purpose, such as but not limited to the following: government administrative buildings, police and fire stations, public health facilities and hospitals, public works camps, parks and intake, collection and treatment and pumping facilities, public housing facilities, jails and correctional centers.

**Recreation facility, commercial:** A use of land involving some form of recreational activity or activities operated as a business and open to the public for a fee.

**Recreational vehicle:** A vehicular type portable structure which can be towed, hauled or driven and is primarily designed as temporary living accommodations for recreational, camping and travel uses.

**Recreational vehicle (RV) park:** Any lot of land upon which two or more recreational vehicle sites are located, established or maintained for occupancy on a temporary basis by recreational vehicles of the general public as temporary living quarters by campers, vacationers or travelers.

**Recycling collection center:** A principal or accessory use that serves as a neighborhood or regional drop-off point for temporary storage of recoverable resources such as cans, bottles and newspapers, but specifically excluding processing of such resources.

**Recycling plant:** A facility in which recoverable resources such as cans, bottles and newspapers are recycled, reprocessed and treated to return such products to a condition in which they may again be used in packaging or for production.

**Rehabilitation:** The process of returning a property to a state of utility, through repair or alteration, which makes possible an efficient contemporary use while preserving those portions of the property which are significant to its historic, architectural and cultural values.

**Rehabilitation center:** Facilities authorized or licensed by appropriate agencies for the primary purpose of rehabilitation of offenders against the law; persons with drug or alcohol abuse problems; mentally handicapped; and physically handicapped.

**Residence:** a building, structure etc. which is or can be a person's home; and or the place where someone lives.

**Residence for caretaker or night watchman:** An accessory residence, which may be a manufactured home, located inside or in addition to the principal structure or use of a parcel of land, designed or occupied by security personnel for security reasons only.

**Residential district:** Any residential zoning district as indicated on the official zoning map.

**Restaurant:** Any place or premises used for sale, dispensing or service of food, refreshment or beverages.

**Restaurant, drive-in:** Any place or premises used for sale, dispensing or service of food, refreshment or beverage to person(s) in auto, including those establishments where customers may eat or drink on the premises.

**Rezoning:** An amendment to or a change in the official zoning map.

**Right-of-way:** That area, distinguished from an easement, which is owned in fee-simple title by the governing body or other government, for the present or future use of roads, streets, and highways, together with its drainage facilities and other supporting uses and structures.



**Rooming house:** A building where, for compensation, lodging only is provided.

**Sanitarium:** A hospital used for treating chronic and usually long-term illness.

**School:** A facility that provides a curriculum of elementary and secondary academic instruction. A school is considered public if operated by the county board of education.

**School, trade, technical, business:** An establishment in which is offered, for compensation, instruction in a trade, craft, technical field, or business skills.

**Screening:** A method of shielding, obscuring or buffering one use or building from another use or building by fencing, walls, berms, densely planted vegetation, natural vegetation or other means; a visual and acoustical barrier which is of such nature and density that provides year-round maximum opacity from the ground to a height of at least six feet or that screens structures and activities from view from the normal level of a first story window on an abutting lot.

**Semi-public use:** Any building, structure or use owned and/or operated by private utilities or private companies for a public purpose, or which is reasonably necessary for the furnishing of adequate service by such utilities, such as but not limited to the following: underground or overhead gas, electrical, steam or water distribution or transmission lines or systems, electric power substations, wires, towers, cables, and poles.

**Service station:** Any building, structure or land used for the retail sale of motor vehicle fuel, oil, accessories, and motor vehicle servicing, except that major repairs, body repairs, and painting of motor vehicles shall not be considered motor vehicle servicing.

**Setback:** The minimum horizontal distance between a right-of-way or the property boundary lines of a lot and the front, rear, or sidelines of a building located on that lot.

**Shopping center:** A group of commercial establishments, planned, developed, owned and managed as a unit, with off-street parking on the property.

**Site plan:** A graphic illustration, two-dimensional, prepared to scale, showing accurately and with complete dimensioning, the boundaries of a lot or tract and the location of all buildings, structures, uses and principal site development features proposed for a specific lot or tract of land.

**Slaughterhouse:** An establishment where animals are killed, butchered and prepared for further processing.

**Story:** That portion of a building comprised between a floor and the floor or roof next above.

**Street:** A public or private thoroughfare which is open to the general public and which affords the principal means of access to abutting property.

**Street, arterial:** Unless otherwise specified by the comprehensive plan, transportation element of the comprehensive plan or major thoroughfare plan, arterial streets are those streets and highway facilities, including full and partial access controlled highways and major urban area entrance highways, which are designed to carry the highest traffic volumes and the longest trips through and within an urban area.

**Street, collector:** Unless otherwise specified by the comprehensive plan, transportation element of the comprehensive plan or major thoroughfare plan, collector streets are those streets that collect traffic from minor streets or other collector streets and channel it to the arterial system. Collector streets provide land access and traffic circulation within residential neighborhoods, commercial and industrial areas.

**Street, public:** A dedicated and accepted public right-of-way which affords the principal means of access to abutting properties.

**Structure:** Anything constructed or erected, the use of which requires more or less permanent location on the ground, or which is attached to something having more or less permanent location on the ground, not including utility poles.

**Subdivider:** Any individual, firm, association, syndicate, co-partnership, corporation, trust, or any other legal entity commencing proceedings under this Ordinance to effect a subdivision of land hereunder for himself or for another.

**Subdivide Land:** To divide an area or tract of land into five (5) or more lots within a calendar year when such area or tract of land exists as a unit or contiguous units of land under a single ownership at the beginning of such year.

**Subdivision:** Subdivision means all divisions of a tract or parcel of land into two (2) or more lots, building sites, or other divisions for the purpose, whether immediate or future, or sale, or building development. See also The City of Dawsonville Land Development Regulations.

**Subdivision Amenity Area:** Shall mean the area situated within the boundaries of a residential development site intended for recreational purposes, and may include landscaped areas, patios, private lounges, pools, play areas and similar uses, but does not include any area occupied by a building's service areas, or access driveways.

**Substantial improvement:** Any combination of repairs, reconstruction, alteration, or improvement to a building, taking place during the life of a building, in which the cumulative cost equals or exceeds 50 percent of the market value of the building. The market value of the building should be (1) the appraised value of the building prior to the start of the initial repair or improvement, or (2) in the case of damage, the value of the building prior to the damage occurring. This term includes structures which have incurred "substantial damage," regardless of the actual repair work performed. For the purposes of this definition, "substantial improvement" is considered to occur when the first alteration of any wall, ceiling, floor, or other structural part of the building commences, whether or not that alteration affects the external dimensions of the building. The term does not, however, include any project for improvement of a building required to comply with existing health, sanitary, or safety code specifications which have been identified by the Code Enforcement Official and which are solely necessary to assure safe living conditions.

**Taxicab station:** An establishment engaged in furnishing passenger transportation by auto or van, not operating on regular schedules or between fixed terminals and containing space for taxicab fleets and related office facilities.

**Temporary use:** A prospective use, intended for a specified limited duration.

**Townhouse:** One of a group of three or more attached dwelling units under fee simple ownership.

**Transitional use:** A permitted use, building or structure that by nature or level and scale of activity acts as a transition or buffer between two or more incompatible uses.

**Tree:** Any self-supporting, woody perennial plant having a single trunk diameter of two inches or more which normally grows at maturity to an overall height of a minimum of 15 feet.

**Tree protection zone:** All areas of a lot or tract of land defined as the combined minimum front yard, minimum side yards, minimum rear yard or minimum buffer required by the particular district regulations within which such property is located.

**Truck stop:** An area principally devoted to the service re-fueling, temporary storage or parking of trucks, including accessory buildings, structures and uses such as restaurants.

**Truck terminal:** An area where cargo is stored for routing or reshipment and where trucks load and unload cargo on a regular basis, or an area in which semi-trailers and/or trucks are parked and stored.

**Unenclosed area:** Any area of a given lot or structure which is not covered with a roof and protected by opaque walls on each of the sides of said area or structure.

**Urban district:** "Urban district" means that area or tract(s) of land which is built up with structures devoted to business, industry, or dwelling houses situated at intervals of less than 100 feet for a distance of a quarter of a mile or more along any public or private street.

**Use:** Any purpose for which a building or structure or a tract of land may be designed, arranged, intended, maintained, or occupied; or any activity, occupation, business, or operation carried on, or intended to be carried on, in a building or structure or on a tract of land.

**Variance:** Except as otherwise provided for in this Code, variance shall mean a minimal relaxation or modification of the strict terms of the height, area, placement, setback, yard, buffer, landscape strip, parking and loading regulations as applied to specific property when, because of particular physical surroundings, shape, or topographical condition of the property, compliance would result in a particular hardship upon the owner, as distinguished from a mere inconvenience or a desire to make a profit.

**Warehouse:** A building or group of buildings for the storage of goods or wares, with access to contents only through management personnel.

**Wetland:** An area that is inundated by surface water or groundwater at a frequency and duration sufficient to support, and that under normal circumstances does support, a prevalence of vegetation typically adapted for life in saturated soil conditions, commonly known as hydrophytic vegetation.

**Wholesale distribution:** An establishment engaged in selling merchandise to retailers, to industrial, commercial, institutional or professional business users or to other wholesalers.

**Wrecked motor vehicle compound:** An area used to store disabled motor vehicles until such time as their disposition (either by junk, salvage or repair) has been determined by the insurance company, the owner of the vehicle, or his legal representative.

**Yard:** A space on the same lot with a principal building, which is open, unoccupied, and unobstructed by buildings or structures from ground to sky except where encroachments and accessory buildings are expressly permitted. A yard may contain parking and/or loading area unless otherwise specified by these regulations.

**Yard, front:** A space on the same lot with a principal building, extending the full width of the lot, and situated between the street right-of-way and the front line of the building projected to the side lines of the lot. In the case of a corner lot, both spaces with street frontage shall be considered front yards. In the case of double frontage lots, the spaces as defined above shall both be considered front yards.

**Yard, rear:** An open, unoccupied space on the same lot with a principal building, extending the full width of the lot and situated between the rear line of the lot and the rear line of the building projected to the sidelines of the lot.

**Yard, side:** A space on the same lot with a principal building, situated between the building and the side lot line and extending from the rear line of the front yard to the front line of the rear yard.

**Yard sale:** The temporary sale of home furniture, appliances, clothing and/or domestic items owned by an occupant of a residential dwelling and taking place on the premises on which such occupant resides, whether in the yard or in a carport or garage, usually as a result of the occupant moving/relocating to another place of residence. Yard sales which do not take place on the premises on which such occupant resides are considered open-air businesses and are permitted only as a conditional use in the CHB, commercial highway business district.



**Zero lot line:** The location of a building on a lot in such a manner that one or more building sides have no side building set back and rest directly on a side lot line.

**Zoning:** A police power measure in which the community is divided into districts or zones within which permitted uses, and in some cases conditional uses, are established as well as regulations governing lot size, bulk, height and other development requirements.

#### ARTICLE IV. - ESTABLISHMENT OF DISTRICTS; OFFICIAL ZONING MAP

##### Sec. 401. - Use districts.

For the purpose of this ordinance, the City of Dawsonville is hereby divided into use districts as set out below:

##### RESIDENTIAL ZONING DISTRICTS

- RA Restricted Agricultural District
- R1 Restricted Single-family Residential District
- R2 Single-Family Residential District
- R3 Single-Family Residential
- R6 Multiple-Family Residential District
- R3R Manufactured Home Subdivision
- RMM Residential Manufactured/Moved-In Home
- RMHT Manufactured Housing Temporary (12 months)
- RPC Residential Planned Community
- PUD Planned Unit Development District
- PCS Planned Conservation Subdivision District
- RCT Residential Cottage

##### COMMERCIAL ZONING DISTRICTS

- NB Neighborhood Business District
- HB Highway Business District
- TB Town Business (Historical District)
- CBD Central Business District
- INST Institutional District
- O Office District
- LI Light Industrial District
- CIR Restricted Industrial [Commercial District]
- CPCD Commercial Planned Comprehensive Development

MUV Mixed Use Village

SPECIAL DISTRICTS AND OVERLAYS

AP Annexed Property District

AIR Airport Overlay District

IBD Incentivized Business District

Sec. 402. - Official zoning map.

The location and boundaries of the above listed districts are hereby established as shown on a map entitled official zoning map of the City of Dawsonville Georgia. Said map, together with all explanatory matter thereon, is hereby adopted by reference and declared to be a part of this ordinance.

The official zoning map shall be identified by the signature of the mayor, attested by the city clerk, and bear the seal of the city or that of a notary public under the following words: "This is to certify that this is the official zoning map referred to in article IV of the Zoning Ordinance, City of Dawsonville, Georgia," together with the date of the adoption of the ordinance.

If in accordance with the provisions of this ordinance and the applicable laws of the State of Georgia, changes are made in boundaries or other matter portrayed on the official zoning map, such changes shall be entered on the official zoning map promptly after the amendment has been approved by the city council, with appropriate entry or indication of such amendment on the official zoning map. No amendment to this ordinance which involves matter portrayed on the official zoning map shall become effective until after such change and entry has been made on said map.

No changes of any nature shall be made in the official zoning map or matter shown thereon except in conformity with the procedures set forth in this ordinance. Any unauthorized change of whatever kind by any person or persons shall be considered a violation of this ordinance. Regardless of the existence of purported copies of the official zoning map which may from time to time be made or published, the official zoning map shall be maintained by the city clerk, shall be located at City Hall and shall be the final authority as to the current zoning status of land and water areas, buildings, and other structures in the city.

Sec. 403. - Replacement of official zoning map.

In the event that the official zoning map becomes damaged, destroyed, lost, or difficult to interpret because of the nature or number of changes and additions, the city council may adopt a new official zoning map which shall supersede the prior official zoning map. The new official zoning map may correct drafting or other errors or omissions in the prior official zoning map, but no such correction shall have the effect of amending the original official zoning map or any subsequent amendment thereof. The new official zoning map shall be identified by the signature of the mayor, attested by the city clerk, and bear the seal of the city or a notary public under the following words: "This is to certify that this official zoning map supersedes and replaces the official zoning map adopted (insert last adoption date) as part of the Zoning Ordinance of the City of Dawsonville, Georgia."

Unless the prior official zoning map has been lost, or has been totally destroyed, the prior map or any significant parts thereof remaining, shall be preserved, together with all available records pertaining to its adoption or amendment.

Sec. 404. - Interpretation of district boundaries.

1. Where boundaries are indicated as approximately following the centerline of streets or highways, street right-of-way lines or railroad right-of-way lines or such lines extended, such centerline, street right-of-way lines, or railroad right-of-way lines shall be construed to be such boundaries.
2. Where boundaries are indicated as approximately following the corporate limit line of the city, such corporate limit line shall be construed to be such boundaries.
3. Where boundaries are indicated as approximately following property lines or such lines extended, such property lines or such lines extended, as indicated by boundary survey, deed or legal description maintained in the official file of said zoning adoption or amendment, if available, shall be construed to be such boundaries.
4. Where boundaries are indicated as approximately following the centerline of streambeds or riverbeds, such centerline shall be construed to be such boundaries.
5. In the case where the exact location of a boundary cannot be determined by the foregoing methods, the planning commission shall, upon application, determine the location of the boundary.

Sec. 405. - Boundary line divides a lot of single ownership.

Where a boundary line as appearing on the official zoning map divides a lot in single ownership at the time of the enactment of these regulations, the requirements for the district in which the greater portion of the lot lies may be extended to the balance of the lot without recourse or amendment procedure, provided that this provision shall not apply to a double frontage lot. In the case of a double frontage lot, the restrictions of the district applying to the adjoining lots which front on the same street as the lot frontage in question shall apply.

Sec. 406. - Designation after street abandonment.

Where a public street, alley or other right-of-way is officially vacated or abandoned, the regulations applicable to the property to which it reverted or is combined with shall apply to such vacated or abandoned public street, alley, or right-of-way.

ARTICLE V. - NONCONFORMING LOTS, BUILDINGS, AND USES

Sec. 501. – Nonconforming purpose and intent.



Within the districts established by this ordinance, there exist certain incompatible lots, buildings, structures, signs and uses of land which were lawful before these regulations were adopted but which would be prohibited, regulated or restricted under the terms of these regulations or future amendments. It is the intention of this article to permit these nonconformities to continue, but not to encourage their survival. It is further the intent of these regulations that nonconformities shall not be enlarged upon, expanded or extended, nor be used as grounds for variances or for adding other structures or uses prohibited elsewhere in the same district.

#### Sec. 502. - Continuance of nonconforming use.

The lawful use of any building, structure, sign, or land existing at the time of enactment of these regulations may be continued, subject to the limitations of section 503, even though such use does not conform with the provisions of these regulations, except that the use of a principal building, structure or land containing a nonconforming use shall not be:

1. Changed to another nonconforming use;
2. Reestablished after discontinuance or abandonment for six months;
3. Expanded, enlarged or extended, unless such use is changed to a use permitted in the district in which such use is located;
4. Rebuilt, altered or repaired after damage exceeding 50 percent of its replacement cost at the time of destruction as determined by the Planning Director or designee, and provided such rebuilding, alteration or repair is completed within one year of such damage;
5. Moved in whole or in part to any other portion of the lot occupied by such use, except in conformity with these regulations. Nothing in this article shall be deemed to prevent the strengthening or restoring to a safe condition any building, structure, or portion thereof, declared to be unsafe by an official charged with protecting the public safety or health, upon order of such official. Changes in ownership or tenancy of a nonconforming use are permitted.
6. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary, if the nonconforming use is a manufactured house and the owner desires to replace the manufactured home, the replacement shall comply with all requirements of R3R or RMM and all current development regulations.

#### Sec. 503. - Expansion of nonconforming buildings.

A nonconforming building which contains a conforming use may be expanded, enlarged or extended, provided that any such additions meet the applicable yard and building setbacks, buffer and landscape strip requirements and all other regulations for the district in which it is located. This section shall not, however, be construed as to authorize the expansion of a nonconforming building for a use which is not permitted by the regulations for the district within which such building is located.

#### Sec. 504. - Buildings under construction.

Nothing in this article shall be deemed to require a change in the plans, construction, or designated use of any building on which actual construction was lawfully begun prior to the adoption of this Zoning Ordinance. However, all such construction must be completed within one year of the adoption of this Zoning Ordinance and if not, then the nonconforming use shall be deemed abandoned and the plans, construction and designated use must comply with this Zoning Ordinance.

## ARTICLE VI. - OFF-STREET PARKING, LOADING AND ACCESS REQUIREMENTS

### Sec. 601. - Off-street parking and loading spaces required.

Off-street auto parking and loading spaces shall be provided, as specified in this article, for uses and structures hereafter established in all districts at the time of initial construction of any principal building, unless otherwise exempted from this article. For developments phased in timing, parking and loading requirements may also be phased in accordance with the requirements applying for each particular time phase of development. Any building or use that is subsequently enlarged or converted to another use shall meet the off-street parking and loading space requirements of this article, for the enlarged or new use. Required parking and loading spaces shall be maintained and shall not be encroached upon by refuse containers, signs, or other structures, unless an equal number of spaces are provided elsewhere in conformance with these regulations. Required parking and loading spaces shall be provided with vehicular access to a public street or alley, unless such access is prohibited by these regulations. Off-street parking and loading facilities required shall be located on the same lot as the principal building or use. However, as much as 50 percent of the required number of parking spaces may be located within 400 feet of the principal building or use, provided proof of ownership or a valid lease agreement for use of such premises is provided to the Planning Director or designee. Such distance shall be measured between the nearest point of the parking facility and the nearest point of the principal building or use.

### Sec. 602. - Minimum number of off-street parking spaces required.

The minimum number of required off-street parking spaces for each type of permitted use shall be as indicated below. For uses not specifically listed, the off-street parking requirements shall be those of the most similar use as determined by the Planning Director or designee. The Planning Director or designee may also reference the latest American Planning Associations Parking Standards Report. When referencing APA Reports weight should be given to the jurisdiction listed with a population density closest to that of the City of Dawsonville. When the application of these parking requirements results in a fractional space requirement, the fractional space requirement shall be construed to mean one (1) additional space.

## USE CLASSIFICATION PARKING SPACE REQUIREMENTS

**Art Gallery:** One space for each 300 square feet of gross floor area auditorium, stadium, assembly hall, gymnasium or community center one space per four fixed seats in largest assembly room or area.

**Bank or financial institution:** One space for each 200 square feet of gross floor area.

**Barber or beauty shop:** Three spaces for each operator or chair. One space for each 200 feet of gross floor area.

**Boardinghouse or rooming house:** One space for each two guests plus one additional space for each resident manager or owner.

**Bowling alley:** Three spaces for each alley.

**Church or place of worship:** One space per four fixed seats in largest assembly room.

**Convenience retail store:** One space for each 200 square feet of gross floor area.

**Dance studio or school:** One space for each employee plus one space per 150 square feet of gross floor area.

**Day care center:** One space for each eight children, plus one space per employee.

**Food store:** One space per 200 square feet of gross floor area.

**Funeral home or mortuary:** One space for each four seats in largest assembly room.

**Furniture or appliance store:** One space per 600 square feet of gross floor area.

**Gasoline service station:** Two spaces per gasoline pump plus three space per service bay.

**Golf course:** Three spaces for each hole plus one space for each two employees.

**Health club, spa:** One space for each 150 square feet of gross floor area.

**Hospital, clinic, nursing home:** One space for each two beds plus one space for each staff or visiting doctor, plus one space for each three employees.

**Hotel, motel:** One space for each guestroom plus one space for each two employees on largest shift.

**Industrial or manufacturing:** Two spaces for each three employees on largest shift.

**Laundry, self-service:** One space for each washer-dryer combination. Library, museum: One space for each 200 square feet of gross floor area. Lodge, club: One space for each three seats in largest assembly room.

**Miniature golf course:** Three spaces per hole.

**Multiple-family residential uses (R3, R3R and PUD):** Two spaces per dwelling unit plus four spaces per leasing office, ten spaces per clubhouse or recreation center and one-half visitor space per dwelling unit.

**Office, general or professional:** One space for each 250 square feet of gross floor area.

**Office, medical or dental:** Six spaces per practitioner.

**Personal service establishment:** One space for each 200 square feet of gross floor area.

**Restaurant or lounge:** One space for each 100 square feet of gross floor area.

**Retail business:** One space for each 200 square feet of gross floor area.

**Sanitarium, rest, and convalescent home, personal care home:** One space for each four patient beds plus one space for each doctor and staff member.

**School, college, trade, vocational:** Ten spaces per classroom plus one space for each administrative or staff person.

**School, elementary:** Two spaces per classroom and administrative or staff person.

**School, high:** Ten spaces per classroom plus one space for each administrative or staff person.



**Self-service storage facility, mini-warehouse:** One space for each 20 storage stalls, plus two spaces for resident manager's office.

**Shopping center:** One space for each 200 square feet of gross floor area.

**Single-family residential uses (R1 and R2):** Two spaces per dwelling unit plus ten spaces per clubhouse or recreation center.

**Theater, cinema:** One space for each three seats.

**Wholesale:** One space for each 500 square feet of gross floor area.

**Sec. 603.- Maximum Number of Off-Street Parking Spaces Allowed.**

A. Purpose. Limiting the number of spaces allowed promotes efficient use of land, enhances urban form, encourages use of alternative modes of transportation, provides for better pedestrian movement, and protects air and water quality.

B. The maximum number of off-street parking spaces for any building or use shall not exceed the amount determined as follows:

1. Parking lots of more than 20 and less than 50 spaces. Parking lots may not have more than one hundred twenty percent (120%) of the minimum number of spaces required as identified in Section. 602.
2. Parking lots of 51 spaces or more. Parking lots may not have more than one hundred ten percent (110%) of the minimum number of spaces required as identified in Section 602.
3. Parking lots described in the above categories may be allowed up to one hundred fifty percent (150%) of the minimum number of spaces required as identified in Section 602. if the parking installed which exceeds the minimum requirement is installed using porous paving techniques or other ecologically friendly techniques.

The Planning Director or designee must approve any parking design, which exceeds the regularly allowed maximum number of spaces.

**Sec. 604. - Handicapped parking requirements.**

Each parking area of six or more spaces devoted to uses other than residential shall provide handicapped parking spaces (a minimum of 12 feet in width), counted as a part of the total parking required, in accordance with the following scale:

Total; Parking Requirements	Handicapped Spaces Required
6—25	1
26—50	2

51—75	3
76—100	4
101—150	5
151—200	6
201—300	7
301—400	8
401—500	9
501+	2% of total required

Sec. 605. - Minimum number of off-street loading spaces required.

On the same lot with every building, structure or part thereof, erected or occupied for manufacturing, storage, warehouse, truck freight terminal, goods display, department store, wholesale store, market, hotel, hospital, mortuary, laundry, dry cleaning, retail business or other uses similarly involving the receipt or distribution of vehicles, materials or merchandise, there shall be provided and maintained on the lot adequate space for the standing, loading and unloading services to avoid undue interference with public use of streets and alleys. Such loading and unloading space, unless otherwise adequately provided for, shall be an area 12 feet by 60 feet, with 14-foot height clearance, and shall be provided according to the following schedule.

Square feet of gross floor area or fractional part thereof. Uses in excess of 25,000 square feet shall provide loading spaces according to the following schedule:

Square Feet	Number of Spaces
25,001—99,999	2
100,000—159,999	3
160,000—239,999	4
240,000—349,999	5
for each additional 100,000 or fraction thereof	1 additional

All plans for off-street loading areas shall be subject to the approval of the Planning Director or designee.

Sec. 606. - Parking and loading area design requirements.

1. Improvement of parking lots: All parking areas containing more than five spaces shall meet the following requirements:

- a. They shall be graded to insure proper drainage, surfaced with concrete or asphalt, and maintained in good condition free of obstructions.
- b. Parking areas shall not be used for the sale, repair, dismantling or servicing of any vehicle, equipment, materials or supplies.
- c. Each parking space shall be clearly marked and directional arrows or signs shall be provided wherever necessary. Markers, directional arrows, and signs shall be properly maintained at all times.
- d. A parking lot pavement setback of ten feet from any public street right-of-way and five feet from any exterior property line shall be provided, except where access points and interconnections to other parcels have been approved. The parking lot pavement setback shall be increased to ten feet where such lot abuts a residential district. Concrete or other suitable curb stops shall be installed so as to prevent vehicle encroachment onto setback areas.
- e. Not less than ten percent of the total area devoted to parking shall be landscaped open space.
- f. Any lighting facilities installed shall be so arranged to prevent the direct illumination of adjacent residential properties or public streets.
- g. A site plan indicating property lines, parking areas, location of parking spaces, pavement setbacks, drainage facilities, paving materials, access, landscaped open space and other features required to ensure compliance with this article shall be submitted to the Planning Director or designee. A permit shall be required prior to the construction of new parking areas, or for the expansion or alteration of existing parking areas.

Sec. 607. - Curb cut and access specifications:

Access from public streets to all parking areas, regardless of the number of parking spaces provided, shall meet the following requirements:

- a. Curb cuts or access breaks for service drives, entrances and exits on public streets shall not be located within 100 feet of the intersections of two curb lines, street pavement lines, such lines extended, or any street intersection nor within 50 feet of another curb cut or access break on the same side of the street.
- b. Curb cuts shall be no less than 28 feet in width for all residential subdivisions. Curb cuts can be located no closer than 20 feet to any property line, unless common use of driveways for an abutting lot is required or approved by the city engineer.
- c. No more than two curb cuts or access breaks shall be permitted for any lot or parcel with a frontage of 200 feet or less on any one street.



d. All curb cuts or access breaks onto public streets, except for those serving single-family detached residences, shall require a permit from the Planning Director or designee.

e. Curb cuts for driveways that serve commercial, office or industrial zoning districts shall not be permitted to pass through residential zoning districts or to access alleys that abut a residential zoning district.

f. Where the side of an accessed public street or alley does not contain curbing, such curbing or other method of approved access control shall be provided.

g. Curb cuts for all commercial zoning uses shall be specified in width by the city engineer based upon the proposed use of the property.

#### Sec. 608. - Visibility at intersections.

No fence, wall, sign, hedge or planting which obstructs the sight lines at elevations between two and 12 feet above any roadway shall be placed or permitted to remain on any corner lot within the triangular area formed by the street right-of-way lines, or such lines extended, and a line connecting such right-of-way lines at points 50 feet from the intersection of the right-of-way lines.

#### Sec. 609. - Parking or storage of recreational vehicles.

Recreational equipment such as boats, boat trailers, travel trailers, pick-up campers or coaches, motorized dwellings, motor coaches, tent trailers and other vehicles may be parked or stored only in side yards, rear yards, carports, or in an enclosed building, provided however, that such equipment may be parked or stored anywhere on residential premises for a period not to exceed 24 hours during loading and unloading.

#### Sec. 610. - Abandoned, wrecked or junked vehicles and materials.

Except as otherwise expressly permitted, it shall be prohibited in all districts to park or continuously store abandoned, wrecked, junked or inoperable vehicles, power-driven construction equipment, used lumber or metal, appliances or any other miscellaneous scrap material in quantity that is visible from a public street or adjacent or abutting property. Said prohibition shall not be construed as to prohibit the temporary repair or maintenance of autos with current tags reflecting payment of ad valorem tax on the vehicle owned by the property owner or the storage of such vehicles, equipment or other materials within an enclosed building, provided that such vehicles, equipment or materials are not for commercial sale and are repaired within 30 days or less.

#### Sec. 611. - Exemption of town business (historical) district.

The requirements of this article shall not apply to any use of building existing or hereafter initiated or erected within the TB, historical business district.

#### Sec. 612. - Parking areas must be appropriately zoned.

Parking areas, parking lots or parking garages which constitute the principal use of a lot shall only be permitted in OI, TB and CBD zoning districts. In cases where parking areas, parking lots or parking garages exit or are proposed to serve as accessory parking for a particular building or use, regardless of whether such

parking is required by this article, such land, area or lot, including all access drives, shall require the same or less restrictive zoning district as that within which such building or use it serves is located. Similarly, in cases where accessory parking serves a building or use which requires, or was approved as, a conditional use, such parking area and access drives shall require the same conditional use approval as that for which such conditional use or building it serves.

## ARTICLE VII. - GENERAL PROVISIONS

### Sec. 701. - Use, occupancy and erection.

No building, structure, land, open space or water shall hereafter be used or occupied and no building or structure or part thereof shall hereafter be erected, constructed, reconstructed, moved, structurally altered or maintained, and no new use or change shall be made or maintained of any building, structure, land, open space or water, unless in conformity with all the regulations herein specified for the district in which it is located.

### Sec. 702. - Minimum requirements.

Within each district, the regulations set forth shall be minimum requirements and shall apply uniformly to each class or kind of building, structure or land.

### Sec. 703. - Height limitations.

Height limitations on structures shall be dictated by construction type and by the zoning district in which they reside.

### Sec. 704. - Every use must be upon a lot.

No building or structure shall be erected or use established unless upon a lot of record as defined by these regulations except as otherwise provided herein.

### Sec. 705. - One principal building on a lot.

Only one principal building and its accessory buildings may hereafter be erected on any one lot intended for such use; provided, however, that more than one multiple dwelling, office, institutional, commercial or industrial building may be located upon a lot, subject to setbacks and separation as provided in these regulations.

### Sec. 706. - Separation between principal buildings.

No principal building shall be located closer than 20 feet to another principal building, except that in the HB commercial highway business, TB town business district, and CBD central business district, such principal building separation shall not apply.

### Sec. 707. - Reduction in lot size prohibited.

No lot shall be reduced, divided or changed in size so that lot width, size of yards, lot area per dwelling unit or any other requirement of these regulations is not maintained, unless said reduction or division is necessary to provide land which is acquired for a public purpose.

Sec. 708. - Annexation.

Any land area subsequently added to the incorporated area of Dawsonville shall automatically be classified R-1 (single-family residential district) until or unless otherwise classified by amendment to the official zoning map.

Sec. 709. - Street frontage requirement.

No building or structure shall hereafter be erected on a lot that does not abut for at least 30 feet on a public street unless the lot upon which the building permit is requested is an approved lot in an approved planned unit development.

Sec. 710.- Lot Width

Minimum lot widths as required shall be measured at the front setback line.

Sec. 711. - Use prohibited when not specified.

Unless otherwise stated, any use not specifically permitted in a use district as provided in these regulations shall be prohibited in that district.

Sec. 712. - Accessory buildings and uses.

Accessory buildings and uses shall be permitted only in side or rear yards, except as otherwise provided by these regulations.

Accessory buildings and uses shall be permitted only if they meet the following:

1. No accessory building shall be erected on a lot prior to the time of construction of the principal building to which it is accessory.
2. No more than two accessory buildings shall be permitted on a residential lot.
3. Accessory buildings and uses shall be setback according to zoning classifications.
4. Where an accessory building is structurally attached to the principal building, it shall be subject to and must conform to all regulations applicable to the principal building.
5. In the case of double frontage lots, accessory buildings shall observe front yard requirements on both streets.
6. Accessory buildings in residential districts shall not be used for any type of commercial operation, whether permanent, part-time or as part of a home occupation.
7. No accessory building on a residential lot shall exceed the height of the primary structure.



8. Detached accessory buildings shall be located a minimum of ten feet from the principal building on a lot.

9. In no instance shall an accessory building exceed the gross ground floor area of the principal building.

Accessory structures shall be no larger than the footprint of the primary structure or one-half the gross square footage, whichever is greater. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if the lot size is three (3) acres or greater, then the size of the accessory structure shall not be regulated in size but shall meet all setback requirements.

#### Sec. 713. - Regulations for specific accessory structures.

The following specified structures shall conform to the following regulations:

1. Fences and walls. All fences and walls shall conform to the following:

- a. A permit shall be obtained for structures over six (6) feet in height.
- b. No fence or wall shall exceed ten (10) feet in height, except for required retaining walls.
- c. No fence or wall shall be erected closer than five feet from a public right-of-way or in such a manner as to obstruct vision on a public right-of-way.
- d. Barbed wire top strands six feet above the ground may be permitted in commercial and industrial zoning districts.

2. Gasoline pumps: Gasoline pumps and pump islands shall meet minimum building setbacks for zoning district.

3. Canopies: Canopies and other attached or detached structures intended for cover shall meet minimum building setbacks for zoning district.

4. Offices in manufactured homes: Manufactured homes or other temporary structures shall not be used as a permanent or temporary office in any district; provided, however that such manufactured homes or structures may be used for a temporary construction office for a licensed contractor in any district, upon issuance of a permit by the Planning Director or designee. Said permit shall be temporary for a period not to exceed six months with additional renewal periods to be granted at the discretion of the Planning Director.

#### Sec. 714. - Home occupations.

A home occupation as defined by these regulations shall conform to the following requirements:

1. Only residents of the dwelling plus one employee may be engaged in the home occupation.
2. The home occupation shall be clearly incidental and secondary to the residential use of the dwelling and shall not change the residential character of the building or lot.
3. No storage or display of products or materials shall be visible from the adjoining street or adjacent properties, and only products produced on the premises may be sold on the premises.
4. Only one work truck and trailer/ no commercial vehicles over class 6 shall be permitted.
5. No internal or external alterations of the dwelling solely for the accommodation of a home occupation are permitted.

6. Signs are allowed as permitted in the sign ordinance based on zoning or district.
7. A business license shall be obtained from the City of Dawsonville prior to the operation of any home occupation. Said business license shall require approval by the Planning Director or designee.
8. The following uses are allowable as home occupations (not all inclusive): Tutoring, consultation and instruction in music, dance, arts, crafts and similar subjects, limited to two students at one time; day care centers serving six or less persons; professional services (i.e., attorneys, architects, accountants, realtors, insurance and travel agents; secretarial services and answering services; mail order and general offices not involving storage of equipment, materials or vehicles; phone solicitations; beauty salons and barber shops limited to two patrons at a time; food catering).

Sec. 715.- Prohibited Home Occupations

1. Kennels, stables, veterinarian clinics/hospitals
2. Outside obedience training of animals
3. Medical and dental clinics/hospitals
4. Restaurants, clubs, drinking establishments
5. Motor vehicles sales, medium and large engine repair
6. Repair and service of small internal combustion motors for powered lawn equipment, motor cycles, scooters, all-terrain vehicles, boat motors or construction tools and equipment powered by internal combustion motors.
7. Undertaking and funeral parlors and crematoriums
  - i. Human or animal cremation facilities
8. Retail sales of goods not made on the premises and sold to the general public from the premises
9. Rooming and Boarding houses with the exception of Bed and Breakfast facilities that have been approved in accordance with the Zoning Ordinance.
10. Adult business uses (See City of Dawsonville Adult Business Establishment Ordinance)
11. Private Clubs
12. Warehousing and/or storing of material not directly used in a licensee's home occupation.
13. Other similar uses as determined by the Planning Director based upon the proposed use being substantially similar to a prohibited Home Occupation.

Sec. 716. - Subdivision plats must meet zoning requirements.

No proposed plat of a subdivision, nor any plat of re-subdivision, shall hereafter be approved by the governing body or by the planning commission unless the lots within such plat equal or exceed the minimum size and width requirements set forth in the various zoning districts in these regulations and unless such plat fully conforms with the statutes of the State of Georgia and regulations of the governing body.

Sec. 717. - Yard sales.

Yard sales, are subject to the following requirements:

1. Yard sales may be allowed in commercial zoning districts by permit only, and may be held only by groups with nonprofit status as classified by the Internal Revenue Service (IRS).
2. Yard sales will be allowed in all residential zoning districts but limited to four per dwelling and four per calendar year.
3. The duration of any yard sale shall not exceed 48 hours. This time limit includes clean up.
4. Sales must be operated in such a manner so as not to be a nuisance to the neighbors or obstruct streets, sidewalks or driveways, etc.

#### Sec. 718.- Bed and Breakfast Establishments

Bed and Breakfast establishments must obtain a Permit and comply with the following requirements:

a. Bed and Breakfast Permit requirements:

- i. The permit shall include the name and phone number of the owner/operator whose primary residence is the Bed and Breakfast.
- ii. Only one Bed and Breakfast is allowed per parcel.
- iii. The number of guest rooms is limited to one less than the total number of bedrooms in the dwelling unit, with an overall maximum of 6 guest rooms. Maximum occupancy is limited to two adults per guest room.
- iv. Must remit all applicable hotel/motel taxes.
- v. The permit shall include a notarized statement signed by the owner/ operator that the Bed and Breakfast shall be in compliance with these regulations.
- vi. Proof of ownership is required at time of permitting.
- vii. Bed and Breakfast structure must have a Certificate of Occupancy prior to issuance of permit.
- viii. Unless revoked the Bed and Breakfast permit is valid for one year from the date of issuance of the permit.
- ix. Structure must be inspected and approved by Dawson County Fire Marshal and the city Planning Director or designee prior to the issuance of Bed and Breakfast permit.
- x. Off street parking spaces must be provided and screened from the view of adjoining property uses and the public street.
- xi. If the permit is revoked or denied it may be appealed to the Mayor and Council.

#### Sec. 719.- Short-Term Home Rentals

Short-Term Home Rentals in accord with the definition of "short-term rental" that also comply with the following requirements:

- a. Only one rental residence is allowed per parcel.
- b. Must obtain a permit from the city Planning and Zoning department.



- c. Maximum occupancy is limited to two persons per bedroom plus two additional persons per household from 11 PM to 8 AM.
- d. Must remit all applicable hotel/motel taxes as necessary and required by law.
- e. Parking must be provided off-street for a minimum of two (2) vehicles.
- f. Short Term Rental Permit requirements:
  - i. The permit shall include the name and phone number of the owner and operator who is available 24 hours a day seven days a week to respond to complaints regarding the operation or occupancy of the short term rental unit.
  - ii. The permit shall include a notarized statement signed by the owner/ operator that the short term rental shall be in compliance with these regulations.
  - iii. Proof of ownership is required at time of permitting

ARTICLE VIII. - BUFFER, LANDSCAPE, SCREENING AND OPEN SPACE REQUIREMENTS

Sec. 801. - Purpose and intent.

The following regulations are designed to promote the health, safety, order, aesthetics and general welfare by protecting against incompatible uses of land, providing for a more attractive urban environment, assuring adequate open space, and reducing noise, night lighting, glare, odor, objectionable views, loss of privacy and other adverse impacts and nuisances through the use of buffers and landscaping. These regulations are also designed to encourage the protection and planting of trees, which are declared to be beneficial public resources, and to prevent the needless, wasteful or purposeless destruction of trees in order to better control problems of flooding, soil erosion and air pollution.

Sec. 802. - Buffer required.

Property zoned for commercial and industrial uses shall provide a buffer, as defined by these regulations, along any rear or side property lines abutting a residential district or abutting an alley across from a specified residential district, provided that no buffer shall extend within 15 feet of a public right-of-way line. Minimum buffer widths shall be established in accordance with the following stipulations.

1. When an HB, CBD, or NB district abuts a residential district, a setback of 40 feet shall be provided, including a 30-foot buffer.
2. When an LI or CIR district abuts a residential district, a setback of 60 feet shall be provided, including a 50-foot buffer.
3. When any district abuts a TB district, a ten-foot planted landscape buffer shall be provided on property which abuts the TB district.

It shall be the responsibility of the developer, upon installation of utilities, streets, etc., to designate required buffers on construction plans and to ensure that existing vegetation within required buffers is maintained unless disturbance of the buffer is approved by the Planning Director or designee as specifically provided herein.

It shall be the responsibility of the property owner of the lot to be used or built upon to maintain existing vegetation within required buffers and to replant where sparsely vegetated or install fencing, walls, etc., as approved to achieve the desired screening. Installation of vegetation, fencing, walls, etc., may be phased in accordance with approved building plans.

Sec. 803. - Buffer specifications.

All buffers required by these regulations shall conform to the following provisions:

1. Utilization will be made of existing vegetation where it has been determined by the Planning Director or designee that existing vegetation is appropriate for inclusion within the buffer, or when found not appropriate, shall be supplemented with approved, additional plantings.
2. Disturbance or modification of the natural topography of the land for property improvements or during construction and maintenance activities is to be minimized, except in the following instances that have been approved by the Planning Director or designee:
  - a. Where the land must be cleared and graded as required by the application of laws to prevent soil erosion or sedimentation;
  - b. Where regulations for storm drainage improvements require alteration of the topography;
  - c. Where necessary to prevent a nuisance, or to thin natural growth that has become so dense as to prohibit normal growth, or to remove diseased, misshapen, or dangerous or decayed growth;
  - d. Where access and/or utility crossings have been approved.
3. Vegetation, except for ground covers, shall be of such type as to be a height of not less than three feet when planted and which will, in normal growth, attain a height of six feet within three years; provided, however that such plant materials can form a hardy screen, dense enough and high enough both to interrupt vision and to reduce the transmission of sound.

Sec. 804. - Landscape strip required.

All properties except those containing single-family detached or attached residences and two-family residences shall provide a landscape strip, as defined by these regulations, of ten feet in width along the developed portion abutting any public street or right-of-way and five feet in width along the developed portion of side property lines. A five-foot wide landscape strip along a side property line may be relocated if required to share a common access drive along said side property line.

It shall be the responsibility of the property owner of a lot to be used or built upon to install and maintain the required landscape strips. Installation of landscape strips may be phased in accordance with approved building plans.

Sec. 805. - Acceptable plant materials.

In those instances where the natural vegetation and topography are insufficient to achieve the desired level of screening required by these regulations, a planted buffer shall be provided and shall consist of plant material of such growth characteristics as will provide an acoustical and visual screen. Planted materials shall conform to the following specifications:

1. Trees used for screening purposes should be native to the region and shall not be deciduous. Trees should be at least three feet in height above the ground when planted or which will, in normal growth, attain a height of six feet within three years.

2. Shrubs that are used to form hedges shall not be deciduous. Shrubs shall be at least three feet above the ground level when planted. They should be spaced in such a way that, when mature, they will form a continuous visual screen (hedge) that is at least six feet in height.

#### Sec. 806. - Maintenance of buffers and landscape strips.

The owner and/or user of the property shall be responsible for installing the trees and shrubs and maintaining them in a neat and orderly appearance. This includes irrigating or watering, fertilizing, pruning and replanting where necessary. In cases of noncompliance, the Planning Director or designee shall be empowered to take action as provided by law to ensure maintenance of all plant and landscaping materials.

#### Sec. 807. - Tree protection.

No more than 75 percent of the mature, healthy, existing trees in excess of ten inches in diameter shall be cut, damaged or destroyed; provided, however, that additional trees may be removed upon approval by the Planning Director or designee if one tree is planted and maintained for each one tree removed in excess of ten inches in diameter.

#### Sec. 808. - Parking area landscaping requirements.

Interior landscaping for parking areas shall be required for parking lots designed and constructed for more than five or more spaces. Such interior landscaping shall not be less than ten percent of the total area devoted to parking on the lot.

In districts where permitted, all outside storage areas shall be screened from all public rights-of-ways with a 100 percent opaque, solid wooden fence or masonry wall at least six feet in height, or a densely planted landscape strip of at least ten feet in width. The insertion of plastic or metal weaving into chain link fences shall not be considered to be in compliance with the requirements of this section. Access driveways serving open storage areas shall be provided with a gate that is 100 percent opaque. In cases where the governing body approves an open storage area as a conditional use in the NB or CHB districts, the governing body may require screening in addition to the requirements of this section.

#### Sec. 809. - Screening of dumpsters required.

In all zoning districts, dumpsters and trash receptacles shall be screened from view from all public rights-of-ways, either by locating said dumpsters to the rear of a building, or by erection of a 100 percent opaque, solid wooden fence or masonry wall on three sides of said dumpster.

#### Sec. 810. - Administration and enforcement.

Where buffers are required, the applicant must demonstrate, whether on appropriate plans or after inspection by the Planning Director or designee, that the plant materials in place or installed achieve the required screening. All site plans, plot plans and grading and drainage plans shall indicate all required buffers and



landscape strips. Required buffers, landscape strips, and parking lot landscaping shall be installed in accordance with approved plans prior to the issuance of a certificate of occupancy. However, owing to special conditions or exceptional circumstance such as drought, said buffers and landscape strips may be installed within 90 days after the issuance of a certificate of occupancy, provided that a letter of credit, escrow money, performance bond or other approved alternative is submitted to the Planning Director or designee prior to the issuance of a certificate of occupancy.

## PART III- POWERS ENUMERATED

### ARTICLE IX. –POWERS OF THE PLANNING DIRECTOR, ADMINISTRATIVE VARIANCES, COMPOSITION AND POWERS OF THE PLANNING COMMISSION, AUTHORITY OF MAYOR AND COUNCIL, VARIANCES AND PUBLIC HEARINGS

#### Sec. 901- Powers of the Planning Director

1. The Planning Director has the authority and responsibility to provide the following services:
  - A. Provide information concerning the requirements of this Ordinance and require compliance with these requirements.
  - B. Issue permits under the conditions and procedures required by this Ordinance.
  - C. Dispense and receive applications as required by this Ordinance.
  - D. Determine the applicable District, uses, and standards for a particular parcel of land.
  - E. Provide assistance and guidance to applicants concerning compliance with this Ordinance.
  - F. Collect, receive, disburse, and account for fees and monies as required under the provisions of this Ordinance.
  - G. Serve as the Secretary of the Planning Commission when appointed.
  - H. Act as liaison for the Planning Commission with other Officials.
  - I. Maintain official records and perform administrative duties required in the execution of the provisions of this Ordinance.
  - J. The Planning Director is charged with interpretation of the zoning Ordinance and related ordinances.
  - K. Provide general information to the public concerning the application and administration of this Ordinance.
  - L. Issue Administrative Variances as prescribed herein.

#### Sec.902- Administrative Variances.

The Director of Planning and Zoning shall have the power to grant administrative variances (except for density and use) from the development standards of the Zoning Ordinance of The City of Dawsonville, Georgia if the intent of the ordinance can be achieved and equal performance obtained by granting a variance.

