

Annual Comprehensive Financial Report

For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023



"Protecting our History and Providing for the Future"



City of Dawsonville, Georgia

ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023



Submitted by:

Robert D. Bolz

City Manager

INTRODUCTORY SECTION



CITY OF DAWSONVILLE, GEORGIA ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

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INTRODUCTORY SECTION

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November 6, 2023

To the Members of the City Council and Citizens of the City of Dawsonville:

It is our pleasure to present the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report of the City of Dawsonville for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 to the City Council and the citizens of Dawsonville. Georgia Code requires that every general-purpose local government publish within six months of the close of each fiscal year a complete set of audited financial statements.

Management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information contained in this report, based upon a comprehensive framework of internal controls that it has established for this purpose. Since the cost of internal controls should not exceed anticipated benefits, the objective is to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements.

Alexander, Almand & Bangs, LLP, have issued an unmodified ("clean") opinion on the City of Dawsonville's financial statements for the 2023 fiscal year. The independent auditor's report is located at the front of the financial section of this report.

The management's discussion and analysis ("MD&A") immediately follows the auditor's report in the financial section of this report and provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements. This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it.

Profile of the Government

The City of Dawsonville, the county seat of Dawson County, is in the foothills of the Northeast Georgia Mountains, approximately 50 miles northeast of Atlanta. Dawsonville was incorporated December 10, 1859 and was named after William C. Dawson. Dawson served in both houses of the state legislature and in Congress from 1821 to 1835.

The government of the City of Dawsonville is vested in a City Council composed of a mayor and four council members. Each member serves a four-year term of office and there are no limits on the amount of terms they may serve. The City has the authority to levy property tax on both real and personal property located within its boundaries.

The City provides many services including a water and sewer utilities, solid waste collection, cemetery services, maintenance of highways and streets, planning and zoning services, recreational facilities, and tourism event sponsorship.

The Downtown Development Authority of Dawsonville (DDA), a blended component unit of the City, was created by the City in 1996 to stimulate and sustain economic development in Downtown Dawsonville. The DDA works closely with downtown businesses and city leaders to ensure continued growth and investment into the downtown area while protecting our history and providing for the future.

The City of Dawsonville develops and adopts a balanced budget for each fiscal year. The Finance Director develops this document which is submitted to the Mayor and City Council for the Council to adopt. The City includes all governmental funds (General, SPLOST, ARPA, Cemetery, Hotel/Motel Tax and Dawsonville Downtown Development Authority), and enterprise funds (Water/Sewage, and Solid Waste) in its budgeting process. More detail regarding the budgeting process can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

Local Economy

The economy within the City of Dawsonville has seen a steady and consistent growth pattern over the last several years.

Dawsonville is the only municipality located in Dawson County, situated in Northeast Georgia on two major state highways, Highway 53 and Highway 9, with Highway 400 in the County that opens a gateway for the Atlanta suburbs to expand north. The location of the City has been a major contributor to the growth of this community.

For the County, the North Georgia Premium Outlet Mall is the largest employer with approximately 1,110 employees throughout the year. The Dawson County Board of Education is the second largest employer with nearly 550 employees in the County.

The 2020 U.S. Census showed the City of Dawsonville grew more than 46% between 2010 and 2020, from 2,536 residents to 3,720 residents. Most of the City's growth has been residential. Dawson County also showed growth of 20% from 22,330 to 26,798. This population growth continues to impact all levels of service needs. The growth rate of the population is estimated to be roughly 75% over the next ten years.

The housing and banking market in the area has increased dramatically within the last three years due to a strong national and local economy which has produced record low interest rates. Residential developments continue to be developed in the area for families who are seeking more affordable housing outside of the Atlanta area. With an increase in residential development, the City continues to work toward providing amenities for its citizens. To accommodate the residential growth of the area, the commercial building and construction activity in the City and surrounding area remains active.

The City does not levy ad valorem taxes presently and has not historically. The City has maintained adequate revenues necessary for service delivery without the assessment of a City property tax.

Long-term Financial Planning

Unassigned fund balance in the General Fund is \$ 3,078,153 to provide cash flow throughout the year and as a buffer against unforeseen events. Although the City feels it is financially healthy enough to cover unforeseen events, the Administration adopted a formal minimum unassigned fund balance to reserve as a goal for their long-term liquidity management plan. The City will maintain at least six months of unassigned fund balance in reserve.

On November 4, 2014 Dawson County citizens approved the continuation of the Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax (SPLOST). SPLOST VI collections began in July 2015 and were complete in July 2021. Therefore, the Mayor and City Council determine the project priority for SPLOST VI. Projects from SPLOST proceeds include sidewalks and revitalization of downtown and parking, city hall acquisition, and development of a recreational park, water and sewer projects, a farmer's market and purchasing public works equipment. The Mayor and City Council have designed these projects to improve the overall availability of resources, such as clean water, and recreational activities for the City's citizens.

On June 7, 2021 Dawson County and the City of Dawsonville agreed to the continuation of the Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax (SPLOST). SPLOST VII began collection on July 1, 2022 and will continue for six years. The projects from this SPLOST proceeds included roads, land acquisition, public works facilities and equipment, parks and recreation and downtown revitalization. The Mayor and City Council have designed these projects to improve the overall experience for its citizens.

Relevant Financial Policies

In March of 2014, Standard and Poor's assigned a credit rating of "AA" (stable) to the City when the most recent revenue bonds were issued. The Council amended the Financial Policy Manual (a guide to the management of the finances of the City) March 15, 2021 to include additional roles of personnel and improve other financial processes and policies within the operations of the City. These policies address fund balances, the use of one-time revenues, issuance of debt, purchasing and procurement, cash and investment management, accounting practices, and water and sewer billing. These policies were designed to provide assurance that the City can meet its fiduciary responsibility to its citizens. The Council reviews and updates these policies on an ongoing basis.

Major Initiatives

The City remains in the process of improving roads and expanding the recreational facilities and park for its citizens. Certain phases of these projects were completed during the fiscal year with additional phases expected to be completed in the following year. In addition, the City continues to work diligently to resolve issues, such as parking and traffic flow in the Historic Downtown Area. They have done so in the current year by purchasing an additional 17-acres that will be designed as a downtown center connecting the Historic Area to the City Hall complex and park. A grant from the Appalachian Regional Commission is currently being used to design this project. In addition to the aforementioned City Hall and park areas, the City has current plans to welcome a new brewery and distillery, alongside a restaurant and redesigned patio area at these locations. These are anticipated to be complete or in progress during 2024. As a concern related to the significant growth expected within the next ten years, the City has taken a proactive approach to the water and sewer systems by beginning the design of an additional wastewater treatment plant. The plant is budgeted at roughly \$ 12,000,000 and is expected to break ground in 2024. To assist in managing this project and the anticipated growth, the City constructed a new administrative facility for the Public Works and Utilities Departments as an initiative to provide clean water and environmental solutions under the American Rescue Plan Act. A continued goal from the City has been to provide transparency to the Citizens of the happenings. In doing so, the City makes available via live stream and replay video of Council Meetings including detailed minutes with time stamps for those seeking specific items within the agenda, as well as an updated, easy-to-use website. These projects are time-consuming and require devoted hours working with multiple agencies and regulatory authorities to accomplish.

Awards and Acknowledgements

The Governmental Finance Officers Association's (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Dawsonville for fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. To be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the government is required to publish an easily readable and efficiently organized ACFR that satisfies both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievements Programs' requirements, and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The preparation of the ACFR has been accomplished through the dedicated efforts of the entire staff in conjunction with the external audit firm Alexander, Almand & Bangs, LLP. Appreciation is also expressed to the Mayor and Council for their support and providing the resources needed to deliver quality services for Dawsonville's citizens.

Respectfully submitted,

Robert D. Bolz City Manager



CITY OF DAWSONVILLE, GEORGIA OFFICIALS AND ADMINISTRATION As of June 30, 2023

ELECTED OFFICIALS

Mayor Mike Eason

Mayor Pro-Tem John Walden

Council Member – Post 1 Caleb Phillips

Council Member – Post 2 Willian Illg

Council Member – Post 3 John Walden

Council Member – Post 4 Mark French

APPOINTED OFFICIALS

City Clerk Beverly Banister

Deputy City Clerk Tracy Smith

City Attorney Kevin Tallant

ADMINISTRATION

City Manager Robert D. Bolz

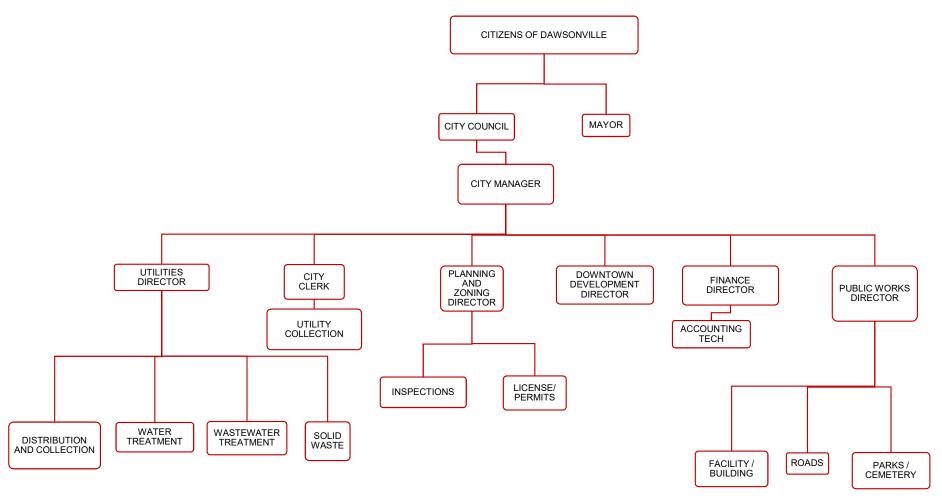
Utilities Operational Manager Jacob Barr