A. Authority. The authority to grant administrative variances in accord with this Section shall be limited to variances from the following requirements:

1. Front Yard or a Yard Adjacent to a Public Street - variances shall not exceed ten feet (10');
2. Side Yard - variances shall not exceed five feet (5');
3. Rear Yard - variances shall not exceed ten feet (10');
4. Building Height - a variance may be granted up to, but not exceeding, ten feet (10') if such variance does not allow space habitable by humans and is also approved by the fire marshal and would not result in an increase in the number of stories that would otherwise be allowed by the zoning district;
5. Buffers - the dimensions of a landscaping buffer required by the Zoning Ordinance or other ordinance may be varied by no more than twenty-five percent (25%) if the adopted comprehensive plan recommends a similar or more compatible use of the neighboring property or in other situations if the intent of the required buffer can be equally achieved; however, no buffer required as a condition of zoning shall be modified;
6. Parking - if the required parking standards cannot reasonably be met and if a variance will not adversely affect the spirit or intent of the ordinance, then a variance of not more than ten percent (10%) may be granted;
7. Home Occupations - if the intended use is clearly allowed pursuant to the definition of "Home Occupation", then an administrative variance may be granted to conduct such business.

B. Notification. The applicant may choose to either submit an affidavit attesting to notice that includes signatures of all adjoining property owners listed within the application package or the applicant may choose to permit written notice from the Planning Department to adjoining property owners of the variance application and then wait at least ten (10) business days from notice to all adjoining property owners before the variance may be considered for approval. Also, notice of the variance application shall be posted upon the property ten (10) days before the variance is considered and shall state the variance requested and the date the variance shall be considered.

C. Basis for Approval. The following criteria shall be considered by the Planning Director before allowing an administrative variance. No variance may be granted administratively for an application for a variance that has been heard by the Planning Commission within one (1) year or if the application is for the expansion of a non-conforming use or structure.

1. The variance neither interferes with the rights of others as provided in this chapter nor is injurious to the public health, safety, general welfare;
2. A strict interpretation and enforcement of the standards or requirement would result in practical difficulty or unnecessary hardship;
3. No exceptional or extraordinary circumstances applicable to the subject property exist that do not generally apply to other properties in the same district;
4. The variance provides for reasonable use under the specified circumstances of each application;
5. The variance achieves the general intent of this ordinance;
6. The variance is the minimum possible variance under the specific circumstances; and
7. The variance does not exceed the scope of the authority set forth in subsection (A) hereof.

D. Conditions of Approval. The Planning Director may impose reasonable conditions upon any administrative variance to ensure that the public health, safety, and general welfare are protected. A violation of any imposed condition shall be a violation of this section.

E. Administration. After all requirements for a variance application in accord with the terms hereof are received, the Planning and Zoning department shall review and certify that all required information is complete and that the request is within the limits of consideration set forth in sub-section (A) hereof. The applicant shall then be advised to proceed with public notice in accord with sub-section (B) hereof. After required notice has been provided and the time period for response has passed, the Planning Director shall have ten (10) business days to render a decision. Notice of the decision shall be provided to the applicant by mailing such decision within five (5) business days of the decision. Notice of the action taken by the Planning Director shall be provided to the Planning Commission and shall be placed as an item of old business for no further action upon the agenda of the Planning Commission within thirty-one (31) days.

F. Compliance with Other Codes. The effect of an administrative variance approval shall be that a specific request is determined to be appropriate for a specific location. The administrative variance application shall not approve a site plan nor waive or modify any other requirements of any other county code other than as specifically granted pursuant to the variance.

G. Appeal. The applicant or an adjoining property owner may appeal to the Mayor and Council the decision of the Planning Director regarding an administrative variance within ten (10) days of the decision via written objection and appeal. Any such appeal shall be heard by the Mayor and Council de novo in accord with the standard appeal procedure. Any appeal of the decision of the Mayor and Council shall be on the record by certiorari to Dawson County Superior Court.

#### Sec. 903- Powers of the Planning Commission and Mayor/Council

1. The planning commission shall have the following functions, powers and duties:

A. Review, investigate, and recommend action to the Mayor and Council concerning applications under the provisions of this Ordinance.

B. Review, investigate, and render decisions concerning variances; and, as well as, from time to time, recommend action to the Mayor and Council concerning variances and amendments to this Ordinance.

C. Advise and inform the Mayor and Council on development within The City of Dawsonville and any needed amendments to this Ordinance.

D. Conduct Public Hearings as required under the provisions of this Ordinance.

H. Provide review and recommendations concerning its decisions to the Mayor and Council.

2. The Mayor and Council has the authority and responsibility to provide the following services:

A. Render official decisions concerning the recommendations of the Planning Commission, in relation to actions within the scope of this Ordinance.

B. Hear and decide appeals of actions of the Planning Director or the Planning Commission.

C. Establish fees upon recommendation of the Planning Commission for actions, permits, or services under this Ordinance.

D. Conduct Public Hearings related to the administration of this Ordinance.



E. Provide for enforcement of the provisions of this Ordinance.

F. Prepare and maintain a Land Use District Map and a Future Land Use District Map, under the provisions of this Ordinance.

Sec. 904. - Creation of the Planning Commission and appointment of members.

- A. The Planning Commission as it existed prior to the implementation of this Ordinance shall be disbanded and reconstituted as set forth herein in order to provide geographic diversity of representation within the City as has been adopted for the Council by the creation of district posts. Upon adoption of this Ordinance the Planning Commission shall be composed of five members who shall be nominated by the Mayor or any member of the Council and elected by majority vote of the Council to the slots of Post 1, Post 2, Post 3, Post 4 and At Large. Four of the five members shall be appointed by the city council from the four council districts and must reside in the district that they represent. The fifth member (At Large) shall be appointed by the city council from any district in the city and may reside anywhere in the city.
- B. Beginning in 2019 following adoption of this Ordinance, the members shall serve staggered terms with the members representing Posts 1 and 2 and the At Large member serving a term of three years and the members representing Posts 3 and 4 serving a term of two years. Thereafter, the members of the planning commission shall be appointed for a term of three years and shall serve until their successors are appointed. The compensation of the members of the planning commission shall be as established by the governing body. Any vacancy in the membership of the planning commission shall be filled for the unexpired term of such vacancy in the same manner as the original appointment. The governing body may remove any member of the planning commission for due cause after written notice to such member and after a public hearing. Members of the planning commission shall appoint a secretary, or in lieu of such appointment, the Planning Director or designee or city clerk shall serve as the secretary of the planning commission.
- C. A minimum of three members must be present to constitute a quorum. One such member shall be annually elected chairman of the planning commission by the planning commission members, and the chairman shall not vote except in cases of a tie-vote between the other members. In cases of a tie- vote and the chairman recuses himself from voting, then such tie-vote shall constitute denial of said motion, application or action.

Sec. 905. - Meetings and records.

The planning commission shall meet at least one time each month at the call of the chairman, or at such other times as the planning commission may determine, and all such meetings shall be open to the public. The planning commission shall adopt rules for the transaction of business, or in lieu of such rules, the commission shall follow "Robert's Rules of Order," latest edition. The planning commission shall keep record of its resolutions, recommendations, transactions, findings, and determinations, and all such records shall be public record and available for purchase by interested parties at a reasonable cost.

Sec. 906. - Attendance requirement.

Each planning commission member shall be required to attend at least nine of the 12 required monthly meetings of the planning commission; however, a member appointed during the middle of a calendar year shall be required to attend at least 75 percent of the meetings remaining in the year in which the member is

appointed. Failure to attend the minimum number of meetings during a calendar year may constitute due cause for removal.

## Sec. 907- Variances, Conditional Uses and Map Amendments

### 1. Purpose

The purpose of a variance is to provide relief when a strict application of the district requirements would impose unusual practical difficulties or unnecessary physical hardships on the applicant. Practical difficulties and unnecessary hardships may result from the size, shape, or dimensions of a site or the location of existing structures thereon; from geographic, topographic, or other conditions on the site or in the immediate vicinity. No variance shall be granted to allow the use of property for a purpose not authorized within the district in which the proposed use would be located. A variance should be granted only after evidence is presented and accepted that enforcement of all of the required standards on the property in question would render the property useless. This Article establishes conditions; criteria for granting variances; public hearings on proposed variances; variances to road requirements; variance procedures; compliance with conditions of approval; vested interest in approved variances; investigations and reports; revocation; limitations on re-applications; and use variance. A variance may be granted, upon specific findings that all of the following conditions exist. The absence of any one of the conditions shall be grounds for denial of the application for variance.

1. There are extraordinary and exceptional conditions pertaining to the particular piece of property in question because of its size, shape or topography that are not applicable to other land or structures in the same district; and,
2. A literal interpretation of the provisions of these zoning regulations would create an unnecessary hardship and would deprive the applicant of rights commonly enjoyed by other property owners within the district in which the property is located; and,
3. Granting the variance requested will not confer upon the property of the applicant any special privileges that are denied to other properties of the district in which the applicant's property is located; and,
4. Relief, if granted, will be in harmony with the purpose and intent of these regulations and will not be injurious to the neighborhood or general welfare in such a manner as will interfere with or discourage the appropriate development and use of adjacent land and buildings or unreasonably affect their value; and,
5. The special circumstances are not the result of the actions of the applicant; and,
6. The variance requested is the minimum variance that will make possible the legal use of the land, building, or structure; and,
7. The variance is a request to permit a use of land, building or structures which is permitted by right in the district involved.

## Sec. 908. - Criteria to consider for conditional uses.

Any proposed conditional use shall require an application for conditional use, a copy of the plat, and payment of a fee set by the governing body for the application and review of the proposed conditional use.

Applications for conditional use permits to exceed the height limitations, applications for conditional signs, and applications for certificates of appropriateness shall also require architectural elevations of all proposed structures and buildings requested for approval.

Applicants shall submit six copies of any required application, plat and architectural elevations to the Planning Director or designee for distribution to the applicable bodies and/or review agencies. The Planning Director or designee may require more or less copies depending on the nature and extent of required review. Applications which require action by the governing body shall require disclosure of any conflicts of interest as specified in the Georgia Zoning Procedures Act.

The applicant, staff, planning commission and governing body should review applications for conditional uses with regard to the following criteria:

1. Off-street parking and loading facilities are adequate in terms of location, amount and design to serve the use.
2. The number, size and type of signs proposed are compatible with the surrounding area.
3. The amount and location of open space and the provision of screening is such that buffering of incompatible uses is achieved.
4. Ingress and egress to the property is suitable and safe, and the effect of the proposed activity on traffic flow along adjoining streets is not adverse.
5. The location and intensity of outdoor lighting is such that it does not cast light on adjacent, adjoining or neighboring properties.
6. Hours and manner of operation of the proposed use are not inconsistent with adjacent and nearby uses.
7. Public facilities and utilities are capable of adequately serving the proposed use.
8. The proposed use will not have a significant adverse effect on the level of property values or the general character of adjacent land uses or the general area.
9. The physical conditions of the site, including size, shape, topography and drainage, are suitable for the proposed development.
10. The proposed use is consistent with the goals and objectives of the comprehensive plan of the City of Dawsonville.

The staff, planning commission and governing body may consider other factors deemed relevant before formulating recommendations and taking action on a particular conditional use application.

#### Sec. 909. - Criteria to consider for map amendments (rezonings).

Any proposed amendment to the zoning map shall be submitted by application with a copy of the plat and payment of a fee set by the governing body for the application and review of the proposed amendment to the zoning map.

Applicants shall submit six copies of any proposed zoning map amendment and plat to the Planning Director or designee for distribution to the applicable bodies and/or review agencies. The Planning Director or designee may require more or less copies depending on the nature and extent of required review. Applications which require action by the governing body shall require disclosure of any conflicts of interest as specified in the Georgia Zoning Procedures Act.



The applicant, staff, planning commission and governing body should review an application for zoning map amendment with regard to the following criteria:

1. The existing uses and zoning of nearby property and whether the proposed zoning will adversely affect the existing use or usability of nearby property.
2. The extent to which property values are diminished by the particular zoning restrictions.
3. The extent to which the destruction of property values promotes the health, safety, morals or general welfare of the public.
4. The relative gain to the public, as compared to the hardship imposed upon the individual property owner.
5. The physical suitability of the subject property for development as presently zoned and under the proposed zoning district.
6. The length of time the property has been vacant, considered in the context of land development in the area in the vicinity of the property, and whether there are existing or changed conditions affecting the use and development of the property which give supporting grounds for either approval or disapproval of the rezoning request.
7. The zoning history of the subject property.
8. The extent to which the proposed zoning will result in a use, which will or could cause excessive or burdensome use of existing streets, transportation facilities, utilities, schools, parks, or other public facilities.
9. Whether the zoning proposal is in conformity with the policy and intent of the comprehensive plan, land use plan, or other adopted plans.

The staff, planning commission and governing body may consider other factors deemed relevant before formulating recommendations and taking action on a particular request.

## Sec. 910- Public Hearings

A public hearing shall be conducted for all requests for variance, conditional use and or zoning map amendment (rezoning).

### 1. Submittal requirements

All developments of property where a site plan is required for an action of map amendment and or variance shall require an application, a site plan and payment of an administrative fee with the application fee set by the governing body for the application and review of the requested action. The administrative fee shall be a set fee as listed in the City of Dawsonville Fee Schedule plus the cost of all mailings and advertisements.

Applicants shall submit six copies of any required site plans, development plans, elevation drawings and letters of intent to the Planning Director or designee for distribution to the applicable bodies and/or review agencies. The Planning Director or designee may require more or less copies depending on the nature and extent of required review. Applications which require action by the governing body shall require disclosure of any conflicts of interest as specified in the Georgia Zoning Procedures Act.

All site plans required by this article shall, at a minimum, contain the following information:

1. Title of the proposed development and the name, address and telephone number of the property owner.
2. The name, address and telephone number of the architect, engineer or other designer of the proposed development.
3. Scale, date, north arrow, and general location map showing relationship of the site to streets or natural landmarks.
4. Boundaries of the subject property, all existing and proposed streets, including right-of-way and street pavement widths; buildings; watercourses; parking and loading areas; and other physical characteristics of the property and proposed development.
5. Building setbacks, buffers, landscape strips, and tree protection zone.

Sec. 910.1. - Withdrawal and postponement procedure.

1. Withdrawal of applications before consideration by the planning commission.

- a. In the event that an applicant for a zoning change desires to withdraw an application prior to the date the city submits notice of the pending zoning decision to the legal organ, the applicant may do so upon written request received prior to said date by the Planning Director or designee or his designee.
- b. In the event that an applicant for a zoning change desires to withdraw an application after the date that the city submits notice of the pending zoning decision to the legal organ, the request to withdraw must be in writing, must be received by the Planning Director or designee or his designee, must provide the reason for the withdrawal, and further:
  - i. If the request to withdraw is received in writing by the Planning Director or designee or his designee at least five days prior to the date of the scheduled public hearing, then for good cause shown, as determined in the sole discretion of the Planning Director or designee, the withdrawal may be granted without prejudice to the right to re-apply for a zoning change on the applicable tract of land. If the Planning Director or designee determines that the withdrawal is not for good cause, then the withdrawal will prejudice the right to re-apply for a zoning change on the applicable tract for a period of six months.
  - ii. If the request to withdraw is received in writing by the Planning Director or designee or his designee less than five days prior to the date of the scheduled public hearing, then the withdrawal will prejudice the right to re- apply for a zoning change on the applicable tract for a period of six months.
- c. Administrative fees plus the base application fee of the main action of the withdrawn applications are not refundable. \* The base application fee is that fee which is lowest fee due for the main action requested.

2. Withdrawal of applications after consideration by the planning commission.

- a. In the event that an applicant for a zoning change desires to withdraw an application after the application has been considered by the planning commission, the applicant may do so upon written request received prior to the date of the scheduled hearing before the governing body.

b. All withdrawals of applications after consideration by the planning commission will prejudice the right to re- apply for a zoning change for a period of six months.

c. Administrative fees of withdrawn applications are not refundable.

3. Postponement of consideration by the planning commission or governing body.

a. In the event that an applicant for a zoning change desires to postpone the decision on an application prior to the date the city submits notice of the pending zoning decision to the legal organ, the applicant may do so upon written request received before said date by the Planning Director or designee or his designee.

b. In the event that an applicant for a zoning change desires to postpone a decision on an application after the date that the city submits notice of the pending zoning decision to the legal organ, the applicant may do so:

i. Upon written request received by the Planning Director or designee or his designee providing the reason for the requested postponement; and

ii. Upon payment of the postponement fee as listed in the City of Dawsonville Fee Schedule

c. Only one postponement may be secured per application before the decision by the planning commission, and only one postponement may be secured per application before the decision by the governing body.

d. All postponed applications shall be placed on the agenda for the next regularly scheduled meeting of the planning commission or the governing body, depending on the hearing postponed.

910.2. In exercising the powers to grant appeals and approve variances, the planning commission may attach any conditions to its approval which it finds necessary to accomplish the reasonable application of the requirements of these regulations.

910.3. All decisions of the planning commission on variances and appeals shall be final unless within ten days of the decision, an appeal is filed by any aggrieved party to the city council which shall hear the appeal de novo. Any appeal from the decision of the city council shall be on the record by certiorari to the Dawson County Superior Court.

Sec. 911. - Public notice and public hearing required.

This section shall apply to all applications for amendments to the text of the zoning regulations, amendments to the official zoning map, petitions for variances and appeals to the planning commission, requests for conditional use approval, requests for alteration or extension of conditional zoning, applications for site plan approval and petitions for development approval for property within site plan specific zoning districts.

Upon receipt of a completed application, fees and other information required by this article, the Planning Director or designee shall cause notice of such application to be published at least one time in a newspaper of general circulation in the community at least 15 days but not more than 45 days prior to the date of public hearing before the governing body. Said published notice shall include, as a minimum, the purpose, location, date and time of the public hearing, before the governing body, the purpose, location, date and time of the public hearing before the planning commission, the location of the property being considered, the present zoning classification of the property, and proposed action to be taken, as appropriate, such as proposed zoning district, type of conditional use, variance to particular articles and sections, and so forth. The Planning Director



or designee shall also cause to have posted in a conspicuous place on said property one or more sign(s), each of which shall contain the information specified for published notices. No public hearing shall take place until said sign(s) have been posted for at least 15 days but not more than 45 days prior to the date of the public hearing.

All required public hearings shall be held by the planning commission and/or the governing body, and no action shall be taken on said applications until a public hearing has been held by the planning commission and/or the governing body.

Public hearings may be delayed, rescheduled or continued at another time and date, provided announcement is given at the time and place of the initially scheduled and advertised public hearing, and provided such date, time and location of the public hearing to be delayed, rescheduled or continued is given. If the applicant of a petition before the planning commission or governing body fails to attend the public hearing, then the planning commission or governing body may deny the subject petition or may require re-advertisement of the subject petition at the expense of the applicant. If there is no quorum of the planning commission or governing body at the scheduled public hearing, then the public hearing(s) shall be rescheduled and re-advertised at the City of Dawsonville's expense.

#### Sec. 912. - Recommendation by Planning Director.

The Planning Director or designee will, as appropriate, customarily submit to the recommending and/or decision-making body, prior to a scheduled public hearing, copies of the site plan and letter of intent along with a written recommendation for approval, disapproval, deferral, withdrawal or other recommendation. Said recommendation shall include reasons for said recommendations, considered within the context of the appropriate criteria as specified by these regulations. The recommendations of the Planning Director or designee shall have an advisory effect only and shall not be binding on the planning commission or the city council. Copies of the Planning Director or designees' recommendations shall be made available to the applicant and other interested parties upon completion and distribution to the appropriate bodies and at the public hearing.

#### Sec. 913. - Planning Commission recommendation.

Prior to the public hearing held by the governing body, the planning commission shall hold a public hearing on all applications for amendment to the text of the zoning regulations, amendments to the official zoning map, conditional use permit applications, petitions for alteration or extension of conditional zoning, requests for development plan approval within site plan specific zoning districts request for site plan approval.

After completing its studies of the particular petition, the planning commission shall submit a recommended action in writing to the governing body. The planning commission may submit any additional report it deems appropriate. The recommendations of the planning commission shall have an advisory effect only and shall not be binding on the governing body. Copies of the planning commission's recommendations and reports shall be made available to the applicant and other interested parties upon completion and distribution to the governing body and at the public hearing before the governing body.

The planning commission shall have 30 days within which to submit its recommendations. The governing body shall not take action on any of said applications, until it has received the recommendation of the planning commission within the specified time period. If the planning commission fails to submit a recommendation within the 30-day period, it shall be deemed to have approved the proposed application.

Sec. 914. - Conduct of public hearings.

All public hearings regarding applications considered by the planning commission, and governing body shall be held in accordance with any procedures adopted by said body and, in addition, shall be governed by the following procedure:

1. The presiding officer shall open the hearing by stating the specific application being considered at the public hearing. At this time the presiding officer may summarize the public hearing procedures.
2. The Planning Director or designee will present a description of the proposed application, any applicable background material, his/her recommendation regarding action on said application as appropriate, and the recommendations and reports of the planning commission as appropriate.
3. Persons who support the application will be asked to comment first. The petitioner may, upon recognition and upon statement of name and address, present and explain his application. The petitioner or his designated agent shall be required to attend the public hearing unless written notice of hardship is received prior to such meeting. Failure of the petitioner or agent to attend the public hearing or meeting, except in cases of hardship, may be due cause for dismissal of such application. A time limitation may be imposed at the discretion of the chairman/mayor, but in no event shall such time limitation provide for less than ten minutes, nor shall it be any less than the time allowed for those persons speaking in opposition to the application.
4. Persons who oppose the application will be asked to comment next. All interested parties after being recognized shall be afforded an opportunity to address the proposed application by standing before the appropriate body and identifying their name, address and interest along with any comments on the proposed application. A time limitation may be imposed at the discretion of the chairman/mayor, but in no event shall such time limitation provide for less than ten minutes, nor shall it be any less than the time allowed for those persons speaking in favor of the application.
5. The petitioner shall have an opportunity for summary remarks and rebuttal concerning the proposed application.
6. Upon the completion of any comments from interested parties and the petitioner, the public hearing shall be completed and adjourned.
7. All public comments having been heard, the members of the body considering the application may discuss the request among themselves. During this discussion period, the members of the body may call on the petitioner or other interested parties to clarify points made previously or to answer questions. Said petitioner or interested parties may respond upon recognition.

Sec. 915. - Action by the appropriate body.

After completion of the public hearing, if so required by these regulations, the governing body may take action to approve or deny the request, refer the application back to the Planning Director or designee, or planning commission for further study, or the governing body may table or defer action until a later meeting.

Sec. 916. - Conditional approval permitted.

The Planning Director or designee and planning commission may recommend, and the governing body may approve, applications for zoning map amendments, conditional use permits, applications for development approval within site specific zoning districts, and applications for site plan approval, subject to certain conditions, provided that said conditions are set forth in the minutes regarding approval of such application.

Said conditions of approval may reduce the number or type of permitted uses, limit the nature or scope of permitted uses, restrict certain activities on the property, restrict the number and kind of improvements which can be made on the property, stipulate specific acts which the property owner will perform, or any other conditions directly related to the physical use of land and which are designed to render the proposed zoning or use compatible with nearby properties. Applications for alteration or extension of conditional zoning shall be made in accordance with the requirements of this article.

Sec. 917. - Reversion of conditional zoning and/or conditional use approval.

If, after 24 months from the date the governing body approves a map amendment or conditional use permit, action has not been taken to utilize the property, pursuant to such conditions, such as securing a development permit, the approval shall expire. The governing body shall, by official action, cause the conditional use approval to expire or the zoning district to revert to the district classification assigned to the property immediately prior to the approval.

Prior to any reversion of approval, the owner of the property in question may petition the governing body for a modification or extension of zoning or conditional use approval. Any such extension shall be valid for 24 months from the date of approval. Only one such extension shall be permitted.

Sec. 918. - Approval required by appropriate body.

Applications for amendments to the text of the zoning regulations, zoning map amendments, alterations or extensions of conditional zoning, conditional use permits, development within site specific zoning districts and site plans require approval by the governing body before development may be initiated or before such application is made effective. Applications for variances and appeals shall require approval by the planning commission before development may be initiated or before such application is made effective. Applications for certificates of appropriateness require review by the planning commission and approval by the governing body before development, demolition or alteration may be initiated or before such application is made effective.

Sec. 919. - Procedure for approved zoning ordinance text amendments.

The date of all approved amendments to the text of the zoning ordinance shall be indicated on the title/cover page of the text, and any sections within the zoning ordinance text hereafter amended or repealed shall be so indicated by an asterisk (\*, \*\*, \*\*\*, etc.) and concurring footnote providing the date such amendment was approved. All such text amendments shall be incorporated within the text without unreasonable delay.

Sec. 920. - Designation of approved applications on official zoning map.

Rezoning changes/zoning map amendments shall be entered onto the official zoning map. In addition, all conditional use approvals, variances and certificates of appropriateness shall also be indicated on said official zoning map, with an abbreviation of application type and number. Such entries shall be made on the official zoning map without unreasonable delay.



## PART IV- RESIDENTIAL ZONING DISTRICTS

### ARTICLE X. - RESTRICTED AGRICULTURAL (RA) DISTRICT

#### Sec. 1001. - Purpose and intent.

The restricted agricultural (RA) district is an area which remains rural in character, yet where urban growth and expansion is expected to reach in the future. The regulations of this district are intended to provide a favorable climate for both agricultural and nonagricultural development and to provide orderly, timely, economic growth, as well as to recognize current conditions. The purpose of this district is to permit low-intensity and restricted agricultural uses in those areas which remain rural in character, yet where urban growth and expansion is expected in the future as the city develops. The preferred land uses in the district are agricultural, either active in the form of crops, or passive in the form of forest management or pasture lands with limited animal density. The requirements of the district are designed to encourage the continuing low-intensity agriculture use of the property and protect active urban uses found in adjacent districts of the city.

#### Sec. 1002. - Permitted uses.

1. Single-family detached dwellings, but not including manufactured homes, travel trailers used as residences, or modular homes. Density of dwellings is limited to no more than one dwelling per two acres (two acres is the minimum lot size for the RA zoning district).
2. Agriculture, general and specialized farming, including: horticulture, plant nursery, greenhouse, dairy farming, and livestock raising, subject to the restrictions set forth in section 1003, infra.
3. Riding stable, provided buildings housing animals are at least 100 feet from all property lines and the lot is not less than ten acres.
4. Kennel and/or animal hospital, provided buildings housing animals are fully enclosed and at least 100 feet from all property lines and all pens, runs, etc. which are not located in a fully-enclosed building are at least 200 feet from all property lines. The keeping of four or more animals shall constitute a kennel. Minimum lot size for a kennel is five acres.
5. Accessory buildings and uses customarily incidental to the principal residential and agricultural uses of the property. Buildings and structures which are intended for use or used for the housing or shelter of livestock and silos, granaries, windmills, barns, and similar structures which are related to the operation of an agricultural enterprise shall observe a minimum setback of one hundred feet from any property line and be spaced a minimum of five hundred feet from any residence or business on an adjoining property.
6. Churches, temples, synagogues and places of worship, and their solely owned and operated customary accessory facilities, including cemeteries, provided such uses are located on a lot with a minimum area of two acres, principal buildings are setback a minimum of 50 feet from any property line, and parking areas are located outside of the required front yard and separated from any side or rear

property line by a minimum six-foot-high, opaque fence or wall, or a densely planted landscape strip of at least ten feet in width.

7. Home occupations, as defined in article III and limited in section 713.
8. Parks, playgrounds, community centers, tennis courts, swimming pools, golf courses and other recreational facilities, operated on a non-profit basis.
9. Public and semi-public buildings and uses, as defined in article III.
10. Schools, public elementary, middle and secondary.
11. Schools, parochial and private offering courses in general education substantially similar to that of a public school, not offered for profit.

Sec. 1003. - Limitation on livestock and domestic pets; prohibition of hogs/pigs and fowl in the restricted agricultural (RA) district.

Horses, cows, goats, sheep, ponies, donkeys and other permitted domestic livestock may be kept, raised or bred in the RA district, provided that only two such animals shall be permitted for each one acre of open pastureland. All such livestock shall be contained adequately by suitable fencing within the specific property, and any buildings or structures for livestock shall be setback at least 100 feet from all property lines. Dogs, cats and other domestic pets may be kept, raised or bred in the RA district, provided that only three such animals shall be permitted for each one acre of lot size and all such domestic pets are subject to the kennel restriction contained in subsection 1002(4). Except as provided for in this subsection, the keeping or raising of fowl (chickens, etc.) or hogs/pigs, or the operation of a feed lot, is prohibited because of their potential negative impact on adjacent urban districts. All types of fowl, hogs and pigs are deemed prohibited domestic livestock and may not kept or raised in any zoning district within the city unless a variance is granted to allow such use, which variance may only be granted when the proposed use is not in or adjacent to a tract of land which meets the definition of an urban district. Any such variance shall specify the maximum amount of fowl, hogs and/or pigs allowed on a per acre basis and such other matters as may be reasonably necessary to properly regulate the same in a manner consistent with the goals of the zoning ordinance. Noise and smell from all livestock must be kept to a minimum.

#### RESTRICTED AGRICULTURAL DISTRICT: RA

Minimum Lot Size	Front Setback	Side Setback	Rear Setback	Minimum Square Feet	Maximum Height of Structure
2 Acres	50'	20'	40'	1,500'	35'

Sec. 1004. - Prohibited Uses

1. Commercial Uses.
2. Industrial Uses.
3. Any use not permitted in accord with the terms hereof.

#### ARTICLE XI. - R-1, RESTRICTED SINGLE-FAMILY RESIDENTIAL DISTRICT

Sec. 1101. - Purpose and intent.

The restricted single-family residential district is an area where substantial investment in permanent residence has been made or planned. Uses which will devalue investment and undermine environmental quality are prohibited. This district is intended to establish and preserve quiet, stable single-family residential neighborhoods at low densities (up to approximately one unit per acre) free from other uses except those which are compatible with and convenient to the residents of such a district and should be located away from intensive or commercial development, manufactured, industrialized, relocated or temporary housing.

Sec. 1102. - Permitted uses.

The following uses are permitted in the R-1, restricted single-family residential district:

1. Single-family detached dwellings, but not including manufactured homes, travel trailers used as residences, or modular homes.
2. Accessory buildings and uses customarily incidental to the principal residential use of the property, including home gardens, noncommercial greenhouses, and shelters or enclosures for three or less household pets that meet applicable health requirements. The keeping of four or more animals shall constitute a kennel. The keeping of noncommercial livestock is allowed (with the exception of hogs) on lots with a minimum of five acres, provided that any buildings or enclosures for the maintenance or shelter of animals shall be setback a minimum of 150 feet from any property line. Noise and smell from the commercial livestock must be kept to a minimum.
3. Churches, temples, synagogues and places of worship, and their solely owned and operated customary accessory facilities, including cemeteries, provided such uses are located on a lot with a minimum area of two acres, principal buildings are setback a minimum of 50 feet from any property line, and parking areas are located outside of the required front yard and separated from any side or rear property line by a minimum six-foot high, opaque fence or wall, or a densely planted landscape strip of at least ten feet in width.
4. Home occupations, as defined in article III and limited in section 714.
5. Parks, playgrounds, community centers, tennis courts, swimming pools, golf courses and other recreational facilities, operated on a nonprofit basis.
6. Public and semi-public buildings and uses, as defined in article III.
7. Schools, public elementary, middle and secondary.
8. Schools, parochial and private offering courses in general education substantially similar to that of a public school, not offered for profit.
9. Bed and Breakfast Establishments

RESTRICTED SINGLE-FAMILY RESIDENTIAL DISTRICT: R-1

Minimum Lot Size	Front Setback	Side Setback	Rear Setback	Minimum Square Footage	Maximum Height of Structure
1 acre	50'	20'	40'	1,500'	35'



Sec. 1103. - Prohibited Uses

1. Commercial Uses.
2. Industrial Uses.
3. Manufactured (Mobile) Homes and houses moved from other locations (Except industrialized single-family modular homes).
4. Animals which individually or in numbers, create a nuisance by noise, smell, unsanitary or visual effects. Animals such as dogs and cats are permitted when their number in relation to area does not create a nuisance to neighbors. Kennels for the breeding of any animal for sale are prohibited. Pet fowl or birds may be kept in cages under the same provisions. No swine are permitted.
5. Any use not permitted in accord with the terms hereof.

ARTICLE XII. - R-2, SINGLE-FAMILY RESIDENTIAL DISTRICT

Sec. 1201. - Purpose and intent.

The R-2, single-family residential district is intended to provide suitable land for single-family detached dwelling types at medium densities (up to two units per area) in areas served by public water and sanitary sewer.

Sec. 1202. - Permitted uses.

The following uses are permitted in the R-2, single-family residential district:

1. Any use permitted in the R-1, restricted single-family residential district, as specified in section 1102 of these regulations, subject to the same restrictions.

SINGLE-FAMILY RESIDENTIAL DISTRICT: R-2

Minimum Lot Size	Front Setback	Side Setback	Rear Setback	Minimum Square Footage	Maximum Height of Structure
20,000 sq. ft.	40'	15'	30'	1,400'	35'

Sec. 1203. - Prohibited Uses

1. Commercial Uses.
2. Industrial Uses.
3. Manufactured (Mobile) Homes and houses moved from other locations (Except industrialized single-family modular homes).
4. Animals which individually or in numbers, create a nuisance by noise, smell, unsanitary or visual effects. Animals such as dogs and cats are permitted when their number in relation to area does not

create a nuisance to neighbors. Kennels for the breeding of any animal for sale are prohibited. Pet fowl or birds may be kept in cages under the same provisions. No swine are permitted.

5. Any use not permitted in accord with the terms hereof.

## ARTICLE XIII. - R-3, SINGLE-FAMILY RESIDENTIAL DISTRICT

### Sec. 1301. - Purpose and intent.

The R-3, single-family medium density (up to three units per acre) in areas served by public water and sanitary sewer.

### Sec. 1302. - Permitted uses.

The following uses are permitted in the R-3, single-family district:

1. Any use permitted in the R-2, single-family residential district, as specified in section 1202, of these regulations and subject to the same restrictions, except as indicated in article XX provided both water and sewer are available (otherwise the lot size would be governed by the requirements of the State of Georgia Health Department Rules/Regulations).
2. Personal care homes, homes for the elderly, boarding homes, lodging houses and dormitories serving ten residents or less, provided that no such buildings shall be located closer than 100 feet to a R-1 district boundary, and provided a copy of the approved state license or permit is filed with the Planning Director or designee prior to the issuance of a certificate of occupancy.
3. Day care centers, kindergartens and nursery schools serving 12 or less persons, provided that no such principal building shall be located closer than 100 feet to a R-1 district boundary, that all applicable regulations of the Georgia Department of Human Resources regarding fencing and play area are met, and provided a copy of the approved state license or permit is filed with the Planning Director or designee prior to the issuance of a certificate of occupancy.
4. Short-Term Home Rentals

### Sec. 1303. - Conditional uses.

The following uses are conditional uses in the R-3, single-family residential district:

1. Personal care homes, homes for the elderly, boarding homes, lodging houses and dormitories serving more than ten residents, provided that no such buildings shall be located closer than 100 feet to a R-1 district boundary, and provided a copy of the approved state license or permit is filed with the Planning Director or designee prior to the issuance of a certificate of occupancy.
2. Day care centers, kindergartens and nursery schools serving more than 12 persons, provided that no such principal buildings shall be located closer than 100 feet to a R-1 district boundary, that all applicable regulations of the Georgia Department of Human Resources regarding fencing and play area are met, and provided a copy of the approved state license or permit is filed with the Planning Director or designee prior to the issuance of a certificate of occupancy.

3. Convalescent homes, nursing homes, group homes, rehabilitation centers, sanitariums and similar institutionalized residential facilities involving professional care and treatment, provided such use is located on property fronting an arterial or collector street, that no such dwelling is located closer than 100 feet to a R-1 district boundary, and provided a copy of the approved state license or permit is filed with the Planning Director or designee prior to the issuance of a certificate of occupancy.

Sec. 1304. - Density calculation.

No more than 20 percent of floodplain or other unusable land from a development prospective may be used to calculated allowed density.

SINGLE-FAMILY RESIDENTIAL DISTRICT: R-3

R-3 Single-Family Residential District	Max. # of Units	Min. Lot Size	Front Setback	Side Setback	Rear Setback	Min. Sq. Ft.	Max. Building Height
Single-Family	3	75'x100'	30'	10'	20'	1,300'	35'

Sec. 1305. - Prohibited Uses

1. Commercial Uses.
2. Industrial Uses.
3. Manufactured (Mobile) Homes and houses moved from other locations (Except industrialized single-family modular homes).
4. Animals which individually or in numbers, create a nuisance by noise, smell, unsanitary or visual effects. Animals such as dogs and cats are permitted when their number in relation to area does not create a nuisance to neighbors. Kennels for the breeding of any animal for sale are prohibited. Pet fowl or birds may be kept in cages under the same provisions. No swine are permitted.
5. Any use not permitted in accord with the terms hereof.

ARTICLE XIV. - R-6, MULTIPLE-FAMILY RESIDENTIAL DISTRICT

Sec. 1401. - Purpose and intent.

The R-6, multiple-family high density (up to six units per acre) in areas served by public water and sanitary sewer.



Sec. 1402. - Permitted uses.

1. Single-family attached dwellings (townhouses), provided that no dwelling is located closer than 50 feet to a R-1 district boundary, subject to the requirements of section 1404.
2. Two-family dwellings (duplexes).
3. Residential condominiums, provided that no dwelling is located closer than 50 feet to a R-1 district boundary, subject to the requirements of section 1406.
4. Apartments, provided that no dwelling is located closer than 100 feet to a R-1 district boundary.
5. Personal care homes, homes for the elderly, boarding homes, lodging houses and dormitories serving ten residents or less, provided that no such buildings shall be located closer than 100 feet to a R-1 district boundary, and provided a copy of the approved state license or permit is filed with the Planning Director or designee prior to the issuance of a certificate of occupancy.
6. Day care centers, kindergartens and nursery schools serving 12 or less persons, provided that no such principal building shall be located closer than 100 feet to a R-1 district boundary, that all applicable regulations of the Georgia Department of Human Resources regarding fencing and play area are met, and provided a copy of the approved state license or permit is filed with the Planning Director or designee prior to the issuance of a certificate of occupancy.
7. Short-Term Home Rentals

Sec. 1403. - Conditional uses.

1. Personal care homes, homes for the elderly, boarding homes, lodging houses and dormitories serving more than ten residents, provided that no such buildings shall be located closer than 100 feet to a R-1 district boundary, and provided a copy of the approved state license or permit is filed with the Planning Director or designee prior to the issuance of a certificate of occupancy.
2. Day care centers, kindergartens and nursery schools serving more than 12 persons, provided that no such principal buildings shall be located closer than 100 feet to a R-1 district boundary, that all applicable regulations of the Georgia Department of Human Resources regarding fencing and play area are met, and provided a copy of the approved state license or permit is filed with the Planning Director or designee prior to the issuance of a certificate of occupancy.
3. Convalescent homes, nursing homes, group homes, rehabilitation centers, sanitariums and similar institutionalized residential facilities involving professional care and treatment, provided such use is located on property fronting an arterial or collector street, that no such dwelling is located closer than 100 feet to a R-1 district boundary, and provided a copy of the approved state license or permit is filed with the Planning Director or designee prior to the issuance of a certificate of occupancy.

Sec. 1404. – Development Regulations in General

All apartment, duplex, triplex, quadplex, semi-detached residences and townhouse developments shall conform to the following regulations:

1. Site Plan Approval Required. All multi-family developments including apartments, duplexes, triplex, quadplex, semi-detached residences and townhouses require site plan approval by the Planning Commission in accordance with all procedures and requirements established by the City.

2. All site plans required by this section shall, at a minimum, contain the following information:

- a. Title of the proposed development and the name, address and telephone number of the property owner.
- b. The name, address and telephone number of the architect, engineer or other designer of the proposed development.
- c. Scale, date, north arrow, and general location map showing relationship of the site to streets or natural landmarks.
- d. Boundaries of the subject property, all existing and proposed, streets, including right-of-way and street pavement widths; buildings; water courses; parking and loading areas; flood plain; storm water detention; recreation areas; and other physical characteristics of the property and proposed development.
- e. Building setbacks, buffers, landscape strips, and common areas as well as topographic contours at two (2) feet intervals.
- f. All accessory structures and locations shown

3. No multi-family development shall take place in whole or part without being served by both public water and public sewer facilities.

4. Driveways and Interior Roads.

- a. An interior road(s) serving any multi-family development shall be paved and have a minimum width of 28 feet back of curb to back of curb. Parking on interior roads is to be regulated by Section 609. Off-Street Parking and Loading Spaces Required.
- b. All interior roads shall have sidewalks installed on both sides of the street.
- c. Sidewalks and pedestrian ways shall connect to public streets and adjoining developments as applicable.

5. Parking.

Insofar as practicable, off-street parking facilities shall be grouped in bays, either adjacent to streets or in the interior of blocks. No off-street parking space shall be more than 100 feet by the most direct pedestrian route from a door of the dwelling unit it is intended to serve.

6. Fire Protection.

- a. All multi-family developments shall provide adequate fire protection in the form of placement of water lines, fire hydrants, sprinkler systems, and fire walls as required by local and state fire codes required for these types of structures.
- b. If a residential structure is located less than 15' from any property line, then local fire codes impose certain requirements.

7. Buffer, Landscaping, and Open Space Requirements.

- a. All multi-family developments shall conform to the following regulations. The following regulations are designed to promote the health, safety, order, aesthetics and general welfare by protecting against incompatible uses of land, controlling problems of flooding, soil erosion and air pollution, providing for a more attractive environment, assuring adequate open space, and reducing noise, night lighting, glare, odor, objectionable view, loss of privacy and other adverse impacts and nuisances through the use of buffers, landscaping and open space.

b. Each development shall have a minimum of 25 percent of the development's total land area as landscaped open space. A buffer of at least 10 feet in width shall be provided and maintained around the entire exterior perimeter of all apartment, condominium, duplex and townhouse developments. Utilization of existing trees and vegetation is appropriate for inclusion within the buffer, or when not found appropriate, shall be supplemented with approved additional landscaping and plantings.

8. Service Buildings.

Subordinate accessory structures are permitted for maintenance, storage and other incidental uses supportive to the primary use of the property. Community service facilities and accessory structures are subject to site plan approval, for the convenience of the residents of the property. Such structures may include, but are not limited to, the following uses: facility management offices, community laundry facilities, and indoor community recreation areas.

9. Maximum units per building. No more than six units shall be permitted to form any one single building

Sec. 1405.- Townhouse development regulations.

All developments containing fee-simple townhouses shall conform to the following requirements:

1. Lots—Each townhouse shall be located on its own lot of record, and subdivision plat approval shall be required in accordance with the City of Dawsonville Regulations.
2. All structures will be constructed with a non-flammable brick or masonry firewall between units and extending two feet above the roofline. A fire retardant product may be used in place of the firewall.

Sec. 1406. - Residential condominium development regulations.

All developments containing residential condominiums shall conform to the following requirements:

1. Condominium developments shall meet all applicable state laws, including the Georgia Condominium Act.
2. Proposed condominium bylaws shall be submitted with the application for site plan approval. Format and content of the by-laws and declarations are subject to the approval of the city attorney.

Sec. 1407. - Density calculation.

No more than 20 percent of floodplain or other unusable land from a development prospective may be used to calculate allowed density.

MULTIPLE FAMILY RESIDENTIAL DISTRICT: R-6

R-6 Multiple-Family Residential District	Max. # of Units per Acre	Min. Lot Size	Front Setback	Side Setback	Rear Setback	Min. sq. footage	Max. Bldg. Height
Duplex	4	100'x100'	30'	10'	20'	1,100'	35'

Townhouses	6	28'x100'	30'	10'	20'	1,200'	35'
Condominium	6		30'	10'	20'	1,100'	As engineered
Apartments	6		30'	10'	20'	700'	As engineered

Sec. 1408.- Prohibited Uses

1. Commercial Uses.
2. Industrial Uses.
3. Manufactured (Mobile) Homes and houses moved from other locations (Except industrialized single-family modular homes).
4. Animals which individually or in numbers, create a nuisance by noise, smell, unsanitary or visual effects. Animals such as dogs and cats are permitted when their number in relation to area does not create a nuisance to neighbors. Kennels for the breeding of any animal for sale are prohibited. Pet fowl or birds may be kept in cages under the same provisions. No swine are permitted.
5. Any use not permitted in accord with the terms hereof.

ARTICLE XV. - R3R, MANUFACTURED HOME SUBDIVISION DISTRICT

THE R3R DISTRICT HAS BEEN DELETED. NO APPLICATIONS TO REZONE PROPERTY TO THIS DISTRICT WILL BE HEARD BY THE PLANNING COMMISSION OR THE MAYOR AND COUNCIL FROM THE ADOPTED DATE OF THIS ORDINANCE. ALL LAND AREAS CURRENTLY ZONED R3R DISTRICT SHALL ABIDE BY THE FOLLOWING REGULATIONS.

Sec. 1501. - Purpose and intent.

The manufactured home subdivision district is intended to provide areas for manufactured homes, which are subdivided for individual ownership, that are served by public water, sanitary sewer and recreational amenities.

Sec. 1502. - Permitted uses.

The following uses are permitted in the R3R, manufactured home subdivision district:

1. Manufactured homes within manufactured subdivisions, for manufactured homes on individual lots under separate ownership. Commercial uses or home occupations within individual manufactured homes parks are not permitted.
2. Community centers and recreation facilities intended to serve residents of the district.
3. Customary accessory uses and structures clearly incidental to one or more permitted use and structures.
4. Public and semi-public buildings and uses.



Development for manufactured home subdivisions in the R-3 single-family residential restricted district shall conform to the following regulations:

1. Site plan approval required: All manufactured home subdivisions shall require site plan approval by the governing body in accordance with the procedures and requirements established in the City of Dawsonville development standards.
2. Location and frontage: R3R-single-family residential restricted manufactured home subdivision district development shall be located on property with a minimum frontage of 200 feet on a public street.
3. Street requirement: Interior roads serving the development shall be constructed to city standards as specified in the City of Dawsonville development standards, and in addition shall have a minimum pavement width of 30 feet. If dedicated to the public, the roads within the development shall have a minimum right-of-way width of 50 feet.
4. Lot area and width: An R3R-single-family residential restricted manufactured home district development shall have a minimum area of 25 contiguous acres and a lot width of at least 200 feet.
5. Density: The maximum density of an R3R-single-family residential restricted manufactured home district development is three units per acre.
6. Recreation and other community facilities: Not less than 15 percent of the total area of the development shall be devoted to recreation and other community use facilities.
7. Perimeter setback required: No manufactured home or other building or structure shall be located closer than 60 feet to any manufactured home subdivision perimeter property boundary.
8. Perimeter screening required: A landscaped screen consisting of dense evergreen trees and/or shrubs and having a minimum width of ten feet along all property lines shall be required. A minimum six-foot high, opaque fence or wall may be erected along the perimeter in lieu of such landscaped screen.
9. Utilities: All manufactured home and subdivisions shall be served by public water and public sanitary sewer systems and shall be subject to approval by the Dawson County Health Department.
10. Lot addressing: Each manufactured home lot shall be provided with a street address by the City of Dawsonville's Planning Director or designee.
11. [Doublewides.] Only doublewides with pitched roofs are allowed in manufactured home subdivisions.

Sec. 1503. - Lot size requirements and setbacks.