Public Works Operations Manager Trampas Hansard

Planning Director Jameson Kinley



CITY OF DAWSONVILLE ORGANIZATION CHART As of June 30, 2023





Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Dawsonville Georgia

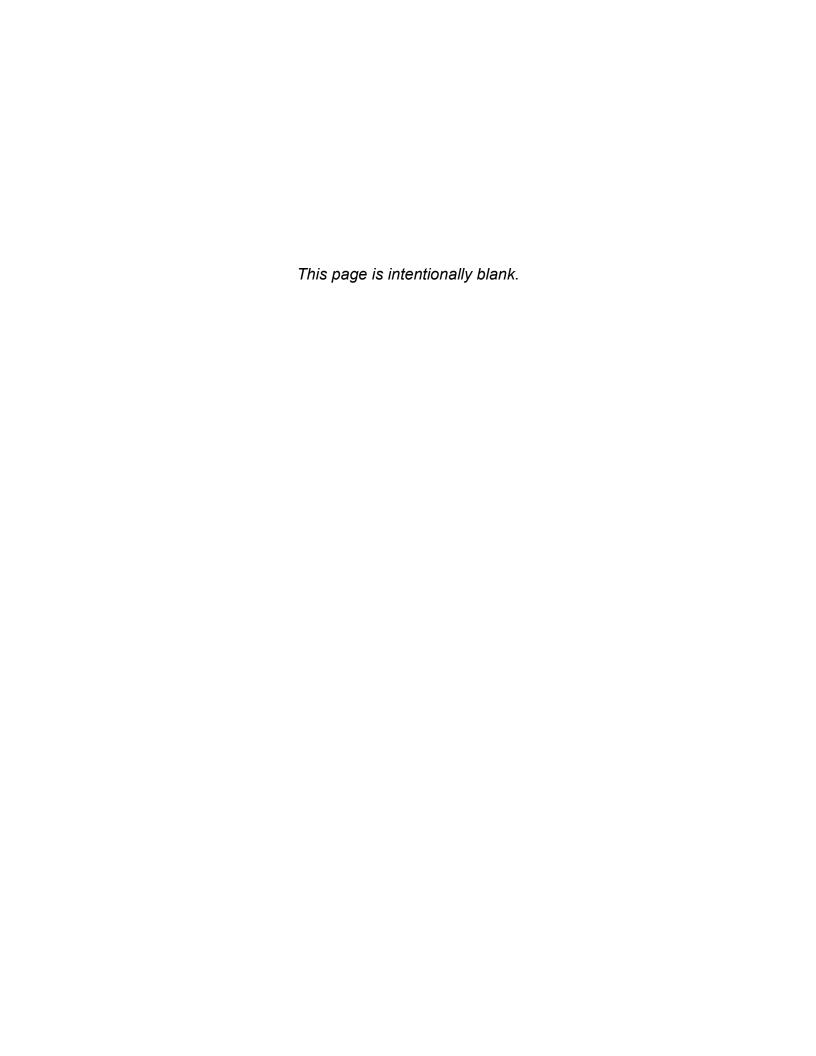
For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2022

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

FINANCIAL SECTION





To the Mayor and City Council City of Dawsonville, Georgia

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Dawsonville, Georgia as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Dawsonville, Georgia's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Dawsonville, Georgia, as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City of Dawsonville, Georgia and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City of Dawsonville, Georgia's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are
 appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City
 of Dawsonville, Georgia's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City of Dawsonville, Georgia's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, the Required Defined Benefit Retirement Plan Pension Schedules, the Schedule of Notes to Required Supplementary Information, the Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund, the Budgetary Comparison Schedule – SPLOST VI and SPLOT VII and the Budgetary Comparison Schedule – American Rescue Plan Act listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Dawsonville, Georgia's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 6, 2023, on our consideration of the City of Dawsonville, Georgia's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Dawsonville, Georgia's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering City of Dawsonville, Georgia's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Alexander, Almand & Bangs, LLP

alpard almost & Bago 72p

Gainesville, Georgia November 6, 2023 P.O. Box 6 415 Highway 53 E. Suite 100 Dawsonville, Georgia 30534



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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As management of the City of Dawsonville, Georgia, we present our analysis of the City's financial condition and activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. This information should be read and considered in conjunction with the financial statements.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Financial highlights of the year include the following:

- The City of Dawsonville's total assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded its total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$ 28,751,412 (net position). Of this amount, \$ 7,781,423 was available for use to meet the City's ongoing obligations to its citizens and creditors.
- The City's net position increased by \$ 1,994,789 for general activities during the most recent fiscal year, resulting from governmental and business activities.
- The City's net investment in capital assets, increased by \$ 632,231 during fiscal year ending June 30, 2023.
- There was a significant increase of \$ 376,480 in the fund balance of the SPLOST Fund due primarily to funds received from SPLOST VII.
- In July 2022, the City received \$ 606,087 from the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security (CARES) Act. As of June 30, 2023, the City has spent \$ 1,214,389 of those Recovery Act Funds.

More detailed information regarding activities and funds begins on page 5.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This City of Dawsonville's management discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements include three components: 1) Government-Wide Financial Statements, 2) Fund Financial Statements, and 3) Notes to the Basic Financial Statements. These components are described below.

Government-wide financial statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City of Dawsonville's finances, in a manner like a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all the City's total assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating. The statement of net position combines and consolidates the governmental funds current financial resources with capital assets and long-term obligations. The statement of activities presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

Government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City of Dawsonville include general government, public safety, highways and streets, and other charges. The major business-type activity of the City includes the water, sewer, and garbage system.

The government-wide financial statements include a legally separate Dawsonville Downtown Development Authority, a component unit of the City. Financial information for the component unit is blended into the City's financial statements.

Fund financial statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All the funds of the City of Dawsonville can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds. These funds also include the component unit.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between the two.

The City maintains six governmental funds – the general fund, a Special Local Option Sales Tax ("SPLOST") fund, an American Recovery Plan Act ("ARPA") fund, Downtown Development Authority ("DDA"), hotel-motel tax special revenue funds, and the permanent cemetery fund. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances. The general fund, SPLOST fund and ARPA fund are considered major funds, while the cemetery fund, DDA, and the hotel-motel tax fund are considered non-major governmental funds.

The City of Dawsonville adopted a full year budget for the period ending June 30, 2023 for all of its funds. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the general fund, Downtown Development Authority ("DDA"), the hotelmotel tax fund, and the cemetery fund to demonstrate compliance with the budget.

Proprietary Fund

The City of Dawsonville maintains one proprietary enterprise fund. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. Information is presented separately in the proprietary statement of net position and the proprietary statement of revenues, expense, and changes in net position for the water, sewer, and garbage fund, which is considered a major proprietary fund.

Permanent Fund

The City of Dawsonville maintains one permanent fund for the cemetery. Permanent funds account for resources that are legally restricted to allow the earnings (and not the principle) to be used to support the governments programs such as cemeteries, libraries, parks, and scholarships.

Notes to the financial statements

Notes to the basic financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in government-wide and the fund financial statements. The notes can be found immediately following the fund financial statements.