1. Space size, width and setbacks: Each manufactured home lot within the subdivision will comply with R3 zoning lot size and set back requirements for single-family residences.
2. Foundations and tie-downs: Each manufactured home in a subdivisions shall be supported by piers and foundations and shall be anchored to the ground in accordance with building code requirements, to secure the manufactured home against uplift, sliding, rotation and overturning.
3. Skirting: The space beneath each manufactured home subdivision shall be enclosed, with the exception of ventilation and access openings. The enclosing materials shall extend from the lower edge of the exterior walls of the manufactured home to the ground surface level. All such enclosures shall be permanently installed and consist of opaque, rust and rot resistant materials. All ventilation and access

openings shall be covered with wire mesh screen. Such skirting shall not be required for those homes with a complete masonry perimeter foundation.

4. Landing or deck and steps: At the time of installation and set-up, each manufactured home with a door threshold height of 14 inches or greater from the ground shall have attached and affixed at each such door a landing not smaller than 48 inches by 48 inches. If the floor of the deck is more than 32 inches from the ground at any point, a railing 42 inches in height with picket spacing not to exceed six inches shall also be required and installed, except for that part of the deck where steps lead to the ground. Steps shall be not less than 36 inches in width and shall be of accepted tread height and depth for residential use. At the time of installation and set-up, each manufactured home with a door threshold height of seven inches or greater from the ground, but less than 14 inches from the ground, shall have attached and affixed at each such door a set of steps not less than 36 inches wide. The construction of the deck and steps must be of pressure treated wood, precast concrete, masonry construction or a reasonable equivalent. Steps constructed on flexible metal stands shall not be permitted. Loose stacks of block or brick steps shall not be permitted.

#### Sec. 1504. - Prohibited Uses

1. Commercial Uses.
2. Industrial Uses.
3. Animals which individually or in numbers, create a nuisance by noise, smell, unsanitary or visual effects. Animals such as dogs and cats are permitted when their number in relation to area does not create a nuisance to neighbors. Kennels for the breeding of any animal for sale are prohibited. Pet fowl or birds may be kept in cages under the same provisions. No swine are permitted.
4. Any use not permitted in accord with the terms hereof.

#### Article XVI. RMM Residential Manufactured/Moved

Residential Manufactured/Moved Districts allows for the placement of Manufactured (Mobile) Homes on individual lots as well as homes moved from other locations.

#### Sec. 1601. Permitted Uses. Uses not listed in this Subsection are prohibited in this district.

1. Single family dwellings with on-site construction only. Only one principal residence per parcel of land.
2. Churches or other places of worship and cemeteries.
3. Accessory uses, such as private garages, swimming pools, home workshops, tennis courts, children's play houses, small gardens, non-commercial greenhouses, and home offices. Accessory uses must be located on a parcel that is currently occupied by a principal residential structure.
  - a. Accessory structures shall be no larger than the footprint of the primary structure or one-half the gross square footage, whichever is greater.
4. Manufactured Housing and houses moved from another location. Only one principal residence per parcel of land.

Minimum Lot Size	Front Setback	Side Setback	Rear Setback	Minimum Square Feet
3 Acres	50'	20'	40'	1,000'

Sec. 1602. Prohibited Uses.

1. Commercial Uses.
2. Industrial Uses.
3. Animals, which individually or in numbers, create a nuisance by noise, smell, unsanitary or visual effects. Animals such as dogs and cats are permitted when their number in relation to area does not create a nuisance to neighbors. Kennels for the breeding of any animal for sale are prohibited. Pet fowl or birds may be kept in cages under the same provisions. No swine are permitted. Horses are prohibited on lots less than (3) acres.
4. Any use not permitted in accord with the terms hereof.

Sec. 1603. Manufactured Home Compatibility Standards. Manufactured or mobile homes are allowed provided that only one such principal residence is permitted per lot and shall be subject to the following compatibility standards:

1. The home shall be attached to a permanent foundation; each home shall be provided with anchors and tie downs such as cast-in-place concrete deadmen or other similar devices, which secure the stability of the home, approved by the Planning Director or designee.
2. There is no age restriction on a mobile home or moved in house
3. All towing devices, wheels, axles and hitches must be removed.
4. At each exit door there must be a landing that is a minimum of forty-eight inches (48") by forty-eight inches (48").
5. The roof shall have a surface of wood shakes, asphalt composition, wood shingles, concrete, fiberglass, or metals tiles, slate built up gravel materials, or other similar materials approved by the Planning Director or designee. All roofs shall have a minimum 4/12 pitch to approximate the traditional architecture within the city to protect the public health, safety and welfare.
6. The exterior siding materials shall consist of wood, masonry, concrete, stucco, Masonite, metal or vinyl lap or other materials of like appearance.
7. Each home shall be completely skirted with an appropriate barrier, properly ventilated, to enclose the area between the bottom of the structure and the ground. Such skirting shall not be required for that home with a complete masonry or concrete perimeter foundation.
8. Each home shall be established in accordance with the installation instructions from the manufacturer, as appropriate.
9. All utility connections, including but not limited to water, sanitary sewer/septic tank, electricity and gas shall be made as required by all building codes of the city.

10. Said home shall compare aesthetically to site-built and other housing in the immediate general area within the same zoning or residential district or area.

11. Campers, travel trailers, recreational vehicles, motor homes, busses, and the like, which may require or may have been required to purchase a tag for travel on the road, are not considered mobile homes. They cannot be permanently connected to utilities and cannot be used as a single family dwelling in any zoning category.

#### ARTICLE XVII. - RMHT, MANUFACTURED HOUSING TEMPORARY [DISTRICT] (12 MONTHS)

THE RMHT DISTRICT HAS BEEN DELETED. NO APPLICATIONS TO REZONE PROPERTY TO THIS DISTRICT WILL BE HEARD BY THE PLANNING COMMISSION OR THE MAYOR AND COUNCIL FROM THE ADOPTED DATE OF THIS ORDINANCE. ALL LAND AREAS CURRENTLY ZONED RMHT DISTRICT SHALL ABIDE BY THE FOLLOWING REGULATIONS.

##### Sec. 1701. - Purpose and intent.

RMHT-manufactured housing temporary district is intended for a one family residence in a manufactured home, or an accessory manufactured home where a permanent home already exists. This district is a temporary use classification, which automatically reverts to that land district which existed before this RMHT was approved after 12 months from its approval by the city council. The use of the manufactured home shall thereafter become a nonconforming use subject to the nonconforming use provision of this ordinance.

##### Sec. 1702. - Permitted uses.

The following uses are permitted in the RMHT-manufactured housing temporary district:

1. One manufactured home as the principal dwelling on a lot with minimum area of one acre and fronting on a public street maintained by the city or state, provided that the owner and occupant of the manufactured home and the owner of the lot are the same person.
2. One manufactured home ("MH") as a second and temporary accessory dwelling upon a lot where a home exists, provided the following conditions are met:
  - a. The MH is an accessory use on a one-acre minimum size lot that meets all requirements of the RMHT district, provided that the occupant of the MH and the owner/occupant of the principal dwelling and lot are as closely related as father, son, mother, daughter, brother, sister, grandparents, or grandchildren;
  - b. A MH may be located on a lot which has been approved for RA or commercial use provided that construction of a building or residence begins within 90 days and provided that the MH is removed within 30 days of occupancy of the building that is being constructed or one year from the date of approval of the RMHT application, whichever is earlier; or,
  - c. The MH shall only be occupied by the individual or family proposed in the application for the RMHT district and the MH shall be removed within 90 days of the date that the occupant no longer needs residence in the MH.



d. It shall be unlawful for any person to place, store, or maintain any MH in Dawsonville except: as specified under the provisions of the R3R district or the RMHT district; or within a manufactured home sales lot or similar use.

e. This ordinance specifically reserves in favor of the planning commission and city council the discretion to deny or condition, based upon the factors set forth herein, any individual application submitted hereunder if, after review of the application and careful study hereof, the proposed re-districting is deemed by the city council not to be in the best interests of the health, safety and welfare of the present and future citizens of Dawsonville.

## ARTICLE XVIII. RPC RESIDENTIAL PLANNED COMMUNITY.

Sec. 1801. -Purpose. The Residential Planned Community District is a parcel of land developed with a variety of land uses which may vary from strict application of minimum standards in other land use classifications with the purpose of encouraging the development of large tracts of land as planned communities; encourage flexible and creative concepts in site planning; preserve the natural environment by encouraging scenic and functional open areas within residential areas; and provide for an efficient use of land resulting in increased efficiency in providing services, thus lowering development costs due to the smaller networks for streets and shorter utility lines.

Sec. 1802. -In General.

The Residential Planned Comprehensive Development is a flexible alternative which advocates the grouping or clustering of lots and buildings on a smaller portion of the tract, where the developer can maintain the same residential density but offer smaller lots, with remaining land dedicated or reserved for open space, agriculture, woodlands or recreation.

1. Applicability. RPC is permitted only if a single developer or development group is planning and constructing the entire unit, including all amenities, and shall not be available to any development if any lots or parcels are sold to others before construction of amenities and buildings (excepting single family residences). Amenities may be shown as part of a specific phase(s) of the master plan and must be constructed accordingly.
2. In the event of the failure of the developer to complete any portion of the approved plan, then all requirements of subdivision regulations shall be complete before sale of any lots or issuance of building or occupancy permits.
3. The amount of permanent open space or natural space required shall be no less thirty (30) percent of the development. An active amenity area is required. The overall net density shall be no more than one (1) unit per acre except for multi-family applications which shall be four (4) units per acre.

In some cases, the health department may require a lower density for septic tank requirements based on soils and slope.

4. An application for zoning and any development permits shall be preceded in each case by informal meeting with the Mayor or other council member, the City Manager and the Planning Director or designee as available prior to submission and shall be consistent with the format required for subdivision approval with the following additions:

- a. A proposed master plan showing at minimum:

- i. Total property area included in the development with a legal description of the subject property and bounds;
- ii. Proposed buildings with approximate square footage and footprints;
- iii. Proposed street layout;
- iv. Existing topographic conditions to include a contour interval of a minimum 5 feet based on field surveys or photogram metric photogrammetric methods;
- v. Amenity areas and buildings, including defined open space;
- vi. Traffic impact study.

b. Water and sewage disposal and other utility plans.

c. A Statement of Intent containing disclosure of ownership, financial information, of the character of the proposed development, including a summary of gross density, types of dwelling units, stages of the development including completion of amenities, open space and landscaping.

d. A master drainage plan shall be provided with the application for rezoning to identify the detention/retention and encourage creative water quality and quantity treatment processes.

5. Lapse of approval shall occur two years after the approval of the development plan or if the applicant fails to reasonably maintain the development schedule (delay over 6 months for any phase of the project without satisfactory explanation.) The Planning Commission may extend approval for one year at its discretion. Upon lapse of approval, all approved documents shall be revoked and the area shall be returned to the previous district classification following appropriate notice, hearings and approvals of the Mayor and Council. The developer shall receive a minimum of 60-days' notice of intent to revoke approval prior to initiating the application.

6. The approved rezoning to RPC shall automatically be conditioned upon the approved master plan regardless of ownership unless approval lapses pursuant to Section 1802 (5). Any Change or revision to the master plan after the initial rezoning or any change to any other zoning condition imposed by the County, shall require a rezoning application. The approved plan and any revisions shall be recorded in the office of the County Clerk with the minutes of the meeting when the plan is approved or revised.

7. Any major or substantial change in the approved master development plan that affects the intent and character of the development, increases the density or changes the land use pattern, changes the location or dimensions of streets or similar changes must be reviewed and approved by the Mayor and Council after review and recommendation by the Planning Commission before any work shall be permitted. A request for revision of the master development plan shall be supported by a written statement justifying the necessity or desirability for such revision. Any such major change shall be considered a request to change a zoning condition and shall be subject to rezoning procedures.

#### Sec. 1803. -Permitted Uses.

The following uses are allowed within this district. Uses not listed in this Subsection are prohibited in this district.

- a. Single family dwellings with on-site construction only. Only one principal residence per parcel of land.
- b. Apartments, duplexes, triplexes, quadplexes, semi-detached residences and townhouses.
- c. Owner-occupied condominiums.

d. Bed and Breakfast Establishments

e. Short-Term Home Rentals

f. Private Amenity areas such as swimming pools, tennis courts, children's play areas, small gardens, non-commercial greenhouses, fitness and recreations centers, club house or community rooms and other similar uses Provided that the following conditions are met:

- i. Adequate parking area is provided for the amenity area; typically, a minimum of 15 parking spaces, unless a variance is approved,
- ii. The area is fenced and landscaped. All pools should be landscaped and screened such that at least 50% of the view from the public road is obscured.
- iii. The amenity area shall be constructed and completed in the first phase of the development if the development is 100 acres or less. If the development is greater than 100 acres, the developer shall construct the amenity area in conjunction with the development of a specific phase of the development.

This shall be clearly delineated and noted on the master plan.

- iv. Lighting is provided for the parking area and all walkways and pedestrian access points.

g. A limited commercial component to the project is allowed, i.e. golf clubhouse, villas, etc. This may be included at no more than four percent (4%) of the total gross acreage. The commercial uses are intended for small-scale neighborhood service and will be specifically determined by the Board of Commissioners upon Master Plan approval. The commercial component of the plan shall be integrally designed with the residential component and shall provide both vehicular and pedestrian interconnectivity and access throughout.

#### Sec. 1804.- Prohibited Uses.

- a. Commercial Uses not specifically permitted in this section.
- b. Industrial Uses.
- c. Manufactured (Mobile) Homes and houses moved from other locations are prohibited.
- d. Animals that individually or in numbers create a nuisance by noise, smell, unsanitary or visual effects. Horses are prohibited. Kennels for the breeding of any animal for sale are prohibited. Pet fowl or birds may be kept in cages in accord with the terms of this subsection. No swine are permitted.
- e. Any use not permitted in accord with the terms hereof.

#### Sec. 1805.- Open Space Requirements.

- a. Minimum area. Each separate tract of open space shall contain at least two acres; except that no minimum tract size is required for open space in medians in streets or islands for cul-de-sac turnarounds.
- b. Minimum width. Walkways or "fingers" of open space created to provide access from individual lots to a larger expanse of open space shall have a minimum width sufficient to accommodate a path, given the existing terrain, the center of which path shall be at least twenty-five (25) feet from any property line. All path dimensions shall have a width no more than eight (8) feet.

- c. Desired features. Open Space shall include irreplaceable natural features of the site such as streams, significant stands of trees, individual trees of significant size, rock outcropping, and peaks and ridges that are themselves scenic features or from which scenic views are available.
- e. Natural limitations. Natural areas which are unsafe for or not easily accessible to pedestrians - including swamps, floodplains, wetland areas, steep slopes (35% or more for a distance of 100 feet or more), woodlands, lakes, ponds and streams - may be included as open space. These areas shall not count for more than fifty percent (50%) of the total open space required.
- f. Uses restricted. Buildings shall not occupy open space, but may occupy area allocated for one or more conventional lots.
- g. Easements restricted. Open space may be entered or crossed by utility easements where such easements will involve access by persons or vehicles for periodic maintenance or repair only.
- h. Open space shall be undisturbed except where designed as an active amenity area.

Sec. 1806.- Roads and utilities:

- a. All roads within RPC zoning district shall be private roads and shall be maintained by a property owners association formed by the developer; except those roads which serve to connect the development to other public roads.
- b. All roads within a RPC development district shall be designated as private on all plats, maps, deeds, and road signs of the development.
- c. All private roads with the development shall be built to public standards.
- d. All roads shall have sidewalks and/or permanent pedestrian access designed throughout the project.
- e. All utilities shall comply with applicable codes, and street lighting shall be included on all new streets by the developer. If either condition exists, then ongoing responsibility for maintenance of utilities and lighting shall be held by the Homeowners or Property Owner's Association as appropriate.

Sec. 1807.- Annual Review.

To ensure continued progress toward completion, the approved Master Development Plan with updated accomplishments shall be submitted to the City of Dawsonville Planning Commission for annual review. Failure to submit the review documents may result in Lapse of Approval.

ARTICLE XIX. - PUD, PLANNED UNIT DEVELOPMENT DISTRICT

THE PUD DISTRICT HAS BEEN DELETED. NO APPLICATIONS TO REZONE PROPERTY TO THIS DISTRICT WILL BE HEARD BY THE PLANNING COMMISSION OR THE MAYOR AND COUNCIL FROM THE ADOPTED DATE OF THIS ORDINANCE. ALL LAND AREAS CURRENTLY ZONED PUD DISTRICT SHALL ABIDE BY THE FOLLOWING REGULATIONS.

Sec. 1901. - Purpose and intent.



The planned unit development district is intended to provide flexibility in the application of area, height, bulk, placement, and other zoning controls; provide for mixing a wide variety of residential housing types and arrangements; provide for the mixing of compatible residential, office, commercial and industrial land uses; encourage imaginative and innovative design for the unified development of tracts of land; provide an alternative for more efficient use of land, resulting in smaller networks of utilities and streets, thereby resulting in lower construction and maintenance costs to the public; preserve the natural amenities of the land by encouraging scenic and functional open areas within the development; and to promote land development in proper relation to the surrounding neighborhood.

Sec. 1902. - Permitted uses.

Any land uses and combinations thereof, including R2, R3, and neighborhood business district, and are restricted to these zoning regulations.

Sec. 1903. - Development summary report required.

Applications for rezoning to a development within a planned unit development district shall require a written report, which explains the type, nature, size, intent and characteristics of the proposed development. As a minimum, the report shall include the following:

1. A complete listing of every land use proposed within the development, including total acreage and the amount of acreage devoted to each use. All uses not specifically included in the report or site plan and approved by the governing body are prohibited unless subsequently the application is amended in accordance with applicable procedures.
2. Proposed development standards including minimum lot sizes, minimum lot widths, minimum lot frontages, min areas or residential dwelling unit sizes, maximum number of dwelling units, maximum square footage figures for developments, minimum yards/building setbacks, landscape strips and buffers, height limitations, restrictive covenants other such applicable standard or requirement. The report should also indicate any proposed exceptions or variations from the size, setback, frontage, density or other standards, which are required in other conventional zoning districts, along with justification for such proposed exceptions or variations.
3. Time frame of development and provisions for ownership and management of the development.
4. Intended plans for the provision of utilities, including water, sewer and drainage facilities.
5. All streets and common open spaces not proposed for dedication to the public shall have the proposed maintenance and ownership agreements explained in detail.

Sec. 1904. - Site plan approval required.

Applications for rezoning to a development within a planned unit development district shall require a site plan including, as a minimum, those items enumerated in section 910 of these regulations. The Planning Director or designee, planning commission and/or city council may require, in addition, such other information, studies, plats, plans, or architectural elevations deemed necessary to perform an adequate review of the proposed application.

Site plans shall be prepared by a professional engineer, architect, land surveyor, land planner or landscape architect, and his/her seal of registration or professional initials shall be indicated on such plans.

Sec. 1905. - Report and site plan are minimum requirements.

The approved development summary report, site plan, and all other information, studies, plats, plans or architectural elevations submitted in the application, or required to be submitted by the governing body, shall establish the standards and minimum requirements for the subject property and shall become the zoning regulations that apply to the subject property, regardless of changes in property ownership.

Sec. 1906. - Revisions to approved PUD application.

Any additions in the types of land uses, increases in square footage or density, decreases in lot sizes, changes in the location or dimensions of streets, decreases in dwelling unit floor areas, major alterations in the land use patterns, or other substantial changes which, in the opinion of the Planning Director or designee, result in a development of such intent and character which has not been conceptually approved by the governing body shall require additional approval in accordance with procedures established in article XXIV. Otherwise minor changes may be approved by the Planning Director or designee prior to issuance of building permits.

Sec. 1907. - Minimum site area and frontage required.

The minimum site area for a planned unit development district shall be 15 contiguous acres, and the site must have a minimum of 200 feet of frontage on a public street, which shall provide access to such public street.

Sec. 1908. - Suggested site planning guidelines.

The following specifications are not regulations, but recommended guidelines to be utilized in preparation of site plans for planned unit developments:

1. Land uses which have traditionally been viewed as incompatible (e.g. single-family subdivision and a manufacturing plant) should not be proposed in the same planned unit development unless considerable screening and physical separation is provided.
2. Office, commercial and/or industrial uses should be located adjacent to major thoroughfares or in other areas with access that will not result in traffic through residential areas.
3. Lot sizes, lot widths, unit sizes and other characteristics of residential development within the planned unit development should be as R-2 and R-3 zoning district requirements.
4. Location of land uses should conform substantially with land use plan goals, policies and suggested types of uses.
5. Street lengths, alignments, patterns and other characteristics should conform to city development regulations or standard planning principles.
6. Proposed developments should make maximum use of natural features of the land and set aside 15 percent of the total property as green space or recreational common area.
7. For developments that are predominantly residential, only limited commercial uses (up to 10,000 square feet, or ten percent of the total development site area) of a convenience retail nature, internally oriented and intended to serve the needs of the residents of the development should be proposed.

8. No more than 20 percent of floodplain or other unusable land from a developmental perspective may be used to calculate allowed density.

## ARTICLE XX. - PCS, PLANNED CONSERVATION SUBDIVISION DISTRICTS

### Sec. 2001. - Purpose.

It is the purpose of a PCS district to provide flexibility in ensuring preservation of open space within a master-planned residential development. A conservation subdivision design preserves open space while maintaining large lots for residential units of the overall site area.

### Sec. 2002. - Permitted uses.

Neighborhoods surrounded by aesthetically and ecologically important areas adds to the design process to identify and set aside conservation open space areas prior to the delineation of transportation and residential lot layouts. Open space includes wetlands, river or stream buffers, woodlands, playing fields, and meadows.

### Sec. 2003. - Intent.

The intent of the conservation subdivision regulations is to:

1. Preserve significant areas of land for ecological, recreational, and agricultural purposes in perpetuity;
2. Encourage more efficient development of land consistent with public health, safety, and general welfare;
3. Afford greater flexibility of design and placement of buildings and structures;
4. Preserve and protect exceptional terrain, natural beauty, or sites of historic interest from inconsequential placement of homes, roadways, utilities and appurtenances;
5. Preserve the streams and tributaries as natural resources;
6. Prevent flooding, erosion, and water pollution, and protect the quality and quantity of drinking water;
7. Preserve wetlands, aquifers, topographical or soil features, marine and wildlife habitat; and other features having conservation values, including views, vistas, and indigenous vegetation; and
8. Promote a less sprawling form of development.

Conservation subdivisions are allowed as a permitted right in accordance with the requirements set for in this zoning ordinance and is a floating zone, which is allowed in all residential districts.

### Sec. 2004. - Open space.

An additional definition of "Open space" in this section shall be undeveloped land, which is set aside permanently for common use by the residents of the subdivision.

### Sec. 2005. - Disposition and preservation of open space.

Open space land shall be preserved and maintained solely for the purposes specified above, and shall be maintained solely by the following:

1. Established of a mandatory home owners association to own and maintain the land in common for the open space purposes intended according to the following provision:
  - a. With their application for a permit to build a conservation subdivision, developments will create and submit minimum requirements and structure for the homeowners association before the first lot is sold.
  - b. The homeowners association will maintain, pay taxes, and own the open space.
  - c. Membership in the homeowners association is mandatory for all homeowners, and dues are uniform.
  - d. The homeowners association shall stipulate in its by-laws that the city may enforce the maintenance of the open space through legally enforceable means.
2. Dedication of legally described and platted "open space" to the City of Dawsonville, may be allowed by approval of the city council.
3. Dedication of legally described and platted "open space" to a land trust may be established in compliance with the requirements of Georgia Law and shall be for conservation purposes.

Sec. 2006. - Open space ownership and maintenance.

The city council shall require the owner or owners of open space land to execute, acknowledge, and file in the land records of Dawson County, including documents and maps which effectively create a conservation easement or other legal conveyance approved by the city or its designee. These records

1. Will be binding on all future owners of the open space land;
2. May be enforced by the adjoining property owners, the city, or a land trust by appropriate court action for equitable relief in the form of an injunction;
3. Will assure appropriate maintenance by the homeowners' association or as otherwise herein provided, of open space land to the satisfaction of the city;
4. Will provide that if maintenance, preservation, and/or use of the open space no longer comply with the provisions of the easement, the city may take all necessary action to effect compliance and assess the cost against the owners in default.
5. Will provide that such easement may not be modified, altered, or amended.

Sec. 2007. - Septic systems, wells, and storm water management systems.

Easements will allow designated open space to be used for community sewer system drip lines or individual septic systems secondary drain lines, wells, and storm water management structures designed to promote on-site infiltration and/or treatment or runoff.

Sec. 2008. - Significant structures.



Structures of historic, architectural, or cultural significance existing prior to development of the subdivision may be retained within the open space, subject to approval indicating that these structures are compatible with the City of Dawsonville Zoning Ordinance.

Sec. 2009. - Road specifications.

Design standards for road construction in a conservation subdivision shall be consistent with those set for in the City of Dawsonville development standards with the following exceptions:

1. Minimize the number of cul-de-sac streets by providing more than one entrance to the development and interconnect streets as much as possible.
2. For cul-de-sac streets, minimize the amount of impervious surface by limiting the internal turning radius to 60 feet and the width of the paved lane to 20 feet. Use grass and vegetation for the inner circle of turn-arounds, rather than paving the entire area. Declare the homeowners association responsible for the maintenance of the grassy area in the neighborhood bylaws.
3. Omit curbs wherever possible.
4. As an alternative to curb and gutters, allow runoff from roofs and pavements to pass immediately through grass swales or infiltration basins, Use plant material that will absorb rainwater and act a natural filter for oil and pollution.
5. Utilize permeable pavement for street surfaces, driveways, sidewalks, and pedestrian and bike paths, except where steep slopes, swelling soils, and other site-specific constraints make it unfeasible. Examples of permeable pavement used in neighborhood developments include permeable crushed stone aggregate, open- celled pavers, porous asphalt, and porous concrete. Wooden decks, paving stones, and wood mulch are recommended for pedestrian areas.
6. Provide marked, permeable paved paths for nonvehicular traffic within the development and connecting to neighboring residential and commercial areas.

Sec. 2010. - Area and yard requirements; locations and structures.

1. Large lots allow for the placement of all principal buildings to provide for a safe, quiet, and harmonious grouping as well as adequate privacy by providing increased front, side and rear yards.
2. At least one member of the homeowners association should receive training in wildlife habitat conservation, enhancement and maintenance.
3. Each homeowner should be given site-specific information about indigenous habitat and diversity of species.
4. The homeowners association should develop a long-term conservation plan for each individual lot and the maintenance of common areas. This plan should include examples of environmentally friendly landscaping techniques for homeowners.

PCS-PLANNED CONSERVATION SUBDIVISIONS DISTRICTS

Maximum Number of Units per 5 Acres	Minimum Lot Size	Front Setback	Side Setback	Rear Setback	Minimum Square Feet	Maximum Building Height
1	3 acres	60'	50'	50'	1,400'	35

Sec. 2011.- Prohibited Uses

1. Commercial Uses.
2. Industrial Uses.
3. Manufactured (Mobile) Homes and houses moved from other locations (Except industrialized single-family modular homes).
4. Animals which individually or in numbers, create a nuisance by noise, smell, unsanitary or visual effects. Animals such as dogs and cats are permitted when their number in relation to area does not create a nuisance to neighbors. Kennels for the breeding of any animal for sale are prohibited. Pet fowl or birds may be kept in cages under the same provisions. No swine are permitted.
5. Any use not permitted in accord with the terms hereof.

ARTICLE XXI.- RCT, RESIDENTIAL COTTAGE

Sec. 2101.- Purpose and intent

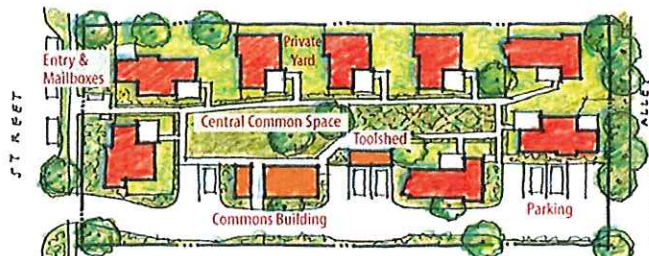
The trend toward smaller houses has become a social movement. People are choosing to downsize the space they live in, simplify, and live with less. People are embracing this life philosophy and the freedom that accompanies the smaller more economical house lifestyle. The residential cottage district is intended to provide single-family individual cottages and micro-planned/pocket developments with construction of small single-family cottages.

Sec. 2102- Permitted uses.

1. The construction of single-family cottages as allowable by current building codes not to exceed 1000 square feet in size on a minimum of 1 acre of land.
2. Additionally, RTC will allow for the construction of single-family cottages as allowable by current building codes in groups as a micro-planned/pocket development with a density of 8 units per acre with a minimum of 6 cottage units not to exceed 12 cottages units per cluster.

Sec. 2103.- Micro-planned/pocket development regulations.

1. Site plan approval by the Planning Commission and the Mayor and Council is required. Site lots should be designed and laid out in a clusters and shall have a central common area. (see illustration)



2. Lots—Each cottage shall be located on its own lot of record, and subdivision plat approval shall be required in accordance with the City of Dawsonville Regulations. All other land areas within the micro-development shall be under common ownership.
3. Clusters shall consist of 6 to 12 cottage units. There shall be a minimum separation between clusters of 50 maintained in an undisturbed buffer.
4. Streets—All streets within a micro-planned development shall be built to city specifications as provided in the City of Dawsonville Development Regulations and dedicated to the city.
5. Parking—Insofar as practicable, common parking areas comprised of pervious pavement shall be provided with walkways to a central common area as well as to each cottage. Parking facilities shall be grouped with no less than 3 spaces each. Minimum parking required shall be 2 per cottage unit.
6. All structures must be either site built or industrialized (modular) homes and placed on a permanent foundation. Structures shall not be placed in a way which would block the occupants view of the central common area.
7. Privacy between cottage units: Dwellings shall be designed so that no window peers into the living space of adjacent dwellings closer than 30 feet apart. This may be accomplished by:
  - a. ‘Nesting’ dwellings with open and closed sides: the open side may have windows facing its own side or rear yard, while the closed side may have high windows, translucent windows, or skylights to bring in ample light while preserving privacy;
8. Open Space/Green Space- The site shall be at a minimum 50% greenspace for micro-planned developments. Each unit shall have 300 sq. ft. of private open space and a minimum of 3,000 sq. ft. of common area open space. Additionally, At least 75 percent of the dwelling units of each cluster shall abut the common open space; and all of the dwelling units shall be within 60 feet walking distance measured from the nearest entrance of the dwelling along the shortest safe walking route to the nearest point of the common open space. The common open space shall have dwellings abutting at least two sides.
9. Buffers- A 50-foot undisturbed buffer shall be required along the property lines where a residential cottage micro-planned development abuts a zoning district other than RCT.
10. Amenity areas such as a community center, central gazebo, playgrounds, etc. are required.

Sec 2104- . Prohibited Uses.

1. Commercial Uses.

2. Industrial Uses.

3. Animals, which individually or in numbers, create a nuisance by noise, smell, unsanitary or visual effects. Animals such as dogs and cats are permitted when their number in relation to area does not create a nuisance to neighbors. Kennels for the breeding of any animal for sale are prohibited. Pet fowl or birds may be kept in cages under the same provisions. No swine are permitted. Horses are prohibited on lots less than (3) acres.

4. Any use not permitted in accord with the terms hereof.

PART V- COMMERCIAL ZONING DISTRICTS

ARTICLE XXII- COMMERCIAL ZONING DISTRICTS IN GENERAL

Sec. 2201.- Purpose.

The purpose of this Article is to establish Commercial Land Use Districts by defining their characteristics and prescribing development standards therefore. Commercial Land Use Districts are of greater intensity of use and are usually incompatible with Residential Districts.

Sec. 2202.- Maintenance Requirements.

Developments in commercial districts shall comply with the site maintenance requirement set forth herein after a Certificate of Occupancy has been issued and released. The owner shall be responsible for these requirements regardless of any tenant relationship or any relationship with any other party:

1. the cleanliness of the entire site shall be maintained by removing any trash, rubbish or other debris deposited at the site;
2. landscaping shall be maintained, and dead or damaged plants shall be replaced;
3. any damaged elements of a building (including broken windows) and the site (including curb stops, parking stripes and dumpster screening) shall be repaired or replaced if the building or the site becomes dilapidated or in disrepair;
4. all fire suppression systems, including sprinkler systems, shall be maintained in compliance with applicable local, state, and federal statutes, regulations, and ordinances;
5. if the commercial structure or structures shall be vacated, then the owner shall continue to maintain the site in accord with the terms hereof and shall remove all signs from the site within 60 days of the day the structure becomes vacant; and,
6. if any single occupant premise becomes vacant for more than 60 days and the owner fails to maintain the property in accord with the terms hereof and after notice from the County of such failure, then the owner shall be subject to citation and shall be subject to the maximum fine permitted for ordinance violations for each day of each violation of any provision of this ordinance.

Sec. 2203.- Outdoor Lighting.

Outdoor lighting shall be designed to provide the minimum lighting necessary to insure adequate safety, night vision and comfort and shall not create nor cause excessive glare upon adjacent properties or public streets or rights-of-way. All light sources shall be located, designed, fitted, aimed, shielded, installed and maintained to limit illumination only to the target area and shall minimize light trespass. Light sources shall not at any time be directed or angled such that the light emitted from the fixture is focused to a point off the property of the owner of such light fixture.

1. Light Levels. Light levels shall be as follows:

At property lines including rights-of-way	Minimum Foot-Candles	Maximum Foot-Candles
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Abutting a residential district	None	1.5
Abutting an retail/office district	None	2.0
Abutting a industrial district	None	3.0

Off street parking lots	Minimum Foot-Candles	Maximum Foot-Candles
<b>Office professional districts</b>	1.5	8
<b>Commercial districts</b>	2.0	15
<b>Industrial</b>	1.5	12

2. Security and Parking Lot Lighting.

- a. All security and parking lot lighting shall be installed such that the lamp (light-emitting device) is not protruding from the bottom of the fixture.
- b. All light fixtures shall be installed so that the light produced is emitted downward.
- c. Light shall not be emitted horizontally from the side of the fixture.
- d. Pole lights shall not exceed 35 feet in height and shall have box-type fixtures.
- e. Wall packs shall be used for security lighting along the side and rear of the buildings only and all light emitted shall be focused downward.

3. Sign Lighting. Sign lighting shall be as follows:

- a. light fixtures illuminating signs shall be aimed and shielded so that direct illumination is focused exclusively upon the sign.

4. Building Facade Lighting and Landscape Lighting. Building facade lighting and landscape lighting shall be as follows: light fixtures shall be selected, located, aimed and shielded so that direct illumination is focused exclusively upon the building façade, plantings and other intended site features and away from adjoining properties and the public street and right-of-way.

5. Architectural Lighting. Architectural lighting shall be as follows: decorative and architectural lighting is allowed upon the building façade if the lighting emits ten or less foot-candles and is focused downward.

6. Grandfathering of Nonconforming Light Fixtures. Grandfathering of Nonconforming Light Fixtures shall be as follows:

- a. all light fixtures lawfully in place before the date of this Ordinance shall be grandfathered. However, any light fixture that replaces a grandfathered light fixture or any grandfathered light fixture that is moved shall meet the standards of this Ordinance;
- b. grandfathered light fixtures that direct light toward a street or parking lot that causes disabling glare to motorists shall be either shielded or redirected within 90 days of notification from The City of Dawsonville so that the light fixtures do not cause a potential hazard to motorists;
- c. grandfathered light fixtures that can be adjusted to conform to this ordinance without changing the fixture shall so comply within 30 days of notice from The City of Dawsonville regarding conforming to the terms hereof; and

d. new businesses occupying existing structures with grandfathered light fixtures that do not comply with the terms of this ordinance may not replace bulbs or repair offending light fixtures. Instead, the offending fixture shall be replaced.

7. Submission of Plans. All sites of new commercial construction shall provide the Planning and Zoning Office a lighting plan for the site at the time of submission of plans before the issuance of land development permits or building permits, as applicable. The lighting plan shall include all proposed light fixtures, including light fixtures to be placed upon the building. The lighting plan shall show an overview of the site with light level calculations and foot-candles. The light intensity of each light fixture shall be in accordance with the regulations set forth herein. If light fixtures to be placed upon the building façade cannot be included during the submission of the plans, then the developer/owner/applicant shall show cause regarding why descriptions of the light fixtures cannot be shown at that time. If the cause shown is sufficient, then the Planning Director may allow the light fixtures to be shown when the developer/owner/applicant submits building plans if the developer/owner/applicant provides a revised lighting plan that provides information regarding the added light generated by such fixtures. All lighting plans submitted shall include a detail sheet, which shall provide descriptions of all light fixtures to be installed.”

#### Sec. 2204.- Single-Family.

Single-Family residential use is permitted in any commercial zoning district unless otherwise noted with conditions herein.

### ARTICLE XXIII. - NB, NEIGHBORHOOD BUSINESS DISTRICT

#### Sec. 2301. - Purpose and intent.

The neighborhood business district is intended to provide areas for limited small-scale commercial uses of a convenience nature serving and in close proximity to or in conjunction with residential properties as opposed to a regional market. The district is not intended to accommodate intensive commercial activities that are of such magnitude or type that would result in the generation of excessive traffic, noise, odors, pollution, safety hazards, or other adverse impacts which would detract from the desirability of adjacent properties for residential use. In general, the neighborhood business district includes offices and retail and service establishments but excludes those highway-oriented uses, which involve use of chemicals and outside sales, storage or display.

#### Sec. 2302. - Permitted uses.

The following uses are permitted in the NB-neighborhood business district:

1. Accessory uses and structures normally incidental to principal permitted uses and structures.
2. Antique shops.
3. Art and school supply stores.
4. Bays: single bay automated car washes attached to the business.
5. Bake shops and bakeries, but not including wholesale.

6. Banks and financial institutions, including drive-in, drive-through and automatic teller facilities as accessory uses, not to exceed 10,000 square feet of gross floor area.
7. Barber shops and beauty shops.
8. Book or stationary stores.
9. Churches, temples, synagogues and places of worship, and their customary accessory uses and structures, including cemeteries.
10. Clubs, lodges, fraternal institutions and other places of public assembly for membership groups, nonprofit or for profit, not to exceed 10,000 square feet of gross floor area.
11. Clothes pressing, repair, sale and rental, but not including department stores.
12. Convenience food and retail stores with or without retail gasoline sales.
13. Day care centers.
14. Dressmaking, millinery, sewing and tailor shops.
15. Drug stores.
16. Dry-cleaners and laundromats not exceeding 2,500 square feet of total floor area.
17. Electronic equipment sales.
18. Food and grocery stores.
19. Food catering establishments.
20. Florist shops.
21. Gift shops.
22. Hardware stores.
23. Hobby shops.
24. Ice cream and yogurt shops.
25. Instructional studios, such as music, dance, gymnastics aerobics and material arts.
26. Interior decorating shops.
27. Jewelry stores.
28. Libraries, museums and art galleries.
29. Locksmith shops.
30. Music stores.
31. Offices, business, medical, professional, insurance and real estate, and general.
32. Paint stores.
33. Photocopying, printing and reproduction services not exceeding 2,500 square feet of total floor area.
34. Photography shops and studios.

35. Public and semi-public buildings and uses.
36. Radio and television repair and sales stores.
37. Record, tape, and video rental and sales stores.
38. Recycling collection centers, but not including processing of recyclable materials.
39. Residences, single-family detached, but not including manufactured homes. Home occupations are permitted as accessory uses.
40. Restaurants, but not including drive-in or drive-through facilities.
41. Schools, public elementary, middle and secondary, and public and private colleges and universities.
42. Schools, parochial, private vocational, technical and others, nonprofit or operated for profit.
43. Snack and sandwich shops, but not including drive-in or drive-through facilities.
44. Sporting goods stores.
45. Toy stores.
46. Travel agencies.
47. Watch and clock sales and repair shops.

Sec. 2303. - Outdoor sales, storage, and display.

Except as otherwise provided, it shall be unlawful in the [HB,] highway business district to provide more than what would be equal to 20 % of the internal floor space for outdoor storage, outdoor display or outdoor sales on any portion of a subject lot; provided, however that said prohibition shall not apply to auto, boat, recreational, farm and manufactured home and other vehicle rental and sales.

NEIGHBORHOOD BUSINESS DISTRICT

Minimum Lot Size	Front Setback	Side Setback	Rear Setback	Minimum Square Feet	Maximum Height of Building
43,560 sq. ft.	40'*	20'	20'	1,000'	50'

\*Front setback may be greater if located on a State Highway

ARTICLE XXIV. - [HB,] HIGHWAY BUSINESS DISTRICT

Sec. 2401. - Purpose and intent.

The [HB,] highway business district is intended to provide adequate space for various types of general business uses that serve residents on a community level rather than neighborhood level, including the retailing of major goods and services of large scale, automotive and other types of more intensive commercial activities and establishments that rely on highway-oriented, passer-by traffic. It is the intent of this district not to permit unenclosed display, sales and/or storage, except for auto, boat, recreational vehicle, farm vehicle, and manufactured home sales and rental.



Sec. 2402. - Permitted uses.

The following uses are permitted in the HB, highway business district:

1. Any use permitted in the neighborhood business district as enumerated in section 2302 of these regulations, but not subject to any specified square footage limitations.
2. Accessory uses and structures normally incidental to permitted principal uses.
3. Agricultural implement and equipment sales, service, rental and repair.
4. Amphitheaters and stadiums.
5. Animal hospitals and veterinary clinics.
6. Assembly halls, auditoriums and meeting halls.
7. Auto, boat, truck, motorcycle, bicycle and other vehicle rental, repair, service and sales.
8. Auto, boat, truck, motorcycle, bicycle and other vehicle parts sales.
9. Auto car washes, single bay automated car washes attached to the business.
10. Banks and financial institutions.
11. Billiard halls, poolrooms and amusement/video arcades.
12. Blueprinting establishments.
13. Bowling alleys.
14. Building materials sales and lumberyards.
15. Bus passenger stations, terminals.
16. Cabinet shops.
17. Camper and recreational vehicle sales, service and repair.
18. Christmas tree sales.
19. Contractor's establishments, building, electrical and plumbing.
20. Convalescent homes, nursing homes, group homes, rehabilitation centers, sanitariums and similar institutionalized residential facilities involving professional care and treatment.
21. Department stores.
22. Dry-cleaning establishments, laundromats and laundries.
23. Equipment rental, sales and service.
24. Exterminators and pest control businesses.
25. Firearms sales and service, including gun clubs and indoor shooting ranges.
26. Firewood sales.
27. Flea markets.

28. Floor covering stores.
29. Funeral homes, mortuaries and mausoleums.
30. Furniture, fixtures and home furnishing stores, including rental, finishing, repair and sales but not manufacturing.
31. Garden supply centers, greenhouses and landscaping services.
32. Golf courses, golf driving ranges, miniature golf courses, and baseball batting cages.
33. Health clubs and spas.
34. Heliports and helistops.
35. Hospitals and clinics.
36. Hotels, motels, and bed and breakfast inns.
37. Kennels.
38. Lawn mower rental, repair and sales and service shops.
39. Mini-warehouses and mini-storage facilities, where no individual storage stall or compartment exceeds 500 square feet of total floor area.
40. Manufactured home and manufactured building sales, but not including residential occupancy of manufactured homes.
41. Monument sales establishments.
42. Palm reading and fortune telling establishments.
43. Parking garages and parking lots.
44. Pawn shops.
45. Pet stores and grooming establishments.
46. Printing establishments.
47. Private clubs operated for profit.
48. Race tracks for go-carts only. Minimum of five acres.
49. Radio and television studios, and cable television stations, including broadcasting towers and satellite receiving antennas as accessory uses.
50. Recycling collection centers, but not including the processing of recyclable materials.
51. Repair of household appliances.
52. Research and scientific laboratories.
53. Restaurants, including drive-in and drive-through facilities.
54. Sign fabrication and painting shops, occupying not more than 2,500 square feet of floor area.
55. Skating rinks.
56. Tattoo parlors.

- 57. Taxicab and limousine services.
- 58. Taxidermist shops.
- 59. Theaters, indoor and outdoor.
- 60. Truck stops and truck terminals.
- 61. Welding shops.

Sec. 2403. - Conditional uses.

The following uses are conditional uses in the HB, highway business district:

- 1. Building materials and lumber sales with open air or unenclosed storage.
- 2. Auction facilities.
- 3. Circus.
- 4. Open storage yards, subject to the screening requirements set forth in Article 35.
- 5. Residences for a caretaker or night watchman.
- 6. Warehousing and storage uses which occupy no more than 10,000 square feet of floor area.
- 7. Wholesale establishments which occupy no more than 10,000 square feet of floor area.

Sec. 2404. - Outdoor sales, storage, and display.

Except as otherwise provided, it shall be unlawful in the [CB,] commercial highway business district to provide more than what would be equal to 20 % of the internal floor space for outdoor storage, outdoor display or outdoor sales on any portion of a subject lot; provided, however that said prohibition shall not apply to auto, boat, recreational, farm and manufactured home and other vehicle rental and sales.

COMMERCIAL HIGHWAY BUSINESS

Minimum Lot Size	Front Setback	Side Setback	Rear Setback	Minimum Square Feet	Maximum Height of Building
43,560 sq. ft.	40'	20'	20'	1,000'	As engineered

\*Additional requirements for access, curb cuts, deceleration and acceleration lanes, etc. may be required. Additional front set back may be required for state highways.

ARTICLE XXV. - TB, TOWN BUSINESS DISTRICT (HISTORICAL DISTRICT)

Sec. 2501. - Purpose and intent.

The town business district is intended to protect and promote the educational, cultural, economic, and general welfare of the public through the preservation and protection of the old, historic, architecturally worthy structures in historic areas or neighborhoods which exhibit a distinct aspect of the community and which serve as visible reminders of the history and cultural heritage of the community, state or nation. The district is also

intended to assure that new structures and uses within such districts will be architecturally in keeping with the character to be preserved or enhanced.

Sec. 2502. - Permitted uses.

The following uses are permitted in the TB, town business district:

1. Accessory uses and structures customarily incidental to one or more principal permitted uses.
2. Antique shops.
3. Art and school supply stores.
4. Bake shops and bakeries.
5. Banks and financial institutions, including drive-in, drive-through and automatic teller facilities as accessory uses.
6. Barber shops and beauty shops.
7. Hotels and Bed and breakfast inns.
8. Book or stationery stores, churches, temples, synagogues and places of worship.
9. Clubs, lodges, fraternal institutions and other places of public assembly for membership groups, nonprofit or for profit.
10. Clothes pressing, repair, sale and rental.
11. Convenience food and retail stores with or without retail gasoline sales.
12. Dressmaking, millinery, sewing and tailor shops.
13. Drug stores.
14. Food and grocery stores.
15. Food catering establishments.
16. Florist shops.
17. Gift shops.
18. Hardware stores.
19. Hobby shops.
20. Ice cream and yogurt shops.
21. Instructional studios, such as music, dance, gymnastics, aerobics and martial arts.
22. Interior decorating shops.
23. Jewelry stores.
24. Libraries, museums and art galleries.
25. Locksmith shops.
26. Music stores.



27. Offices, business, medical, professional, insurance and real estate, and general.
28. Parking garages and parking lots.
29. Photocopying, printing and reproduction services not exceeding 2,500 square feet of total floor area.
30. Photography shops and studios.
31. Public and semi-public buildings and uses.
33. Record, tape, and video rental and sales stores.
34. Restaurants, including drive-in or drive-thru facilities.
35. Retail sales.
36. Schools, public elementary, middle and secondary, and public and private colleges and universities.
37. Schools, parochial, private vocational, and technical, nonprofit or operated for profit.
38. Snack and sandwich shops.
39. Sporting goods stores.
40. Toy stores.
41. Travel agencies.
42. Watch and clock sales and repair shops.
43. Residences, single-family attached, duplexes, townhouses, condominiums and apartments. Townhouses and condominiums are subject to all provisions of section 1405, and section 1406, respectively.

Sec. 2503. - Conditional uses.

The following uses are conditional uses in the TB, town business district:

1. Commercial-residential group projects, as defined in article III.
2. Farmers' markets, flea markets, roadside stands and other similar seasonal or temporary activities.

Sec. 2504. - Outdoor sales, storage, and display.

Except as otherwise provided, it shall be unlawful in the [TB,] town business district to provide more than what would be equal to 10 % of the internal floor space for outdoor storage, outdoor display or outdoor sales on any portion of a subject lot; provided, however that said prohibition shall not apply to auto, boat, recreational, farm and manufactured home and other vehicle rental and sales.

Sec. 2505. - Alteration of structures or buildings.

Prior to any alteration (including painting), demolition, removal of an existing structure or building in whole or in part, or new construction of a structure or building in the historical town business district, a building permit shall be obtained and a design review shall be conducted by the Historic Preservation Commission in accordance with the City of Dawsonville Historical District Ordinance. A certificate of appropriateness shall be issued by the

HPC, whereas such alteration, demolition or new construction shall be performed in accordance with the design guidelines of the preservation ordinance.

Nothing in this article shall be construed to prevent the ordinary maintenance or repair of any exterior elements of any structure or building; nor shall anything in this article be construed to prevent the construction, reconstruction, alteration or demolition of any such elements which any authorized public official shall certify as required by public health or safety.

Sec. 2506. - Signs.

For the purposes of this section, all signs and other advertising devices are regulated according to the City of Dawsonville Historical Business District Sign Ordinance.

TOWN BUSINESS DISTRICT

Minimum Lot Size	Front Setback	Side Setback	Rear Setback	Minimum Sq. Ft.	Maximum Height of Building
4,900 sq. ft.	0'*	0'	0'	1,000'	35'

\*Additional front setbacks may be required if located on a State Highway.

ARTICLE XXVI. - CBD, CENTRAL BUSINESS DISTRICT

Sec. 2601. - Purpose and intent.

The intent of this article is to establish and preserve a compact central business district convenient and attractive for a wide range of retail uses, business transactions, government and professional offices, places of amusement, employment activities, and services to the public designed primarily to meet the day-to-day shopping and service needs of residents of the City of Dawsonville.

It is further the intent of this article to ensure that development within the central business district is consistent or compatible with development in the, town business district. The governing body finds that, due to the proximity of the central business district (CBD) to the historic downtown square, that development within the central business district could either substantially enhance or threaten the character and economic conditions of the historic downtown square, depending upon the type, nature and architectural character of such development. Because of the potential impact development within the CBD could have on the long term economic vitality of properties within the, town business district, which such historical properties are found to be of utmost importance to tourism and the economies of Dawsonville and Dawson County, the governing body finds that all alterations to structures and development of new structures within this district shall require a review according to the guidelines of the City of Dawsonville Historic District Ordinance. This is required to ensure the integrity, stability and enhancement of the town business district. (See section 2605).

Sec. 2602. - Permitted uses.

The following uses are permitted in the CBD, central business district:

1. Any use permitted in the neighborhood business district, as enumerated in section 2302 of these regulations, but not subject to any specified square footage limitations except as provided in article XX.
2. Bus stations and terminals.
3. Commercial recreation facilities conducted entirely within an enclosed building.
4. Hospitals and clinics.
5. Hotels, motels, and bed and breakfast inns.
6. Manufacturing and fabrication shops which occupy no more than 1,000 square feet of floor area.
7. Parking garages and parking lots.
8. Recycling collection centers, but not including the processing of recyclable materials.
9. Residences, single-family attached, duplexes, townhouses, condominiums and apartments. Townhouses and condominiums are subject to all provisions of section 1405, and section 1406, respectively.
10. Taxicab and limousine services.
11. Theaters, indoor only.

Sec. 2603. - Conditional uses.

The following uses are conditional uses in the CBD, central business district:

1. Circuses and carnivals.
2. Commercial-residential group projects, as defined in article III.
3. Farmers' markets, flea markets, roadside stands and other similar seasonal or temporary activities.

Sec. 2404. - Outdoor sales, storage, and display.

Except as otherwise provided, it shall be unlawful in the [CBD,] central business district to provide more than what would be equal to 10 % of the internal floor space for outdoor storage, outdoor display or outdoor sales on any portion of a subject lot; provided, however that said prohibition shall not apply to auto, boat, recreational, farm and manufactured home and other vehicle rental and sales.

Sec. 2605. - Alteration of structures, new construction.

Prior to any alteration (excluding painting), demolition, removal of an existing structure or building in whole or in part, or new construction of a structure or building in the CBD, central business district, a building permit shall be obtained and a design review shall be conducted by the Planning Director or designee in accordance with the City of Dawsonville building code Ordinance. A certificate of occupancy shall be issued by the Planning Director or designee, where such alteration, demolition or new construction shall be performed in accordance with the design guidelines of the building code ordinance.

Nothing in this article shall be construed to prevent the ordinary maintenance or repair of any exterior elements of any structure or building; nor shall anything in this article be construed to prevent the construction, reconstruction, alteration or demolition of any such elements which any authorized public official shall certify as

required by public health or safety. For the purpose of this section, signs shall not be considered structures, and signs shall not be considered as requiring a certificate of occupancy. All signs and other advertising devices are regulated according to the City of Dawsonville General Sign Ordinance.

**CENTRAL BUSINESS DISTRICT**

Minimum Lot Size	Front Setback	Side Setback	Rear Setback	Minimum Square Feet	Maximum Height of Building
10,000 sq. ft.	40'*	10'	20'	1,000'	As engineered

\*For developments abutting state highways a 50' front setback is required.

**ARTICLE XXVII. - INST, INSTITUTIONAL DISTRICT**

**Sec. 2701. - Purpose and intent.**

The institutional district is intended to accommodate public and semi-public uses primarily owned by governmental entities or private entities for a public purpose (such as a privately owned hospital set up pursuant to a state issued certificate of need).

This district is also intended to apply to areas with a transitional character, where such permitted uses provide a buffer or transition between more intensive nonresidential and residential districts.

**Sec. 2702. - Permitted uses.**

The following uses are permitted in the INST, institutional district:

1. Any use permitted within the R-1, single-family residential district for institutional or governmental type use, as enumerated in section 1102 of these regulations and subject to the same restrictions.
2. Public and private elementary, middle and secondary schools.
3. Colleges and universities.
4. City, county, state and federal governmental offices and buildings.
5. Public water and sewer buildings, facilities and related uses.
6. Public parks, public recreational facilities, public fairgrounds, and cemeteries.
7. Public safety facilities (fire, EMT, sheriff).
8. Churches and church schools.
9. Hospitals, convalescent homes, nursing homes, group homes, rehabilitation centers, sanitariums and similar institutionalized residential facilities involving professional care and treatment, provided such use is located on property fronting an arterial or collector street, that no such building is located closer than 100 feet to an R-1 district boundary, and provided a copy of the approved state license or permit is filed with the Planning Director or designee prior to the issuance of a certificate of occupancy.



10. Day care centers, kindergartens and nursery schools, provided that no such principal building shall be located closer than 100 feet to an R-1 district boundary, that all applicable regulations of the Georgia Department of Human Resources regarding fencing and play area are met, and provided a copy of the approved state license or permit is filed with the Planning Director or designee prior to the issuance of a certificate of occupancy.

11. Lodges, clubs, fraternal institutions and other places of public assembly for membership groups, operated on a nonprofit basis.

#### INST-INSTITUTIONAL DISTRICT

Minimum Lot Size	Front Setback	Side Setback	Rear Setback	Minimum Square Feet	Maximum Height of Building
20,000 sq. ft.	40'*	10'	20'	1,000'	As engineered

\*Front set back may be greater if located on a state highway.

#### ARTICLE XXVIII. - O, OFFICE DISTRICT

##### Sec. 2801. - Purpose and intent.

The office district is intended to establish and preserve a compatible land use arrangement relative to the development of offices, professional enterprises, and medical and dental facilities.

This district is also intended to apply to areas with a transitional character, where such permitted uses provide a buffer or transition between more intensive nonresidential and residential districts.

##### Sec. 2802. - Permitted uses.

The following uses are permitted in the O, office district:

1. Any use permitted within the R-1, single-family residential district for offices, as enumerated in section 1102 of these regulations and subject to the same restrictions.
2. Colleges and universities.
3. Convalescent homes, nursing homes, group homes, rehabilitation centers, sanitariums and similar institutionalized residential facilities involving professional care and treatment, provided such use is located on property fronting an arterial or collector street, that no such dwelling is located closer than 100 feet to an R-1 district boundary, and provided a copy of the approved state license or permit is filed with the Planning Director or designee prior to the issuance of a certificate of occupancy.
4. Day care centers, kindergartens and nursery schools, provided that no such principal building shall be located closer than 100 feet to an R-1 district boundary, that all applicable regulations of the Georgia Department of Human Resources regarding fencing and play area are met, and provided a copy of the approved state license or permit is filed with the Planning Director or designee prior to the issuance of a certificate of occupancy.

5. Instructional studios, such as music, dance, gymnastics, aerobics and martial arts.
6. Lodges, clubs, fraternal institutions and other places of public assembly for membership groups, operated on a nonprofit basis.
7. Offices, medical, professional, insurance, real estate and general, but not involving retail sales of any kind.
8. Personal care homes, homes for the elderly, boarding homes, lodging houses and dormitories, provided that no such buildings shall be located closer than 100 feet to an R-1 district boundary, provided a copy of the approved state license or permit is filed with the Planning Director or designee prior to the issuance of a certificate of occupancy.
9. Photographic studios, but not involving the retail sale of film or photographic equipment.
10. Schools, nonprofit or operated for profit.
11. All uses allowed in INST district.

#### O-OFFICE DISTRICT

Minimum Lot Size	Front Setback	Side Setback	Rear Setback	Minimum Square Feet	Maximum Building Height
20,000 sq. ft.	40**	10'	20'	1,000'	As engineered

\*Front set back may be greater if located on a state highway.

#### ARTICLE XXIX. - LI, LIGHT INDUSTRIAL DISTRICT

##### Sec. 2901. - Purpose and intent.

The light industrial district is established with the purpose of reserving certain areas with relatively level topography, adequate water and sewerage facilities, and access to arterial streets for industrial operations, but where such areas' proximity to residential and other districts makes it desirable to limit industrial operations to those that are not objectionable by reason of the emission of noise, vibration, smoke, dust, gas, fumes, odors or radiation and that do not create fire or explosion hazards or other objectionable conditions. Uses within this district do not require substantial quantities of water for manufacturing operations and do not necessarily require rail, air and water transportation. Certain commercial uses having an open storage characteristic, or which are most appropriately located as neighbors of industrial uses, are also included within this district.

##### Sec. 2902. - Permitted uses.

The following uses are permitted in the LI, light industrial district:

1. Accessory uses and structures normally incidental to permitted principal uses, including offices, showrooms and administrative facilities.

2. Agricultural implement rental, repair, sales and service, and farm supply stores and storage yards.
3. Airports and accessory facilities.
4. Blueprinting and printing establishments.
5. Building material and other outside storage yards.
6. Bus passenger stations, terminals.
7. Cabinet shops.
8. Contractor's establishments.
9. Distribution of products and merchandise.
10. Dry-cleaning plants.
11. Exterminators and pest control businesses.
12. Heliports and helistops.
13. Kennels.
14. Lumber yards, planeing and sawmills.
15. Machine shops.
16. Mini-warehouse and mini-storage facilities.
17. Parking garages and parking lots.
18. Radio and television broadcasting towers.
19. Repair of household appliances.
20. Recycling plants, including any processing activities.
21. Research and scientific laboratories.
22. Sign fabrication and painting shops.
23. Storage buildings and storage yards.
24. Soft drink bottling and distributing plants.
25. Truck stops and truck terminals.
26. Welding stops.
27. Wholesaling and warehousing facilities.
28. Wrecked motor vehicle compounds, government owned only.

Sec. 2903. - Conditional uses.

The following uses are conditional uses in the LI, light industrial district:

1. Asphalt plants.
2. Canning establishments.

3. Ceramic production facilities.
4. Cold storage, frozen food lockers and ice manufacture.
5. Concrete, cement, clay, mortar and plaster production.
6. Extraction or removal of sand, gravel, top soil, clay, dirt, precious metals, gems, or other natural resources.
7. Feed, grain, or fertilizer manufacture or storage.
8. Food processing plants, including fish and poultry facilities.
9. Manufacturing, processing and assembling of the following products: chemicals, floor coverings, glass, machinery, metals, rubber, textiles, tobacco, and wood.
10. Residences for a caretaker or night watchman.

**Sec. 2904. - Industrial performance standards.**

All uses hereafter established in the LI, light industrial district, shall conform to the following performance standards:

1. Lighting: Exterior illumination on a particular site shall not exceed 1.2-footcandles of illumination at any property light source be directly visible from adjoining residential properties.
2. Noise: Within an LI district, the loudness or energy level of sound resulting from machinery or activities shall not exceed 70 decibels (dB) for more than five minutes during any one hour, as measured at any given property line abutting a residential district.
3. Electromagnetic interference: No use, activity or process shall be conducted which products electromagnetic interference with radio or television reception in adjacent or neighboring residential areas.

**LI, LIGHT INDUSTRIAL DISTRICT**

Minimum Lot Size	Front Setback	Side Setback	Rear Setback	Minimum Square Feet	Maximum Building Height
43,560 sq. ft.	40**	20'	20'	1,500'	As engineered

\*Front setbacks may be greater if located on a state highway.

**ARTICLE XXX. - CIR, RESTRICTED INDUSTRIAL COMMERCIAL DISTRICT**

**Sec. 3001. - Purpose and intent.**

Restricted industrial commercial districts are areas where there are manufacturing, processing, fabricating, or other uses, which may generate noise, odors, traffic, activity and may require special energy, waste disposal, or other special utility support services.



Sec. 3002. - Permitted uses.

The following uses are permitted in the CIR, restricted industrial commercial district:

1. Sawmills, lumber and wood products processing or storage, pulpwood yards.
2. Textile manufacturing, processing, fabrication and assembly.
3. Metals, cement, plastics, or wood products manufacturing, fabrication, or production including furniture manufacturing.
4. Truck or cargo transfer terminals, and bus garages.
5. Wholesale building supply and materials storage or sales.
6. Airports or airfields, after the planning commission reviews and approval of the city council.
7. Any other industrial use that the planning commission or the City of Dawsonville city council determines not to be dangerous, offensive, unhealthy, nor detrimental to the community.

Sec. 3003. - Prohibited uses.

The following uses are prohibited uses in the CIR, restricted industrial commercial district:

1. Any industrial or commercial use that the planning commission or the city council determines to be hazard, detrimental, or objectionable to the community.
2. The following uses and activities unless specifically approved by the planning commission and the city council:
  - a. Cement or asphalt manufacture.
  - b. Steel fabrication.
  - c. Petroleum refining.
  - d. Bulk feedlots.
  - e. Commercial slaughtering of animals.
  - f. Paper or wood pulp manufacturers.
  - g. Open pit mining.
  - h. Quarrying or sand/gravel removal operations.

CIR-RESTRICTED INDUSTRIAL COMMERCIAL DISTRICT

Minimum Lot Size	Front Setback	Side Setback	Rear Setback	Minimum Square Feet	Maximum Height of Building
5 Acres	40**	20'	20'	2,000'	As engineered

\*Front setback may be greater if located on a state highway.

## ARTICLE XXXI. C-PCD Commercial Planned Comprehensive Development District.

### Sec.3101. - Scope.

Commercial Planned Developments are areas which due to their size and scope, or the need to provide for a planned or phased development, or the need to combine disparate commercial and/or residential uses within the same planned development, such developments would not otherwise be permitted by the provisions hereof.

### Sec. 3102. Purpose.

This district is intended to provide for appropriate planned development of quality mixed use projects by allowing greater flexibility and creativity in the land development process, by undertaking techniques which foster community and pedestrians, by creating roadway and pedestrian connections to residential areas, by minimizing the need for surface parking through compact and efficient land use, providing transitions between high traffic streets and neighborhoods, and thereby achieving the objectives of the City of Dawsonville Comprehensive Plan

### Sec. 3103.- Permitted Uses.

The following uses are allowed within this district. Uses not listed in this Subsection are prohibited in this district.

1. Corporate headquarters' and corporate campus developments
2. Churches and their customary related uses, including cemeteries upon specific approval by the Board of Commissioners
3. Assisted Living Facility
4. Parks, playgrounds, community centers, and schools (public or private)
5. Public cultural buildings such as libraries, museums, playhouses and theaters, and art galleries
6. Condominiums and Townhouses
7. Banks and other Financial Institutions
8. Business and Professional Offices, including, but not limited to, medical, dental, legal, financial, architectural, engineering, real estate, insurance and manufacturing representatives.
9. Personal service establishments, including, but not limited to, barber and beauty shops, drycleaners, and shoe repair.
10. Retail establishments except the following:
  - a. Automobile dealerships
  - b. Motels, Hotels
  - c. Liquor stores
  - d. Drive-in Theaters
11. Residences up to 6 units per acre total density.

12. Restaurants, grills, and similar eating and/or drinking establishments, including drive throughs.
13. Nursery schools, and Day Care Centers
14. Continuing Care Retirement Community upon specific approval by the Board of Commissioners
15. Wholesalers with a retail outlet.
16. Upon determination by the Planning Commission and the Mayor and Council that same will not be a hazard, or detrimental to the community, mixed density residential uses. Town homes and single-family residential units shall be limited to rear entry garages or drives via alleyways.
17. Public recreational, emergency service, utility, and semi-public uses.

Sec. 3104.- Prohibited Uses.

The following uses are specifically not allowed within this district. Other uses not listed as permitted uses above are also prohibited in this district.

1. Those uses and activities generating deleterious and hazardous sound, odor, or visual effects beyond the boundary of the area proposed for the C-PCD zone.

Sec. 3105.- Requirements and Standards for Approval.

1. An application for development as a Commercial Planned Comprehensive Development must contain a minimum area of ten (10) contiguous acres for strictly commercial proposals. The minimum area required for Commercial Planned Comprehensive Developments with a Residential component other than second story residential is twenty (20) acres.
2. The Planning Commission and the Mayor and Council in their review of the proposed development shall consider:
  - a. The proper relation between the proposed development and surrounding uses, and the effect of the plan upon comprehensive planning for City of Dawsonville;
  - b. The adequacy of existing and proposed street, utilities, and other public services to serve the development; and
  - c. The character, design and appropriateness of the proposed land uses and the adequacy of the character, design and land use to encourage desirable development, including providing separation and screening between uses if desirable.
3. Cornices on buildings shall align where possible within the development and the height shall transition in a step-down approach when adjacent to residential development
4. Final approval of a C-PCD shall not be granted until the owner or owners of the property give written notice of their consent to the proposed development.
5. All CPCD projects shall have a minimum of two distinct types of land use. A minimum of fifty percent (50%) of the project shall consist of either, commercial, office, public, personal service, restaurant or similar uses. Land use calculation shall be determined by gross floor area for those projects that contain a vertical mixture of uses, and shall be calculated by the total project land area for those projects containing a horizontal mixture of uses. Separate land uses shall be integrated both horizontally and vertically.

6. Parking shall be oriented behind when practicable.

- a. Building entrances and parking areas and pathways shall be lit to two-foot candles with pedestrian scale lighting.
- b. Parking area lighting shall have an average of no more than 6-foot candles for the projects.
- c. In general light should be designed so that light is not directed off the site and the fixtures shall be fully shielded or be designed with cut-offs to eliminate up lighting, spill, and glare.
- d. Illuminance levels at property lines abutting adjoining residential districts shall be a maximum of 0.5-foot candles.

7. Open Space:

- a. The amount of permanent open space or natural space required shall be no less than thirty percent (30%) of the development.
- b. Natural areas that are unsafe for pedestrians or not easily accessible to pedestrians - including swamps, floodplains, wetland areas, steep slopes (thirty-five percent (35%) or more for a distance of 100 feet or more), woodlands, lakes, ponds and streams - may be included as open space; but these areas shall not count for more than fifty percent (50%) of the total open space required.
- c. Developments are encouraged to utilize creative methods for storm water management and quality when such methods provide additional open space opportunities.

8. Bonuses:

a. Residential Density bonus:

- i. Residential density may be increased by including second story units above retail or office which will not count against the overall 6 dwelling unit per acre density.

b. Open space reduction bonus: A ten (10) percent reduction in open space may be granted if the development includes a majority of the following items;

- i. The site layout clusters building on the site to promote linked trips. A cluster is a group of buildings that are attached, oriented on adjacent street corners, or are close together such that a pedestrian need not walk across more than 64 lineal feet between building entrances.
- ii. The site layout includes pedestrian facilities that connect through the development to the public right-of-way
- iii. The site includes within its open space an active park
- iv. The development provides at least ten (10) sq. ft. of public space (i.e. public art, fountains, benches with a focal area, or similar public spaces) in addition to sidewalks for every ten (10) off street surface parking spaces.
- v. Reducing impervious cover of parking areas using alternative paving techniques by ten percent (10%).

9. Review and Application Procedures.

- a. Pre-application Conference. Prior to filing a formal application as a C-PCD, the applicant shall confer with the Planning Staff in order to review the general character of the plan (on the basis



of a tentative land use sketch if available) and to obtain information on projected programs and other matters.

b. Development Plan

1. An applicant shall file an application with the Planning Staff for approval of a Commercial Planned Comprehensive Development. This application shall be supported by a development plan and written summary of intent, and shall show the relation between the proposed development and the surrounding area, both existing and proposed.

2. The following items shall be presented

- i. A general location map;
- ii. Existing topographic conditions, including contour interval of no more than two feet based on field surveys or photogrammetric methods;
- iii. The existing and proposed land uses and the approximate location of all buildings and structures;
- iv. The approximate location of all existing and proposed streets and major thoroughfares;
- v. The approximate location of all existing and proposed utilities; including a preliminary utility and drainage plan;
- vi. A legal description of the subject property and a current boundary survey;
- vii. The location and use of existing and proposed, public, semi-public or community facilities such as school, parking and open areas. The plans should include areas proposed to be dedicated or reserved for community or public use;
- viii. If a proposed development creates special concerns or problems or involves unusual circumstances, then additional information may be required to properly evaluate the proposal; the additional information may include the following information:
  - \* An off-street parking and loading plan;
  - \* An economic feasibility study report or market analysis;
  - \* A comprehensive traffic study of the area;
  - \* A traffic circulation plan within the development;
  - \* An environmental impact study; and
  - \* Other information as may be required.

c. The written statement submitted with the development plan shall include the following items:

1. A statement of the present ownership of all land within the proposed development;
2. An explanation of the character of the proposed development, including a summary of acres, development units, and gross density by type of land use. The explanation shall include minimum standards for floor area, lot size, yard and spacing requirements;

3. A development schedule and progression of unit division or staging; if applicable, both residential and commercial portions of the project shall be included in the first phase.
4. Proposed agreements, provisions, and covenants, which govern the use, maintenance, and protection of the development and any common or open areas.

d. A master drainage plan to identify major forms of detention/retention and to encourage creative water quality and quantity treatment processes.

#### 10. Approval.

An application for approval of a C-PCD will be considered administratively as an application for amendment of the District Map and will be subject to the procedures established in this Ordinance.

If the development plan is approved as submitted, the Planning Staff will cause the District Map to be changed to indicate the C-PCD. If the development plan is approved with modifications, the applicant shall file a properly revised site plan with the Planning Staff prior to changing the District Map. The site plan and supporting information of any approved plan shall be properly identified and permanently filed with the Planning Office.

#### 11. Building and Occupancy Permits.

At such time as application is made therefore, the Department of Planning and Zoning, shall issue building permits for buildings and structures in the area covered by the approved development plan if they are in substantial conformity with the approved development plan, the development schedule, and with all other applicable regulation. The Building Inspector shall issue a certificate of occupancy for any completed building or structure located in the area covered by the approved development plan if it conforms to the requirements of the approved plan and all other applicable regulations.

#### 12. Revision of the Development Plan.

Any major or substantial change in the approved development plan which affects the intent and character of the development, the density or land use pattern, the location or dimensions of streets, or similar substantial changes must be reviewed and approved by the Mayor and Council subsequent to receipt of the recommendation of the Planning Commission. A request for a revision of the development plan shall be supported by a written statement justifying the necessity or desirability for such revisions. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Planning Director or designee shall have authority to approve minor changes in lot sizes or configurations without prior approval of the Planning Commission or Mayor and Council.

#### 13. Reversion of Zoning Approval.

a. If any portion of an approved development is rezoned to any other land use classification prior to the substantial completion of construction of internal streets or buildings (whichever is commenced first), the approval of the development plan shall lapse under this provision, in which event the Planning Director or designee by operation of law shall, within 30 days of the rezoning approved by the Mayor and Council:

- i. cause the development to be removed from the official zoning map;
- ii. file a notice of revocation with the recorded development plan;
- iii. notify each owner of record, in writing, of the action; and
- iv. reinstate the land use classification and regulation which were in effect prior to the approval of the development plan.

b. If implementation of any approved C-PCD is delayed by more than two years from the approved schedule of development, no further development shall be allowed until the undeveloped portion of the tract is reclassified to another land use classification or the development plan as provided for in Subsection 9 above is revised in accordance with the procedures set forth in Subsection 12 above.

#### 14. Fees.

At time of application for reclassification to Commercial Planned Comprehensive Development (C-PCD), the applicant shall pay a non-refundable fee as noted in the City of Dawsonville fee schedule (Section 2-110) which fee shall be in addition to any other fees required by this ordinance.

### ARTICLE XXXII.- MUV, MIXED USE VILLAGE USE DISTRICT

#### Sec. 3201. Purpose.

The Mixed Use Village (MUV) district is established primarily to encourage the development of mixed use developments consisting of both residential and commercial property. The MUV district is intended to:

- A. Encourage the development of large tracts of land as planned, mixed use communities;
- B. Encourage flexible and creative concepts in site planning;
- C. Preserve the natural amenities of the land by encouraging scenic and functional open space areas; and
- D. Provide for an efficient use of land.

#### Sec. 3202. Permitted Uses.

Within the MUV district, land and structures shall be used in accordance with the standards set forth herein. Any use not specifically designated as a permitted use shall be prohibited. Structure and land may be used for only the following purposes:

- 1. Single-family attached dwellings;
- 2. Single-family detached dwellings;
- 3. Multi-family dwellings;
- 4. Patio homes;
- 5. Townhomes;
- 6. Condominiums;
- 7. Apartments;
- 8. Live work units; residential, above or behind commercial and office uses in the same building;
- 9. Small accessory apartments (guest house);

10. Accessory buildings and uses;
11. Clubs and lodges (non-commercial);
12. Colleges and universities;
13. Commercial and office uses;
14. Retail and service uses;
15. Day care facilities;
16. Family day care;
17. Golf courses;
18. Group homes;
19. Guest houses;
20. Home occupations;
21. Neighborhood recreation centers;
22. Nursing home facilities;
23. Continuum of care retirement facilities
24. Parks, public and private;
25. Personal care homes;
26. Public utility facilities;
27. Recycling centers (collecting);
28. Religious institutions;
29. Retirement centers;
30. Schools, public and private;
31. Public uses;
32. Parking structures

Sec. 3203.- Conditional Uses.

Low intensity manufacturing not to exceed 50,000 square feet for the total MUV. Such facilities must be located in an enclosed building or structure, must be designed to fit the architectural theme of the community, must not emit any noxious odors or noise and shall not be used for the storage of hazardous materials.

Sec. 3204.- Prohibited Uses.

Structure and land shall not be used for the following purposes: Adult entertainment establishments; adult video stores; adult book stores; adult novelty stores; mobile homes; or any use not designated as a permitted use.

Sec. 3205.- Land Area.



Land area for the MUV shall be a minimum of 20 acres in size.

Sec. 3206.- Density and Lot Sizes.

The gross overall density shall not exceed 2.8 units per acre; however, to promote innovative design, the intent of the MUV is to be density neutral. There is no specific lot size required or specified. Lot sizes shall be based on the development master plan presented and approved by the Mayor and Council.

Sec. 3207.- Village Core Area.

The Village Core Area is defined as the geographic area within the community where the majority of commercial, business and public facilities shall be located that are intended to serve the entire community. The Village Core Area should also contain dense housing as compared to the rest of the community. The Village Core Area shall be designated on the conceptual plan.

Sec. 3208.- Setbacks and Buffers.

Front, side and rear setbacks and buffer requirements shall be established as part of the Master Development Plan.

Sec. 3209.- Utility Construction.

All water and sewer service construction shall meet the standards of the service provider. Utilities shall be placed underground. Storm water facilities shall be constructed to the specifications of the applicable local or state authority.

Sec. 3210.- Transportation System.

The street network shall be designed in a generally connected pattern limiting cul-de-sacs when possible. Street patterns shall be designed to respect and follow existing topography as much as possible, to minimize earthmoving and disruption of existing natural features. The applicant may request alternative design standards for infrastructure such as narrower streets or alternative stormwater methods to provide for more creative land development and to decrease potential environmental impacts of proposed development. Any proposed alleyways shall be designed in accordance with the approved development plan. Streets shall be designated public or private on the Master Development Plan.

1. Streets shall be designed to:

- a. Preserve existing hardwood tree lines and watercourses;
- b. Minimize alteration of natural, cultural and historic features;
- c. Minimize acreage devoted to streets;
- d. Calm vehicle traffic;
- e. Promote pedestrian circulation;
- f. Maximize the view of natural vistas.

2. Street Construction. Street design and construction shall be shown on in the Master Development Plan. In the Core Village the street shall be designed to meet the 300 to 600 feet grid. See § 2-38 of the Community Agenda.

3. Parking. Parking spaces shall be provided in accordance with current City of Dawsonville regulations as to number of spaces for a particular use and dimension of spaces. Parking may be shared between uses if no conflicts shall arise from such arrangement. If shared parking is proposed, then the applicant shall submit a plan for such arrangement with the Master Development Plan.

a. On-street parking shall be permitted throughout the district and shall be depicted on the Master Development Plan. On-street parking spaces shall count toward the minimum spaces required based on the land uses proposed. Off-street parking design shall be approved by the City of Dawsonville Department of Public Works.

4. Alleys. Alleys shall be permitted as appropriate. Alleys shall be designed with a minimum of 12-foot lane width and a minimum R-O-W of 20 feet. Alley design shall be approved by the City of Dawsonville Department of Public Works.

5. Pedestrian Circulation. As part of the Master Development Plan, the applicant shall submit a pedestrian circulation plan depicting size and location of all pathways, trails and sidewalks. All proposed land uses shall be connected to the pedestrian circulation system. Multi-use trails shall be noted in the Master Development Plan. Golf carts are permitted on the multi-use trails if so designated on the Master Development Plan.

6. Street Trees. As part of the Master Development Plan, the applicant shall provide a street tree plan showing the location, spacing and type of street trees proposed throughout the development. Such plan may be depicted on a section of roadway providing an example of the intended tree planting program for the entire community. Street trees shall not be required in areas where the applicant intends to preserve existing trees. Developments in the MUV district shall meet the provisions of the most current landscaping requirements adopted by City of Dawsonville related to parking areas.

#### Sec. 3211.- Sign Program.

The intent of the MUV district is to promote architectural style in signage by encouraging monument type signs using architectural materials. As part of the Master Development Plan, the applicant shall submit a sign plan that illustrates the size and style of signs to be constructed, as well as a description of materials to be used for all freestanding, wall, entrance and directional signage. The intent of these regulations is to promote signs architecturally compatible with surrounding development.

#### Sec. 3212.- Open Space.

A minimum of 30 percent of the total land area of the MUV district shall be open space or green space. Open space may include areas for both passive and active recreation. Examples include parks, playgrounds, play fields, plazas, greenways, trails, streams, creeks, ponds and natural areas. The concept plan shall show all proposed areas of open space. For the purpose of this section, the developer or owner may designate a portion of the open space as a wetland, stream and/or wildlife mitigation bank, and such area shall be counted as part of the open space. In addition, such mitigation bank may be placed in the ownership of a third party but shall be considered as part of the overall required development open space as long as such area remains a mitigation bank or is undeveloped.

### Sec. 3213.- Architectural Standards.

As part of the concept plan approval process, the applicant shall provide preliminary information regarding the architectural theme of the community. Such preliminary information shall include drawings showing at least two typical residential elevations and drawings showing at least two elevations of typical proposed commercial buildings. As part of the Master Development Plan approval process, the applicant shall submit information regarding intended architectural design for the community. Such information shall include at minimum a description of materials and colors of exterior of all buildings, roofing materials and pitches, and requirements (if appropriate) regarding porches and parking garages. Architectural standards may change due to future changes in the real estate market pertaining to household sizes and buyers wants and desires. The Planning Commission and Mayor and Council shall have the authority to approve any modifications to architectural standards within the Master Development Plan.

### Sec. 3214.- Landscaping.

Prior to constructing any structure or facility, the applicant shall submit a landscaping plan showing the location of all proposed landscaping for the area to be disturbed. Such plan shall show all proposed planting material (type and size), ground cover, proposed irrigation, and existing vegetation to be preserved.

### Sec. 3215.- Approval Process.

In order to develop in the MUV district, the applicant shall first obtain approval of the concept plan. Thereafter or concurrent with presentation of the concept plan, the applicant shall submit a detailed Master Development Plan that shall be approved before the issuance of a land disturbance permit.

1. Concept Plan. In order to rezone to MUV, the developer/applicant must submit a Concept Plan that shall include, but not be limited to:
  - a. Proposed uses;
  - b. Number of units per use;
  - c. Designated areas of use;
  - d. Open space, amenities, road systems, access points;
  - e. Proposed name of development;
  - f. Location of all wetlands and streams as those terms are defined under State and Federal law; and
  - g. Public and private streets.

A Concept Plan of the development shall be submitted to City of Dawsonville at the time of filing for rezoning to the MUV district. The Concept Plan shall be prepared by an architect, landscape architect, engineer and/or land surveyor whose state registration is current and valid.

After the Concept Plan is approved, minor variations from the plan shall be permitted at the discretion of the Planning Director or designee. Major variations shall be reviewed and approved by the Planning Commission and the Mayor and Council.

As each phase of the development is developed, the owner shall provide the city with an updated summary of density "used" and remaining density "available" for future phases.

2. Master Development Plan Approval. After zoning for the MUV district is approved, which includes approval of the concept plan, or concurrent with applying for re-zoning to MUV district, the developer and/or property owner shall submit the proposed Master Development Plan for any phase to be constructed before a land disturbance permit is approved by City of Dawsonville. The Master Development Plan shall include:

- a. Location of streets, roadways, alleyways, sidewalks, trails and other transportation facilities;
- b. Location and size of water and sewer facilities;
- c. Location and size of all stormwater and sediment control facilities;
- d. Location and size of lots and building areas along with proposed setbacks;
- e. Location and designation of all buffered areas; streams, creeks and waterways, wetlands, adjacent property owners;
- f. Location of proposed open space/greenway areas;
- g. Proposed sign program with specifications and locations of signs;
- h. Proposed landscaping for the particular phase to be developed;
- i. Architectural standards as stated in this Article.
- j. Additional items that may be requested by the City of Dawsonville planning staff or the Mayor and Council necessary to insure compliance with the terms of this Article.

After the Master Development Plan is approved, variations from the Master Development Plan shall be submitted to the Planning Commission for review and recommendation and then submitted to the Mayor and Council for approval or denial.

As each phase of the development is permitted, the owner shall provide City of Dawsonville with an updated summary of density "used" and remaining density "available" for future phases.

## PART VI- SPECIAL DISTRICTS AND OVERLAYS

### ARTICLE XXXIII - AP, ANNEXED PROPERTY DISTRICT

#### Sec. 3301.- Purpose and intent.

The annexed property ("AP") district is intended to permit those landowners who petition to annex land into the corporate limits of the City of Dawsonville without changing the use of their land or the intensity of the use of their land upon annexation the option of maintaining the same land use performance standards upon the annexed property after annexation as were upon the land prior to annexation by virtue of the land performance standards of the county.

#### Sec. 3302. - Permitted uses in AP.



The land use performance standards, both in permissible uses and the intensity of permissible uses, shall be the same as were allowed under the county zoning ordinance governing the land immediately prior to its annexation into the City of Dawsonville. No change in the county zoning ordinance after an annexation shall affect or change the land use performance standards for the property annexed.

Sec. 3303. - Conditional uses.

The land use performance standards, both in conditional uses and the intensity of conditional uses, shall be the same as were conditionally allowed under the county zoning ordinance governing the land immediately prior to its annexation into the City of Dawsonville. No change in the county zoning ordinance after an annexation shall affect or change the land use performance standards for the property annexed.

Sec. 3304. - Assignment of AP.

1. Upon the effective date of this article, the AP zoning designation shall be an option for the initial zoning of property annexed into the corporate limits of the City of Dawsonville.
  - a. All persons wishing to maintain the same use of their land as well as the same intensity of the use of their land after annexation shall secure such desire by indicating on their petition for annexation that they wish their property be zoned AP upon annexation.
  - b. Only upon annexation is a landowner eligible to have his land classified within the AP zoning district. Once the land is assigned to a different land use district under the city's zoning ordinance as provided in section 3305 below, the AP district is no longer available.
2. Nothing contained herein shall be construed to require property upon annexation or any time after annexation to be assigned the AP zoning designation. Rather, the use of the AP zoning category is at the request of the zoning applicant and is conditioned upon the granting of the same by the mayor and council.
3. Once designated as AP by the mayor and council, no rezoning petition may be filed on an AP property for 12 months from the effective date of the annexation as determined by Chapter 36 of Title 36 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated. The foregoing notwithstanding, property shall not remain within the AP zoning district for any longer than is described in section 3305 below.

Sec. 3305. - Conversion to city created performance standards.

1. The AP zoning designation is intended to be a temporary land use district for those persons who desire to have their land annexed into the corporate limits of the city, without changing the use of their land or the intensity of the use of their land. It is not intended to permanently supplant the specific zoning designations of the City of Dawsonville Zoning Ordinance, but instead, to provide for continuity in land use performance standards upon annexation.
2. The AP zoning designation may be applied to land annexed into the corporate limits of the city for a period of up to 16 months after the effective date of the annexation as determined by Chapter 36 of Title 36 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated.
  - a. At any time at least 12 months after the effective date of annexation of the property into the corporate limits of the city, the property may be rezoned pursuant to the application of the landowner or on the initiation of a rezoning by the governing authority.

b. If no rezoning is accomplished by the end of the 16-month period referred to above, the land shall automatically be converted from AP zoning designation to the R1 zoning designation under the City of Dawsonville Zoning Ordinance.

c. For good cause shown, the Mayor and Council of the City of Dawsonville may extend the use of the AP zoning designation on a piece of property for longer than the 16-month period, but in no event shall the AP zoning designation be applied to a parcel in the corporate limits of the city for longer than 18 months.

3. Persons who support the application will be asked to comment first. The petitioner may, upon recognition and upon s name and address, present and explain his application. The petitioner or his designated agent shall be required to attend public hearing unless written notice of hardship is received prior to such meeting. Failure of the petitioner or agent to public hearing or meeting, except in cases of hardship, may be due cause for dismissal of such application. A time limit be imposed at the discretion of the chairman/mayor, but in no event shall such time limitation provide for less than ten minutes nor shall it be any less than the time allowed for those persons speaking in opposition to the application.

4. Persons who oppose the application will be asked to comment next. All interested parties after being recognized shall be afforded an opportunity to address the proposed application by standing before the appropriate body and identifying their name, address and interest along with any comments on the proposed application. A time limitation may be imposed at the discretion of the chairman/mayor, but in no event shall such time limitation provide for less than ten minutes, nor shall it be any less than the time allowed for those persons speaking in favor of the application.

## ARTICLE XXXIV.- AIR, AIRPORT OVERLAY DISTRICT

### Sec. 3401.- Purpose and Intent.

The purpose of the Airport Overlay Zone is to impose height and use restrictions necessary to ensure that obstructions or hazards will not impair flight safety or decrease the operational capability of Elliott Field Airport. These zones overlay the various zoning districts and are intended to provide greater restrictions than the zoning districts otherwise provide with regard to heights and aircraft navigation.

### Sec. 3402.- Definitions.

Airport: Elliott Field Airport.

Airport Elevation: 1487 feet above mean sea level.

Airport Overlay Zones: Areas located on the ground that are defined in their boundaries by the Airport Surfaces overhead, including:

- (1) Primary Surface Zone: That area on the ground that coincides with the Primary Surface for each runway.
- (2) Approach Surface Zone: That area on the ground directly beneath an Approach Surface.
- (3) Horizontal Surface Zone: That area on the ground directly beneath the Horizontal Surface.

- (4) Conical Surface Zone: That area on the ground directly beneath the Conical Surface
- (5) Transitional Surface Zone: That area on the ground directly beneath the Transitional Surfaces.
- (6) Navigable Airspace Zone: That area on the ground within 6 nautical miles of the Airport Reference Point, and not included in any of the other Airport Zones.

Airport Reference Point: A horizontal reference point calculated in accordance with Federal Aviation Administration. (For the airport configuration on December 1, 2018, the position is 34°27'30.37" N, 84°10'49.42" W.)

Airport Surfaces: Imaginary planes that define the lower limit of aircraft operational areas round an airport, including:

- (1) Primary Surface: A surface longitudinally centered on a runway and extending 200 feet beyond each end of that runway. The elevation of any point on the primary surface is the same as the elevation of the nearest point on the runway centerline.
- (2) Approach Surface: A surface centered on the extended runway centerline, extending outward and upward from the end of the primary surface at a slope designated by the Federal Aviation Administration.
- (3) Horizontal Surface: A horizontal plane 150 feet above the established airport elevation, the perimeter of which in plan is established by swinging arcs of 10,000 feet radii from the center of each end of the primary surface of each runway and connecting the adjacent arcs by drawing lines tangent to those arcs.
- (4) Conical Surface: A surface extending outward and upward from the periphery of the horizontal surface at a slope of 20 to 1 for a horizontal distance of 4,000 feet.
- (5) Transitional Surfaces: These surfaces extend outward at 90-degree angles to the runway centerline and the runway centerline extended at a slope of 7 feet horizontally for each foot vertically from the sides of the primary and approach surfaces to where they intersect the horizontal surfaces.

Airport Zone Structure: An object, including a mobile object, constructed or installed by man, including but without limitation, buildings, towers, cranes, smokestacks, earth formation, and overhead transmission lines.

Hazards and Obstructions to Air Navigation: A hazard or obstruction determined to have substantial adverse effect on the same and efficient utilization of the navigable airspace.

Height Datum: The vertical distance above mean sea level elevation.

Runway: A defined area on an airport prepared for landing and takeoff of aircraft along its length.

Runway Designations: Runways are numbered by the compass heading of approach for landing aircraft. At Elliott Field, runways are: 14, at an approach heading of 139°; 32, at an approach heading of 319.

#### Sec. 3403.- Airport Zones Established.

In order to carry out the provisions of this Chapter, there are hereby created and established certain zones within the airport overlay zone which include all of the land lying beneath the primary surfaces, approach surfaces, transitional surfaces, horizontal surfaces, and conical surfaces as they apply to Elliott Field Airport. An area located in more than one of the following zones is considered to be only in the zone with the more restrictive height limitation.

The airport zones are:

(a) Primary Surface Zone.

For runways 14 and 32, the primary surface is centered on the runway, 500 feet wide, and extends 200 feet beyond each end of the runway.

(b) Approach Surface Zone—Runways 14

The inner edge of this approach zone coincides with the width of the primary surface which is 500 feet wide. The approach zone expands outward uniformly to a width of 3,500 feet at a horizontal distance of 10,000 feet from the primary surface. Its centerline is the continuation of the centerline of the runway.

(c) Approach Surface Zone—Runway 32

The inner edge of this approach zone coincides with the width of the primary surface which is 500 feet wide. The approach zone expands outward uniformly to a width of 3,500 feet at a horizontal distance of 10,000 feet from the primary surface. Its centerline is the continuation of the centerline of the runway.

(e) Transitional Surface Zones.

The inner edge of this transitional zone coincides with the width of the primary surface, which is 500 feet wide, and extends upward at a slope of 7 to 1 until it intersects the horizontal surface at an elevation of 1637.

(f) Horizontal Surface Zone.

The horizontal zone is established by swinging arcs of 10,000 feet radii from the center of each end of the primary surface of each runway and connecting the adjacent arcs by drawing lines tangent to those arcs. The horizontal zone does not include the approach and transitional zones.

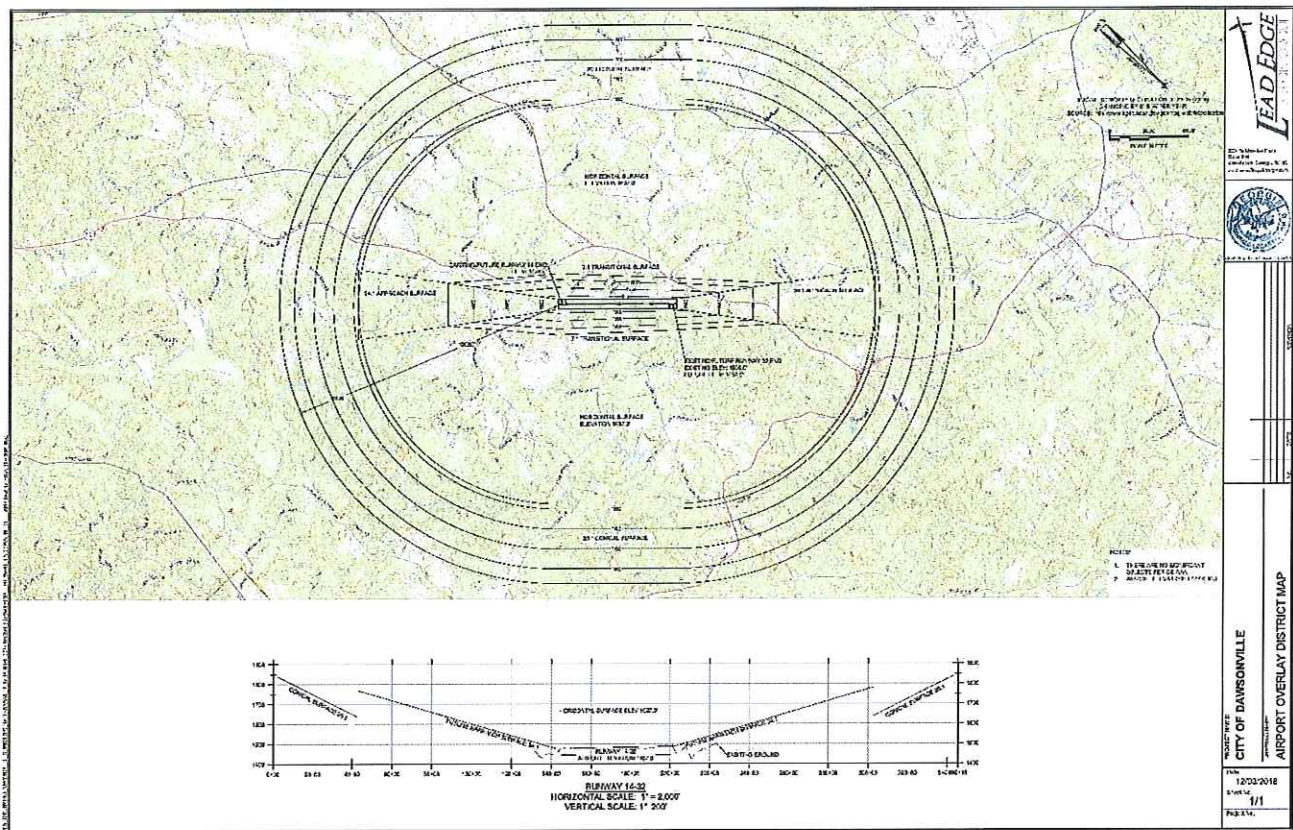
(g) Conical Surface Zone.