Other information

Required supplementary information is reported in addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

At June 30, 2023, the City's assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$ 28,751,412. By far the largest portion of the City's net position reflects its net investment in capital assets, less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. Capital assets are used to provide services to citizens, and they are not available for future spending. Although the investment in capital assets are reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

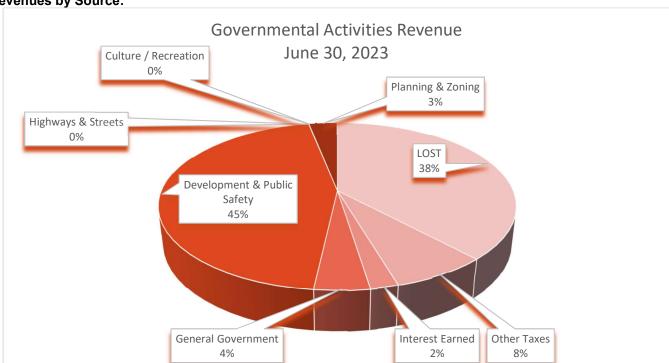
City of Dawsonville's Net Position

	Total 6/30/2023	Total 6/30/2022	Govt'l Activities 6/30/2023	Govt'I Activities 6/30/2022	Business Type Activities 6/30/2023	Business Type Activities 6/30/2022
Current assets	\$ 10,743,076	\$ 9,920,308	\$ 5,553,076	\$ 5,539,015	\$ 5,190,000	\$ 4,381,293
Capital assets	22,604,774	21,972,543	11,497,707	10,668,340	11,107,067	11,304,203
Total assets	33,347,850	31,892,851	17,050,783	16,207,355	16,297,067	15,685,496
Deferred outflows of resources	188,077	91,374	136,572	65,364	51,505	26,010
Other current liabilities	766,481	998,597	103,235	425,804	663,246	572,793
Long-term obligations	4,018,034	4,122,120	351,231	174,332	3,666,803	3,947,788
Total liabilities	4,784,515	5,120,717	454,466	600,136	4,330,049	4,520,581
Deferred inflows of resources		106,885		76,460		30,425
Net position:						
Net investment in capital assets	18,669,999	17,685,226	11,457,957	10,619,590	7,212,042	7,065,636
Restricted for cemetery	229,751	227,097	229,751	227,097	-	-
Restricted for tourism	1,617	652	1,617	652	-	-
Restricted for capital projects	2,058,680	1,682,277	2,058,680	1,682,277	-	-
Restricted for DDA	9,942	39,468	9,942	39,468	-	-
Unrestricted	7,781,423	7,121,903	2,974,942	3,027,039	4,806,481	4,094,864
Total net position	\$ 28,751,412	\$26,756,623	\$ 16,732,889	\$ 15,596,123	\$12,018,523	\$11,160,500

City of Dawsonville's Changes in Net Position (continued)

	Total 6/30/2023	Total 6/30/2022	Govt'l Activities 6/30/2023	Govt'l Activities 6/30/2022	Business Type Activities 6/30/2023	Business Type Activities 6/30/2022
Revenues:						
Program revenues:						
Charges for services	\$ 3,543,883	\$ 2,690,800	\$ 318,243	\$ 280,786	\$ 3,225,640	\$ 2,410,014
Operating grants & contributions	2,425	31,050	2,425	31,050	-	-
Capital grants & contributions	2,461,995	2,076,714	2,223,245	1,972,464	238,750	104,250
General revenues:						
Taxes	2,200,966	2,298,327	2,200,966	2,298,327	-	-
Interest	201,812	8,705	103,982	6,301	97,830	2,404
Total Revenues	8,411,081	7,105,596	4,848,861	4,588,928	3,562,220	2,516,668
Expenses:						
General government	2,214,051	1,320,221	2,214,051	1,320,221	-	-
Public safety	100	100	100	100	-	=
Public w orks	661,036	692,702	661,036	692,702	-	=
Culture/recreation	178,833	156,235	178,833	156,235	-	-
Planning and zoning	452,196	406,577	452,196	406,577	-	=
Development	205,879	24,592	205,879	24,592	-	-
Interest on long-term debt	80,055	81,198	-	-	80,055	81,198
Water and sew er	2,624,142	2,309,042			2,624,142	2,309,042
Total Expense	6,416,292	4,990,667	3,712,095	2,600,427	2,704,197	2,390,240
Increase in net position						
before transfers	1,994,789	2,114,929	1,136,766	1,988,501	858,023	126,428
Transfers						
Change in net position	1,994,789	2,114,929	1,136,766	1,988,501	858,023	126,428
Net position - beginning of year	26,756,623	24,641,694	15,596,123	13,607,622	11,160,500	11,034,072
Net position - ending of year	\$ 28,751,412	\$ 26,756,623	\$ 16,732,889	\$ 15,596,123	\$12,018,523	\$ 11,160,500
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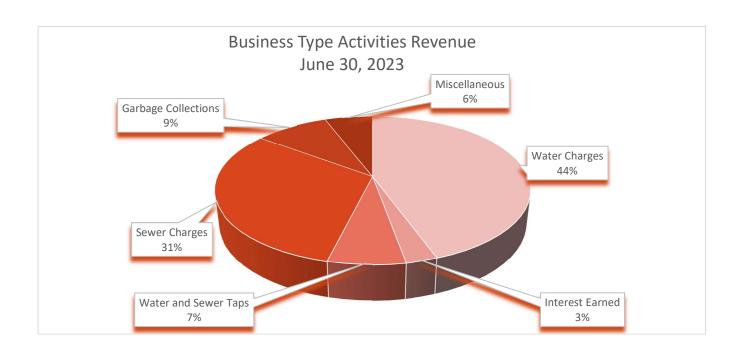
Revenues by Source:



For fiscal year 2023, total revenues for governmental activities increased by 5.66 % compared to fiscal year 2022. The general and SPLOST funds are the two governmental funds which have received the most financial impact during the year in. Taxes received in the general fund primarily consisted of sales tax increases (Local Option Sales Taxes, "LOST") which has increased slightly over \$ 341,000 from the prior year. The increase is due to additional nearby retail establishments available to consumers, and growth in area population driven by available jobs and flexible working conditions. Taxes are assessed based on the population residing within the City, which have increased from the prior year.