The conical zone is established as the area that commences at the periphery of the horizontal zone and extends outward at a slope of 20 to 1 for a horizontal distance of 4,000 feet, reaching an elevation of 1837.

Sec. 3404.- Airport Overlay District Map.

Airport Overlay District boundaries are defined as all areas within the conical surface located in the City. The various airport zones established by this Chapter are illustrated on the Airspace Plan of Elliott Field Airport which is hereby adopted and made a part of this Chapter.





Sec. 3405.- Airport Zone Height Limitations.

No structure or tree shall be placed, altered, or maintained that penetrates any airport zone to a height in excess of the maximum height established for such zone.

Airport Zone	Height Limitation
Approach Surface Zone—Runway 14	Beginning at a maximum height limitation of 0 feet at the Primary Surface, the maximum height increases by 1 foot for every 34 feet of horizontal distance, increasing to a maximum elevation of 1637.
Approach Surface Zone—Runway 32	Beginning at a maximum height limitation of 0 feet at the Primary Surface, the maximum height increases by 1 foot for every 34 feet of horizontal distance, increasing to a maximum elevation of 1637.

Transitional Surface Zones	Maximum height increases 1 foot for each 7 feet outward beginning at the sides of and at the same elevation as the primary surface and the approach surface, and extending to a height of 150 feet above the airport elevation. In addition to the foregoing, there are established height limits sloping 7 feet outward for each foot upward beginning at the sides of and the same elevation as the approach surface, and extending to where they intersect the horizontal surface.
Horizontal Surface Zone	Maximum height is established at 150 feet above the airport elevation.
Conical Surface Zone	Maximum height increases 1 for each 20 feet of horizontal distance, beginning at the periphery of the horizontal zone and at 150 feet above the airport elevation and extending to a height of 350 feet above the airport elevation.

Sec. 3406.- Permitted Uses.

In the airport district the following uses are permitted:

- (1) Aviation facilities, including airport terminal air cargo facilities, hangars, aircraft refueling, parking facilities, and other uses integral to airport operations.
- (2) Commercial or industrial uses that are related to aviation and require access to an airport facility or aviation services, including assembly or sale of aircraft, air frames, aircraft engines, aircraft parts or associated components, radios or navigational equipment, and similar products or services.
- (3) Service establishments such as auto rental and travel agencies, hotels, commercial parking lots and garages, automobile service stations, car washes, banks, restaurants, medical offices, and similar facilities available to airport users and airport employees.
- (4) Public and institutional uses that support the aviation industry such as aviation technical schools, security services, and inspection facilities.
- (5) Warehousing and storage facilities that support the aviation industry.
- (6) Public transportation and freight facilities.
- (7) Uses shall be allowed only upon first obtaining a recommendation for approval by the City. As a condition of this authorization, a sound attenuation may be required.

Sec. 3407.- Use Restriction.

No use shall be located within any Airport Zone that would create electrical interference with navigational signals or radio communication between the airport and aircraft, make it difficult for pilots to distinguish between airport lights and others, result in glare in the eyes of pilots using the airport, impair visibility in the vicinity of the airport, create bird strike hazards, or otherwise in any way endanger or interfere with the landing, takeoff, or maneuvering of aircraft intending to use the airport. Any use not specifically permitted in section 3406.

Additionally, the following uses are specifically prohibited:

- (1) Churches, schools, lodges, clubs, theaters, and other places of public assembly

(2) Multi-family dwellings in excess of four (4) units.

(3) Hospitals and institutions, including any type of group or congregate homes, including personal care homes.

(4) Any other similar uses where concentrations of persons are customary.

**Sec. 3408.- Hazards and Obstructions Shall Not Be Increased.**

No permit shall be granted that would allow the establishment or creation of a hazard or obstruction or permit a nonconforming use, structure, or tree to become a greater hazard or obstruction to air navigation, than it was on the effective date of this Chapter or any amendments thereto or a greater hazard or obstruction than it is when the application for a permit is made.

**Sec. 3409.- Marking and Lighting.**

The owner of any existing nonconforming structure or tree within an Airport Zone must permit the installation, operation, and maintenance thereon of such markers and lights as shall be deemed necessary by the City to indicate to the operators of aircraft in the vicinity of the airport the presence of such hazard or obstruction. Such markers and lights shall be installed, operated, and maintained at the expense of the City.

**Sec. 3410.- Nonconforming Uses Abandoned or Destroyed.**

Whenever the City determines that a nonconforming tree or structure has been abandoned or more than 50 percent torn down, physically deteriorated, or decayed, such tree or structure shall be removed or modified to the extent necessary to comply with the applicable height limit.

**Sec. 3411.- Variances.**

No variances are permitted unless those which would improve the safety and usability of the airport overlay district. Variances may only be granted by the Mayor and Council upon the advice and recommendation of city staff and the city's airport consultant.

**Sec. 3412.- Staff Review of Application for Variance.**

Variance applications pursuant to this Chapter shall be reviewed by city staff along with the city airport consultant, and their response or recommendation must be received by the Planning Director and forwarded to the Mayor and Council prior to action on any such variance.

**ARTICLE XXXV.- IBD, INCENTIVIZED BUSINESS DISTRICT OVERLAY ZONES**

**Sec. 3501.- Purpose and intent.**

The purpose and intent of Incentivized Business District Overlay Zones is to encourage economic development along the main arterial corridors leading into the City of Dawsonville as shown on the Incentivized Business District Overlay Zone Map by providing incentives for commercial growth.

Sec. 3502.- Properties not wholly contained therein.

Portions of properties where the property boundary lines do not lie wholly within the Incentivized Business District Overlay Zones shall be deemed to be contained within the zone.

Sec. 3503.- Incentives.

The following incentives shall be available for properties within the IBD:

1. Reduced rate annexation, map amendments (rezoning) and variances.

Rates shall be at cost and assessed only for the main action requested.

2. Reduced permit fees.

A twenty percent (20%) reduction in permit fees shall be provided for all new construction. A ten percent (10%) reduction in permit fees shall be provided in cases of renovation or remodel.

3. Five- year individual moratorium on city taxes.

From the date of application for annexation, map amendment or date of permit application whichever is first the applicant shall be exempt from city taxes for 5 years.

4. Reduced sewer/water tap fees.

Initial sewer/water tap fees shall be calculated at a reduced rate as reflected in the city of Dawsonville fee schedule.

5. Shared cost of public infrastructure.

Where new development occurs the City of Dawsonville shall be responsible for the installation of public sidewalks.

6. Relaxed sign regulations.

A twenty percent (20%) increase in height and overall square feet of permanent signs shall be allowed.

7. Relaxed setbacks.

Side and rear setbacks shall be reduced to zero where commercial properties within the IBD abuts another commercial zone. Front setbacks shall be reduced by ten (10) feet.

Sec. 3504.- Additions.

Expansion of current IBD zones and the creation of new zones shall be accomplished by map amendment as approved by the Planning Commission and the Mayor and Council.

ARTICLE XXXVI. - ADMINISTRATION, INTERPRETATION, ENFORCEMENT, PENALTIES AND REMEDIES

Sec. 3601. - Administration and interpretation.



The provisions of this ordinance shall be administered by the Planning Director or designee who shall be appointed by the City Manager. The Planning Director or designee shall be responsible for interpretation of the provisions of these regulations and for assisting the city clerk with maintenance of the official zoning map at City Hall.

Sec. 3602. - Enforcement.

The provisions of these regulations shall be enforced by the Planning Director or designee.

Sec. 3603. - Development permit required.

A development permit based upon an approved site plan shall be required for any proposed use of land(s) or building(s) to indicate and insure compliance with all provisions of these regulations before any building permit is issued or any improvement, grading, land disturbing activity or alteration of land(s) or building(s) commences; provided, however, that development permits for accessory structures for residential zoning districts shall not be required. Development permit fees are listed in the City of Dawsonville fee schedule. Upon payment of applicable development permit fees and approval of a preliminary plat in accordance with all applicable provisions of the development regulations, development may begin on any parcel of land for an approved use within the zoned district as specified in this Ordinance. All development permits shall be issued by the Planning Director or designee, who shall in no case approve a development permit for the use, construction, or alteration of any land or building if the land or building as proposed to be used, constructed or altered would be in violation of any of the provisions of this Ordinance, the City Development Regulations or any other codes and laws. Development permits shall be valid for two years from date of issuance and shall thereafter expire. If work described in any development permit has not begun within 120 days from the date of issuance thereof, said permit shall expire, and further work shall not proceed until a new development permit has been obtained.

Sec. 3604. - Building permit required.

No building, structure or sign, except as specifically exempted by these regulations, shall be erected, moved, extended, enlarged or structurally altered, nor shall any excavation or filling of any lot for the construction of any building be commenced until the Planning Director or designee has issued a building permit for such work in conformity with the provisions of these regulations. Building permit fees shall be as set forth in the City of Dawsonville fee schedule.

All building permits shall be issued by the Planning Director or designee. In cases of uncertainty regarding whether a proposed building or structure conforms to any provisions within this Ordinance and the City Development Regulations, the Planning Director or designee shall consult with the city engineer for his interpretation and ruling. Building permits shall become invalid unless the work authorized by it shall have been commenced within 90 days of date of issuance, or if the work authorized by it is suspended or abandoned for a period of six months or more, or if the work authorized by it is not completed within eighteen months of date of issuance.

Sec. 3605. - Certificate of occupancy/completion required.

A certificate of occupancy or certificate of completion as appropriate issued by the Planning Director or designee is required in advance of occupancy or use of any lot or change or extension in the use of any lot; any building, sign or structure hereafter erected; or any change in the use of an existing building, sign or

structure. All certificates of occupancy/completion shall be issued by the Planning Director or designee, and no such certificate shall be issued unless the proposed use of a building, structure, sign or land conforms to the applicable provisions of this Ordinance and the City Development Regulations. Business licenses shall not be issued until the business conforms to the regulations of the district in which it is located, and a valid certificate of occupancy/certificate of completion is issued.

Sec. 3606. - Penalties for violation.

Any person, firm or corporation violating, neglecting or refusing to comply with any of the provisions of this Ordinance shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction, shall be fined in the amount set forth in the City of Dawsonville fine schedule as the same may be amended from time to time, or as determined by the Municipal Court of Dawsonville or other court of proper jurisdiction. Each day such violation continues shall constitute a separate offense.

Sec. 3607. - Remedies.

In case any building or structure is or is proposed to be erected, constructed, reconstructed, altered, converted or maintained, or any building structure or land is or is proposed to be used in violation of any provision of this Ordinance, the Planning Director or designee, or any other appropriate authority may, in addition to other remedies, and after due notice to the owner of the violation, issue a citation for violation of these regulations requiring the presence of the violator in the Municipal Court of Dawsonville or other court of proper jurisdiction; institute injunction, or other appropriate action or proceeding to prevent such unlawful erection, construction, reconstruction, alteration, conversion, maintenance or use to correct or abate such violation or to prevent the occupancy or use of such building, sign, structure or land. Where a violation of these regulations exists with respect to a building, sign, structure or land, the Planning Director or designee may, in addition to other remedies, require that utility service be withheld therefrom until such time as the structure or premises is no longer in violation of these regulations.

ARTICLE XXXVII. - LEGAL STATUS PROVISIONS

Sec. 3701. - Conflict with other laws.

Whenever the provisions of this Ordinance impose more restrictive standards than are required in or under any other statute, the provisions of this Ordinance shall govern. Whenever the provisions of any other statute require more restrictive standards than are required by this Ordinance, the provisions of such statute shall govern.

Sec. 3702. - Separability.

Should any article, section or provision of this Ordinance be declared invalid or unconstitutional by any court of competent jurisdiction, such declarations shall not affect the validity of this Ordinance as a whole or any part thereof which is not specifically declared to be invalid or unconstitutional.

Sec. 3703. - Repeal of conflicting ordinances.

All ordinances and resolutions and parts thereof in conflict herewith are repealed.

Sec. 3704. - Effective date.

These regulations shall take effect and be in force from and after adoption, the public welfare demanding it.

SO ORDAINED AND ADOPTED THIS THE \_\_\_\_\_ DAY OF DECEMBER 2018.

\_\_\_\_\_  
Mike Eason, Mayor

\_\_\_\_\_  
Caleb Phillips, Councilmember Post 1

\_\_\_\_\_  
Steve Tolson, Councilmember Post 2

\_\_\_\_\_  
Jason Power, Councilmember Post 3

\_\_\_\_\_  
Mark French, Councilmember Post 4

Attested: \_\_\_\_\_  
Beverly Banister, City Clerk



DAWSONVILLE CITY COUNCIL  
EXECUTIVE SUMMARY FOR  
AGENDA ITEM # 11

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SUBJECT: Business License Ordinance

DATE(s): \_\_\_\_\_ WORK SESSION \_\_\_\_\_ CITY COUNCIL MEETING

BUDGET INFORMATION: GL ACCOUNT # \_\_\_\_\_

Funds Available from: \_\_\_\_\_ Annual Budget \_\_\_\_\_ Capital Budget Other \_\_\_\_\_

Budget Amendment Request from Reserve: \_\_\_\_\_ Enterprise Fund \_\_\_\_\_ General Fund

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**PURPOSE FOR REQUEST: PUBLIC HEARING AND SECOND READING AND VOTE**

Request to update and amend the Business License Ordinance.

First reading Nov. 5, 2018, Second reading and vote Dec. 3, 2018.

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**HISTORY/ FACTS / ISSUES**

This ordinance was last updated in 2017 for peddlers and vendors. Prior to that updates occurred in 2005 and 2008. Currently all business licenses are renewable in January, having all licenses come due at the same time puts considerable strain on staff. This revision will primarily resolve this issue by making licenses due one year from the date of initial application. Additionally, a section on Pawn Shops has been added.

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**OPTIONS:**

Approve/deny or request additional changes.

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**RECOMMENDED SAMPLE MOTION:**

Recommend approval of updated Business License Ordinance as amended.

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DEPARTMENT: Planning and Zoning

REQUESTED BY: Robbie Irvin, Planning Director





October 29, 2018

To: The Honorable Mike Eason, Mayor  
& City of Dawsonville Council

Re: Staff Recommendation; Business License Ordinance Revision

Gentlemen,

The following is a summary of the changes being proposed for the City of Dawsonville Business License Ordinance.

- Fee schedule for Occupational Tax has been modified.
- Clarification of roles of Planning Director and CFO.
- Due dates for business license renewals changed from January each year to one year from original application.
- Powers and duties of Code Enforcement Officers, Planning Director, CFO enumerated.
- Regulations for Pawnbrokers established.

The Planning and Zoning staff would recommend approval.

Please let me know if you have any questions regarding this matter.

Sincerely,

R.J. Irvin  
Planning Director, City of Dawsonville

First Reading: 11/05/2018

Public Hearing and Second Reading: 12/03/2018

Passed: \_\_\_\_\_

**AN ORDINANCE TO AMEND THE CITY OF DAWSONVILLE OCCUPATION TAXES AND MISCELLANEOUS BUSINESS REGULATIONS ORDINANCE REGARDING GENERAL BUSINESS LICENSING, REGISTRATION AND FEES; TO PROVIDE FOR REGULATION OF PAWNSHOPS; TO REPEAL CONFLICTING ORDINANCES; AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES.**

**WHEREAS**, Article IX, Section IV, Paragraph I of the Georgia Constitution authorizes municipal governments to levy and collect taxes and fees within their municipal limits;

**WHEREAS**, the General Assembly of Georgia authorized local governments to impose business and occupation taxes and regulatory fees in O.C.G.A. § 48-13-5, et seq;

**WHEREAS**, the General Assembly of Georgia authorized municipalities to license pawnbrokers, define their powers and privileges by ordinance, impose taxes upon them, revoke their licenses, and exercise such general supervision as will ensure fair dealings between the pawnbroker and its customers in O.C.G.A. § 44-12-136, and

**WHEREAS**, the City of Dawsonville has determined that it is in the best interest of the health, safety and welfare of its citizens to amend its code to provide for taxation and regulation of businesses,

**NOW THEREFORE**, pursuant to the authority granted to the City of Dawsonville by its Charter and the authority referenced above, the Council of the City of Dawsonville hereby ordains as follows:

**SECTION 1. AMENDMENT OF OCCUPATION TAX PROVISION**

Section 8-21 through 8-61 of Chapter 8, Article II of the Code of Dawsonville Georgia, are repealed in their entirety and the new Sections 8-21 through 8-58 set forth below are adopted.

**ARTICLE II- BUSINESS REGISTRATION AND FEES**

Sec. 8-21. - Occupation tax required; occupation tax required for business dealings within the city.

Each person engaged in any business, trade, profession or occupation in the City of Dawsonville, Georgia, whether with a location in the City of Dawsonville, or in the case of an out-of- state business with no location in Georgia exerting substantial efforts within the state pursuant to O.C.G.A. § 48-13-7, shall pay an occupation tax for said business, trade, profession or occupation; which tax and any applicable certificate, except for practitioners of professions and occupations, shall be displayed in a conspicuous place in the place of business, if the taxpayer has a permanent business location in the City of Dawsonville, Georgia. If the taxpayer has no permanent business location in the City of Dawsonville, Georgia, such business tax certificate shall be shown to a city code enforcement officer, planning director, chief financial officer or to any law enforcement officer of the City of Dawsonville, Georgia, upon their request.

Sec. 8-22. - Construction of terms; definitions.

(a) Wherever the term "City of Dawsonville" is used herein, such term shall be construed to mean "Dawsonville, Georgia"; wherever the term "city" is used herein, it shall be construed to mean "Dawsonville, Georgia."

(b) As used in this chapter, the term:

*Administrative fee* means a component of an occupation tax, which approximates the reasonable cost of processing and handling the occupation tax and associated documents.

*Business* means any person, corporation, partnership, or other legal entity which exerts substantial efforts within the city, engages in, causes to be engaged in, and/or represents or holds out to the public to be engaged in any occupation or activity with the object of gain or benefit, either directly or indirectly.

*Business location or office* shall include any structure or vehicle where a business, profession, or occupation is conducted, but shall not include a temporary or construction work site which serves a single customer or project, or a vehicle used for sales or delivery by a business or practitioner of a profession or occupation which has a location or office. A temporary work site which serves multiple customers is included in this definition. The renter's or lessee's location which is the site of personal property which is rented or leased from another does not constitute a location or office for the personal property's owner, lessor, or the agent of the owner or lessor. The site of the real property which is rented or leased to another does not constitute a location or office for the real property's owner, lessor, or the agent of the owner or the lessor unless, in addition to showing the property to prospective lessees or tenants and performing maintenance or repair of the property, otherwise conducts the business of renting or leasing the real property at such site or otherwise conducts any other business, profession, or occupation at such site.

*Dominant line* means the type of business within a multiple-line business that the greatest amount of income is derived from.

*Employee.*

(1) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (2) of this definition, "employee" means an individual whose work is performed under the direction and supervision of the employer and whose employer withholds FICA, Federal Income Tax, or state income tax from such individual's compensation or whose employer issues to such individual for purposes of documenting compensation a form I.R.S. W-2 but not a form I.R.S. 1099.

(2) An individual who performs work under the direction and supervision of one (1) business or practitioner in the terms of a contract or agreement with another business which recruits such individual is an employee or practitioner which issues to such individual for purposes of documenting compensation a form I.R.S. W-2.

*Engaged in business* means doing or performing of any act of selling any goods or services, or soliciting business, or offering any goods or services for sale primarily in an attempt to make a profit, including selling or performing services of the character of a wholesaler or retailer, or being involved in any of the functions performed as a manufacturer, or renting real or personal property; all of the foregoing performed either as an owner, operator or agent of any business, trade, profession, or occupation within the city.

*Manufacturing* means a person who, either directly or by contracting with others for the necessary labor or mechanical services, manufactures for sale or commercial use any articles, substances or commodities, including, but not limited to, the following: materials upon which commercial activities have been applied, by hand or machinery, so that as a result thereof a new substance of trade or commerce is produced; the production or fabrication of special or custom-made articles; the making, fabrication, processing, refining, mixing, slaughtering, packing, aging, curing, preserving, canning, preparing and freezing of fresh foods, fruits, vegetables and meats.

*Nonprofit organization* means an organization which complies with U.S. Internal Revenue Code 501-a.

*Occupation tax* means a tax levied for revenue raising purposes on persons, partnerships, corporations or other entities for engaging in an occupation, profession or business, if the business pays an occupation tax.

*Person* wherever used in this chapter shall be held to include sole proprietors, corporations, partnerships or any other form of business organization.

*Practitioner of profession or occupation* is one who by state law requires state licensure regulating such profession or occupation. "Practitioners of professions and occupations" shall not include a practitioner who is an employee of a business, if the business pays an occupation tax.

*Regulatory fees* means payments, whether designated as license fees, permit fees, or by another name, which are required by a local government as an exercise of its police power and as a part of or as an aid to regulation of an occupation, profession, or business. The amount of the regulatory fee shall approximate the reasonable cost of the actual regulatory activity performed by the city. A regulatory fee may not include an administrative fee or registration fee. The city is not authorized to require any administrative fee, registration fee, or fee by any other name in connection with a regulatory fee, except an occupation tax, as defined in the code section. Regulatory fees do not include development impact fees and defined by O.C.G.A. § 36-71-2(8) or other costs or conditions of zoning or land development.

*Retailer* means a person who sells to consumers or any other person for any purpose, other than for resale, any tangible personal property.

*Services* means the accommodating or performing a duty or work by a person utilizing time or talents for direct or indirect remuneration.

*Wholesaler* means a person who sells to jobbers or to persons, other than consumers, any tangible personal property.

#### Sec. 8-23. - Regulatory fee structure.

A regulatory fee, if any, will only be imposed as provided under state law on those applicable businesses. A regulatory fee may not include an administrative fee.

#### Sec 8-24. - Occupation tax levied; restrictions.

(a) An occupation tax shall be levied upon those businesses and practitioners of professions and occupations with one (1) or more locations or offices within the corporate limits of the city of and upon the applicable out-of- state businesses with no location or office in Georgia pursuant to O.C.G.A. § 48-13-7 based upon the following criteria:

(1) Number of full-time equivalent employees of the business or practitioner determined as follows:

By adding the total number of hours worked during the preceding calendar year by all employees and dividing that total by two thousand eighty (2,080) (forty (40) hours per week times fifty-two (52) weeks) and rounding the result to the nearest whole. (Five-tenths (0.5) or greater would be rounded up; less than five-tenths (0.5) would be rounded down.)

Employees whose total number of hours worked are not available (such as salaried employees) shall be calculated at a rate of forty (40) hours per week.

In businesses where it can be shown that calculation by this method would be impractical, an alternate method may be used which would provide an accurate count of full-time equivalent employees.

An employee whose hours total more than two thousand eighty (2,080) during a year, may be counted as having worked two thousand eighty (2,080) hours.

(2) For the purpose of calculating full-time equivalent employees, all employees, including owners, who actually perform work at the business shall be included.

(b)(1) The city shall not require the payment of more than one (1) occupational tax for each location that a business or practitioner shall have.



(2) The city shall not require an occupation tax on those employees that were taxed by occupation tax in other localities or states, provided that those businesses were taxed in full compliance with O.C.G.A. § 48-13-7 and § 48-13-14. Upon request by any city official, including, but not limited to, personnel of the finance department, and planning and zoning department, the operator of a business shall be required to provide proof that the business was taxed pursuant to O.C.G.A. § 48-13-7 and § 48-13-14.

(3) An occupation tax shall not be levied in any other manner except as described in this section.

(c) Occupation tax schedule. The occupation tax levied shall be based on the table located in the City of Dawsonville Fee Schedule.

Employee 1-9	1 employee = \$100; 2 to 5 employees= \$150.00; 6 to 9 employees = \$200
Employee 10 +	\$200.00 plus 15.00 per employee over 9, i.e. 10 employees would be \$215.00

Sec. 8-25. - Paying occupation tax of business with no location in Georgia.

For out-of-state businesses with no location in Georgia, occupation taxes apply to the employees of the business which are reasonably attributed to sales or services in the state. The assessment of an occupation tax is hereby imposed on those businesses and practitioners of professions with no location or office in the state if the business' largest dollar volume of business in Georgia is in the city and the business or practitioner:

- (1) Has one (1) or more employees or agents who exert substantial efforts within the jurisdiction of the city for the purpose of soliciting business or serving customers or clients; or
- (2) Owns personal or real property which generates income, and which is located within the jurisdiction of the city.

Sec. 8-26. - Dominant line of business to be identified on business registration.

The business registration of each business operated in the city shall identify the dominant line of business that the business conducts. Except for practitioners of professions and occupations, no business shall conduct any line of business without first having that line of business registered with the planning and zoning department and that line of business being noted by the planning director or chief financial officer upon the occupation tax certificate form which is to be displayed by the business owner.

Sec. 8-27. - Number of businesses considered operating in city.

Where a person conducts business at more than one (1) store or place, each store or place shall be considered a separate business for the purpose of occupation tax.

Sec. 8-28. - Professionals as classified in O.C.G.A. §§ 48-13-9(c)(1)-(18).

Practitioners of professions as described in O.C.G.A. §§ 48-13-9(c)(1)-(18) shall elect as their entire occupation tax:

- (1) One (1) of the following:
  - a. The occupation tax based on number of employees.
  - b. A fee of four hundred dollars (\$400.00) per practitioner who is licensed to provide the service, such tax to be paid at the practitioner's office or location. The per practitioner fee shall include all persons in the business who qualify as a practitioner under the state's regulatory guidelines and framework.

## Sec. 8-29 – Home Occupation

The occupation tax or license fee for a profession or business conducted as a home occupation shall be \$75.00 regardless of any contrary provision set forth herein.

## Sec. 8-30. - Purpose and scope of tax.

The occupation tax levied herein is for revenue purposes only and is not for regulatory purposes, nor is the payment of the tax made a condition precedent to the practice of any such profession, trade or calling. The occupation tax applies to those businesses and occupations which are covered by the provisions of O.C.G.A. §§ 48-13-5 to 48-13-26. All other applicable businesses and occupations are taxed by the local government pursuant to the pertinent general and/or local law ordinance.

## Sec. 8-31. - When registration and tax due and payable.

- (a) The registration and occupation tax shall be due and payable to the city at the business license office of the city one calendar year from the date of original registration and shall be delinquent if not paid within 90 days of the due date. For any new profession, trade or calling begun in the city, the registration and tax shall be due and payable within 30 days of the commencement of the business.
- (b) Regulatory fees authorized by this chapter shall be paid before commencing business as a condition precedent for transacting business.
- (c) Regulatory fees may be paid after commencing business when:
  - (1) The work done, or services provided are necessary for the health and safety of one (1) or more individuals; and
  - (2) The work done, or services provided have no adverse effect on any other person; and
  - (3) Regulatory fees are tendered to the local government within two (2) business days after commencing business.
- (d) The tax certificate herein provided for shall be issued by the planning director or chief financial officer.
- (e) Payment of an occupation tax shall not be required prior to the commencement of business. Payment of an occupation tax shall not be required as a precondition for the practice of professions and occupations as set out in O.C.G.A. § 48-13-9(c).

## Sec. 8-32. - Allocation of employees of businesses with multiple intra or interstate locations.

For those businesses who have multiple locations inside and outside of the city where the number of employees can be allocated to each location, the number of employees used to determine the occupational tax assessed will be those employees attributed to each city location. In the case where the number of employees attributed locally cannot be determined in those businesses with multiple locations, the total number of employees will be divided by the total number of locations in the city and elsewhere and allotted to those locations. Upon request, the business or practitioner with a location or officer situated in more than one (1) jurisdiction shall provide to the city the following:

- (1) Information necessary to allocate the number of employees of the business or practitioner; and
- (2) Information relating to the allocation of the business's or practitioner's number of employees by other local governments.

## Sec. 8-33. - Exemption on grounds that business operated for charitable purpose.

No business on which a business registration or occupation tax is levied by this chapter shall be exempt from said registration or tax on the grounds that such business is operated for a charitable purpose, unless eighty (80) percent or more of the entire proceeds from said business are devoted to such purpose.

Sec. 8-34. - Evidence of state registration required if applicable; state registration to be displayed.

Each person who is licensed under Title 43 of the state license examining boards shall provide evidence of proper and current state licensure before the city registration may be issued.

Sec. 8-35. - Evidence of qualification required if applicable.

(a) Any business required to obtain health permits, bonds, certificate of qualification, certificates of competency or any other regulatory matter shall first, before the issuance of a city business registration, show evidence of such qualification.

(b) Any business required to submit an annual application for continuance of that business shall do so before the registration is issued.

Sec. 8-36. - Code enforcement officers and or the Planning Director or designee; business inspector.

Code enforcement officers and or the Planning Director or designee shall be classified as business inspectors with full subpoena and arresting powers in conjunction with any violation pertaining to the business tax ordinance. The planning director or chief financial officer shall administer and enforce the provisions of this chapter for the levy, assessment and collection and penalties imposed herein. In carrying out its responsibilities hereunder, the planning director or chief financial officer shall have the following duties:

(1) To prepare and provide the necessary forms for registration of a business, and for the submission of required information as may be necessary to properly administer and enforce the provisions of this chapter.

(2) To issue to each person an occupation tax certificate within a reasonable time after the payment of the occupation tax assessed and levied in this chapter; provided, however, where under other ordinances of the city, permits, certifications, and compliance with the enumerated conditions are required for the operation of the business, the planning director or chief financial officer shall not issue said certificate until the applicant exhibits to the planning director or chief financial officer such obtained permits, certifications and compliances;

(3) To audit periodically, and when deemed necessary by the planning director or chief financial officer, the books and records of the businesses subject to the provisions of this chapter, and to require the submission of such additional information as may be necessary in order to correctly determine the amount of the occupation tax due and to insure the collection of same; and

(4) The planning director or chief financial officer shall have the power and authority to make and publish reasonable rules and regulations not inconsistent with this chapter or other laws of the city and the state or the constitution of this state for the administration and enforcement of the provisions of this chapter and the collection of the occupation tax and fees hereunder.

Sec. 8-37. - Businesses not covered by this chapter.

The following businesses are not covered by the provisions of this chapter but may be assessed an occupation tax or other type of tax or fee pursuant to the provisions of other general laws of the state or by act of local law.

(1) Those businesses regulated by the Georgia Public Service Commission.

(2) Those electrical service businesses organized under O.C.G.A. tit. 46, Ch. 3.

(3) Any farm operation for the production from or on the land of agricultural products, but not including agribusiness.

(4) Cooperative marketing associations governed by O.C.G.A. § 2-10-105.

(5) Insurance companies governed by O.C.G.A. § 33-8-8.

(6) Motor common carriers governed by O.C.G.A. § 46-7-15.

- (7) Those businesses governed by O.C.G.A. § 48-5-355.
- (8) Agricultural products and livestock raised in the state governed by O.C.G.A. § 48-5-356.
- (9) Disabled veterans and blind persons with proof of exemption under O.C.G.A. § 43-12-1.
- (10) Depository financial institutions governed by O.C.G.A. § 48-6-93.
- (11) Facilities operated by a charitable trust governed by O.C.G.A. § 48-13-55.
- (12) Any state or local authority or nonprofit organization or vendor acting pursuant to a contract with a tax-exempt agricultural fair.
- (13) Any person engaging in casual or isolated activity and commercial transactions, where such involve personal assets and are not an occupation for the individual.
  - a. In regard to yard/garage sales, this exemption shall apply to persons or nonprofit organizations conducting such sales at a private residence or at a commercial location with an occupancy permit and with permission of the property owner, not exceeding four (4) events per year.
- (14) Any practitioner whose office is maintained by and who is employed in practice exclusively by the United States, the state, a municipality or county of the state, instrumentalities of the United States, the state or a municipality or county of the state, shall not be required to obtain a license or pay an occupation tax for that practice.

The city may require any business claiming not to be covered by the provisions of this chapter to provide specific and detailed evidence showing such noncoverage.

Sec. 8-38. - Occupation tax inapplicable where prohibited by law or provided for pursuant to other existing law.

This occupation tax is not levied upon any part of a business where such levy is prohibited or exempted by the laws of Georgia or of the United States.

Sec. 8-39. - Occupation taxes levied on business to be transacted during calendar year; filing of returns showing number of employees during preceding calendar year.

(a) All occupation taxes levied by this chapter are levied on number of employees during the calendar year from the date of establishment of the business. However, for convenience of both the city and the taxpayer, those businesses subject to the occupation tax levied herein shall, on or before the times hereinafter set forth, file with the planning director or chief financial officer the returns hereinafter specifically provided for, showing the number of full-time equivalent employees of that business during the preceding calendar year.

(b) The owner, proprietor, manager or secretary officer of the business subject to said occupation tax for the current calendar year from date of establishment of the business shall file with the planning and zoning department of the city, on a form furnished by the planning director or chief financial officer, a signed return setting forth the number of full-time equivalent employees of such business for the preceding calendar year.

(c) If any person fails to make a return, the planning director or chief financial officer may make an estimate of the number of full-time equivalent employees of the business. The estimate shall be made for the period or periods in respect to which the person failed to make the return and shall be based upon any information which is or may come into the possession of the planning director or chief financial officer.

(1) The planning director or chief financial officer shall give to the operator written notice of his determination. The notice may be served personally or by mail; if by mail, such service shall be addressed to the operator at his/her address as it appears in the records of the planning director



or chief financial officer. Service by mail is complete when delivered by certified mail with a receipt signed by the addressee.

(2) The amount of the determination shall bear interest and penalty as required in section 8-49.

**Sec. 8-40. - Payment of occupation tax by newly established businesses.**

In the case of a business subject to occupation tax which was not conducted for any period of time in the corporate limits of the city previously, the owner, proprietor, manager or executive officer of the business liable for occupation tax shall estimate the number of full-time-equivalent employees anticipated to be employed during the next year. The estimate shall be, at a minimum, the number of full-time-equivalent employees which will be employed when the business begins operation.

**Sec. 8-41. - More than one (1) place of business.**

Where a business is operated at more than one (1) place, the number of employees of each location will be entered on a separate occupation tax return on a form to be furnished by the city.

**Sec. 8-42. - Returns confidential.**

Except in the case of judicial proceedings or other proceedings necessary to collect the occupation tax hereby levied, it shall be unlawful for any officer, employee, agent or clerk of the city or any other person to divulge or make known in any manner any information provided for the purpose of determining the amount of occupation tax required under this chapter. Such information shall be confidential and open only to the officials, employees, agents or clerks of the city using said returns for the purpose of this occupation tax levy and the collection of the tax. Independent auditors or bookkeepers employed by the city shall be classed as "agents of the city." Nothing herein shall be construed to prohibit the publication by the city officials of statistics, so classified as to prevent the identification of particular reports or returns and items thereof, or information such as name, location, ownership and line of business with no association made to number of employees or amount of tax paid, or the inspection of the records by duly-qualified employees of the tax departments of the State of Georgia or of the United States, and other local governments. Information provided by a business or practitioner may be disclosed to the governing authority of another local government for tax purposes.

**Sec. 8-43. - Inspection of books and records.**

In any case the planning director or chief financial officer, through his officers, agents, employees or representatives, may inspect the books of the business for which the returns are made. The planning director or the chief financial officer or their designees shall have the right to inspect the books or records for the business of which the return was made in the city, and upon demand of the planning director, or chief financial officer or their designees such books or records shall be submitted for inspection by a representative of the city within thirty (30) days. In the case of practitioners of professions and occupations, the city shall be sensitive to the issues of client or customer confidentiality. In such cases, the practitioner may redact information claimed to be privileged before disclosing books or records of financial transactions. If such practitioner alleges that redaction provides inadequate protection to the confidences of its clients or customers, such practitioner may petition the Superior Court of Dawson county for an in-camera inspection, prior to examination by the planning director or chief financial officer. Except for practitioners of professions and occupations electing to pay a flat fee in lieu of a per employee tax, adequate records shall be kept in Dawsonville, Georgia, for examination by the planning director or chief financial officer or their designees at their discretion. If, after examination of the books or records, it is determined that a deficiency occurs as a result of underreporting, a penalty of ten (10) percent of the deficiency and an additional one (1) percent of the deficiency for each month or fraction thereof that the deficiency was due and unpaid shall be assessed.

**Sec. 8-44. - Tax certificate to be revoked for failure to pay tax, file returns, permit inspection of books.**

The failure of any business to pay said occupation tax or any part thereof before it becomes delinquent or upon failure to permit inspection of its books as above provided, any business tax certificate granted by the city under this chapter permitting the owner of said business to do business in the city for the current year shall be,

ipso facto, revoked. No new occupation tax certificate shall be granted by the city to a person who has failed to submit adequate records as requested by the planning director or chief financial officer in accordance with provisions found in section 8-43. In the case of those practitioners where the local government cannot suspend the right of the practitioner to conduct business, the imposition of civil penalties shall be permitted and pursued by the county in the case of delinquent occupation taxes.

Sec. 8-45. - Effect of failure to comply with chapter provisions; continuing in business after tax certificate revocation.

Any persons, their managers, agents or employees who do business in the city after the registration for such business has been revoked as provided in Section 8-44 hereby required to make occupation tax returns, and who fail to make such returns within the time and in the manner provided in this article, who refuse to amend such returns so as to set forth the truth, or who shall make false returns; and any persons, their managers, agents or employees who refuse to permit an inspection of books in their charge when the officers, agents, employees or representatives of the city request such inspection, during normal city business hours, for the purpose of determining the accuracy of the returns provided for in this article, shall be subject to penalties provided in this article. In the case of those practitioners where the local government cannot suspend the right of the practitioner to conduct business, the imposition of civil penalties shall be permitted and pursued by the local government in the case of delinquent occupation tax.

Sec. 8-46. Effect of failure to comply with chapter provisions; penalties.

- (a) Any individual, business or practitioner subject to any occupation tax imposed by this ordinance which is unpaid for ninety (90) days after the date on which payment was due shall be subject to a penalty of ten percent (10%) of the tax or fee due, and interest at the rate of 1.5 percent (1.5%) per month.
- (b) Individuals, businesses and practitioners who fail or refuse to pay any occupation tax charged pursuant to this ordinance shall be subject to a civil fine, to be imposed by court of competent jurisdiction over enforcement of City's ordinances, not more than five hundred dollars (\$500.00), which may be enforced by the contempt power of the court.
- (c) Individuals, businesses and practitioners who fail or refuse to make a timely or truthful tax return or make available truthful and accurate information the City requests or requires for determining applicability or amount of occupation tax or for levying or collecting such occupation tax shall be subject to a civil penalty of up to one thousand dollars (\$1,000.00).

Sec. 8-47. - Execution for delinquent occupation tax.

- (a) In addition to the other remedies herein provided for the collection of the occupation tax herein levied, the city director of planning and zoning, upon any tax or installment of said tax becoming delinquent and remaining unpaid, shall issue execution for the correct amount of said tax against the person liable for said tax. Such executions shall bear interest at the rate authorized by O.C.G.A. § 48-2-40 or, if such statute should be repealed or ruled invalid by a court of competent jurisdiction, one percent (1%) per month. The lien of said occupation tax shall become fixed on and date from the time when such tax or any installment thereof becomes delinquent. The execution shall be levied by the chief financial officer upon the property of the person liable for said tax, and sufficient property shall be advertised and sold to pay the amount of said execution, with interest and costs. All other proceedings in relation thereto shall be had as is provided by the ordinances and the Charter of the city and the laws of Georgia and the defendant in said execution shall have rights of defense, by affidavit of illegality and otherwise, which are provided by the Charter of the city and the laws of Georgia in regard to tax executions.
- (b) When a nulla bona entry has been entered by property authority upon an execution issued by the chief financial officer against any person defaulting on the occupation tax, except for practitioners of professions and occupations, the person against whom the entry was made shall not be allowed or entitled to have or collect any fees or charges whatsoever for services rendered after the entry of the nulla bona. If, at any time after the entry of nulla bona has been made, the person against whom the

execution issues pays the tax in full with all interest, penalties and costs accrued on the tax, the person may collect any fees and charges due the person as though the person had never defaulted in the payment of the taxes.

Sec. 8-48. - Amendment, repeal of provision.

This chapter shall be subject to amendment or repeal, in whole or in part, at any time and no such amendment or repeal shall be construed to deny the right of the council to assess and collect any of the taxes or other charges prescribed. Said amendment may increase or lower the amounts and tax rates of any occupation and may change the classification thereof. The payment of any occupation tax provided for shall not be construed as prohibiting the levy or collection by the city of additional occupation taxes upon the same person, property or business.

Sec. 8-49. - Applications of provisions to prior ordinance.

This chapter does not repeal or affect the force of any part of any ordinance heretofore passed where taxes levied under such prior ordinance have not been paid in full. So much and such parts of ordinances heretofore and hereinafter passed as provided for the issuing and enforcing of execution for any tax or assessment required by such ordinances, or that imposed fines or penalties for the nonpayment of such tax, or for failure to pay regulatory fees provided for in said ordinance or ordinances, or failure to comply with any other provisions hereof, shall continue and remain in force until such tax, regulatory fee or assessment shall be fully paid.

Sec. 8-50. - Enforcement of provision.

It is hereby made the duty of the planning director and city code enforcement officers to see that the provisions of this chapter relating to occupation taxes are observed; and to summon all violators of the same to appear before the municipal court. It is hereby made the further duty of the planning director, chief financial officer or their designees and assistants, to inspect all certificates issued by the city, as often as in their judgment it may seem necessary to determine whether the certificate held is the proper one for the business sought to be transacted thereunder.

Sec. 8-51. - Provisions to remain in full force and effect until changed by council.

This chapter shall remain in full force and effect until changed by amendment adopted by the council. All provisions hereto relating to any form of tax herein levied shall remain in full force and effect until such taxes have been paid in full.

Sec. 8-52. - Requirement of public hearing.

In any year when revenue from occupation taxes is greater than the preceding year, the city shall hold a public hearing as a part of the process for determining how to use the additional revenue.

Sec. 8-53. - Option to establish exemption or reduction in occupation tax.

The city may by subsequent ordinance or resolution provide for an exemption or reduction in occupation tax to one (1) or more types of businesses or practitioners of occupations or professions as part of a plan for economic development or attracting or encouraging selected types of businesses or practitioners of selected occupations or professions. Such exemptions or reductions in occupation tax shall not be arbitrary or capricious.

Sec. 8-54. - Conflicts between specific and general provisions.

Where there is an apparent conflict in this chapter between specific and general provisions, it is the intention hereof that the specific shall control.

Sec. 8-55. - Occupation tax certificate not transferable.

An occupation tax certificate and/or regulatory fee certificate shall not be transferable, and a transfer of ownership shall be considered in the same light as the termination of such business and the establishment of a new business. Therefore, a new certificate shall be required for each new owner of the business.

Sec. 8-56. - Duty to keep information current.

Any person required by this chapter to register his or her business shall notify the planning and zoning department in writing within thirty (30) days of the following changes:

- (1) Any change of address of the business, in which case the same occupation tax certificate shall be valid at the new location.
- (2) Any change of ownership, in which case the transfer shall be treated as the termination of one (1) business and the establishment of a new business for the purposes of this chapter.
- (3) The termination of any business.

Sec. 8-57. - Compliance with other ordinances and laws.

(a) All businesses are required to comply with the provisions of all ordinances of the city and other laws and the issuance of a occupation tax receipt to any business pursuant to this chapter shall not authorize that business to engage in or carry on business or to perform any other activity in violation of state or federal law or regulations and other ordinances of the city nor shall it relieve that business from obtaining any certificate or permit required by the provision of other laws or ordinances.

(b) No certificate shall be issued or renewed until any delinquent property taxes and other debts to the city have been paid.

Sec. 8-58. - Practitioners of professions and occupations.

It being the intention of the mayor and council that no portion of this taxation scheme shall be construed to be, or have the practical effect of, regulation of practitioners of professions and occupations and if any provision hereof shall be construed by a court of competent jurisdiction to be an unlawful regulation of such profession, then such provision shall be considered rescinded by the mayor and council as if such provision had not been adopted, and in such case, the remaining provisions of this chapter shall be applied to such practitioner.

## **SECTION 2. ADDITION OF PAWNBROKERS PROVISION**

Article IX Sections 8-500 thru 8-516 of Chapter 8 regarding the regulation of Pawnbrokers is hereby adopted and added to the Dawsonville Code of Ordinances as follows:

### **ARTICLE IX- PAWNBROKERS**

Sec. 8-500. - Findings and intent.

This chapter is adopted to address the interest of public safety, health and the welfare of the community and to aid and assist in the recovery of stolen property, and to aid and assist local law enforcement in fulfilling their public safety functions. This chapter is enacted pursuant to O.C.G.A. § 44-12-130 et seq.

Sec. 8-501. - Definitions.

The following words, terms and phrases, when used in this chapter, shall have the meanings ascribed to them in this section:

*Accepted identification* means an official document, most commonly in the form of a plastic-coated/sealed card, issued for purposes of identification or driver's license.



These documents must be issued by one (1) of the fifty (50) states or a branch of the U.S. Military, i.e., Army, Navy, Air Force, Marines, Coast Guard, or current State of Georgia and counties of Georgia probation and parole cards. The identification must, at a minimum, bear a true photograph of the person presenting it, date of birth and description of the person.

*Annual pawnshop license* means an official document issued for any person, association, partnership, corporation or limited liability company, or any other entity to engage in or operate a pawnshop, or to conduct, promote, or carry on, in or upon any premises within the city, any pawnshop establishment as defined in this chapter. No license so issued shall condone or make legal any activity thereunder if the same is deemed illegal or unlawful under the laws of the state or the United States.

*Business occupation tax certificate* means a tax levied for revenue raising purposes on persons, partnerships, corporations or other entities for engaging in an occupation, profession or business.

*City* means the City of Dawsonville, Georgia.

*Deceptive business practice* means any practices as defined in O.C.G.A. § 16-9-50.

*Employee permit* means an official document issued for permission to be employed or work in a pawnshop regulated by the City of Dawsonville, or to be a pawnbroker.

*Employee* means any person who works for a pawnbroker or in a pawnshop, whether on a part-time or full-time basis, regardless of whether remuneration is received or not.

*Interest in a pawnshop* means the identification of any person involved or any member of his or her family being the outright owner of the pawnshop; a co-owner of the pawnshop; a partner in a partnership which owns all or part of the pawnshop; or a stockholder in any corporation organized for pecuniary gain which owns all or any part of the pawnshop.

*Managing agent* means an owner or full-time employee that has day-to-day managerial oversight of the pawnshop and is actively engaged in the daily operations of the pawnshop and resident of the State of Georgia.

*Minor* means any person who has not attained the age of eighteen (18) years.

*Month* means that period of time from one (1) date in a calendar month to the corresponding date in the following calendar month, but if there is no such corresponding date, then the last day of such following month.

*New in box* means any unused item in the original unopened, factory sealed boxes.

*OCGA* means Official Code of Georgia Annotated, as amended.

*Pawnbroker* means any person or employee engaged in whole or in part in the business of lending money on the security of pledged goods, or in the business of purchasing tangible personal property on the condition that it may be redeemed or repurchased by the seller for a fixed price within a fixed period of time, or in the business of purchasing tangible personal property from persons or sources other than manufacturers or licensed dealers as a part of or in conjunction with the business activities described in this paragraph.

*Pawnshop* means any business wherein a well-defined part thereof is to take or receive, by way of pledge, pawn or exchange, any goods, wares, merchandise, motor vehicles, or any kind of personal property or title whatsoever, as security for the repayment of money lent thereon.

*Pawn transaction* means any loan on the security of pledged goods or any purchase of pledged goods on the condition that the pledged goods may be redeemed or repurchased by the pledger or seller for a fixed price within a fixed period of time.

*Person* means an individual, partnership, corporation, joint venture, trust, association, or any other legal entity however organized.