The SPLOST Fund was impacted primarily from sales taxes received under the intergovernmental agreements with Dawson County, and the continued progress of projects within SPLOST VI and VII referendums. Project budgets are designed to be consistent with revenue streams structed within the agreement as well as reasonable timelines that can be accomplished. This generally results in an increased fund balance until the tax collection period under the referendum ends and project completion occurs.

In addition to taxes, both the general and SPLOST funds increased interest earned by nearly \$ 100,000 in total from the prior year. This is due to interest rate changes offered by banking institutions.

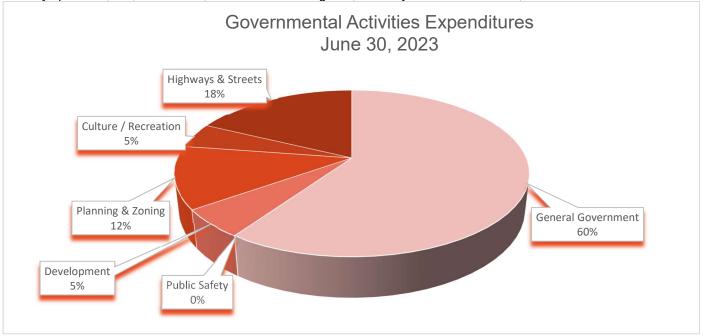


For fiscal year 2023, total revenues for business-type activities increased by 27% compared to fiscal year 2022 due to an increase of water/sewer tap fees over the prior year, water/sewer and garbage charges due to new citizen accounts, and environmental compliance charges associated with Gold Creek Foods.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

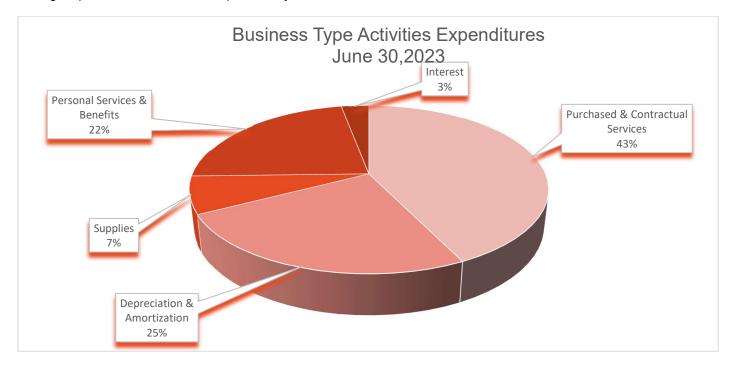
Changes from the City's General Fund original budget to the final budget are detailed in the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual along with a comparison to actual activity for the year ended June 30, 2023. Fiscal management and expenditure control helped keep the budget in balance.

General Fund revenues of \$ 3,178,906 were greater than budgeted revenues of \$ 3,170,725 for the year ended June 30, 2023. General Fund expenditures were less than budgeted. With total appropriations of \$ 3,170,725 the City actually spent \$ 3,192,773 or \$ 22,048 more than budgeted, for the year ended June 30, 2023.



Expenditures by Function:

For fiscal year 2023, total expenditures for governmental activities increased 42.75% compared to fiscal year 2022 due to wages, professional fees, and capital outlay.



For fiscal year 2023, total expenditures increased 13.14% for business-type activities compared to fiscal year 2022 due to additional depreciation expense for construction projects placed in service, increase wages, repairs and maintenance, and increase in technical and contracted services.

The City was very fortunate during the past fiscal years because they were able to adapt to the constraints of COVID-19 across all funds, maintain activities such as planning and zoning, permits, water/sewer, etc. In doing so, the City was only minimally affected during the previous fiscal years and were able to fully continue operations during this fiscal year and meet the demands of the citizens.

ECONOMIC FACTORS

The issues facing the national and state economies correlate with the City's local economy. Currently the State of Georgia, especially the Northeast Region, is experiencing a significant economic growth period. This is attributed to the increased film production activity and corporate distribution/manufacturing facilities that are conducting business within the surrounding region. The increased activities have created a greater demand for housing. Therefore, the City has seen a significant increase in requests for permits and local licensing for both new homes and commercial building construction. In addition, this has increased the needs for additional water and sewer systems, as well as general government services. The increase in demand for services will also provide increased revenues for the City. The City plans to maintain a conservative fiscal position, while increasing services, during the economic growth period.

CAPITAL ASSETS

As of June 30, 2023, and 2022 the City had \$ 35,050,533 and \$ 33,235,174 invested in a variety of capital assets, as in the schedule below. Adjustments for depreciation are \$ 1,183,129 and \$ 1,003,899 for the years ending June 30, 2023 and 2022. Adjustments for accumulated depreciation are \$ 12,445,760 and \$ 11,262,631 for the years ending June 30, 2023 and 2022. Further detail on capital assets is provided in the notes to the financial statements, Note 2E.