*Pledged goods* means tangible personal property, including, without limitation, glass taken from buildings such as mantel mirrors, art glass, copper wire, or any kind of plumbing materials and all types of motor vehicles or any motor vehicle certificate of title, which property is purchased by, deposited with, or otherwise actually delivered into the possession of a pawnbroker in connection with a pawn transaction. However, for purposes of this chapter, possession of any motor vehicle certificate of title which has come into the possession of a pawnbroker through a pawn transaction made in accordance with law shall be conclusively deemed to be possession of the motor vehicle, and the pawnbroker shall retain physical possession of the motor vehicle certificate of title for the entire length of the pawn transaction but shall not be required in any way to retain physical possession of the motor vehicle at any time. Pledged goods shall not include choses in action, securities, or printed evidences of indebtedness.

*Registered agent* means a resident of Dawson County associated with the pawnshop upon whom any process, notice or demand required or permitted by law or under this chapter to be served upon the licensee or owner may be served.

#### Sec. 8-502. - Enforcement.

The City Code enforcement officers and/or the Planning Director of the City of Dawsonville, Georgia, shall see that the provisions of this chapter are observed and enforced.

#### Sec. 8-503. - General policies and purposes.

- (1) Pawnbrokers may operate only after the issuance of a license for such operation by the city and only in the manner permitted by such license. Pawn transactions may only occur through a licensee who complies with the rules and regulations of this chapter and with the laws, licensing, regulatory and revenue requirements of the State of Georgia.
- (2) All licenses are a mere grant or privilege subject to all terms and conditions imposed by this chapter and state law and subject to being revoked by the city.
- (3) Each licensee of the city shall display the license issued under this chapter prominently at all times at the location for which the license is issued. A separate license must be issued for each location and a separate application must be made for each location.
- (4) It is not the intent of this chapter to regulate traditional secondhand dealers of property where no pawn transaction occurs.

#### Sec. 8-504. - Qualifications for issuance of pawnshop license.

Any person who desires to obtain a license for the operation of a pawnshop must meet the minimum qualifications set forth in this chapter. If the applicant is a partnership, each partner must meet the qualifications of any individual license and must make sworn statements of these qualifications as part of the application process. If the applicant is a corporation, the majority stockholder and each principle officer of the corporation must meet the qualifications as part of the application process.

- (1) Any person applying to operate a pawnshop for which a license is sought shall not have been convicted, pled guilty or entered a plea of nolo contendere to violating any provisions of this chapter or any other ordinance of the city, or rules or regulations of the city and shall not have been convicted of any crime involving "moral turpitude," a felony theft, burglary, robbery, or fraud, or have been convicted in any state of any offense which if committed or attempted in this state, would have been punishable as one (1) or more of the above-mentioned offenses, for a period of ten (10) years from the date of such convictions, unless a longer time is ordered by a court of competent jurisdiction. For purposes of this section, a conviction or plea of guilty or nolo contendere entered and terms completed for the above-mentioned offenses under the Georgia First Offender Act, O.C.G.A. § 42-8- 60 et seq., shall be ignored. Provided, however, that any such offense shall not be ignored where the defendant violated any term of probation imposed by the court granting first offender status or committed another crime

and the sentencing court ruled an adjudication of guilt as to the crime for which the defendant had previously been sentenced as a first offender.

(2) Every managing agent applicant for a license shall be at least eighteen (18) years of age, a U.S. citizen or an alien lawfully admitted for permanent residency, and a resident of the State of Georgia, and shall make application on forms furnished by the planning and zoning department and in connection therewith, shall, under oath, answer all questions, supply all information and furnish all certificates, affidavits, bonds and other supporting data as required thereby.

(3) All licensed pawnshops must have and continuously maintain in Dawson County a registered agent upon whom any process, notice or demand required or permitted by law or under this chapter to be served upon the licensee or owner may be served. This person must be a resident of Dawson County. The licensee shall file the name of such agent, along with the written, notarized consent of such agent with the city in such form as may be prescribed.

(4) All persons filing an application for a license will be required to complete a waiver in order for the applicant's criminal history to be obtained.

(5) No person shall have, own or enjoy any ownership, interest in, share in the profits from, or otherwise participate in the business of any pawnshop in the city unless a full description of such interest is disclosed upon the filing of an application for the original annual license. Said person shall be subject to the same qualifications as the license holder. Failure to qualify may be grounds for revocation of the license.

(6) The planning director may approve all applications for renewal of an existing license upon payment of the license fees for renewal of licenses, where no objections have been filed and the application clearly shows no change in the ownership, managing agent, location, or operation of the business. If objections have been filed or if there have been any changes in the ownership, managing agent, location, or operation of the business, a new application must be approved by the mayor and council. The city license issued shall be valid for the calendar year from the date of business establishment indicated thereon and shall expire at midnight one year thereafter unless renewed by the planning director prior to expiration. Renewal licenses for subsequent years become effective upon approval of the planning director. A licensee that desires to continue in business during the next or subsequent year must make application for and pay the required fees prior to expiration.

(7) No license shall be granted where the applicant has had any pawnshop license issued by any county, municipality, or other governmental subdivision which has been suspended or revoked.

(8) No license shall be granted for a location that is not in compliance with all federal, state, or local regulation, rule or ordinance.

(9) No license shall be issued where the applicant has supplied false information in the license application or where any required fee has not been paid by such applicant, including any fees or assessments owed to the city.

#### Sec. 8-505. - Pawnshop license application.

Before operating a pawnshop, any person desiring to do so shall first file an application for a license with the City of Dawsonville Planning and Zoning Department to operate a pawnshop, pursuant to the following:

(1) The application shall be made on an annual basis.

(2) All applications for a license shall be made in person by the applicant to the planning and zoning department in writing on forms furnished by the city the same shall be required on all owners, interest holders and partners, a signed affidavit by the applicant shall contain but not be restricted to the following statements and information:

- a. The applicant(s)'s full true and legal name(s) and any other aliases or name changes used in the last five (5) years.
- b. The telephone number, present address and length of residency of the applicant(s).
- c. Acceptable written proof that the applicant(s) is at least eighteen (18) years of age.
- d. Business, occupation or employment history of the applicant(s) for the five (5) years immediately preceding the date of the application.
- e. The pawnshop permit history of the applicant(s) and whether, in previous operations in this or any other city, state or territory, the applicant(s) has had such permit revoked or suspended. If such permit has been revoked or suspended, the applicant(s) must state the reason, and the business activity or occupation subsequent to such action of suspension or revocation.
- f. If the owner(s) is a corporation, the name of the corporation shall be set forth exactly as shown in its articles of incorporation or charter, together with place and date of incorporation, and the names and addresses of each of its current officers and directors. If the owner(s) is a partnership, the applicant shall set forth the name, residence address and dates of birth of the partners. If the owner(s) is a limited partnership, it shall furnish a copy of its certificate filed with the county clerk or secretary of state. If one (1) or more of the partners is a corporation, the provisions of this subsection pertaining to corporations shall apply.
- g. If any of the owners, partners or interest holders have been convicted of any crime in the past ten years, a completed description of any such crime including date of violation, date of conviction, jurisdiction and any disposition, including any fine or sentence imposed and whether the terms of the disposition have been fully completed.
- h. If the owner is a person doing business under a trade name, a copy of the trade name, properly recorded, must be provided. If owner is a corporation, a copy of authority to do business in Georgia, including articles of incorporation, trade name, affidavit, if any, and the last annual report, if any, must be provided.
- i. Address of premises to be regulated.
- j. Whether the premises are owned or rented and must provide a copy of the deed or rental agreement.
- k. Each application for a license shall be verified and acknowledged under oath to be true and correct by all owners, partners and interest holders.
- l. The applicant must disclose any ownership interest in any other pawnshop, whether it is located locally or out of state and must disclose the nature of such ownership interest.
- m. Each applicant shall certify on the application that they have read this chapter and, if the license is granted, each licensee shall maintain a copy of this chapter on the premises.
- n. Any other information that may be required by the planning and zoning department to include, but not limited to, source of financing and any other information obtained during the investigative process for the business operation.

(3) The written application for the license shall be a permanent record which the licensee must maintain current as required by this chapter. Failure to maintain a current application shall be grounds for revocation of the license.

(4) No license shall be issued until a fee in an amount established by action of the mayor and council, is paid to the city by the applicant.



(5) The planning director shall investigate each applicant for such license and shall report to the mayor and council whether such applicant is a person of good character and has not been convicted of a criminal offense as indicated in this chapter. All applicants shall furnish all data, information and records requested of them, and failure to furnish such data, information and records within thirty (30) days from the date of such request shall automatically serve as grounds to deny the application. An applicant, by filing an application, agrees to produce for questioning any person or persons who are considered relevant to the ascertainment of facts relative to such license, as may be required by the mayor and council, the planning director, or other official designated by the mayor and council. The failure to produce such person within thirty (30) days after being requested to do so may result in denial of the application.

(6) No pawnbroker shall move from the location specified on its license until a change of location fee of one hundred dollars (\$100.00), has been paid to the city and approval has been obtained from the planning and zoning department. Such approval shall not be given unless all requirements and regulations as contained in the City Code have been met.

(7) In the event the "managing agent" changes, the licensee shall notify the city within five (5) days of the change. A fee of one hundred dollars (\$100.00) will be charged for the processing of an application for the change of the "managing agent," and such applicant must be approved by the planning director. If the applicant does not meet the qualifications for managing agent as required by this chapter and the application is denied, the applicant may appeal the decision of the planning director as set out in section 8-515.

(8) In the event the "registered agent" changes, the licensee shall notify the city within five (5) days of the change. A fine of twenty-five dollars (\$25.00) will be charged for the processing of a change in the "registered agent."

(9) No pawnbroker shall operate, conduct, manage, engage in, or carry on a pawnbroker business under any name other than the name of the business as specified on the license.

(10) The owner shall notify the planning and zoning department of any change in the information, material or data set out in the original application.

(11) Upon completion of the review of the application by the planning director the matter shall be placed on an agenda for mayor and council who may grant or deny the application consistent with this chapter. No application shall be acted upon by the mayor and council until a notice of such application in a local newspaper is published for at least four (4) different days prior to the regular meeting at which such application is to be presented and considered.

(12) No application shall be acted upon by the mayor and council except at a regular meeting of the council.

(13) Any applicant who is denied a license may appeal such denial by filing a notice of appeal pursuant to the appeal procedure set forth in section 2-16.

(14) Upon approval by the mayor and council of the application for a license, the planning and zoning department shall issue a license in accordance with the approved application. If the applicant is an individual, the license shall be issued in the name of the individual. If the application is a corporation, the license shall be issued in the name of the corporation. If the application is a partnership, the license shall be issued in the name of the partnership and in the name of one (1) of the partners. All licenses issued shall be granted for the full calendar year or for the number of months remaining in the calendar year. Any applicant granted a license before July 1 shall pay the full license fee without proration. License fees for licenses granted on or after July 1 shall be one-half ( $\frac{1}{2}$ ) the annual license fee. License fees are not refundable once paid to the city.

Sec. 8-506. - Annual employee permit application.

All persons before being employed at a pawnshop or similar place where money is advanced on goods or other effects, or merchandise of any kind is taken in pawn shall first file an application with the Dawson County Sheriff's Office for a permit to work in such business. The issuance of such permit by the Dawson County Sheriff's Office will be based on a criminal history and background investigation of the applicant. The permit will expire at midnight one (1) year from the date of issuance.

- (1) All required applications for an annual employee permit shall be in writing and on forms provided by the Dawson County Sheriff's Office.
- (2) Every employee must disclose any ownership or interest in any other pawnshop, whether it is located locally, or must disclose the nature of such ownership or interest as defined in this chapter.
- (3) Employees of a pawnshop, as defined herein, shall not be less than eighteen (18) years of age. Any employee who has been convicted, pled guilty or entered a plea of nolo contendere to violating any provisions of this chapter or any other ordinance of the city, or rules or regulations of the city, or any felony theft, burglary, robbery, or fraud, or has been convicted in any state of any offense which if committed in this state, would have been punishable as one (1) or more of the above-mentioned offenses, shall not be issued a permit to work on the premises of a pawnshop for a period of five (5) years from the date of such conviction, unless a longer time is ordered by a court of competent jurisdiction. For purposes of this section, a conviction or plea of guilty or nolo contendere entered and terms completed for the above-mentioned offenses under the Georgia First Offender Act, O.C.G.A. § 42-8-60 et seq., shall be ignored. Provided, however, that any such offense shall not be ignored where the defendant violated any term of probation imposed by the court granting first offender status or committed another crime and the sentencing court ruled an adjudication of guilt as to the crime for which the defendant had previously been sentenced as a first offender.
- (4) All applications shall be completed by the applicant and sworn to and signed by the applicant in the presence of a notary public or other officer authorized to administer oaths.
- (5) All applicants shall furnish all data, information and records requested of them, and failure to furnish such data, information and records within thirty (30) days from the date of such request shall automatically serve as grounds to deny the application. An applicant, by filing an application, agrees to produce for questioning any person or persons who are considered relevant to the ascertainment of facts relative to such permit, as may be required by, the Dawson County Sheriff's Office. The failure to produce such person within thirty (30) days after being requested to do so may result in denial of the application.
- (6) All permits issued through administrative error can be terminated and seized by the Dawson County Sheriff's Office.
- (7) All permits issued hereunder remain the property of the Dawson County Sheriff's Office and shall be produced for inspection upon the demand of any officer of the Dawson County Sheriff's Office, the planning director or city code enforcement officer.
- (8) No pawnshop owner shall allow any employee or manager to work on the premises unless the employee or manager has in their possession a current valid city permit. Upon the filing of the notice with the Dawson County Sheriff's Office, the applicant may become a conditional employee and work on the licensed premises with a receipt issued by the Dawson County Sheriff's Office until such time the investigation is completed, and approval or denial of the permit is issued.
- (9) For the purpose of this section, independent contractors shall be considered as employees and shall be permitted as employees, regardless of the business relationship with the owner or managing agent of any pawnshop.

(10) Employee permits are nontransferable and are valid only for the individual named on the permit. Each such permit is valid for the individual named while employed in any establishment licensed in the city.

(11) Permits issued under this section shall be active for a period of one (1) year. At the expiration of one (1) year from the date of the issuance of the permit, it shall be the duty of the employee to renew the permit by going through the process described in this section. In addition, employees who cease employment with a pawn shop establishment with which they were employed when their permit was obtained for a period of six (6) months or more must also renew their permit before returning to a pawn shop establishment in the city.

(12) Employees after receiving their permit must notify the Dawson County Sheriff's Office of any changes in information originally provided to obtain an employee permit; otherwise, their permit is invalid. Employees who an offense that may affect their employment under this chapter are under a duty to fully inform the Dawson County Sheriff's Office such conviction, and to supply sufficient documentation relating to the conviction to allow the city to fully investigate failure to inform the Dawson County Sheriff's Office and/or provide documentation of any such conviction invalidates an emp and shall serve as automatic forfeiture and cancellation of the permit.

(13) It shall also be the duty of the pawn broker to file with the planning and zoning office and the Dawson County Sheriff's Office, on a monthly basis, a report which lists all employees currently employed in a capacity that would require an employee permit. Each such report shall include the name and date of birth of all such individuals, as well as the same information on all such individuals who have terminated employment during the one-month employment period. Failure to submit said report by the twentieth day each month shall constitute a violation of this Code.

(14) Any applicant who is denied a permit may appeal such denial by filing a notice of appeal pursuant to the appeal procedure set forth in section 2-16.

#### Sec. 8-507. - Commencement for business—Forfeiture of license.

(a) All holders of licenses under this chapter shall, within six (6) months after the issuance of the license, open for business the establishment referred to in the license, unless such period is extended by the mayor and council. Failure to open the licensed establishment as referred to in this subsection within the six-month period shall serve as an automatic forfeiture and cancellation of the license, and no refund of license fees shall be made to the license holder.

(b) Any holder of a license under this chapter who shall begin the operation of the business as authorized in the license, but who shall for a period of three (3) consecutive months thereafter cease to operate the business as authorized in the license, shall automatically forfeit his license, which license shall, by virtue of such failure to operate, be canceled without the necessity for any further action by the planning director, city code enforcement officer or the mayor and council.

#### Sec. 8-508. - License transfer.

No license granted for a pawnshop shall be transferable except upon application to planning and zoning department in the same form and manner, and subject to the same requirements with respect to the transferee as are applicable in an original application. Any such license may be transferred only to another applicant doing the same business at the same location as the license holder to whom the license was originally issued provided and excepting, however, that if the license holder is a partnership and one (1) or more of the partners should die, one (1) or more of the surviving partners may acquire, by purchase or otherwise, the interest of the deceased partner or partners without affecting a surrender or termination of such license, and in such case, the license upon notification to the city shall be placed in the name of the surviving partner. When permission for transfer has been granted, the original licensee or transferee shall cease doing business and deliver the license to the planning director, who shall record such transfer, and the transferee shall pay a fee therefore as

a condition precedent to engaging in operations under the license. The fee for such transfer shall be established from time to time by the mayor and council.

Sec. 8-509.- Record of transactions.

(a) Every pawnbroker shall maintain a permanent electronic record of its pawn transactions in which an accurate description of all property pledged, traded or sold to the pawnshop can be transmitted to the Dawson County Sheriff's Office via an electronic automated reporting system. Each of these transactions shall contain an accurate description of all property pledged, traded or sold to the pawnbroker and shall be made at the time of each transaction, provided that the following information is included:

- (1) The date and time of the purchase, pawn or sale of the property.
- (2) The full name, street address and telephone number of the customer making the pledge, trade or sale.
- (3) The pawnshop shall require all persons pledging, trading, pawning, exchanging, or selling property to show accepted identification as defined in section 2-2 prior to conducting a pawnshop transaction.
- (4) A description of the customer in terms of sex, race, date of birth, height and weight, as well as the driver's license number of the customer or some other identification card which contains a photograph of the customer.
- (5) A description of the pledged or purchased property by serial, model or other number, if available, and by any identifying marks (e.g., brand name, color, style, etc.).
- (6) The number of the receipt or pawn transaction issued for the property pawned or bought.
- (7) The price paid, or the amount loaned.
- (8) The maturity date of the transaction, if a pawn.
- (9) A photograph of the customer and the item pawned or bought which will be taken with the electronic automated reporting system at the time of the transaction.
- (10) The pawnshop shall obtain from each person pledging, trading, pawning, exchanging, or selling any property, the fingerprint of the right-hand index finger, unless such finger is missing, in which event the print of the next finger in existence on the right hand shall be obtained with a notation as to the exact finger printed. An electronic digital fingerprint scanner will be the primary method of entry required. The fingerprint shall be imprinted onto the pawn transaction form in the designated area along with the signature of the person pawning, trading, pledging, exchanging, or selling the property. The fingerprint must be clear and legible. In the event that more than one (1) pawn transaction form is required, a fingerprint and signature should be obtained for each form. Fingerprints and the information required herein shall be obtained each time such person pledges, trades, pawns, exchanges, or sells any property.
- (11) The signature of the customer.
- (12) The tag bearing the pawnshop transaction number must remain attached to the item until the property is disposed of by sale, trade, or other lawful means. This paragraph does not apply to the purchase of property from licensed wholesale or distributor businesses for the purpose of retail sales; however, the pawnshop shall be required to maintain all purchasing records for property exempted from this paragraph.

(b) Every pawnbroker shall enter each transaction as it occurs into the electronic automated reporting system or may elect to upload electronically via the internet a batch file of all transactions for each business day to the administrator of the electronic automated reporting system immediately at the



conclusion of each business day. The administrator of the electronic automated reporting system will electronically transmit all transactions to the Dawson County Sheriff's Office.

(c) The pawnshop shall store the above records, digital images, and fingerprints for a period as designated by state statute and make them available to law enforcement personnel upon request.

(d) In the event that the electronic automated reporting system becomes temporarily or permanently disabled, or the system is terminated pawnbrokers will be notified as soon as possible, by the administrator of the system. Pawnshops that incur electronic system failures or other events that would cause partial or complete loss of electronic reporting, should immediately notify the Dawson County Sheriff's Office with the reason of the failure. In these events, the pawnbrokers will be required to make records of transactions in paper form. Such paper forms must include all information as enumerated in paragraph (a) of this section. Pawnbrokers shall maintain a three-day supply of these paper forms. On a daily basis, all transactions not reported in the electronic automated reporting system, will be delivered to the Dawson County Sheriff's Office by the pawnshop within twenty-four (24) hours of the end of the business day for every day until the event has been corrected.

(e) Any duly authorized law enforcement officer authorized by the Dawson County Sheriff, may, during the ordinary hours of business or any other reasonable time, inspect any pawnbroker's electronic or paper records or any goods in his possession at the pawnbroker's place of business to ensure compliance not only with this section, but this chapter and state law.

(f) The Sheriff or his designee shall select and designate the required automated reporting system and required equipment needed. A fee will be assessed to each pawnshop for each reported transaction: said fee shall be an amount set by the Sheriff equal to that charged by the administrator of the automated reporting system.

The assessed fee to the pawnshops shall not exceed the actual cost charged by the City of Dawsonville or by the third-party administrator. This fee will be invoiced to the pawnbroker and collected by the Sheriff or his designee, which may be a third-party administrator of the automated reporting system.

#### Sec. 8-510.- Disposal of articles.

Any pawnbroker or employee of a pawnshop who makes a loan on pledged goods or buys pledged goods on the condition that the seller may repurchase said goods, shall hold said goods for at least thirty (30) days or longer if directed by the Dawson County Sheriff's Office, before disposing of them by sale, transfer, shipment or otherwise. Non-pledged goods bought under this section shall be held for at least seven (7) calendar days before disposing of them by sale, transfer, shipment or otherwise.

#### Sec. 8-511. - Miscellaneous.

(a) It shall be unlawful for any pawnbroker or employee of a pawnbroker to receive goods in pawn, trade, purchase or sale from a person under eighteen (18) years of age.

(b) It shall be unlawful for any pawnbroker to receive in pawn, pledge or sale, goods of any character or description any item which is a new in box item unless a receipt or other proof of purchase is provided.

(c) (1) No employee of the city who has any interest in a pawnshop, as defined herein, shall be assigned to work in any area or division of the city which regulates the business of pawnshops.

(2) No employee of the city with regulating authority may own, work in or be employed (paid or unpaid) by a pawnshop inside the city limits of the city. Regulating authority, for purposes of this section, is defined as any person involved in or assigned to the inspection of the premises, approval of the occupation tax certificate applications, annual pawnshop license applications, or annual employee permit applications; and granting or denying of such applications, or enforcement of this chapter and its provisions.

(3) No employee of the city with regulating authority as defined herein, may regulate a pawnshop where such is owned or operated by any person related to the employee of the city within a third degree of kinship. The term third-degree kinship shall include, for purposes of this chapter, children, grandchildren, mother, father, brothers and sisters, aunts and uncles, first cousins and in-laws.

(4) The definition of employees of the city does not include elected officials of the city.

(d) A pawnbroker selling goods other than those pledged may add new merchandise to its stock of the same type as that on which loans are made, up to a value of one thousand dollars (\$1,000.00) per month, without having to pay an additional occupation tax as would otherwise be imposed according to the terms of the business taxes of the city. The pawnbroker must maintain all records, invoices, and bills of sale for such merchandise which shall be subject to inspection and review by any duly authorized law enforcement. No article(s) shall be maintained on the premises for sale on a consignment basis for any citizen, employee or pawnbroker.

#### Sec. 8-512. - Lost or stolen items.

(1) It shall be the duty of every person operating or employed by a pawnbroker to report to the Dawson County Sheriff's Office any article or goods sold or pawned to the pawnbroker if that person shall have a reason to believe that the article or goods was stolen or lost when presented by the seller or customer.

(2) With respect to any item(s) which would normally have a serial number or other means of identification, any pawnbroker or employee of a pawnbroker who becomes aware that such items have had the identification removed, defaced or destroyed, such fact shall be immediately reported to the Dawson County Sheriff's Office.

(3) If it is determined that an item bought, sold, traded or pawned by a seller or customer to the pawnbroker or his employee is the subject of any reported theft, then the surrender of said item to the Dawson County Sheriff's Office shall be done upon demand. The officer receiving the item shall give the pawnbroker a receipt for the item.

(4) The Dawson County Sheriff's Office has the authority to place property that is the subject of investigation on "investigative hold". In that event, the Dawson County Sheriff's Office shall notify the pawnshop of the need for an investigative hold and identify all property subject to the investigative hold. Upon notification, it shall be the responsibility of the pawnshop to maintain the subject property until such time as the property is released from the investigative hold status or the property is confiscated as evidence.

#### Sec. 8-513. - Denial, transfer, suspension, revocation or forfeiture of annual pawnshop license.

Denial, immediate suspension, revocation, or forfeiture of an issued license shall occur only after notice and opportunity for a hearing before the administrative hearing officer consistent with the procedures set forth in section 2-16, appeal procedure, and only on the following occurrences:

(1) Any license issued under this chapter for a pawnbroker shall be immediately revoked in the case of bankruptcy, receivership or levy of legal process upon the licensed outlet, pawnbroker or property therein.

(2) A license application may be denied to any applicant where it appears that the applicant would not have adequate participation in the proposed business to direct and manage its affairs, or where it appears that the application is intended to be a mere surrogate for a person or persons who would not otherwise qualify for a license for any reason whatsoever.

(3) Except as provided in the transfers, section 2-9, transfers, any change in the ownership of any entity owning a licensed location shall be grounds for the mayor and council to revoke any license issued under this chapter.

(4) A license shall be immediately suspended or revoked by the planning director upon learning that a licensee furnished fraudulent or untruthful information in the application for a license, or omits information required in the application for a license, or fails to pay all fees, taxes, or other charges imposed under the provisions of this chapter and the Code of Ordinances of the city, or engages in deceptive business practices as defined in this chapter.

(5) The license of any licensee does not meet the qualifications set forth in this chapter at any time such information to the mayor and council.

(6) The pawnbroker has been convicted, pled guilty or entered a plea of nolo contendere to violating any provisions of this chapter or any other ordinance of the city, or rules or regulations of the city, or felony theft, burglary, robbery, or fraud, or has been convicted in any state of any offense which if committed or attempted in this state, would have been punishable as one (1) or more of the above-mentioned offenses, within ten (10) years of the date of such conviction unless a longer time is ordered by a jury of competent jurisdiction. For purposes of this section, a conviction or plea of guilty or nolo contendere entered and terms completed for the above-mentioned offenses under the Georgia First Offender Act, O.C.G.A. § 42-8-60 et seq., shall be ignored. Provided, however, that any such offense shall not be ignored where the defendant violated any term of probation imposed by the court granting first offender status or committed another crime and the sentencing court ruled an adjudication of guilt as to the crime for which the defendant had previously been sentenced as a first offender.

Sec. 8-514. - Denial, suspension, revocation or forfeiture of annual employee permit.

Denial, immediate suspension, revocation, or forfeiture of an issued permit shall occur only after notice and opportunity for a hearing before the administrative hearing officer consistent with the procedures set forth in section 2-16, appeal procedure, and only upon the following occurrences:

(1) The pawnshop employee has been convicted, pled guilty or entered a plea of nolo contendere to violating any provisions of this chapter or any other ordinance of the city, or rules or regulations of the city, or felony theft, burglary, robbery, or fraud, or has been convicted in any state of any offense which if committed or attempted in this state, would have been punishable as one (1) or more of the above-mentioned offenses, within five (5) years from the date of such conviction, unless a longer time is ordered by a jury of competent jurisdiction. For purposes of this section, a conviction or plea of guilty or nolo contendere entered and terms completed for the above-mentioned offenses under the Georgia First Offender Act, O.C.G.A. § 42-8-60 et seq., shall be ignored. Provided, however, that any such offense shall not be ignored where the defendant violated any term of probation imposed by the court granting first offender status or committed another crime and the sentencing court ruled an adjudication of guilt as to the crime for which the defendant had previously been sentenced as a first offender.

Sec. 8-515. - Annual pawnshop license and annual employee permit appeal procedure.

Any pawnbroker whose license or any employee whose permit has been denied, suspended, revoked, or forfeited, may appeal same by filing a notice of appeal with the planning director, in cases involving annual pawnshop licenses, or to the Dawson County Sheriff's Office in cases involving annual employee permits, within ten (10) business days of the date on which the applicant is notified of same. The notice of appeal shall specify the subject matter of the appeal, the date of any original and amended application or requests, the date of the adverse decision (or receipt of notice thereof) the grounds or basis for the appeal, the action requested, the name and address of the applicant, and the reasons why the license or permit should not be denied, suspended, revoked or forfeited. The planning director, in cases involving annual pawnshop licenses, or the Dawson County Sheriff's Office in cases involving annual employee permits, shall schedule a hearing before the administrative hearing officer at a time and place not more than thirty (30) calendar days after receiving the notice of appeal. At the hearing, the applicant shall have the opportunity to present argument and evidence as

to why the annual pawnshop license or annual employee permit should be approved or should not be denied, suspended, revoked or forfeited. The planning director or Dawson County Sheriff's Office shall also be given the opportunity to present argument and evidence as to why the license or permit should not be approved, or should be denied, suspended, revoked or forfeited. The administrative hearing officer shall not be bound by the traditional rules of evidence in the hearing, but the rules governing evidence in administrative hearings shall apply. Both parties shall be afforded the opportunity to present evidence and cross-examine witnesses. The administrative hearing officer shall have the power to rule on the admissibility of evidence, hear testimony under oath, and consider documents and other tangible evidence presented.

The administrative hearing officer shall either approve issuance of a license, or permit or the suspension, revocation or forfeiture of the license or permit in writing and shall issue findings of fact with the reasons supporting his decision within fifteen (15) days of the conclusion of the hearing. The decision of the hearing officer shall be mailed or delivered to the appellant. If the hearing is not held within forty-five (45) days as provided herein, or the decision is not rendered within fifteen (15) days of the conclusion of the hearing as provided herein, then the applicant's license or permit shall be deemed to remain in effect, or if applicable the appellant's license or permit shall not be denied, suspended, revoked or forfeited unless the parties agree to a continuance, or the administrative hearing officer requests a continuance for good cause shown.

The appellant or the city shall have the right to appeal the decision of the administrative hearing officer to the Superior Court of Dawson County, Georgia, via certiorari as provided by Georgia law.

#### Sec. 8-516. - Violations.

(1) It shall be unlawful for any pawnbroker or employee of a pawnbroker to violate any of the provisions of this chapter, whether or not such person or employee is the holder of a current valid license or permit issued according to the terms of this chapter. Further, any person failing to comply with any provision of this chapter or other rules, ordinances and regulations as may be passed by the mayor and council for conduct of the business of a pawnbroker, shall upon conviction, have the license or permit to conduct business revoked.

(2) It shall be unlawful for any pawnbroker or employee of a pawnbroker to:

(a) Make any false statement in an application for any license or permit provided for in this chapter.

(b) Make any false entry in any record book, ledger or form required by the terms of this chapter.

(c) Violate any criminal law of this state while acting in the course of business as a pawnbroker or employee of a pawnbroker.

(3) Any person violating any of the provisions of this chapter shall be punished as provided in section 1-8 of the Code of Ordinances of Dawsonville. Each such person shall be guilty of a separate offense for each and every day during any portion of which any violation of any provision of this chapter is committed, continued or permitted by any such person, and shall be punished accordingly.



SO ORDAINED THIS \_\_\_\_ DAY OF \_\_\_\_\_, 2018.

\_\_\_\_\_  
Mike Eason, Mayor

\_\_\_\_\_  
Caleb Phillips, Council Member Post 1

\_\_\_\_\_  
Stephen Tolson, Council Member Post 2

\_\_\_\_\_  
Jason Power, Council Member Post 3

\_\_\_\_\_  
Mark French, Council Member Post 4

ATTEST:

\_\_\_\_\_  
Beverly Banister, Clerk



**DAWSONVILLE CITY COUNCIL  
EXECUTIVE SUMMARY FOR  
AGENDA ITEM # 12**

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SUBJECT: AUDIT PRESENTATION FY 2017-18

CITY COUNCIL MEETING DATE: 12/3/2018

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BUDGET INFORMATION: GL ACCOUNT # NA

Funds Available from: Annual Budget Capital Budget Other

Budget Amendment Request from Reserve: Enterprise Fund General Fund

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PURPOSE FOR REQUEST:

**TO PRESENT THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR FISCAL YEAR 2017-2018**

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HISTORY/ FACTS / ISSUES:

**AUDIT PRESENTATION BY BRYAN ST. PIERRE OF ALEXANDER, ALMAND & BANGS LLP**

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OPTIONS:

**APPROVE AS PRESENTED**

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RECOMMENDED SAMPLE MOTION:

**VOTE**

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REQUESTED BY: Hayden Wiggins, Finance Administrator



DAWSONVILLE CITY COUNCIL  
EXECUTIVE SUMMARY FOR  
AGENDA ITEM # 13

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SUBJECT: **AWARD BID – RFP 19-01 GARBAGE/SOLID WASTE COLLECTION SERVICE**

CITY COUNCIL MEETING DATE: 12/03/2018

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BUDGET INFORMATION: GL ACCOUNT # \_\_\_\_\_

Funds Available from: \_\_\_\_\_ Annual Budget \_\_\_\_\_ Capital Budget Other \_\_\_\_\_

Budget Amendment Request from Reserve: \_\_\_\_\_ Enterprise Fund \_\_\_\_\_ General Fund

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PURPOSE FOR REQUEST:

**TO SELECT 2019 GARBAGE/SOLID WASTE COLLECTION SERVICE VENDOR**

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HISTORY/ FACTS / ISSUES:

**BID OPENING: 11/26/2018**

- **RED OAK SANITATION - \$10.00 PER HOME, PER MONTH, 1X PER WEEK**
- **SANTEK WASTE SERVICES - \$15.36 PER HOME, PER MONTH, 1X PER WEEK**

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OPTIONS:

**RECOMMEND LOW BID APPROVAL OF RED OAK SANITATION**

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RECOMMENDED SAMPLE MOTION:

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REQUESTED BY: Hayden Wiggins, Finance Administrator



## Waste Collection Bid

\$10.00, per home, per month for 1x weekly waste removal service for residences within the City of Dawsonville.

\$0 per month for 1x weekly waste removal service at City Hall

### Additional Service Quote

1. Once a week recycling removal is an additional \$6/month.
2. Twice a week garbage removal is \$18/month.
3. Once a month yard debris removal is an additional \$2/month.





## Cost of Service/Proposed Route

*Dawsonville, GA*

*Garbage/ Solid Waste Curb Side Collection Service*

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### Cost of Service

1. Solid Waste Curb Side Collection – Once a Week : ***\$15.36 Per Month/Per Home***

**Proposed Route/ Collection Services:** All collection services will take place between 6:00am and 5:00pm on Monday.

*\*\*\* Please note on page 4, "Terms and Conditions," under bullet 4, it states, "Company will collect all solid waste contained in the waste containers on Monday of each week before **5:00pm.**"*

*\*\*\* Please see "Additional Services" page located in section 5.*



## Additional Services

*Dawsonville, GA*

*Garbage/Solid Waste Curb Side Collection Service*

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### Additional Services

1. Recycling Curb Side Collection – Once a Week: *No Bid*
2. Solid Waste Curb Side Collection – Twice a Week: *No Bid*
3. Yard Debris Curb Side Collection – Once a Month: *No Bid*



DAWSONVILLE CITY COUNCIL  
EXECUTIVE SUMMARY FOR  
AGENDA ITEM # 14

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SUBJECT: GARBAGE RATE INCREASE

CITY COUNCIL MEETING DATE: 12/03/2018

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BUDGET INFORMATION: GL ACCOUNT # \_\_\_\_\_

Funds Available from: \_\_\_\_\_ Annual Budget \_\_\_\_\_ Capital Budget Other \_\_\_\_\_

Budget Amendment Request from Reserve: \_\_\_\_\_ Enterprise Fund \_\_\_\_\_ General Fund

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PURPOSE FOR REQUEST:

**TO REQUEST APPROVAL TO AMEND THE GARBAGE ORDINANCE FOR A RATE INCREASE**

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HISTORY/ FACTS / ISSUES:

**CURRENT RATE IS \$13.25 PER CAN**

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OPTIONS:

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RECOMMENDED SAMPLE MOTION:

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REQUESTED BY: Hayden Wiggins, Finance Administrator





November 28, 2018

To: Mayor Mike Eason  
& City of Dawsonville City Council

Re: Staff Recommendation; 32 Acre Turner Property Tract fee reduction request

Mayor Eason and Council,

Michael Turner and Myles Montgomery had originally petitioned to annex into the city limits of Dawsonville the 32-acre tract known as a portion of TMP 090 004 001, located at 0 Perimeter Road, with a request to rezone from County Zoning of RSR (Residential Sub Rural) and RA (Restricted Agriculture) to City Zoning of R3 (Single Family Residential). They had additionally requested a variance from the required R-3 density of 3 units per acre density to 3.125 units per acre. This request was removed by staff from the October 8<sup>th</sup> Planning Commission Calendar due to an administrative error by the city. The applicant subsequently requested that the actions be removed entirely from any future agenda due to some changes in their original proposal. I had advised the applicant that according to our zoning ordinance I could not, at staff level, authorize a refund of the fees paid and that any request for refund would have to be heard at the Council level. I provided the applicant with a breakdown off the fees due which included calculations for staff time expenses and actual incurred advertising expenses.

The applicant is requesting a waiver of expenses listed beyond those actually incurred which total \$399.65.

It should be noted that this does not include cost incurred by the city in the employment of the Planning Commission as other official business was undertaken during the Oct. 8<sup>th</sup> meeting.

It is my recommendation that the applicant be required to pay the actual cost incurred by the city as enumerated in my cost analysis which you have been provided.

Please let me know if you have any questions regarding this matter.

Sincerely,

R.J. Irvin  
Planning Director, City of Dawsonville



# Civilscapes, Inc.

Civil Engineering & Landscape Architecture

REQUEST FOR  
WAIVER ACTION  
FROM CITY OF DAWSONVILLE

FOR

**KK TURNER ESTATE PROPERTY  
PERMIT # C8-00209, 0 PERIMETER ROAD**

## PURPOSE OF REQUEST

To obtain a wavier regarding total amount due per Invoice #I8-01012

## NARRATIVE

Mr. Michael Turner would like to request a waiver from the total amount invoiced on 10/12/18 of \$2,670.56 as shown on Invoice #I8-01012 to an adjusted total amount of \$399.65 as shown on the provided Cost Analysis of Services Rendered Letter dated 10/22/18. See attached documents.

This request is being made due to revisions that will need to be made to the rezoning/annexation application. The subject property will be submitted at a later date. The new application will include a revised site layout submitted by a different applicant. Due to these major changes from the original application; Mr. Turner thought it would be best to withdraw his application at this time.

We appreciate your consideration of granting our waiver request.



Mr. Michael Turner  
Mr. Myles Montgomery



**City of Dawsonville**  
 415 Highway 53 East, Suite 100  
 Dawsonville, GA 30534

ATTN: Beverly Banister, City Clerk  
 (706)265-3256

<b>INVOICE #</b>
18-01012

INVOICE DATE: 09/12/18  
 DUE DATE: 10/12/18

ACCOUNT ID: P-000341 PIN: 631626 KK TURNER ESTATE MICHAEL TURNE DAWSONVILLE GA, 30534
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PERMIT INFORMATION  
 PERMIT NO: C8-00209  
 LOCATION: 0 PERIMETER ROAD  
 OWNER: KK TURNER ESTATE MICHAEL TURNER EX

QUANTITY/UNIT	SERVICE ID	DESCRIPTION	UNIT PRICE	AMOUNT
		Permit No: C8-00209		
1.0000	P-0147	Zoning Request to R3 Permit No: C8-00209	350.00000	350.00
32.0000/ACR	P-0161	ZONING REQUEST TO R-3 PER ACRE Permit No: C8-00209	50.00000	1,600.00
1.0000	P-0154	ANNEXATION Permit No: C8-00209	250.00000	250.00
1.0000	P-0153	VARIANCE Permit No: C8-00209	300.00000	300.00
26.0000/EA	P-0155	CERTIFIED MAIL FEE Permit No: C8-00209	6.56000	170.56
		<b>TOTAL DUE:</b>		<b>\$ 2,670.56</b>

PAYMENT COUPON - PLEASE DETACH AND RETURN THIS PORTION ALONG WITH YOUR PAYMENT

City of Dawsonville  
 415 Highway 53 East, Suite 100  
 Dawsonville, GA 30534

INVOICE #: 18-01012  
 DESCRIPTION: Permit No: C8-00209  
 ACCOUNT ID: P-000341 PIN: 631626  
 DUE DATE: 10/12/18  
 TOTAL DUE: \$ 2,670.56

KK TURNER ESTATE MICHAEL TURNE  
 DAWSONVILLE GA, 30534





October 22, 2018

To: Mr. Michael Turner  
1825 Barrett Lakes Blvd.  
Kennesaw, Ga. 30041

Ref: Cost analysis of services rendered

Sir,

The following is a cost breakdown for services rendered reference your request for forgiveness of fees for ANX/ZA/VAR-C8-00209.

Mail/Advertising Fees:  $\$170.56 + \$40.00 = \$210.56$

N. Copeland hrs. worked: 5.75hrs at  $\$19.65/\text{hr.} = \$122.99$

R. Irvin hrs. worked: 2.5hrs at  $\$26.44/\text{hr.} = \$66.10$

Total:  $\$399.65$

The original total fee amount for this action was  $\$2,670.56$ .

If you have any questions, please let me know.

Respectfully,

R.J. Irvin, Planning Director, City of Dawsonville  
Cc: Bob Bolz, City Manager  
Nalita Copeland, Zoning Administrator





DAWSONVILLE CITY COUNCIL  
PLANNING COMMISSION ACTION SUMMARY  
FOR AGENDA ITEM # \_\_\_\_\_

SUBJECT: ANX/ZA/VAR C8-00210 TURNER PROPERTY

LOCATION: TMP 093 006 AND TMP 093 007

HEARD BY PLANNING COMMISSION ON: 10 / 8 / 18

TO BE HEARD BY CITY COUNCIL ON:

DATE(s): 10 / 22 / 18 WORK SESSION 11 / 5 / 18 CITY COUNCIL MEETING

ADDITIONAL HISTORY/ FACTS/ ISSUES DISCOVERED AT PLANING COMMISSION:

None

ACTION TAKEN :  APPROVE  DENY

BASED UPON CONDITIONS SET FORTH BY CITY ATTORNEY DANA MILES. SS/KB/ALL WERE IN FAVOR

~~REASON FOR DENIAL:~~

CONDITIONS/STIPULATIONS:

OR SEE MINUTES

1. The applicant shall reach an agreement with the City for construction of a joint detention facility and collaborative efforts for the design/construction of a future dog park.
2. There shall be a requirement for two entrances into the subdivision from a traffic safety standpoint; one onto Allen Street and one onto Perimeter Road.
3. There shall be a requirement for inter-parcel pedestrian access to City property.
4. The Variance (VAR C-8-00210) is contingent upon the Annexation and Zoning Amendment being approved by Mayor and Council. If the ANX and ZA are not approved, the Variance lapses. It shall not apply to either parcel; it is all or nothing.

PLANNING DIRECTOR: [Signature] DATE: 10-16-18

PC CHAIR OR DESIGNEE: [Signature] DATE: 10-17-18





October 4, 2018

To: Ms. Beth Duncan, Chair  
& City of Dawsonville Planning Commission

Re: Staff Recommendation; Perimeter Rd and Allen St Turner Property Tract

Ms. Duncan and Commission,

Michael Turner and Myles Montgomery have petitioned to annex into the city limits of Dawsonville the 11.407 acre tract known as TMP 093 006 located at 0 Allen Street. The applicant has additionally requested a rezone of the 14.175 acres known as TMP 093 006 and TMP 093 007, located at 0 Allen Street from City Zoning of LI (Light Industrial) and County Zoning of RSR (Residential Sub Rural) to City Zoning of R3 (Single Family Residential). Lastly, the applicant is requesting a variance from the required R-3 density of 3 units per acre density to 3.74 units per acre.

The current conditions are as follows:

Property fronts both Perimeter Rd just north of the Dawson County High School and Allen St. A portion of the property (2.76 acres) currently lies within the jurisdiction of the city.

The city of Dawsonville has both water and sewer service available.

Applicant wishes to develop a 53-lot residential subdivision.

The Planning and Zoning staff would recommend **approval**.

Please let me know if you have any questions regarding this matter.

Sincerely,

R.J. Irvin  
Planning Director, City of Dawsonville

Planning and Zoning Department  
City of Dawsonville  
415 Hwy 53 E, Suite 100  
Dawsonville, GA 30534  
Office Phone: 706-265-3256  
Fax: 706-265-4214  
[planning@dawsonville-ga.gov](mailto:planning@dawsonville-ga.gov)

REQUEST FOR  
ANNEXATING AND REZONING ACTION  
FROM CITY OF DAWSONVILLE ZONING BOARD

FOR

**MR. MICHAEL TURNER  
14.175-ACRE SUBDIVISION**

NATURE OF REQUEST

To annex and rezone a vacant 11.407-Acre Tract into the City of Dawsonville and rezone a 2.768-Acre already located within City of Dawsonville

PURPOSE OF REQUEST

To allow for development of a 53 Lot Residential Subdivision

NARRATIVE

The scope of this project is to annex and rezone a 11.407-Acre tract into the City of Dawsonville combined with the rezoning of a 2.768-Acre tract that is already located within the City of Dawsonville to allow for a proposed 14.175-Acre 53 Lot Residential Subdivision.

This property is a total of 14.175 acre tract of land, located in Land Lots 58 and 59, 4<sup>th</sup> District and Land Lots 428 and 372, north half 13<sup>th</sup> District. The 11.407-Acre property is currently zoned R-1. The 2.768-Acre property is currently zoned L-1. We are requesting a rezoning of subject tracts to R-3 with conditions. Variance conditions would be to allow for a higher density than what is allowed under R-3 zoning (3.74 Lots / Acre). Minimum lot size shall be 75'x110'. Proposed residential subdivision has frontage on Allen Street and Perimeter Road.

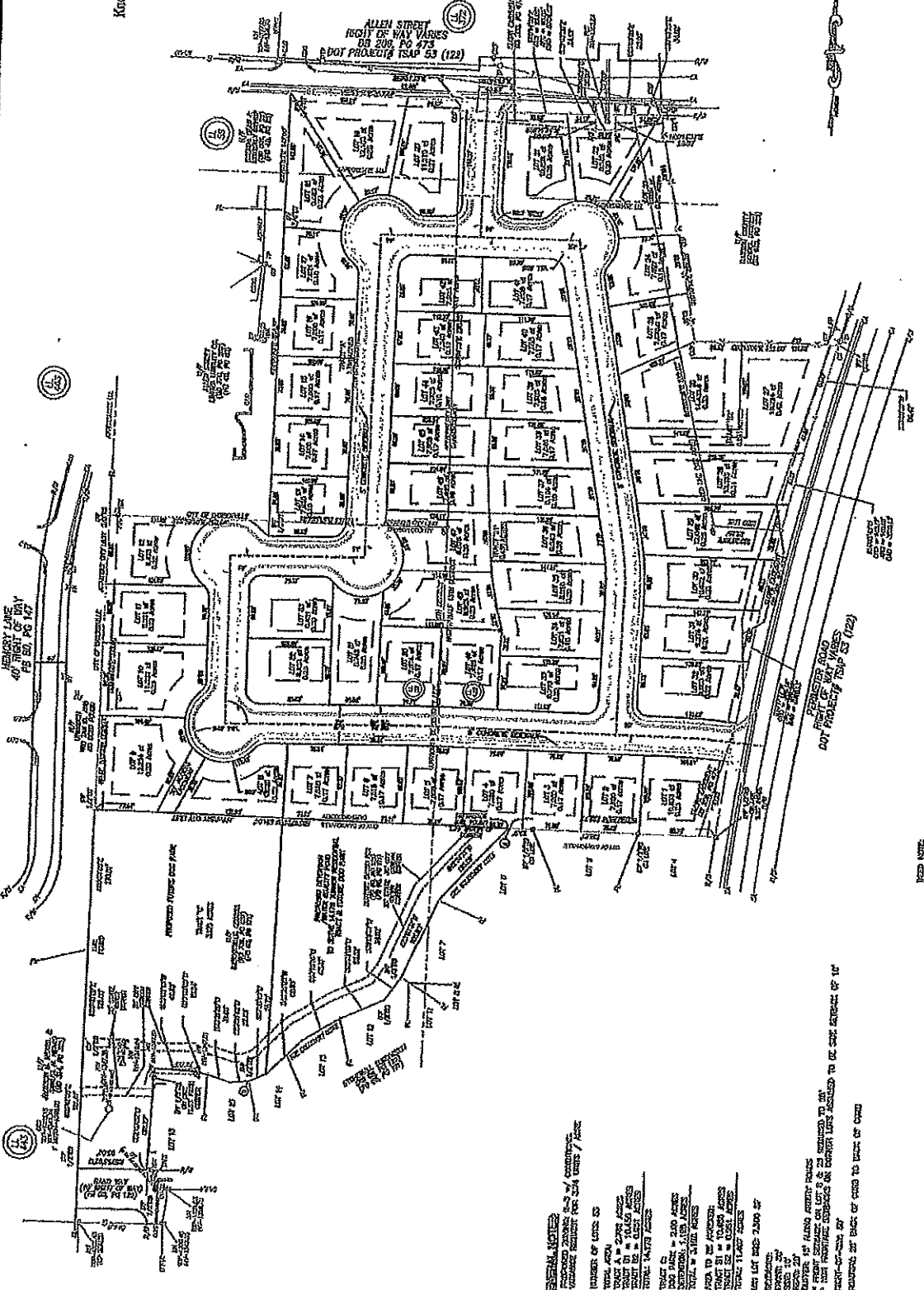
To the north of the property is Allen Street. Perimeter Road is located to the east. Stonewall Subdivision is located to the south. To the west is Memory Lane. Access into the property will be from Allen Street and Perimeter Road as shown on the conceptual site plan provided.

Both potable water and sanitary sewer will serve this tract. Storm water detention will be provided by that of a shared offsite shared pond facility.

We feel that the requested annexation and rezoning to allow for a 53 Lot residential subdivision would be an appropriate type of use for this area. It is unlikely to pose any problems for any of the neighbors. We do not believe that allowing the proposed use of this property would in any way devalue or pose hardships on any of the surrounding properties.



Know what's below.  
 Call before you dig.



NOTED: ALL LOTS ARE TO BE OPEN TO THE PUBLIC AND SHALL BE SUBJECT TO THE CITY'S ZONING ORDINANCES AND ALL APPLICABLE REGULATIONS AND ORDINANCES OF THE CITY OF DANVILLE, GA.

1. PROPERTY OWNER: MICHAEL TURNER
2. NUMBER OF LOTS: 52
3. TOTAL AREA: 2,100 ACRES
4. AREA TO BE OPENED: 2,100 ACRES
5. LOT 1: 2,100 ACRES
6. LOT 2: 2,100 ACRES
7. LOT 3: 2,100 ACRES
8. LOT 4: 2,100 ACRES
9. LOT 5: 2,100 ACRES
10. LOT 6: 2,100 ACRES
11. LOT 7: 2,100 ACRES
12. LOT 8: 2,100 ACRES
13. LOT 9: 2,100 ACRES
14. LOT 10: 2,100 ACRES
15. LOT 11: 2,100 ACRES
16. LOT 12: 2,100 ACRES
17. LOT 13: 2,100 ACRES
18. LOT 14: 2,100 ACRES
19. LOT 15: 2,100 ACRES
20. LOT 16: 2,100 ACRES
21. LOT 17: 2,100 ACRES
22. LOT 18: 2,100 ACRES
23. LOT 19: 2,100 ACRES
24. LOT 20: 2,100 ACRES
25. LOT 21: 2,100 ACRES
26. LOT 22: 2,100 ACRES
27. LOT 23: 2,100 ACRES
28. LOT 24: 2,100 ACRES
29. LOT 25: 2,100 ACRES
30. LOT 26: 2,100 ACRES
31. LOT 27: 2,100 ACRES
32. LOT 28: 2,100 ACRES
33. LOT 29: 2,100 ACRES
34. LOT 30: 2,100 ACRES
35. LOT 31: 2,100 ACRES
36. LOT 32: 2,100 ACRES
37. LOT 33: 2,100 ACRES
38. LOT 34: 2,100 ACRES
39. LOT 35: 2,100 ACRES
40. LOT 36: 2,100 ACRES
41. LOT 37: 2,100 ACRES
42. LOT 38: 2,100 ACRES
43. LOT 39: 2,100 ACRES
44. LOT 40: 2,100 ACRES
45. LOT 41: 2,100 ACRES
46. LOT 42: 2,100 ACRES
47. LOT 43: 2,100 ACRES
48. LOT 44: 2,100 ACRES
49. LOT 45: 2,100 ACRES
50. LOT 46: 2,100 ACRES
51. LOT 47: 2,100 ACRES
52. LOT 48: 2,100 ACRES
53. LOT 49: 2,100 ACRES
54. LOT 50: 2,100 ACRES
55. LOT 51: 2,100 ACRES
56. LOT 52: 2,100 ACRES



**City of Dawsonville**  
 P.O. Box 6  
 415 Highway 53 East, Suite 100  
 Dawsonville, GA 30534  
 Phone: (706) 265-3256

**Annexation Petition  
 into the  
 City of Dawsonville, GA**

**Annexation #** ANX-CR-00210

**FEE \$250.00 (NONREFUNDABLE)** Date Paid \_\_\_\_\_ Cash /Ck # \_\_\_\_\_

**Please Print Clearly** ZONING AMENDMENT APPLICATION AND FEES RECEIVED?  YES  NO

Applicant Name(s): Michael Turner Myles Montgomery

Mailing Address 7185 Shady Grove Rd City Cumming State GA Zip 30041

E-Mail Civilscapesdesign@yahoo.com

Applicant Telephone Number(s): 0) 678-513-8836 C) 770-315-8274  
Myles Montgomery

Property Owner's Name(s): Michael Turner

Mailing Address 1825 Barnett Lakes Blvd City Kennesaw State GA Zip 30144

E-Mail mturner@trusfhss.com

Property Owner's Telephone Number(s): 770-261-7145

Address of Property to be Annexed: Allen St @ Perimeter Rd frontage  VACANT LOT

Tax Map & Parcel # 093 Property Size in Acres: 11.407 Survey Recorded in Plat Book # \_\_\_\_\_ Page # \_\_\_\_\_

Land Lot # 428 + 372 District # 13<sup>th</sup> Section # 11.407 Legal Recorded in Deed Book # \_\_\_\_\_ Page # \_\_\_\_\_

Current Use of Property: Vacant Lot

County Zoning Classification: R-1 City Zoning Classification: R-3

**Land Use & Zoning Ordinance, Article VII. General Provisions Sec. 708. Annexation:**

Any land area subsequently added to the incorporated area of Dawsonville shall automatically be classified R-1 (single-family residential district) until or unless otherwise classified by amendment to the official zoning map.

Petition **MUST** include a completed application with signatures and **ALL** attachments.

- An 8 1/2 x 11 copy of the current **RECORDED BOUNDARY SURVEY** of said property showing the contiguity of said property to the existing corporate limits of the City of Dawsonville, GA.
- A copy of the current metes and bounds **LEGAL DESCRIPTION** that matches the boundary survey of the property being annexed.
- Survey **must** be signed and sealed by a Registered Land Surveyor.
- Survey **must** be signed, stamped recorded by Dawson County Clerk's Office, Superior Court



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**Annexation Petition  
 into the  
 City of Dawsonville, GA**

Please answer the following questions to meet and comply with the United States Department of Justice, Civil Rights Division, Voting Section, Section 5 of the Voting Rights Act.

1. Intended Use of Land:   X   Residential            Commercial  
           Existing Structure(s)            Vacant  
           Other (specify) \_\_\_\_\_

2. Number of persons currently residing on the property: \_\_\_\_\_;   X   VACANT  
 Number of persons 18 years or older: \_\_\_\_\_; Number of persons registered to vote: \_\_\_\_\_

3. The number of all residents occupying the property:  
           American Indian            Alaskan Native  
           Asian            Pacific Islander  
           Black, not of Hispanic Origin            Hispanic  
           White, not of Hispanic Origin   X   VACANT

Please answer the following questions to meet and comply with the U. S. Department of Commerce, which requires this information to provide Population Estimates.

**ARC Population Estimate Information**

A. Number of existing housing units:   0  

B. List of Addresses for each housing unit in the annexed area at the time of the annexation:

  N/A  

C. Disposition of existing structures (e.g. to stay the same, be demolished, moved or converted):

  N/A  

D. Names of affected Subdivision:   N/A  

E. Name of affected Multi-Family Complex:   N/A  

F. Names of Group Quarters (dormitories, nursing homes, jails, etc.):

  N/A  

G. Names of affected Duplexes:   N/A  

H. Names of Mobile Home Parks:   N/A





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 415 Highway 53 East, Suite 100  
 Dawsonville, GA 30534  
 Phone: (706) 265-3256

**Annexation Petition  
 into the  
 City of Dawsonville, GA**

**Property Owner(s) Authorization**

I / We the undersigned, being the owner(s) of real property of the territory described herein as Michael Turner (Address/Tax Map Parcel), respectfully request that the Mayor and City Council of the City of Dawsonville, Georgia annex this property into the City and extend the City boundaries to include the same.

Upon signature of this document, I / We the undersigned certify that all the information provided is true and accurate to the best of our knowledge.

(1) [Signature] Proprietor Kenneth K. Turner Estate  
 Property Owner Signature Property Owner Printed Name

(2) \_\_\_\_\_  
 Property Owner Signature Property Owner Printed Name

(1) [Signature] Myles Montgomery  
 Applicant Signature Applicant Printed Name

(2) \_\_\_\_\_  
 Applicant Signature Applicant Printed Name

Sworn to and subscribed before me  
 this 10 day of September 2018.

[Signature]  
 Notary Public, State of Georgia



**Nellie Y. Copeland**  
**NOTARY PUBLIC**  
 Dawson County, Georgia  
 My Commission Expires  
 May 15, 2019

My Commission Expires: May 15, 2019

Notary Seal

Annexation Application Received Date Stamp:	Rec'd <u>9/14/18</u>	Completed Application with Signatures
	Rec'd <u>9/14/18</u>	Current Boundary Survey
	Rec'd <u>9/14/18</u>	Legal Description
	Rec'd <u>9/14/18</u>	ARC Population Estimate Information
Planning Commission Meeting Date (if rezone):	<u>Oct 8, 2018</u>	
Dates Advertised:	<u>9/19/18</u>	<u>9/26/18</u>
1 <sup>st</sup> City Council Reading Date:	<u>Oct 22, 2018</u>	
2 <sup>nd</sup> City Council Reading Date:	<u>Nov 5, 2018</u>	Approved: YES NO
Date Certified Mail to:	<u>9/18/18</u> County Board of Commissioners & Chairman	<u>9/18/18</u> County Manager <u>9/18/18</u> County Attorney
<input type="checkbox"/> Letter Received from Dawson County	Date:	_____



**City of Dawsonville**  
 P.O. Box 6  
 415 Highway 53 East, Suite 100  
 Dawsonville, GA 30534  
 Phone: (706) 265-3256

**Zoning Amendment  
 Application**

Request # ZA- 08-00210 Date: 9/12/18 Rec.  
 Applicant Name(s): Michael Turner / Myles Montgomery  
 Address: 7185 Shady Grove Rd City: Cumming State: GA Zip: 30041  
 Phone: 678-513-8836 Cell Phone: 770-315-8274  
 E-Mail Civilscapesdesign@yahoo.com  
 Property Address: Allen St / Perimeter Rd  
 Tax Map # 093 Parcel # 006 & 007 Current Zoning\*\* : R-1  
 Land Lot(s): \_\_\_\_\_ District: \_\_\_\_\_ Section: \_\_\_\_\_  
 Subdivision Name: \_\_\_\_\_ Lot # \_\_\_\_\_  
 Acres: 14.175 Current Use of Property: Vacant  
 Has a past Request of Rezone of this property been made before?    If yes, provide ZA # \_\_\_\_\_

**The applicant request:**

Rezoning to zoning category: R3 w/cond  Special Use permit for: \_\_\_\_\_  
 Proposed use of property if rezoned: Residential Sub.  
 If Residential: # of lots proposed 53 Minimum lot size proposed 75' x 110' (Include Concept Plan)  
 Is an Amenity area proposed Yes, if yes, what Potential Dog Park  
 If Commercial: Total Building area proposed \_\_\_\_\_ (Include Concept Plan)  
 Existing Utilities: (readily available at road frontage)  Water  Sewer  Electric \_\_\_\_\_ Natural Gas  
 Proposed Utilities: (developer intends to provide)  Water  Sewer  Electric \_\_\_\_\_ Natural Gas  
 Road Access/Proposed Access: (Access to the development/area will be provided from)  
 Road name: Allen St. & Perimeter Rd Type of Surface: Asphalt

◆ Failure to complete all sections will result in rejection of application and unnecessary delays.  
 ◆ I understand that failure to appear at a public hearing may result in the postponement or denial of this application.

Myles Montgomery Signature of Applicant 9/10/18 Date

**Office Use Only**  
 Date Completed Application Rec'd: 9/12/18 Amount Paid \$ 1100.00 Check # \_\_\_\_\_ /Cash  
 Date of Planning Commission Meeting: 10/18/18 Dates Advertised: 9/19/18  
 Date of City Council Meeting: 10/22/18 Dates Advertised: 9/26/18  
 Postponed: YES NO Date: \_\_\_\_\_ Rescheduled for next Meeting: \_\_\_\_\_  
 Approved by Planning Commission: YES NO Approved by City Council: YES NO

+ Cert. Mail Fee 9 @ 65¢



**City of Dawsonville**  
 P.O. Box 6  
 415 Highway 53 East, Suite 100  
 Dawsonville, GA 30534  
 Phone: (706) 265-3256

**Zoning Amendment  
 Authorization**

Property Owner Authorization

I/We Michael Turner hereby swear that I/we own the property located at (fill in address and/or tax map & parcel #) 093 006 & 093 007 as shown in the tax maps and/or deed records of Dawson County, Georgia, and which parcel will be affected by this request.

I hereby authorize the person(s) or entity(ies) named below to act as the applicant or agent in pursuit of the rezoning requested on this property. I understand that any rezone granted, and/or conditions or stipulations placed on the property will be binding upon the property regardless of ownership. The under signer below is authorized to make this application. The undersigned is aware that no application or reapplication affecting the same land shall be acted upon within 6 months from the date of the last action by the City Council.

Printed Name of Applicant or Agent Myles Montgomery  
 Signature of Applicant or Agent Myles Montgomery Date 9-10-18  
 Mailing Address 7185 Shady Grove Rd  
 City Cumming State GA Zip 30041  
 Telephone Number 678-513-0936

Printed Name of Owner(s) Kenneth R. Turner Estate  
 Signature of Owner(s) Myles Montgomery Date 9-10-18  
 Date \_\_\_\_\_

Sworn to and subscribed before me  
 this 10 day of Sept 2018.

Malita Y. Copeland  
 Notary Public, State of Georgia



**Malita Y. Copeland**  
**NOTARY PUBLIC**  
 Dawson County, Georgia  
 My Commission Expires  
 May 15, 2019

My Commission Expires: May 15, 2019 Notary Seal

(The complete names of all owners must be listed, if the owner is a partnership, the names of all partners must be listed, if a joint venture, the names of all members must be listed. If a separate sheet is needed to list all names, please identify as applicant or owner and have the additional sheet notarized also.)



**City of Dawsonville**  
P.O. Box 6  
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Dawsonville, GA 30534  
Phone: (706) 265-3256

**Zoning Amendment  
Campaign Disclosure**

**Disclosure of Campaign Contributions**  
**(Applicant(s) and Representative(s) of Rezoning)**

**Pursuant to OCGA, Section 36-67 A-3.A, the following disclosure is mandatory when an applicant or any representation of application for rezoning has been made with two (2) years immediately preceding the filing of the applicant's request for rezoning, campaign contributions aggregating \$250.00 or more to a local government official who will consider the application for rezoning.**

**It shall be the duty of the applicant and the attorney representing the applicant to file a disclosure with the governing authority of the respective local government showing the following:**

1. Name of local official to whom campaign contribution was made:


\_\_\_\_\_

2. The dollar amount and description of each campaign contribution made by the opponent to the local government official during the two years immediately preceding the filing of the application for the rezoning action and the date of each such contribution.

Amount \$ 0 Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Enumeration and description of each gift when the total value of all gifts is \$250.00 or more made to the local government official during the 2 years immediately preceding the filing application for rezoning: \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

  
\_\_\_\_\_  
Signature of Applicant / Representative of Applicant

9/10/18  
\_\_\_\_\_  
Date

**Failure to complete this form is a statement that no disclosure is required.**



City of Dawsonville  
 P.O. Box 6  
 415 Highway 53 East, Suite 100  
 Dawsonville, GA 30534  
 Phone: (706) 265-3256

Variance Application

Fee: \$300.00

VAR- 08-00210

Application for:  Appeal  Special Exception  Adjustment

Type of Variance Requested: Density R-3 w/ Cond (Letter of Intent must fully describe this request)

Applicant Name: Myles Montgomery Company: Civilscapes, Inc.

Address: 7195 Shady Grove Rd City: Cumming, GA Zip: 30041

Phone: 678-513-8836 Cell Phone: 770-315-8274 Fax #: 678-513-0836

Owner Name(s): Michael Turner

Address: 1825 Barrett Lakes Blvd City: Kennesaw, GA Zip: 30144

Phone: 770-261-7145 Cell Phone: \_\_\_\_\_ Fax #: \_\_\_\_\_

Exact Location and Description of Subject Property:

Address: Allen St & Perimeter Rd frontage Lot # \_\_\_\_\_

Present/Proposed Zoning: R-1 to R-3 Parcel # 006 3 007

District: \_\_\_\_\_ Land Lot: \_\_\_\_\_ Tax Map # 093

Present and/or Proposed Use of Property: R Vacant to Residential Sub.

Required Items:

- A completed signed application.
- A detailed Letter of Intent of your request along with any supporting maps, survey's and/or documents requested by the Building Official.
  - The Letter of Intent shall address the criteria specified in Section 2507. (see pg. 2)
- The applicant is responsible to pay the certified mail postage to adjacent property owners.
- Variance fee of \$300.00

Myles Montgomery  
 Signature of Applicant

9/10/10  
 Date



## **City of Dawsonville Land Use and Zoning Ordinance: Article XXV Planning Commission.**

**Section 2503. Powers And Duties.** The Planning Commission shall have the following functions, powers and duties: (9) Determine variances pursuant to Section 2507.

### **Section 2507. Variances/Appeals.**

The Planning Commission is hereby empowered to authorize upon application in specific cases such variance from the terms of these regulations as will not be contrary to the public interest where, owing to special conditions, a literal enforcement of the provisions of these regulations will in an individual case, result in unnecessary hardship, so that the spirit of these regulations shall be observed, public safety and welfare secured, and substantial justice done. The existence of a non-conforming use of neighboring land, buildings or structures in the same zoning district or of permitted or non-conforming uses in other districts shall not constitute a reason for the requested variance.

#### **2507.1**

A variance may be granted in an individual case of unnecessary hardship, after appropriate application, upon specific findings that all of the following conditions exist. The absence of any one (1) of the conditions shall be grounds for denial of the application for variance.

1. There are extraordinary and exceptional conditions pertaining to the particular piece of property in question because of its size, shape or topography that are not applicable to other land or structures in the same district; and,
- ② A literal interpretation of the provisions of these zoning regulations would create an unnecessary hardship and would deprive the applicant of rights commonly enjoyed by other property owners within the district in which the property is located; and,
3. Granting the variance requested will not confer upon the property of the applicant any special privileges that are denied to other properties of the district in which the applicant's property is located; and,
4. Relief, if granted, will be in harmony with the purpose and intent of these regulations and will not be injurious to the neighborhood or general welfare in such a manner as will interfere with or discourage the appropriate development and use of adjacent land and buildings or unreasonably affect their value; and,
5. The special circumstances are not the result of the actions of the applicant; and,
6. The variance requested is the minimum variance that will make possible the legal use of the land, building, or structure; and,
7. The variance is a request to permit a use of land, building or structures which is permitted by right in the district involved.

#### **2507.2.**

In exercising its powers, the Planning Commission may, in conformity with the provisions of these regulations, reverse or affirm, wholly or partly, or may modify the order, requirement, decision or determination of the Building Official or City Administrator related to zoning, development and land use, and to that end, shall have all of the powers of the Building Official and may issue or direct the issuance of a permit. The concurring vote of four members of the Board shall be necessary to reverse any order, requirement, decision or determination of the Building Official or City Administrator related to zoning, development and land use.

#### **2507.3:**

In exercising the powers to grant appeals and approve variances, the Planning Commission may attach any conditions to its approval which it finds necessary to accomplish the reasonable application of the requirements of these regulations.

#### **2507.4.**

All decisions of the Planning Commission on variances and appeals shall be final unless within ten (10) days of the decision, an appeal is filed by any aggrieved party to the Governing Body.



City of Dawsonville  
 P.O. Box 6  
 416 Highway 53 East, Suite 100  
 Dawsonville, GA 30534  
 Phone: (706) 265-3256

Property Owner  
 Authorization

VAR# 08-00210 TMP# 093 000 Applicant's Name: Michael Turner  
+ 007

Property Owner Authorization

I / We Michael Turner hereby swear that I / we own the property located at (fill in address and/or tax map & parcel #) 093 006 & 093 007 as shown in the tax maps and/or deed records of Dawson County, Georgia, and which parcel will be affected by this request.

I hereby authorize the person(s) or entity(ies) named below to act as the applicant or agent in pursuit of the variance requested on this property. I understand that any variance granted, and/or conditions or stipulations placed on the property will be binding upon the property regardless of ownership. The undersigner below is authorized to make this application. The undersigned is aware that no application or reapplication affecting the same land shall be acted upon within 6 months from the date of the last action.

Printed Name of Applicant or Agent Myles Montgomery  
 Signature of Applicant or Agent Myles Montgomery Date 9/10/18  
 Mailing Address 7195 Shady Grove Rd  
 City Cumming State GA Zip 30041  
 Telephone Number 678-513-8836

Printed Name of Owner(s) Bolt Turner Family LLP  
 Signature of Owner(s) [Signature] Date 9-10-18  
 Date \_\_\_\_\_

Sworn to and subscribed before me  
 this 10 day of September 20 18

Nalita Y. Copeland  
 Notary Public, State of Georgia

My Commission Expires: May 15, 2019

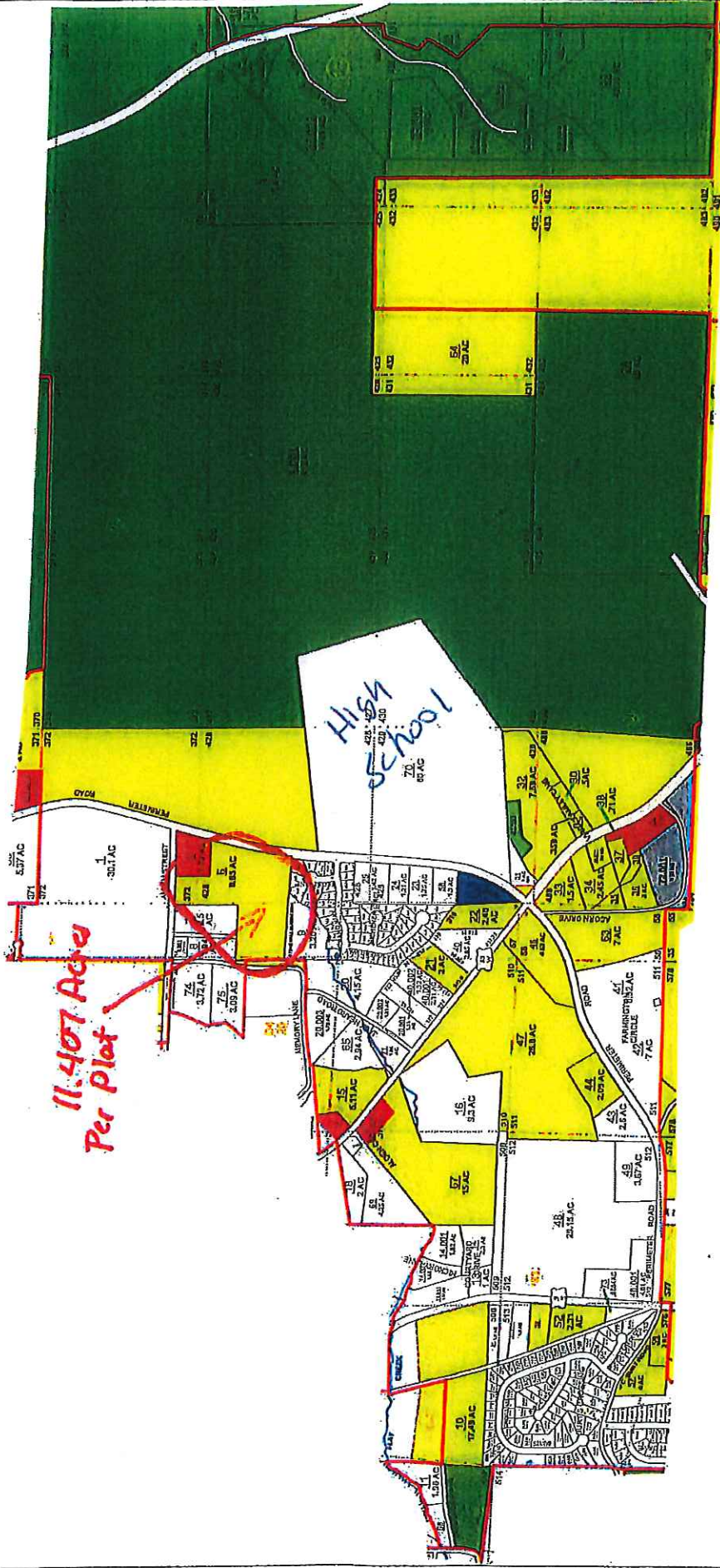


Nalita Y. Copeland  
 NOTARY PUBLIC  
 Dawson County, Georgia  
 My Commission Expires  
 May 15, 2019

Notary Seal

(The complete names of all owners must be listed, if the owner is a partnership, the names of all partners must be listed, if a joint venture, the names of all members must be listed. If a separate sheet is needed to list all names, please identify as applicant or owner and have the additional sheet notarized also.)

*County Zoning Map*



*11.407 Acres Per Plot*

*High School*

- Legend**
- Unincorporated Area
  - Water
  - Interstate
  - State Road
  - County Road
  - Local Road
  - Railroad
  - Airport
  - Cemetery
  - Public Use
  - Office
  - Medium Density Residential
  - Single-Family Detached
  - Single-Family Attached
  - Multi-Family Residential
  - Industrial
  - Agricultural
  - Conservation
  - Special Use
  - Planned Unit Development
  - Other

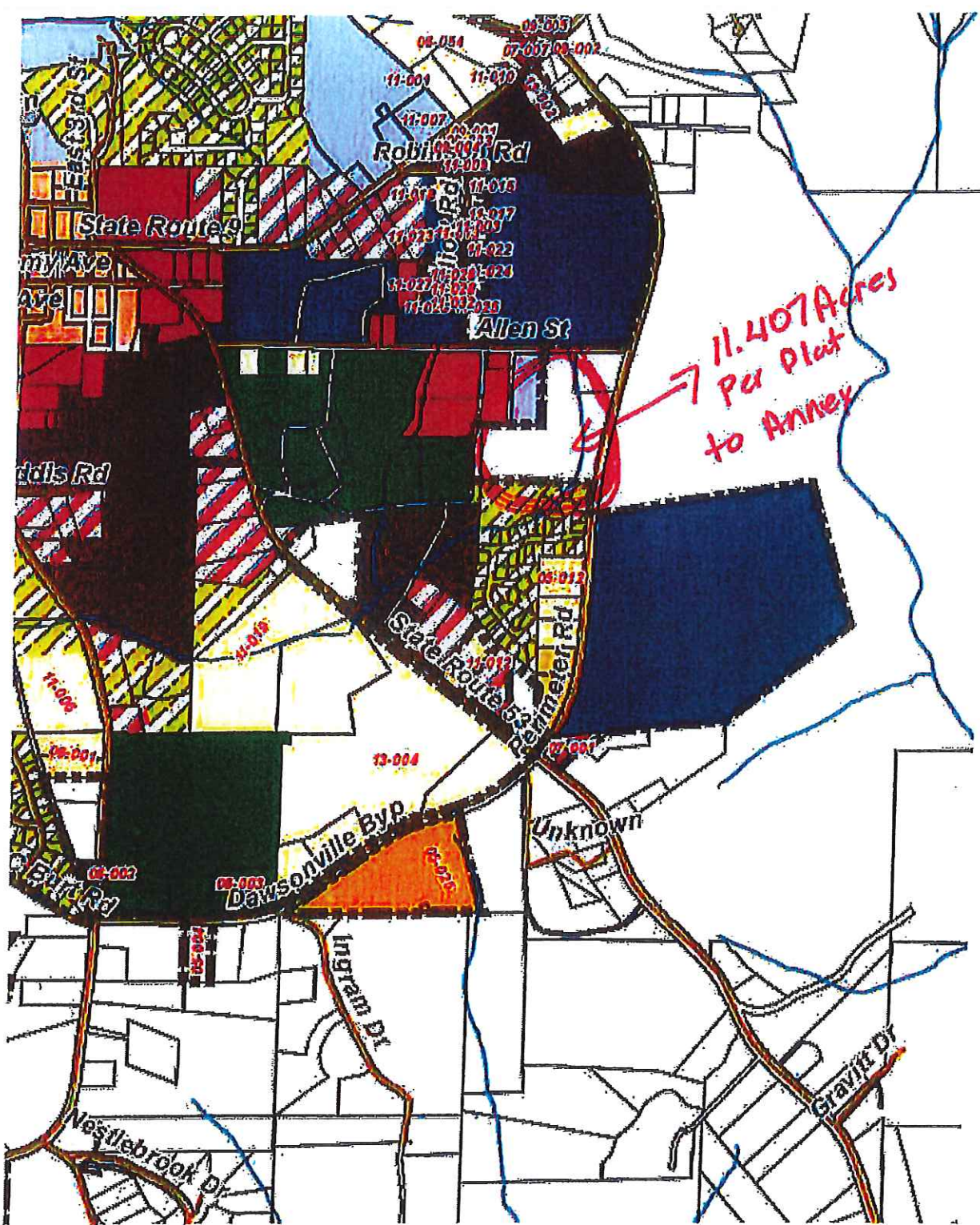
**DAWSON COUNTY, GEORGIA**  
**093**



1 inch = 750 feet  
Page 103 of 162  
MAP 093





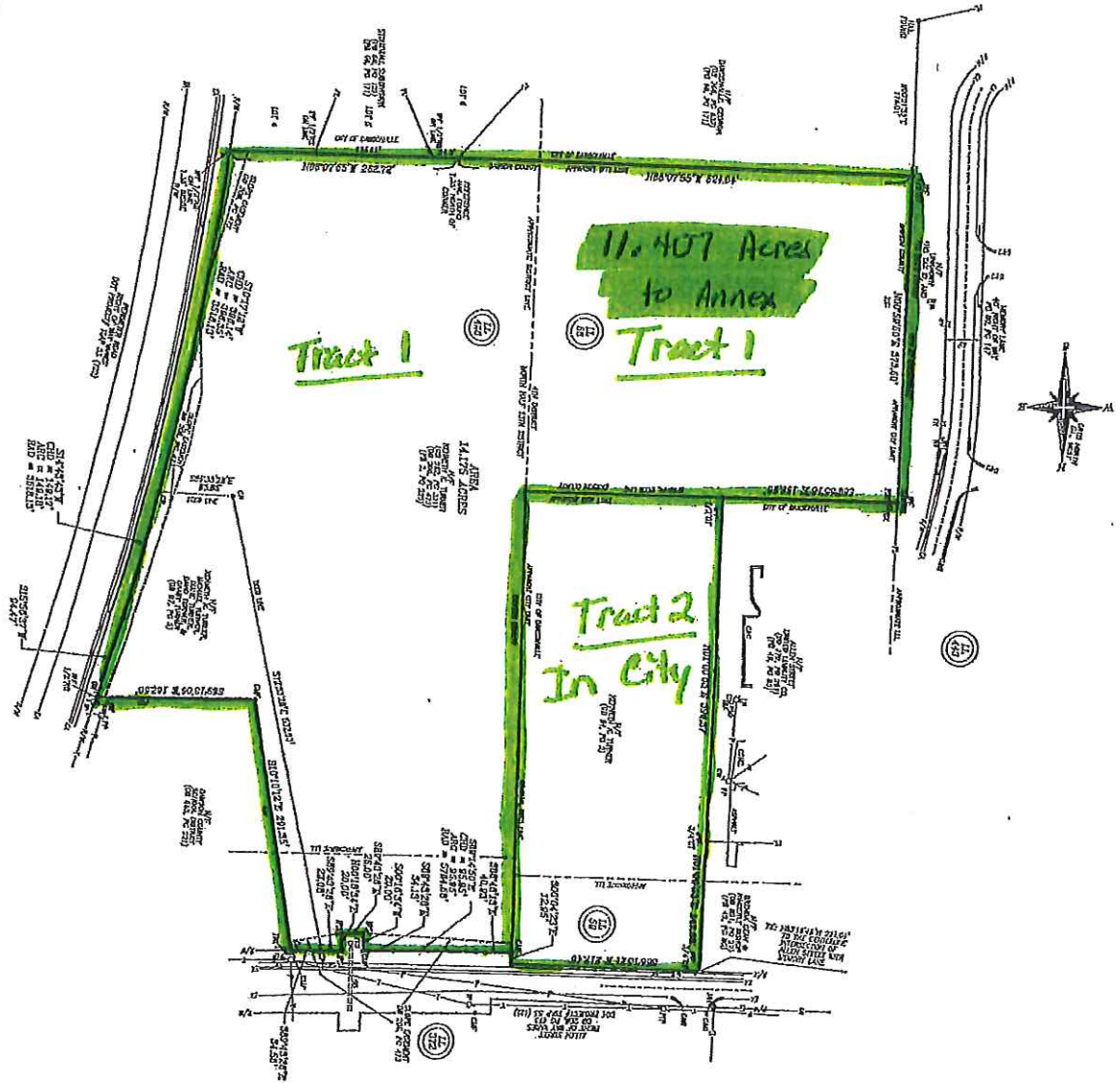




For Records by Authority of the Official Register of the State of Georgia, this Survey is hereby recorded for the purpose of establishing the boundaries of the parcels of land described herein, and for the purpose of establishing the boundaries of the parcels of land described herein, and for the purpose of establishing the boundaries of the parcels of land described herein.

Surveyed and Plotted by  
**CLEVELAND LAND SURVEYING**  
 3637 Rocky Ford Terrace, Gainesville, Georgia 30506  
 Office (678) 936-6163

1. THE TOTAL AREA OF THE SURVEY IS 11.407 ACRES.
2. THE SURVEY IS BOUND BY THE WEST LINE OF THE 11.407 ACRES TRACT 1 TO THE WEST, THE SOUTH LINE OF THE 11.407 ACRES TRACT 1 TO THE SOUTH, THE EAST LINE OF THE 11.407 ACRES TRACT 1 TO THE EAST, AND THE WEST LINE OF THE 11.407 ACRES TRACT 1 TO THE WEST.
3. THE SURVEY IS BOUND BY THE WEST LINE OF THE 11.407 ACRES TRACT 1 TO THE WEST, THE SOUTH LINE OF THE 11.407 ACRES TRACT 1 TO THE SOUTH, THE EAST LINE OF THE 11.407 ACRES TRACT 1 TO THE EAST, AND THE WEST LINE OF THE 11.407 ACRES TRACT 1 TO THE WEST.
4. THE SURVEY IS BOUND BY THE WEST LINE OF THE 11.407 ACRES TRACT 1 TO THE WEST, THE SOUTH LINE OF THE 11.407 ACRES TRACT 1 TO THE SOUTH, THE EAST LINE OF THE 11.407 ACRES TRACT 1 TO THE EAST, AND THE WEST LINE OF THE 11.407 ACRES TRACT 1 TO THE WEST.



NOTICE: THIS SURVEY IS A COMBINATION SURVEY FOR THE PURPOSES OF ESTABLISHING THE BOUNDARIES OF THE PARCELS OF LAND DESCRIBED HEREIN, AND FOR THE PURPOSES OF ESTABLISHING THE BOUNDARIES OF THE PARCELS OF LAND DESCRIBED HEREIN, AND FOR THE PURPOSES OF ESTABLISHING THE BOUNDARIES OF THE PARCELS OF LAND DESCRIBED HEREIN.



NO.	DATE	DESCRIPTION

COMBINATION SURVEY FOR:  
**KENNETH K. TURNER**  
 (PARCELS - 093 006, & 093 007)

LOCATED IN  
 LAND LOTS 59, & 69, 4TH DISTRICT  
 LAND LOTS 420, & 972  
 NORTH HALF - 33TH DISTRICT  
 DANSON COUNTY, GEORGIA

**Cleveland Land Surveying**  
 3637 Rocky Ford Terrace, Gainesville, Georgia 30506  
 Office (678) 936-6163

DRAWN BY: RSC  
 DATE: 9/5/2010  
 PLOT: 0210075.CADD

GRAPHIC SCALE  
 SCALE: 1"=50'  
 0' 30' 60' 120'

SHEET  
 1  
 OF  
 1

JOB #: 0210075



ALL THAT TRACT OR PARCEL OF LAND LYING AND BEING IN LAND LOTS 58, & 59 4<sup>TH</sup> DISTRICT, LAND LOTS 428, & 372, NORTH HALF 13<sup>TH</sup> DISTRICT, DAWSON COUNTY, GEORGIA, AND BEING MORE PARTICULARLY DESCRIBED AS FOLLOWS:

BEGINNING AT AN IRON PIN FOUND (3/4" CRIMP TOP PIPE) ON THE SOUTH RIGHT OF WAY OF ALLEN STREET (RIGHT OF VARIES) LOCATED SOUTH 83°16'46" EAST, 217.04 FEET FROM THE CENTERLINE INTERSECTION OF ALLEN STREET WITH MEMORY LANE; THENCE ALONG THE SOUTH RIGHT OF WAY OF ALLEN STREET THE FOLLOWING COURSES AND DISTANCES SOUTH 88°13'21" EAST, 217.48 FEET TO A POINT; THENCE SOUTH 00°04'23" EAST, 12.95 FEET TO A CONCRETE MONUMENT FOUND; THENCE SOUTH 88°46'13" EAST, 40.93 FEET TO A POINT; THENCE 95.95 FEET ALONG A CURVE TO THE LEFT, SAID CURVE HAVING A CHORD OF SOUTH 89°14'50" EAST 95.95 FEET AND A RADIUS OF 5764.58 FEET TO A POINT; THENCE SOUTH 89°43'26" EAST, 34.13 FEET TO A CONCRETE MONUMENT FOUND; THENCE SOUTH 00°16'34" WEST, 20.00 FEET TO A POINT; THENCE SOUTH 89°43'26" EAST, 25.00 FEET TO A POINT; THENCE NORTH 00°16'34" EAST, 20.00 FEET TO A POINT; THENCE SOUTH 89°43'26" EAST, 23.08 FEET TO A POINT; THENCE SOUTH 89°43'26" EAST, 34.56 FEET TO A CONCRETE MONUMENT FOUND; THENCE LEAVING THE SOUTH RIGHT OF WAY OF ALLEN STREET, AND ALONG THE PROPERTY NOW OR FORMERLY OF DAWSON COUNTY THE FOLLOWING COURSES AND DISTANCES SOUTH 10°10'12" EAST, 291.35 FEET TO A CONCRETE MONUMENT FOUND; THENCE SOUTH 89°13'06" EAST, 182.50 FEET TO AN IRON PIN FOUND (1/2" REBAR) ON THE WEST RIGHT OF WAY OF PERIMETER ROAD (RIGHT OF WAY VARIES); THENCE ALONG THE WEST RIGHT OF WAY OF PERIMETER ROAD THE FOLLOWING COURSES AND DISTANCES SOUTH 15°56'37" WEST, 94.47 FEET TO A POINT; THENCE 149.18 FEET ALONG A CURVE TO THE LEFT, SAID CURVE HAVING A CHORD OF SOUTH 14°43'43" WEST 149.17 FEET AND A RADIUS OF 3518.13 FEET TO A POINT; THENCE 396.35 FEET ALONG A CURVE TO THE LEFT, SAID CURVE HAVING A CHORD OF SOUTH 10°17'12" WEST 396.14 FEET AND A RADIUS OF 3518.13 FEET TO A POINT; THENCE LEAVING THE WEST RIGHT OF WAY OF PERIMETER ROAD, AND ALONG LOTS 4, 5, & 6 OF STONEWALL SUBDIVISION NORTH 88°07'55" WEST, 262.72 FEET TO A POINT; THENCE ALONG THE PROPERTY NOW OR FORMERLY OF DAWSONVILLE, GEORGIA NORTH 88°07'55" WEST, 524.04 FEET TO AN IRON PIN FOUND (1/2" OPEN TOP PIPE); THENCE LEAVING THE PROPERTY NOW OR FORMERLY OF DAWSONVILLE, GEORGIA NORTH 00°59'50" EAST, 373.60 FEET TO AN IRON PIN FOUND (5/8" REBAR); THENCE ALONG THE PROPERTY NOW OR FORMERLY OF ALLEN STREET LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY THE FOLLOWING COURSES AND DISTANCES SOUTH 88°35'18" EAST, 199.96 FEET TO AN IRON PIN FOUND (1/2" OPEN TOP PIPE); THENCE NORTH 01°00'53" EAST, 394.37 FEET TO AN IRON PIN FOUND (3/4" CRIMP TOP PIPE); THENCE ALONG THE PROPERTY NOW OR FORMERLY OF BRENDA DEAN & KIMBERLY BISHOP NORTH 01°00'53" EAST, 147.98 FEET TO THE POINT OF BEGINNING.

SAID TRACT CONTAINS 14.175 ACRES.



DAWSONVILLE CITY COUNCIL  
EXECUTIVE SUMMARY FOR  
AGENDA ITEM # 17

SUBJECT: Illicit Discharge Detection and Elimination Ordinance

DATE(s): 12/03/2018 WORK SESSION CITY COUNCIL MEETING

BUDGET INFORMATION: GL ACCOUNT # \_\_\_\_\_

Funds Available from: \_\_\_\_\_ Annual Budget \_\_\_\_\_ Capital Budget Other \_\_\_\_\_

Budget Amendment Request from Reserve: \_\_\_\_\_ Enterprise Fund \_\_\_\_\_ General Fund

PURPOSE FOR REQUEST:

Introduction of an ordinance to help regulate, monitor and prevent non-stormwater discharges into the City's Stormwater System and local waterways.

HISTORY/ FACTS / ISSUES

The City has lacked an enforcement mechanism for pollutant discharges into the stormwater system and into local waterways. Recent pollutant discharges have occurred from private facilities within the city limits which have only been enforceable on the state and federal level. While state and federal level enforcement is helpful real-time enforcement by the local jurisdiction is best not only for quick containment of the discharge but for quick and decisive enforcement actions which due to the nature of state and federal agencies is difficult to obtain.

OPTIONS:

Recommend to approve the Illicit Discharge and Elimination Ordinance as presented.

RECOMMENDED SAMPLE MOTION:

Motion to approve the Illicit Discharge and Elimination Ordinance as presented.

DEPARTMENT: Planning and Zoning

REQUESTED BY: Robbie Irvin, Planning Director *RI*



November 21, 2018

To: The Honorable Mike Eason, Mayor  
& City of Dawsonville Council

Re: Staff Recommendation; Illicit Discharge Detection and Elimination Ordinance

Gentlemen,

The purpose of this ordinance is to regulate non-stormwater discharges to the City's Stormwater System. It establishes methods for controlling the introduction of pollutants into the City's Stormwater System in order to comply with requirements of the National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit process. The ordinance objectives are to:

- (1) Regulate the contribution of pollutants to the Stormwater System;
- (2) Prohibit illicit discharges and illegal connections to the City's Stormwater System;
- (3) Prevent non-stormwater discharges, generated as a result of spills, inappropriate dumping or disposal, to the City's Stormwater System; and,
- (4) Establish legal authority to carry out all inspection, surveillance, monitoring and enforcement procedures necessary to ensure compliance with this ordinance.

The Planning and Zoning staff would recommend approval.

Please let me know if you have any questions regarding this matter.

Sincerely,

R.J. Irvin  
Planning Director, City of Dawsonville

**First Reading:** \_\_\_\_\_  
**Second Reading:** \_\_\_\_\_  
**Passed:** \_\_\_\_\_

**AN ORDINANCE OF THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF DAWSONVILLE TO AMEND THE STORMWATER MANAGEMENT ORDINANCE; TO PROHIBITING ILLICIT DISCHARGE AND ILLEGAL CONNECTION TO THE CITY OF DAWSONVILLE STORM SEWER SYSTEM; TO REPEAL CONFLICTING ORDINANCES; AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES.**

WHEREAS, discharges to the City of Dawsonville Separate Storm Sewer System that are not composed entirely of stormwater runoff contribute to increased nonpoint source pollution and degradation of receiving water; and

WHEREAS, non-stormwater discharges occur because of spills, dumping and improper connections to the City of Dawsonville Separate Storm Sewer System from residential, industrial, commercial and institutional establishments; and

WHEREAS, non-stormwater discharges not only impact waterways individually, but geographically dispersed small volume non-stormwater discharges have cumulative impacts on receiving waters; and

WHEREAS, the impact of non-stormwater discharges adversely affects public health, safety and welfare, drinking water supplies, recreation, fish and other aquatic life, property values and other uses of lands and waters; and

WHEREAS, the impacts of non-stormwater discharges can be minimized through the regulation of spills, dumping and discharges into the City of Dawsonville Separate Storm Sewer System; and

WHEREAS, local governments in the State of Georgia are required to comply with state and federal law, regulations and permits that require a local government to address the impacts of stormwater runoff quality and nonpoint source pollution because of improper non-stormwater discharges into separate storm sewer systems; and

WHEREAS, the public is benefited by having an integrated and up-to-date municipal code.

NOW THEREFORE, the Mayor and City Council of the City of Dawsonville hereby ordains and enacts a revision to the Stormwater Management Ordinance of the City of Dawsonville to prohibit non-stormwater discharges to the City of Dawsonville Separate Storm Sewer System and to regulate spills, improper dumping and discharges to the City of Dawsonville Separate Storm Sewer System in the public interest and to prevent threats to public health, safety and welfare and the environment, as follows:

**SECTION 1.**

The reservation of sections 107-196 through 107-230 of Article VII of Subchapter B is hereby repealed.

**SECTION 2.**

Sections 107-197 through 107-200 of Article VII of Chapter 107 of Subchapter B are hereby reserved.

**SECTION 3.**

Subchapter B, Chapter 107, Section 107-41 of the Code of Ordinances for the City of Dawsonville is hereby amended by deleting the existing section 107-41 in its entirety and replacing it with a new section 107-41 as follows:

Sec. 107-41. - Definitions.

(1) *Applicant* means a person submitting a post-development stormwater management application and plan for approval.

(2) *Accidental discharge* means a discharge prohibited by this article which occurs by chance and without planning or thought prior to occurrence.