City of Dawsonville's Capital Assets

	Total 6/30/2023	 Total 6/30/2022	 Govt'l Activities 6/30/2023	Govt'I Activities 6/30/2022	Business Type Activities 6/30/2023	Business Type Activities 6/30/2022
Land	\$ 5,263,342	\$ 4,358,989	\$ 2,084,047	\$ 1,179,694	\$ 3,179,295	\$ 3,179,295
Artifacts	49,751	49,751	49,751	49,751	-	-
Construction in progress	372,992	362,261	50,597	362,261	322,395	-
Buildings	5,418,143	4,965,416	5,159,296	4,706,569	258,847	258,847
Improvements	46,384	32,825	46,384	32,825	-	-
Vehicles	339,400	243,979	339,400	243,979	-	-
Equipment	1,067,803	849,472	311,664	241,325	756,139	608,147
Infrastructure	7,403,348	7,283,111	7,403,348	7,283,111	-	-
Water and Sew er System	14,155,247	14,155,247	-	-	14,155,247	14,155,247
Sew er Treatment Plant	934,123	 934,123	 	 -	934,123	 934,123
Total	\$ 35,050,533	\$ 33,235,174	\$ 15,444,487	\$ 14,099,515	\$ 19,606,046	\$ 19,135,659

The following reconciliation summarizes the change in Capital Assets:

						Business	Business
	T-4-1	T-4-1		Govt'l	Govt'l	Type	Type
	Total	Total		Activities	Activities	Activities	Activities
	6/30/2022	 6/30/2021	-	6/30/2022	 6/30/2021	6/30/2022	6/30/2021
Beginning Balance:	\$ 33,235,174	\$ 31,820,487	\$	14,099,515	\$ 12,825,991	\$ 19,135,659	\$ 18,994,496
Additions:							
Land	904,353	107,300		904,353	107,300	-	-
Construction in Progress	372,990	313,198		50,595	313,198	322,395	-
Buildings	452,727	70,293		452,727	70,293	-	-
Vehicles	95,421	-		95,421	-	-	-
Equipment	218,331	66,100		70,339	28,632	147,992	37,468
Infrastructure	133,796	4,209,516		133,796	4,209,516	-	-
Water and Sew er System	-	458,018		-	-	-	458,018
Sew er treatment plant	-	-		-	-	-	-
Dispositions:							
Construction in Progress	(362,259)	(3,781,743)		(362,259)	(3,455,415)	-	(326,328)
Vehicles		 (27,995)			 		 (27,995)
Total	\$ 35,050,533	\$ 33,235,174	\$	15,444,487	\$ 14,099,515	\$ 19,606,046	\$ 19,135,659

LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

As of year-end, the City had \$ 3,576,073 in debt (bonds, notes, etc.) outstanding compared to \$ 3,943,775 prior year. The components which had an impact on the City's overall debt are shown below:

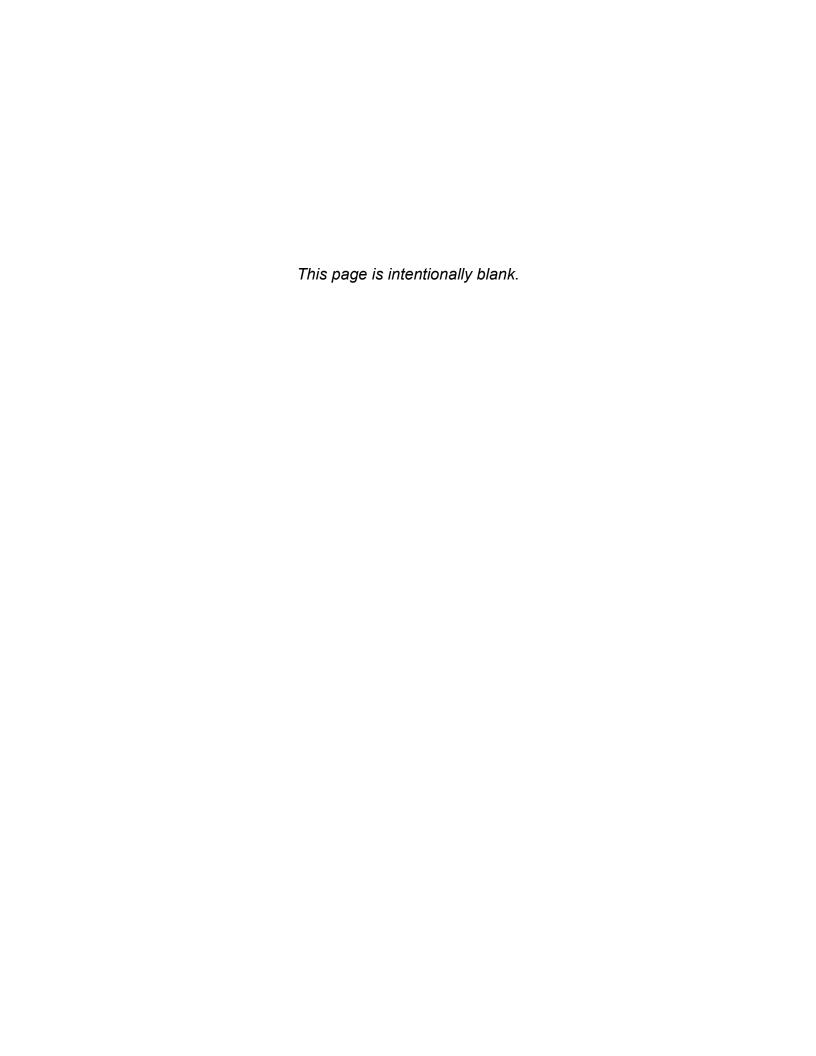
- The City acquired land of the Farmer's market. The agreement will mature on December 1, 2027. The remaining balance is \$ 39,750 as of June 30, 2023.
- The Downtown Development Authority issued Series 2019 Revenue Bonds in the amount of \$ 3,735,000 for the redemption (refinancing) of the Series 2014 Revenue Bonds. The \$ 3,735,000 was used for \$ 120,000 bond issuance costs and \$ 3,615,000 paid the balance of the Series 2014 Bonds. The interest rates on the Series 2019 Revenue Bonds is 1.90% and matures on February 1, 2033 the same as the Series 2014 Revenue Bonds. The projected gross savings for refinancing the Series 2014 Bonds is \$ 217,839 through maturity.