(3) *Better site design* means site design approaches and techniques that can reduce a site's impact on the watershed and can provide for nonstructural stormwater management. Better site design includes conserving and protecting natural areas and greenspace, reducing impervious cover, and using natural features for stormwater management.

(4) *Channel* means a natural or artificial watercourse with a definite bed and banks that conducts continuously or periodically flowing water.

(5) *City of Dawsonville Separate Storm Sewer System* means any facility designed or used for collecting and/or conveying stormwater, including but not limited to any roads with drainage systems, highways, city streets, curbs, gutters, inlets, catch basins, piped storm drains, pumping facilities, structural stormwater controls, ditches, swales, natural and man-made or altered drainage channels, reservoirs, and other drainage structures, and which is:

(a) Owned or maintained by the City of Dawsonville;

(b) Not a combined sewer; and

(c) Not part of a publicly-owned treatment works.

(6) *Clean water act* means the Federal Water Pollution Control Act (33 U.S.C. § 1251 et seq.), and any subsequent amendments thereto.

(7) *Conservation easement* means an agreement between a land owner and the city or other government agency or land trust that permanently protects open space or greenspace on the owner's land by limiting the amount and type of development that can take place, but continues to leave the remainder of the fee interest in private ownership.

(8) *Construction activity* means activities subject to the Georgia Erosion and Sedimentation Control Act, O.C.G.A. § 12-7-1 et seq. or NPDES General Construction Permits. These include construction projects resulting in land disturbance. Such activities include but are not limited to clearing and grubbing, grading, excavating, and demolition.

(9) *Detention* means the temporary storage of stormwater runoff in a stormwater management facility for the purpose of controlling the peak discharge.

(10) *Detention facility* means a detention basin or structure designed for the detention of stormwater runoff and gradual release of stored water at controlled rates.

(11) *Developer* means a person who undertakes land development activities.

(12) *Development* means a land development or land development project.



(13) *Drainage easement* means an easement appurtenant or attached to a tract or parcel of land allowing the owner of adjacent tracts or other persons to discharge stormwater runoff onto the tract or parcel of land subject to the drainage easement.

(14) *Erosion and sedimentation control plan* means a plan that is designed to minimize the accelerated erosion and sediment runoff at a site during land disturbance activities.

(15) *Evapotranspiration* means the loss of water to the atmosphere by both evaporation and transpiration, which is the evaporation of water by plants.

(16) *Extended detention* means the detention of stormwater runoff for an extended period, typically 24 hours or greater.

(17) *Extreme flood protection* means measures taken to prevent adverse impacts from large low-frequency storm events with a return frequency of 100 years or more.

(18) *Flooding* means a volume of surface water that is too great to be confined within the banks or walls of a conveyance or stream channel and that overflows onto adjacent lands.

(19) *Greenspace or open space* means permanently protected areas of the site that are preserved in a natural state.

(20) *Hotspot* means an area where the use of the land has the potential to generate highly contaminated runoff, with concentrations of pollutants in excess of those typically found in stormwater. Hotspots may be permanent or temporary. Hotspots include, but are not limited to, fueling stations (including temporary fueling stations during construction) and golf courses.

(21) *Hydrologic soil group (HSG)* means a natural resource conservation service classification system in which soils are categorized into four runoff potential groups. The groups range from group A soils, with high permeability and little runoff produced, to group D soils, which have low permeability rates and produce much more runoff.

(22) *Illicit discharge* means any direct or indirect non-stormwater discharge to the City of Dawsonville Separate Storm Sewer System, except as exempted in section 103 of this article.

(23) *Illegal Connection* means either of the following:

(a) Any pipe, open channel, drain or conveyance, whether on the surface or subsurface, which allows an illicit discharge to enter the storm drain system including but not limited to any conveyances which allow any non-stormwater discharge including sewage, process wastewater, and wash water to enter the storm drain system, regardless of whether such pipe, open channel, drain or conveyance has been previously allowed, permitted, or approved by an authorized enforcement agency; or

(b) Any pipe, open channel, drain or conveyance connected to the City of Dawsonville Separate Storm Sewer System which has not been documented in plans, maps, or equivalent records and approved by an authorized enforcement agency.

(24) *Impervious cover* means a surface composed of any material that greatly impedes or prevents the natural infiltration of water into soil. Impervious surfaces include, but are not limited to, rooftops, buildings, streets and roads, except those designed specifically to allow infiltration.

(25) *Industrial activity* means activities subject to NPDES Industrial Permits as defined in 40 C.F.R. § 122.26(b)(14).

(26) *Industrial stormwater permit* means a National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit issued to an industry or group of industries which regulates the pollutant levels associated with industrial stormwater discharges or specifies on-site pollution control strategies.

(27) *Infiltration* means the process of percolating stormwater runoff into the subsoil.

(28) *Inspection and maintenance agreement and covenant* means a written agreement and covenant providing for the long-term inspection and maintenance of stormwater management facilities and practices on a site or with respect to a land development project, which when properly recorded in the deed records constitutes a restriction on the title to a site or other land involved in a land development project.

(29) *Jurisdictional wetland* means an area that is inundated or saturated by surface water or groundwater at a frequency and duration sufficient to support a prevalence of vegetation typically adapted for life in saturated soil conditions, commonly known as hydrophytic vegetation.

(30) *Land development* means any land change, including, but not limited to, clearing, digging, grubbing, stripping, removal of vegetation, dredging, grading, excavating, transporting and filling of land, construction, paving, and any other installation of impervious cover.

(31) *Land development activities* means those actions or activities which comprise, facilitate or result in land development.

(32) *Land development project* means a discrete land development undertaking.

(33) *National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) Storm Water Discharge Permit* means a permit issued by the Georgia EPD under authority delegated pursuant to 33 U.S.C. § 1342(b) that authorizes the discharge of pollutants to waters of the United States, whether the permit is applicable on an individual, group, or general area-wide basis.

(34) *New development* means a land development activity on a previously undeveloped site.

(35) *Non-Stormwater Discharge* means any discharge to the storm drain system that is not composed entirely of stormwater.

(36) *Nonpoint source pollution* means a form of water pollution that does not originate from a discrete point such as a sewage treatment plant or industrial discharge, but involves the transport of pollutants such as sediment, fertilizers, pesticides, heavy metals, oil, grease, bacteria, organic materials and other contaminants from land to surface water and groundwater via mechanisms such as precipitation, stormwater runoff, and leaching. Nonpoint source pollution is a by-product of land use practices such as agricultural, silvicultural, mining, construction, subsurface disposal and urban runoff sources.

(37) *Nonstructural stormwater management practice or nonstructural practice* means any natural or planted vegetation or other nonstructural component of the stormwater management plan that provides for or enhances stormwater quantity and/or quality control or other stormwater management benefits, and includes, but is not limited to, riparian buffers, open and greenspace areas, overland flow filtration areas, natural depressions, and vegetated channels.

(38) *Off-site facility* means a stormwater management facility located outside the boundaries of the site.

(39) *On-site facility* means a stormwater management facility located within the boundaries of the site.

(40) *Overbank flood protection* means measures taken to prevent an increase in the frequency and magnitude of out-of-bank flooding (i.e. flow events that exceed the capacity of the channel and enter the floodplain), and that are intended to protect downstream properties from flooding for the two-year through 25-year frequency storm events.

(41) *Owner* means the legal or beneficial owner of a site, including but not limited to, a mortgagee or vendee in possession, receiver, executor, trustee, lessee or other person, firm or corporation in control of the site.

(42) *Permit* means the permit issued by the city to the applicant which is required for undertaking any land development activity.

(43) *Person* means, except to the extent exempted from this chapter, any individual, partnership, firm, association, joint venture, public or private corporation, trust, estate, commission, board, public or private institution, utility, cooperative, city, county or other political subdivision of the State, any interstate body or any other legal entity.

(44) *Pollutant* means anything which causes or contributes to pollution. Pollutants may include, but are not limited to: paints, varnishes, and solvents; petroleum hydrocarbons; automotive fluids; cooking grease; detergents (biodegradable or otherwise); degreasers; cleaning chemicals; non-hazardous liquid and solid wastes and yard wastes; refuse, rubbish, garbage, litter, or other discarded or abandoned objects and accumulations, so that same may cause or contribute to pollution; floatables; pesticides, herbicides, and fertilizers; liquid and solid wastes; sewage, fecal coliform and pathogens; dissolved and particulate metals; animal wastes; wastes and residues that result from constructing a building or structure; concrete and cement; and noxious or offensive matter of any kind.

(45) *Pollution* means the contamination or other alteration of any water's physical, chemical or biological properties by the addition of any constituent and includes but is not limited to, a change in temperature, taste, color, turbidity, or odor of such waters, or the discharge of any liquid, gaseous, solid, radioactive, or other substance into any such waters as will or is likely to create a nuisance or render such waters harmful, detrimental or injurious to the public health, safety, welfare, or environment, or to domestic, commercial, industrial, agricultural, recreational, or other legitimate beneficial uses, or to livestock, wild animals, birds, fish or other aquatic life.

(46) *Post-development* refers to the time period, or the conditions that may reasonably be expected or anticipated to exist, after completion of the land development activity on a site as the context may require.

(47) *Pre-development* refers to the time period, or the conditions that exist, on a site prior to the commencement of a land development project and at the time that plans for the land development of a site are approved by the plan approving authority. Where phased development or plan approval occurs (preliminary grading, roads and utilities, etc.), the existing conditions at the time prior to the first item being approved or permitted shall establish pre-development conditions.

(48) *Premises* means any building, lot, parcel of land, or portion of land whether improved or unimproved including adjacent sidewalks and parking strips.

(49) *Project* means a land development project.

(50) *Redevelopment* means a land development project on a previously developed site, but excludes ordinary maintenance activities, remodeling of existing buildings, resurfacing of paved areas, and exterior changes or improvements which do not materially increase or concentrate stormwater runoff, or cause additional nonpoint source pollution.

(51) *Regional stormwater management facility* or *regional facility* means stormwater management facilities designed to control stormwater runoff from multiple properties, where the owners or developers of the individual properties may assist in the financing of the facility, and the requirement for on-site controls is either eliminated or reduced.

(52) *Runoff* means stormwater runoff.

(53) *Site* means the parcel of land being developed, or the portion thereof on which the land development project is located.

(54) *State waters* means any and all rivers, streams, creeks, branches, lakes, reservoirs, ponds, drainage systems, springs, wells, and other bodies of surface and subsurface water, natural or artificial, lying within or forming a part of the boundaries of the State of Georgia which are not entirely confined and retained completely upon the property of a single person.

(55) *Stormwater best management practice (BMP)* means structural and nonstructural practices that control stormwater runoff and provide for or enhance stormwater quantity and/or quality control or other stormwater management benefits.

(56) *Stormwater management* means the collection, conveyance, storage, treatment and disposal of stormwater runoff in a manner intended to prevent increased flood damage, streambank channel erosion, habitat degradation and water quality degradation, and to enhance and promote the public health, safety and general welfare.

(57) *Stormwater management facility* means any infrastructure that controls or conveys stormwater runoff.

(58) *Stormwater management measure* means any stormwater management facility or nonstructural stormwater practice.

(59) *Stormwater management plan* means a document describing how existing runoff characteristics will be affected by a land development project and containing measures for complying with the provisions of this chapter.

(60) *Stormwater management system* means the entire set of structural and nonstructural stormwater management facilities and practices that are used to capture, convey and control the quantity and quality of the stormwater runoff from a site.

(61) *Stormwater retrofit* means a stormwater management practice designed for a currently developed site that previously had either no stormwater management practice in place or a practice inadequate to meet the stormwater management requirements of the site.

(62) *Stormwater runoff or stormwater* means any surface flow, runoff, and drainage consisting entirely of water from any form of natural precipitation and resulting from such precipitation.

(63) *Structural stormwater control* means a structural stormwater management facility or device that controls stormwater runoff and changes the characteristics of that runoff including, but not limited to, the quantity and quality, the period of release or the velocity of flow of such runoff.

(64) *Subdivision* means the division of a tract or parcel of land resulting in one or more new lots or building sites for the purpose, whether immediately or in the future, of sale, other transfer of ownership or land development, and includes divisions of land resulting from or made in connection with the layout or development of a new street or roadway or a change in an existing street or roadway.

#### SECTION 4.

Article VIII of Chapter 107 of Subchapter B shall be renamed "ARTICLE VIX - VIOLATIONS, ENFORCEMENT AND PENALTIES".

#### SECTION 5.

Chapter 107 of Subchapter B shall be further amended by inserting the following "ARTICLE VIII – ILLICIT DISCHARGE AND ILLEGAL CONNECTION TO THE STORM SEWER SYSTEM" beginning at section 107-201 as follows:

#### ARTICLE VIII – ILLICIT DISCHARGE AND ILLEGAL CONNECTION TO THE STORM SEWER SYSTEM

Sec. 107-201. - General provisions.

(a) Purpose and intent. The purpose of this article is to protect the public health, safety, environment and general welfare through the regulation of non-stormwater discharges to the City of Dawsonville Separate Storm Sewer System to the maximum extent practicable as required by law. This article establishes methods for controlling the introduction of pollutants into the City of Dawsonville Separate Storm Sewer System in order to comply with requirements of the National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit process. The objectives of this article are to:

- (1) Regulate the contribution of pollutants to the City of Dawsonville Separate Storm Sewer System by any person;
- (2) Prohibit illicit discharges and illegal connections to the City of Dawsonville Separate Storm Sewer System;
- (3) Prevent non-stormwater discharges, generated as a result of spills, inappropriate dumping or disposal, to the City of Dawsonville Separate Storm Sewer System; and,
- (4) Establish legal authority to carry out all inspection, surveillance, monitoring and enforcement procedures necessary to ensure compliance with this article.

(b) Applicability. The provisions of this article shall apply throughout the incorporated area of the City of Dawsonville.

(c) Compatibility with other regulations. This article is not intended to modify or repeal any other ordinance, rule, regulation, other provision of law. The requirements of this article are in addition to the requirements of any other ordinance, rule, regulation, or other provision of law, and where any provision of this article imposes restrictions different from those imposed by any other ordinance, rule, regulation, or other provision of law, whichever provision is more restrictive or imposes higher protective standards for human health or the environment shall control.

(d) Responsibility for administration. The City of Dawsonville Public Works Department shall administer, implement, and enforce the provisions of this ordinance unless otherwise noted herein.

Sec. 107-202. - Prohibition of illicit discharges.



(a) No person shall throw, drain, or otherwise discharge, cause, or allow others under its control to throw, drain, or otherwise discharge into the City of Dawsonville Separate Storm Sewer System any pollutants or waters containing any pollutant, other than stormwater.

(b) The following discharges are exempt from the prohibition provision above:

(1) Water line flushing performed by a government agency, other potable water sources, landscape irrigation or lawn watering, diverted stream flows, rising ground water, ground water infiltration to storm drains, uncontaminated pumped ground water, foundation or footing drains (not including active groundwater dewatering systems), crawl space pumps, air conditioning condensation, non-commercial washing of vehicles, swimming pools (if dechlorinated - typically less than one PPM chlorine), springs, natural riparian habitat or wetland flows, and any other water source not containing pollutants;

(2) Dye testing is an allowable discharge, but requires an email or other written notification to the authorized enforcement agency prior to the time of the test;

(3) Discharges or flows from firefighting, and other discharges specified in writing by the City of Dawsonville as being necessary to protect public health and safety;

(4) The prohibition provision above shall not apply to any non-stormwater discharge permitted under an NPDES permit or order issued to the discharger and administered under the authority of the State and the Federal Environmental Protection Agency, provided that the discharger is in full compliance with all requirements of the permit, waiver, or order and other applicable laws and regulations, and provided that written approval has been granted for any discharge to the City of Dawsonville Separate Storm Sewer System.

#### Sec. 107-203. - Prohibition of illegal connections.

The construction, connection, use, maintenance or continued existence of any illegal connection to the City of Dawsonville Separate Storm Sewer System is prohibited.

(1) This prohibition expressly includes, without limitation, illegal connections made in the past, regardless of whether the connection was permissible under law or practices applicable or prevailing at the time of connection.

(2) A person violates this ordinance if the person connects a line conveying sewage to the City of Dawsonville Separate Storm Sewer System or allows such a connection to continue.

(3) Improper connections in violation of this ordinance must be disconnected and redirected, if necessary, to an approved onsite wastewater management system or the sanitary sewer system upon approval of the City Utilities Department or if applicable, Etowah Water and Sewer Authority.

(4) Any drain or conveyance that has not been documented in plans, maps or equivalent, and which may be connected to the storm sewer system, shall be located by the owner or occupant of that property upon receipt of written notice of violation from the City of Dawsonville requiring that such locating be completed. Such notice will specify a reasonable time period within which the location of the drain or conveyance is to be completed, that the drain or conveyance be identified as storm sewer, sanitary sewer or other, and that the outfall location or point of connection to the storm sewer system,

sanitary sewer system or other discharge point be identified. Results of these investigations are to be documented and provided to the City of Dawsonville.

Sec. 107-204. - Industrial or construction activity discharges.

Any person subject to an industrial or construction activity NPDES stormwater discharge permit shall comply with all provisions of such permit. Proof of compliance with said permit may be required in a form acceptable to the City of Dawsonville prior to allowing discharges to the City of Dawsonville Separate Storm Sewer System.

Sec. 107-205. - Access and inspection of properties and facilities.

The City of Dawsonville shall be permitted to enter and inspect properties and facilities at reasonable times as often as may be necessary to determine compliance with this article.

(1) If a property or facility has security measures in force which require proper identification and clearance before entry into its premises, the owner or operator shall make the necessary arrangements to allow access to representatives of the City of Dawsonville.

(2) The owner or operator shall allow the City of Dawsonville ready access to all parts of the premises for the purposes of inspection, sampling, photography, videotaping, examination and copying of any records that are required under the conditions of an NPDES permit to discharge stormwater.

(3) The City of Dawsonville may set up on any property or facility devices necessary to conduct monitoring and/or sampling of flow discharges.

(4) The City of Dawsonville may require the owner or operator to install monitoring equipment and perform monitoring as necessary and make the monitoring data available to the City of Dawsonville. This sampling and monitoring equipment shall be maintained at all times in a safe and proper operating condition by the owner or operator at his/her own expense. All devices used to measure flow and quality shall be calibrated to ensure accuracy.

(5) Any temporary or permanent obstruction to safe and easy access to the property or facility to be inspected and/or sampled shall be promptly removed by the owner or operator at the request of the City of Dawsonville and shall not be replaced. The costs of clearing such access shall be borne by the owner or operator.

(6) Unreasonable delays in allowing the City of Dawsonville access to a facility is a violation of this article.

(7) If the City of Dawsonville has been refused access to any part of the premises from which stormwater is discharged and the City of Dawsonville is able to demonstrate probable cause to believe that a violation of this ordinance exists or occurred or that there is a need to inspect and/or sample as part of a routine inspection and sampling program designed to verify compliance with this ordinance or any order issued hereunder or to protect the overall public health, safety, environment and welfare of the community, then the City of Dawsonville may seek issuance of a search warrant from any court of competent jurisdiction.

Sec. 107-206. - Notification of accidental discharges and spills.

(a) Notwithstanding other requirements of law, as soon as any person responsible for a facility, activity or operation, or responsible for emergency response for a facility, activity or operation has information of any known or suspected release of pollutants or non-stormwater discharges

from that facility or operation which are resulting or may result in illicit discharges or pollutants discharging into stormwater, the City of Dawsonville Separate Storm Sewer System, state waters, or waters of the U.S., the person so responsible shall take all necessary steps to ensure the discovery, containment, and cleanup of such release so as to minimize the effects of the discharge.

(b) Such person shall notify the City of Dawsonville Public Works Department in person, by phone, or email of the discharge or spill no later than 24 hours of the nature, quantity and time of occurrence of the discharge or spill. Notifications in person or by phone shall be confirmed by written notice addressed and mailed to the City of Dawsonville within three business days of the phone or in person notice. If the discharge or spill of prohibited materials emanates from a commercial or industrial establishment, the owner or operator of such establishment shall also retain an on-site written record of the discharge or spill and the actions taken to prevent its recurrence. Such records shall be retained for at least three years. The owner or operator shall also take immediate steps to ensure no recurrence of the discharge or spill.

(c) In the event of a release of hazardous materials, emergency response agencies and/or other appropriate agencies shall be immediately notified.

(d) Failure to provide notification of a release as provided herein is a violation of this ordinance.

#### Sec. 107-207. - Suspension of access.

(a) Suspension due to illicit discharges in emergency situations. The City of Dawsonville may, without prior notice, suspend discharge access into the City of Dawsonville Separate Storm Sewer System to a person when such suspension is necessary to stop an actual or threatened discharge which presents or may present imminent and substantial danger to the environment, or to the health or welfare of persons, or to the City of Dawsonville Separate Storm Sewer System, Waters of the State, or Waters of the United States. If the violator fails to comply with a suspension order issued in an emergency, the City of Dawsonville may take such steps as deemed necessary to prevent or minimize damage to the City of Dawsonville Separate Storm Sewer System, Waters of the State, Waters of the United States, or to minimize danger to persons.

(b) Suspension due to the detection of illicit discharge. Any person discharging to the City of Dawsonville Separate Storm Sewer System in violation of this ordinance may have access terminated if such termination abates or reduces an illicit discharge. The City of Dawsonville Public Works Director will notify a violator of the proposed termination of access. The violator may petition the City of Dawsonville for reconsideration and a hearing in accord with section 107-232 of this article.

(c) Illegal reinstatement of access. A person commits an offense by reinstating the City of Dawsonville Separate Storm Sewer System access to premises terminated pursuant to this section without the prior approval of the City of Dawsonville.

#### Sec. 107-208. - Requirement to prevent, control, and reduce stormwater pollutants by the use of BMPs.

Best Management Practices for any activity, operation, or facility which may cause or contribute to pollution or contamination of storm water, the City of Dawsonville Separate Storm Sewer System, or Waters of the State of Georgia and or Waters of the U.S. shall be observed by the owner of any property discharging into the City of Dawsonville Separate Storm Sewer System. The owner or operator of a commercial or industrial establishment shall provide, at their own expense, reasonable protection from accidental discharge of prohibited materials or other wastes into the City of Dawsonville Separate Storm

Sewer System or watercourses through the use of these structural and non-structural BMPs. Further, any person responsible for a property or premise, which is, or may be, the source of an illicit discharge, may be required to implement, at said person's expense, additional structural and non-structural BMPs to prevent the further discharge of pollutants to the City of Dawsonville Separate Storm Sewer System. Compliance with all terms and conditions of a valid NPDES permit authorizing the discharge of storm water associated with industrial activity, to the extent practicable, shall be deemed compliance with the provisions of this section. These BMPs shall be part of a stormwater pollution prevention plan (SWPP) as necessary for compliance with requirements of the NPDES permit.

Sec. 107-209. - Watercourse protection.

Every person owning property through which a watercourse passes, or such person's lessee, shall keep and maintain that part of the watercourse within the property free of trash, debris, and other obstacles that would pollute, contaminate, or significantly retard the flow of water through the watercourse. In addition, the owner or lessee shall maintain existing privately-owned structures within or adjacent to a watercourse, so that such structures will not become a hazard to the use, function, or physical integrity of the watercourse.

Secs. 107-210 through 107-230. – Reserved.

## SECTION 6.

Subchapter B, Chapter 107, Article VIX, Sections 107-231 through Sections 107-233 of the Code of Ordinances for the City of Dawsonville is hereby amended by repealing existing sections 107-231 through 107-233 in their entirety and replacing them with new sections 107-231 through 107-233 as follows:

### ARTICLE VIX - VIOLATIONS, ENFORCEMENT AND PENALTIES

Sec. 107-231. - Generally.

(a) It shall be unlawful for any person to violate any provision of this chapter or fail to comply with any of the requirements of this chapter, either through action or inaction. Any such action or inaction which is continuous with respect to time is deemed to be a public nuisance and may be abated by injunctive or other equitable relief. Any person who has violated or continues to violate the provisions of this chapter, may be subject to the enforcement actions outlined in this article or may be restrained by injunction or otherwise abated in a manner provided by law.

(b) In the event the violation constitutes an immediate danger to public health or public safety, the City of Dawsonville is authorized to enter upon the subject private property, without giving prior notice, to take any and all measures necessary to abate the violation and/or restore the property. The City of Dawsonville is authorized to seek costs of the abatement as outlined in section 107-232.

Sec. 107-232. - (b) Notice of violation; Appeal; Abatement.

(a) *Notice of violation.* Whenever the City of Dawsonville finds that a violation of this chapter, a permit, or approved stormwater management plan has occurred, the City of Dawsonville may order compliance by written notice of violation. Where a person is engaged in activity covered by this chapter without having first secured a permit therefore, the notice of violation shall be served on the owner or the responsible person in charge of the activity being conducted on the site.

(1) The notice of violation shall contain:

- (a) The name and address of the alleged violator;
- (b) The address when available or a description of the building, structure or land upon which the violation is occurring, or has occurred;
- (c) A statement specifying the nature of the violation;
- (d) A description of the remedial measures necessary to restore compliance with this ordinance and a time schedule for the completion of such remedial action;
- (e) A statement of the penalty or penalties that shall or may be assessed against the person to whom the notice of violation is directed.

(2) Such notice may require without limitation:

- (a) The performance of monitoring, analyses, and reporting;
- (b) The elimination of illicit discharges and illegal connections;
- (c) That violating discharges, practices, or operations shall cease and desist;
- (d) The abatement or remediation of stormwater pollution or contamination hazards and the restoration of any affected property;
- (e) Payment of costs to cover administrative and abatement costs; and,
- (f) The implementation of pollution prevention practices.

(b) *Appeal of notice of violation.* Any person receiving a notice of violation may appeal such determination. The notice of appeal must be received by the Public Works Director within ten days from the date of the notice of violation. Hearing on the appeal before the City of Dawsonville Mayor and Council shall take place within thirty (30) days following submission of the notice of appeal. The decision of the Mayor and Council shall be final and subject to appeal only by writ of certiorari to the Superior Court of Dawson County.

(c) *Enforcement measures after appeal.* If the violation has not been corrected pursuant to the requirements set forth in the notice of violation, or in the event of an appeal to the Mayor and Council or Superior Court, within ten days of the final decision of the appropriate authority upholding the decision of the City of Dawsonville, then representatives of the City of Dawsonville may enter upon the subject private property and are authorized to take any and all measures necessary to abate the violation and/or restore the property. It shall be unlawful for any person, owner, agent or person in possession of any premises to refuse to allow the City of Dawsonville or its designated contractor to enter upon the premises for the purposes set forth above.

(d) *Costs of abatement of the violation.* Within 30 days after abatement of the violation, the owner of the property will be notified of the cost of abatement, including administrative costs incurred by the City. The property owner may file a written protest objecting to the assessment or to the amount of the assessment within 30 days of such notice. If the amount due is not paid within 30 days after receipt of the notice, or if an appeal is taken, within 30 days after a decision on said appeal, the charges shall become a special assessment against the property and shall constitute a lien on the property for the amount of the assessment. Any appeal of the cost of abatement shall follow the same procedure as outlined in section 107-232 (c) as set forth hereinabove.



Sec. 107-233. – Penalties.

Any person violating any of the provisions of this Chapter, or failing to comply with remedial measures described in a notice of violation by the date set forth for such completion, shall become liable to the City of Dawsonville by reason of such violation for any one or more of the following penalties:

(a) *Civil penalties.* In the event a violation of any provision of this Chapter or the alleged violator fails to take the remedial measures set forth in the notice of violation or otherwise fails to cure the violations described therein within ten days (or such greater period as the City of Dawsonville shall deem appropriate), the city may impose a civil penalty not to exceed \$1,000.00 for each day the violation remains unremedied after receipt of the notice of violation.

(b) *Criminal penalties.* The City of Dawsonville Public Works Director or Planning Director may request, at his discretion, the City of Dawsonville code enforcement personnel to issue a citation to the alleged violator requiring such person to appear in Municipal court or other court of appropriate jurisdiction to answer charges for such violation. Upon conviction, such person shall be punished by a fine not to exceed \$1,000.00. Each act of violation and each day upon which any violation shall occur shall constitute a separate offense.

(c) *Stop work order.* The city may issue a stop work order which shall be served on the applicant or other responsible person. The stop work order shall remain in effect until the applicant or other responsible person has taken the remedial measures set forth in the notice of violation or has otherwise cured the violation or violations described therein, provided the stop work order may be withdrawn or modified to enable the applicant or other responsible person to take the necessary remedial measures to cure such violation or violations.

(d) *Withhold certificate of occupancy/certificate of completion.* The city may refuse to issue a certificate of occupancy or certificate of completion for the building or other improvements constructed or being constructed on the site until the applicant or other responsible person has taken the remedial measures set forth in the notice of violation or has otherwise cured the violations described therein.

(e) *Suspension, revocation or modification of permit.* The city may suspend, revoke or modify the permit authorizing the land development project. A suspended, revoked or modified permit may be reinstated after the applicant or other responsible person has taken the remedial measures set forth in the notice of violation or has otherwise cured the violations described therein, provided such permit may be reinstated (upon such conditions as the city may deem necessary) to enable the applicant or other responsible person to take the necessary remedial measures to cure such violations.

(f) *Violations deemed a public nuisance.* In addition to the enforcement processes and penalties provided, any condition caused or permitted to exist in violation of any of the provisions of this ordinance is a threat to public health, safety, welfare, and environment and is declared and deemed a nuisance, and may be abated by injunctive or other equitable relief as provided by law.

(g) *Remedies not exclusive.* The remedies listed in this ordinance are not exclusive of any other remedies available under any applicable Federal, State or local law and the City of Dawsonville may seek cumulative remedies.

(h) *Recovery of fees.* The City of Dawsonville may recover attorney's fees, court costs, and other expenses associated with enforcement of this ordinance, including sampling and monitoring expenses from any violator of this ordinance.

SECTION 9.

All Ordinances or parts of ordinances in conflict with this ordinance are hereby repealed.

SECTION 10.

This ordinance shall become effective upon adoption, the public good demanding the same.

SO ORDAINED THIS \_\_\_\_ DAY OF \_\_\_\_\_, 2018.

\_\_\_\_\_  
Mike Eason, Mayor

\_\_\_\_\_  
Caleb Phillips, Council Member Post 1

\_\_\_\_\_  
Stephen Tolson, Council Member Post 2

\_\_\_\_\_  
Jason Power, Council Member Post 3

\_\_\_\_\_  
Mark French, Council Member Post 4

ATTEST:

\_\_\_\_\_  
Beverly Banister, Clerk



**DAWSONVILLE CITY COUNCIL  
EXECUTIVE SUMMARY FOR  
AGENDA ITEM # 18**

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SUBJECT: NGN WATER TOWER AGREEMENT

CITY COUNCIL MEETING DATE: 12/03/2018

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BUDGET INFORMATION: GL ACCOUNT # \_\_\_\_\_

Funds Available from: \_\_\_\_\_ Annual Budget \_\_\_\_\_ Capital Budget Other \_\_\_\_\_

Budget Amendment Request from Reserve: \_\_\_\_\_ Enterprise Fund \_\_\_\_\_ General Fund

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PURPOSE FOR REQUEST:

**REQUEST TO AUTHORIZE CITY MANAGER TO SEND LETTER TO NGN (SEE ATTACHED LETTER)**

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HISTORY/ FACTS / ISSUES:

**ITEMS HAS BEEN TABLED FROM 10/22/2018 AND 11/05/2018**

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OPTIONS:

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RECOMMENDED SAMPLE MOTION:

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REQUESTED BY: Dana Miles, City Attorney

November 21, 2018

**VIA EMAIL and U.S. MAIL**  
**paul.belk@ngn.coop**

Mr. Paul Belk  
President and CEO  
North Georgia Network Cooperative, Inc.  
6135 State Highway 115, Suite 1A  
Clarkesville, GA 30523

Dear Mr. Belk:

I serve as City Manager for the City of Dawsonville (“City”), Georgia. The purpose of this letter is to notify North Georgia Network Cooperative, Inc. (“NGN”) that the City is terminating the existing Broadband Service Agreement (the “Agreement”) with NGN’s predecessor Appalachian Broadband Technologies, LLC dated January 16, 2014 as renewed on a year to year basis. This termination will be effective as of January 16, 2019 and we expect you to have all your infrastructure and equipment removed from City property, including but not limited to, the City water towers and from City street rights of way on or before February 16, 2019. Should you fail to timely remove your infrastructure and equipment, the City will deem it abandoned and remove it at your expense pursuant to the indemnification clause of the Agreement.

The City has been and remains willing to negotiate a new contract for use of its property for your company to continue providing broadband service within the City limits. It is my understanding the City’s consultant, Mr. Ryan Fender provided you a proposed contract on October 15, 2018 and has received no response from you. If NGN has any interest in entering into a new contract, please provide your comments regarding the proposed contract to both Mr. Fender and me no later than December 10, 2018. If we do not have a response by that date, we shall assume that NGN has no interest in continuing to provide broadband service in the City.

Sincerely,

Bob Bolz  
City Manager

CC: Mayor and Council Members  
Mr. Dana Miles, City Attorney  
Mr. Ryan Fender, Local Government Services, LLC



DAWSONVILLE CITY COUNCIL  
EXECUTIVE SUMMARY FOR  
AGENDA ITEM # 19

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SUBJECT: LOCAL MAINTENANCE & IMPROVEMENT GRANT (LMIG) – 30% MATCH

CITY COUNCIL MEETING DATE: 12/03/2018

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BUDGET INFORMATION: GL ACCOUNT # \_\_\_\_\_

Funds Available from:  Annual Budget \_\_\_\_\_ Capital Budget \_\_\_\_\_ Other \_\_\_\_\_

Budget Amendment Request from Reserve: \_\_\_\_\_ Enterprise Fund \_\_\_\_\_ General Fund

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PURPOSE FOR REQUEST:

**TO REQUEST APPROVAL OF LMIG FUNDS WITH 30% MATCH**

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HISTORY/ FACTS / ISSUES:

- **2019 GRANT IS \$24,874.47**
- **30% MATCH IS \$7,462.34**

**MATCH IS IN FY 2018-2019 BUDGET**

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OPTIONS:

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RECOMMENDED SAMPLE MOTION:

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REQUESTED BY: Trampas Hansard, Public Works Operations Manager



Russell R. McMurry, P.E., Commissioner



GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

One Georgia Center, 600 West Peachtree Street, NW  
Atlanta, Georgia 30308  
Telephone: (404) 631-1000

June 15, 2018

Mr. Mike Eason, Mayor  
City of Dawsonville  
P.O. Box 6  
Dawsonville, Georgia 30534

**RE: Fiscal Year 2019 Local Maintenance & Improvement Grant (LMIG) Program**

Dear Mayor Eason:

We are pleased to announce that the Department will begin accepting applications for the Fiscal Year 2019 LMIG Program on July 1, 2018. Please complete the attached application along with your Project Report form containing the road name, length of project, termini, type of work, project cost and construction let date. As a reminder, please mail your application package to the Gainesville District Office at **1475 Jesse Jewell Pkwy, NE, Suite 100, Gainesville, GA 30501 Attn: Teressa Walcott** instead of the Local Grants Office in Atlanta. All LMIG applications must be received in the District Office no later than January 1, 2019.

Your formula amount for the 2019 Program is **\$24,874.47** and your local match is **30%**. Each local government is required to match this formula amount in accordance with Code Section 48-8-244(d). The General Guidelines and Rules and other pertinent reports can be found on the Department's website at [www.dot.ga.gov/ps/local/lmig](http://www.dot.ga.gov/ps/local/lmig). We must receive a satisfactory status letter of your previous LMIG Grants before approval can be given on your FY 2019 application.

If you should have any questions regarding the LMIG Program please contact the Local Grants Office in Atlanta at (404) 347-0240. Thank you for your attention and cooperation in this matter.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in blue ink that reads "Russell R. McMurry".

Russell R. McMurry, P.E.  
Commissioner

RRM:KHM  
Attachments

Cc: Mr. Brent Cook, P.E.; Hon. Steve Gooch; Hon. Kevin Tanner; Ms. Emily Dunn; Files



**DAWSONVILLE CITY COUNCIL  
EXECUTIVE SUMMARY FOR  
AGENDA ITEM # 20**

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SUBJECT: IMPACT FEES

CITY COUNCIL MEETING DATE: 12/05/2018

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BUDGET INFORMATION: GL ACCOUNT # \_\_\_\_\_

Funds Available from: \_\_\_\_\_ Annual Budget \_\_\_\_\_ Capital Budget Other \_\_\_\_\_

Budget Amendment Request from Reserve: \_\_\_\_\_ Enterprise Fund \_\_\_\_\_ General Fund

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PURPOSE FOR REQUEST:

**TO UPDATE COUNCIL OF UPCOMING Q&A WITH ROSS & ASSOCIATES AT THE 12/17 WORK SESSION**

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HISTORY/ FACTS / ISSUES:

**COUNTY REQUESTED CITY TO CONSIDER IMPACT FEES  
IMPACT FEE STUDY PROPOSAL RECEIVED FROM ROSS & ASSOC**

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OPTIONS:

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RECOMMENDED SAMPLE MOTION:

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REQUESTED BY: Mike Eason, Mayor



DAWSONVILLE CITY COUNCIL  
EXECUTIVE SUMMARY FOR  
AGENDA ITEM # 21

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SUBJECT: TSPLOST

CITY COUNCIL MEETING DATE: 12/03/2018

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BUDGET INFORMATION: GL ACCOUNT # \_\_\_\_\_

Funds Available from: \_\_\_\_\_ Annual Budget \_\_\_\_\_ Capital Budget Other \_\_\_\_\_

Budget Amendment Request from Reserve: \_\_\_\_\_ Enterprise Fund \_\_\_\_\_ General Fund

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PURPOSE FOR REQUEST:

**CONSIDERATION OF TSPLOST**

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HISTORY/ FACTS / ISSUES:

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OPTIONS:

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RECOMMENDED SAMPLE MOTION:

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REQUESTED BY: Mike Eason, Mayor

After this month's election, there are now 18 counties who have Single County TSPLOST in place and four regions implementing Regional (TIA) TSPLOST. A total number of 81 counties are either in a Single County TSPLOST or TIA Region.

An updated map is attached.

For the November 6, 2018 election – we're aware of eight counties who held Single County TSPLOST referendums. Uncertified Results: Passed in Calhoun, Lee, Miller, Oglethorpe and Terrell Counties. Failed in Baldwin, Carroll and Habersham Counties.

**Future Single County TSPLOST Consideration:**

March, 2019: Catoosa, Dawson, Dougherty, Lumpkin, McIntosh, Morgan, Spalding, Upson and Worth Counties.

Nov, 2019 ballot: Coweta County.

Considering but no ballot date announced: Newton County

**Current Single County TSPLOST Counties:**

1. Athens-Clarke
2. Banks
3. Bryan
4. Bulloch
5. Calhoun
6. Colquitt
7. Decatur
8. Early
9. Fulton
10. Haralson
11. Lee
12. Miller
13. Oglethorpe
14. Putnam
15. Seminole
16. Terrell
17. Walker
18. Ware

**Failed TSPLOST Referendums:**

Dade: Nov, 2017 and May, 2018

Spalding: Nov, 2017

Baldwin: Nov, 2018

Carroll: Nov, 2018

Habersham: Nov, 2018

## CITY OF DAWSONVILLE

### TSPLOST PROJECTS

**Based on a cost of \$125,000.00 per mile for paving & \$70,000.00 per mile for grinding.**

1. Grind & repave Main Street to the Park - .15 mile – Estimated Total: \$32,000.00
2. Resurface Perimeter Road (joint city/county project) – 2.44 miles – (City 1.3 miles/\$165,000.00, County 1.2 miles/\$155,000.00) Estimated total: \$320,000.00
3. Grind & repave Maple Street, including move a sidewalk - .6 miles - \$150,000.00
4. Grind & repave JC Burt Road – (joint city/county project) - (city .05 miles/\$12,000.00, county .2/\$41,000.00 miles) .25 mile - \$53,000.00
5. Repave Robinson Road, Elliott Village, George's Place – (joint city/county project) - .4 mile - \$55,000.00
6. Repave Jack Heard - .2 mile - \$30,000.00
7. Resurface Howser Mill – (joint city/county project) – (city - .6 mile/\$75,000.00, county 2.9 miles/\$362,500.00 – 3.5 miles - \$445,000.00
8. Grind & repave Stegal Place - .5 mile - \$98,000.00
9. Perimeter Road Extension - (Joint Project w/County)- \$30 million Total, \$4 million TSPLOST for engineering & land acquisition
10. Pave Shoal Creek Road & Replace Bridge – (Joint project w/county) – (City 1.1 miles/\$140,000.00, County – 1.7 miles/\$215,000.00) – 2.8 miles - \$355,000.00 paving only, does not include new bridge
11. Pave Gold Mine Road – (joint project w/county) – city 1.5 miles \$197,000.00
12. Roundabout at Perimeter Road & GA Hwy 9 North - \$4 million
13. Roundabout at Dairy Queen – GA Hwy 53 – Allen Street - \$4 million
14. Roundabout at Perimeter Road & GA Hwy 9South & Burt's Crossing - \$4 million
15. Roundabout at intersection of GA Hwy 9 & GA Hwy 53 - \$4 million
16. Roundabout at intersection of GA Hwy 53 and Howser Mill Road at Dollar General - \$4 million



<b>County Project TSPLOST List</b>	
Project	Estimated Cost
Shoal Creek Road	
widening/rehab	\$1,300,000.00
Bridge Replacement	\$3,500,000.00
Dogwood/Nightfire rehab/Shoulder widening	\$300,000.00
Lumpkin Campground Road Corridor improvement	\$10,000,000.00
Elliott Road Widening	\$500,000.00
Existing Asset Road improvement program	\$26,900,000.00
<b>*Total</b>	<b>\$42,500,000.00</b>
* 85% of 50 mil revenue	



DAWSONVILLE CITY COUNCIL  
EXECUTIVE SUMMARY FOR  
AGENDA ITEM # 22

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SUBJECT: 2019 RENEWAL OF PROFESSIONAL SERVICES

CITY COUNCIL MEETING DATE: 12/03/2018

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BUDGET INFORMATION: GL ACCOUNT # \_\_\_\_\_

Funds Available from: \_\_\_\_\_ Annual Budget \_\_\_\_\_ Capital Budget Other \_\_\_\_\_

Budget Amendment Request from Reserve: \_\_\_\_\_ Enterprise Fund \_\_\_\_\_ General Fund

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PURPOSE FOR REQUEST:

**TO REQUEST APPROVAL FOR RENEWAL OF PROFESSIONAL SERVICES FOR 2019  
(SEE ATTACHED)**

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HISTORY/ FACTS / ISSUES:

**SAME AS 2018; NO CHANGES**

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OPTIONS:

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RECOMMENDED SAMPLE MOTION:

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REQUESTED BY: Administration



### **City of Dawsonville Professional Services for 2019**

- City Attorney – Dana Miles of Miles Hansford & Tallant, LLC
- Auditor- Alexander, Almand and Bangs, LLP
- Engineer – G. Ben Turnipseed Engineers, Inc.
- Municipal Court Judge – Ron Reemsnyder
- Testing of Wastewater – Environmental Management Services
- Geologist – Bob Atkins
- Repair-Installation Water-Sewer Infrastructure – Townley Construction
- Airport Consultant Engineering Services – Lead Edge Design Group



DAWSONVILLE CITY COUNCIL  
EXECUTIVE SUMMARY FOR  
AGENDA ITEM # 23

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SUBJECT: 2019 MAYOR PRO-TEM APPOINTMENT

CITY COUNCIL MEETING DATE: 12/03/2018

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BUDGET INFORMATION: GL ACCOUNT # \_\_\_\_\_

Funds Available from: \_\_\_\_\_ Annual Budget \_\_\_\_\_ Capital Budget Other \_\_\_\_\_

Budget Amendment Request from Reserve: \_\_\_\_\_ Enterprise Fund \_\_\_\_\_ General Fund

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PURPOSE FOR REQUEST:

**RECOMMENDATION TO APPOINT JASON POWER AS 2019 MAYOR PRO-TEM**

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HISTORY/ FACTS / ISSUES:

**Councilmember Power is the current Mayor Pro-Tem; he is a signatory on the bank accounts and readily available with flexibility**

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OPTIONS:

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RECOMMENDED SAMPLE MOTION:

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REQUESTED BY: Mike Eason, Mayor



DAWSONVILLE CITY COUNCIL  
EXECUTIVE SUMMARY FOR  
AGENDA ITEM # 24

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SUBJECT: PERSONAL LEAVE TRANSFER CONTRIBUTION POLICY

CITY COUNCIL MEETING DATE: 12/03/2018

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BUDGET INFORMATION: GL ACCOUNT # \_\_\_\_\_

Funds Available from: \_\_\_ Annual Budget \_\_\_ Capital Budget Other \_\_\_\_\_

Budget Amendment Request from Reserve: \_\_\_\_\_ Enterprise Fund \_\_\_\_\_ General Fund

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PURPOSE FOR REQUEST:

**REQUEST TO APPROVE A PERSONAL LEAVE TRANSFER CONTRIBUTION POLICY  
FOR THE CITY OF DAWSONVILLE PERSONNEL POLICY**

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HISTORY/ FACTS / ISSUES:

**CURRENT PERSONAL LEAVE POLICY IN SECTION 3.6.1 OF THE PERSONNEL POLICY;  
ADDITION WOULD BE ADDED AS 3.6.1-1**

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OPTIONS:

**APPROVE, AMEND, DENY OR TABLE**

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RECOMMENDED SAMPLE MOTION:

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REQUESTED BY: Donna Blanton, Human Resource Manager



### **3.6.1-1:**

#### **PERSONAL LEAVE TRANSFER CONTRIBUTION**

The Personal Leave Transfer Contribution is strictly voluntary which allows any full-time City employee to donate his/her accrued personal leave time directly to any other full-time City employee who has a personal or family medical emergency and who has exhausted his/her available Leave time. The Leave donor must complete the Personal Leave Transfer Contribution form and forward the completed and signed form to his/her department head for review. The department head will forward the form to the City Manager. An employee may receive donated personal Leave when it has been determined by the City Manager that the need is a personal/family medical emergency. The City Manager will verify with the Human Resources Department that the recipient has exhausted his/her accrued personal Leave time. The personal Leave recipient may receive a maximum of 160 hours of donated personal Leave at any one time for each personal/family medical emergency. However, any unused donated Leave must be reported to the Human Resources Manager who will return the unused donated Leave to the Leave donor(s) when the personal/family medical emergency ends. A full-time employee may donate up to 80 hours of accrued leave per year.



## Personal Leave Transfer Contribution Authorization

Donor Name: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Recipient Name: \_\_\_\_\_ Department: \_\_\_\_\_

### Policy 3.6.1-1

"The Personal Leave Transfer Contribution is strictly voluntary which allows any full-time City employee to donate his/her accrued personal leave time directly to any other full-time City employee who has a personal or family medical emergency and who has exhausted his/her available Leave time. The Leave donor must complete the Personal Leave Transfer Contribution form and forward the completed and signed form to his/her Department Head for review. The Department Head will forward the form to the City Manager. An employee may receive donated personal Leave when it has been determined by the City Manager that the need is a personal/family medical emergency. The City Manager will verify with the Human Resources Department that the recipient has exhausted his/her accrued personal Leave time. The personal Leave recipient may receive a maximum of 160 hours of donated personal Leave at any one time for each personal/family medical emergency. However, any unused donated Leave must be reported to the Human Resources Manager who will return the unused donated Leave to the Leave donor(s) when the personal/family medical emergency ends. A full-time employee may donate up to 80 hours of accrued leave per year."

Total amount of Leave accrual authorized by Donor to be donated to Recipient: \_\_\_\_\_

Donor Employee Signature: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Department Head Signature: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_

### MANAGEMENT APPROVAL

Approved  Rejected Reason: \_\_\_\_\_

City Manager Signature: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_