Further detail on the City's outstanding debt is provided in the notes to the financial statements, Note 2E.

REQUEST FOR FINANCIAL INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City of Dawsonville's finances for all of Dawsonville's residents, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors. This financial report seeks to demonstrate the City's accountability for the money it receives. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report, or requests for additional information should be addressed to the City Clerk, c/o City of Dawsonville, P. O. Box 6, Dawsonville, Georgia 30534.

FINANCIAL SECTION Basic Financial Statements



CITY OF DAWSONVILLE, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2023

	Primary Government			
	Governmental	_		
	Activities	Activities	Total	
ASSETS				
Current assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,950,501	\$ 4,119,259	\$ 7,069,760	
Accounts receivable	436,365	797,413	1,233,778	
Internal balances	(17,872)	18,301	429	
Prepaid items	80,698	53,392	134,090	
Restricted assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	2,103,384	201,635	2,305,019	
Total current assets	5,553,076	5,190,000	10,743,076	
Non-current assets				
Capital assets, non-depreciable				
Land	2,084,047	3,179,295	5,263,342	
Construction in progress	50,597	322,395	372,992	
Artifacts	49,751	-	49,751	
Capital assets, depreciable (net of depreciation)	9,313,312	7,605,377	16,918,689	
Total non-current assets	11,497,707	11,107,067	22,604,774	
TOTAL ASSETS	17,050,783	16,297,067	33,347,850	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Retirement contributions	136,572	51,505	188,077	
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS				
OF RESOURCES	\$ 17,187,355	\$ 16,348,572	\$ 33,535,927	

CITY OF DAWSONVILLE, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2023

	Primary Government			
	Governmental	Business-Type	_	
	Activities	Activities	Total	
LIABILITIES				
Current liabilities				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 94,235	\$ 112,171	\$ 206,406	
Current portion, notes payable	9,000	349,703	358,703	
Customer deposits payable from restricted assets	-	201,372	201,372	
Unearned revenue				
Total current liabilities	103,235	663,246	766,481	
Long-term liabilities				
Compensated absences (due within one year)	65,496	25,319	90,815	
Long-term debt, notes payable	30,750	3,545,322	3,576,072	
Net pension liability	254,985	96,162	351,147	
Total long-term liabilities	351,231	3,666,803	4,018,034	
Total liabilities	454,466	4,330,049	4,784,515	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Retirement adjustments		<u> </u>		
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets	11,457,957	7,212,042	18,669,999	
Restricted - nonexpendable:				
Cemetery	229,751	-	229,751	
Restricted - expendable:	44.550		44.550	
Development	11,559	-	11,559	
Capital projects	2,058,680	4 000 404	2,058,680	
Unrestricted	2,974,942	4,806,481	7,781,423	
Total net position	16,732,889	12,018,523	28,751,412	
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES,				
AND NET POSITION	\$ 17,187,355	\$ 16,348,572	\$ 33,535,927	

CITY OF DAWSONVILLE, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

		Program Revenues			
		Charges	Operating	Capital Grants	
		for	Grants and	and	
	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT					
Governmental Activities					
General government	\$ 2,214,051	\$ 168,488	\$ -	\$ 36,989	
Public safety	100	-	-	-	
Public works	661,036	-	-	2,186,256	
Culture/recreation	178,833	-	-	-	
Planning and zoning	452,196	149,755	-	-	
Development	205,879	-	2,425	-	
Interest on long term debt	-	-	-	-	
Total Government Activities	3,712,095	318,243	2,425	2,223,245	
Business-Type Activities					
Water, sewer and garbage	2,704,197	3,225,640	<u> </u>	238,750	
Total Business-Type Activities	2,704,197	3,225,640		238,750	
Total-Primary Government	\$ 6,416,292	\$ 3,543,883	\$ 2,425	\$ 2,461,995	

GENERAL REVENUES:

Taxes Sales

Alcoholic Beverage

Franchise

Other

Interest earned

Total general revenues and transfers

Change in net position

NET POSITION - beginning

NET POSITION - end of year

CITY OF DAWSONVILLE, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Net (Expense) Revenue and	Changes in	Net Position

Primary Government					
G	overnmental	Business-Type			
Activities		Activities	Total		
\$	(2,008,574)	\$ -	\$ (2,008,574		
	(100)	-	(100		
	1,525,220	-	1,525,220		
	(178,833)	-	(178,833		
	(302,441)	-	(302,441		
	(203,454)	-	(203,454		
			<u> </u>		
	(1,168,182)		(1,168,182		
	_	760,193	760,193		
		700,100	700,100		
		760,193	760,193		
	(1,168,182)	760,193	(407,989		
	1,843,021	_	1,843,021		
	114,385	_	114,385		
	243,560	_	243,560		
		_			
	103,982	97,830	201,812		
	2,304,948	97,830	2,402,778		
	1,136,766	858,023	1,994,789		
	15,596,123	11,160,500	26,756,623		
\$	16,732,889	\$ 12,018,523	\$ 28,751,412		

CITY OF DAWSONVILLE, GEORGIA BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2023

	General	SPLOST	ARPA	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables (net):	\$ 2,950,501	\$ -	-	-	\$ 2,950,501
Intergovernmental receivable	219,410	194,989	-	666	415,065
Other receivable	21,300	· -	-	-	21,300
Due from other funds	430	-	-	2,903	3,333
Prepaid items	80,698	-	-	-	80,698
Restricted assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents		1,863,451	240	239,693	2,103,384
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 3,272,339	\$ 2,058,440	\$ 240	\$ 243,262	\$ 5,574,281
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable	\$ 77,834	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,952	\$ 79,786
Salaries payable	14,449	-	-	-	14,449
Deposits payable	-	-	-	-	-
Unearned revenue	-	-	-	-	-
Due to other funds	21,205			<u> </u>	21,205
Total liabilities	113,488			1,952	115,440
FUND BALANCE					
Restricted non-spendable:					
Prepaid items	80,698	-	-	-	80,698
Permanent funds			-	229,751	229,751
Restricted spendable:					
Special revenue funds	-	-		11,559	11,559
Capital outlay	-	2,058,440	240	-	2,058,680
Unassigned:	3,078,153			<u> </u>	3,078,153
Total Fund Balances	3,158,851	2,058,440	240	241,310	5,458,841
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	\$ 3,272,339	\$ 2,058,440	\$ 240	\$ 243,262	\$ 5,574,281

CITY OF DAWSONVILLE, GEORGIA RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2023

TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES		\$ 5,458,841
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial		
resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		
Cost	\$ 15,444,488	
Accumulated depreciation	(3,946,781)	
Total capital assets, net depreciation		11,497,707
Certain liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds.		
Compensated absences payable	(65,496)	
Notes payable	(39,750)	
Net pension liability	(254,985)	
Total liabilities	<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>	(360,231)
Retirement adjustments due to implementation of GASB # 68		
Deferred outflows of resources	136,572	
Deferred inflows of resources	-	
		136,572
NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES		\$ 16,732,889

CITY OF DAWSONVILLE, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	General	SPLOST	ARPA	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES					
Taxes	\$ 2,753,952	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 8,293	\$ 2,762,245
Charges for services	53,351	-	-	34,260	87,611
Intergovernmental	36,989	1,250,410	901,114	-	2,188,513
Licenses and permits	149,755	-	-	-	149,755
Fines and forfeitures	6,950	-	-	-	6,950
Contributions and donations	-	<u>-</u>	-	2,425	2,425
Interest earned	103,982	34,732	-	2,826	141,540
Rental income	73,927	-			73,927
Total Revenues	3,178,906	1,285,142	901,114	47,804	5,412,966
EXPENDITURES					
Current operating:					
General government	1,860,299	-	-	-	1,860,299
Public safety	100	-	-	-	100
Public works	695,155	-	-	34,432	729,587
Culture/recreation	173,023	-	-	-	173,023
Planning and zoning	452,196	-	-	-	452,196
Development services	12,000	-	-	39,279	51,279
Capital outlay	-	939,133	901,191	-	1,840,324
Debt service		9,000			9,000
Total Expenditures	3,192,773	948,133	901,191	73,711	5,115,808
EXCESS REVENUES (EXPENDITURES)	(13,867)	337,009	(77)	(25,907)	297,158
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers in (out)		39,471			39,471
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(13,867)	376,480	(77)	(25,907)	336,629
FUND BALANCES - beginning of year	3,172,719	1,681,960	317	267,217	5,122,213
FUND BALANCES - end of year	\$ 3,158,852	\$ 2,058,440	\$ 240	\$ 241,310	\$ 5,458,842

CITY OF DAWSONVILLE, GEORGIA RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS		\$ 336,629
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay exceeds depreciation expense in the current period.		
Depreciation expense Capital outlay reported in general government function	\$ (515,606) 1,344,973	829,367
Governmental funds include the cost of principal debt reduction as an expenditure which is not included in the statement of activities.		9,000
Governmental funds do not include the expense of compensated absences liabilities, which are reflected in the statement of net position.		
Current year liability - compensated absences Prior year liability - compensated absences	(65,496) 56,377	(9,119)
Governmental funds do not include the expense of pension contributions.		
Pension contributions Change in net pension liability	147,669 (176,780)	(29,111)
CHANGE IN NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES		\$ 1,136,766

CITY OF DAWSONVILLE, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION WATER, SEWER, AND GARBAGE PROPRIETARY FUND June 30, 2023

	Total Water, Sewer, & Garbage Fund
ASSETS	
Current assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 4,119,259
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectible)	797,413
Prepaid expense	53,392
Due from general fund	18,301
Restricted assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents	201,635
Total current assets	5,190,000
Non-current assets:	
Capital assets:	
Nondepreciable capital assets	3,179,295
Construction in progress	322,395
Depreciable capital assets, net	7,605,377
Total non-current assets	11,107,067
TOTAL ASSETS	16,297,067
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Retirement contributions	51,505_
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS	
OF RESOURCES	\$ 16,348,572

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

CITY OF DAWSONVILLE, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION WATER, SEWER, AND GARBAGE PROPRIETARY FUND June 30, 2023

	Total Water, Sewer, & Garbage Fund			
LIABILITIES				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$	75,238		
Accrued expenses		36,933		
Due to general fund				
Current portion of long-term debt		349,703		
Customer deposits - payable from restricted assets		201,372		
Total current liabilities		663,246		
Long-term liabilities:				
Compensated absences (due within one year)		25,319		
Long-term debt (net of current portion)	3,	,545,322		
Net pension liability		96,162		
Total long-term liabilities	3	,666,803		
TOTAL LIABILITIES	4	,330,049		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Retirement adjustments				
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets	7.	,212,042		
Unrestricted	4	,806,481		
TOTAL NET POSITION	12	,018,523		
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND NET POSITION	\$ 16	,348,572		

CITY OF DAWSONVILLE, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION WATER, SEWER, AND GARBAGE PROPRIETARY FUND

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Total Water Sewer, & Garb Fund		
		_	
OPERATING REVENUES			
Charges for services	\$	3,017,258	
Miscellaneous		208,382	
Total operating revenues		3,225,640	
OPERATING EXPENSES			
Personnel services and benefits		607,390	
Purchased and contractual services		1,155,117	
Supplies		194,112	
Depreciation		667,523	
Total operating expenses		2,624,142	
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)		601,498	
NON-OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)			
Interest and other fiscal charges		(80,055)	
Interest earned		97,830	
Total non-operating income (loss)		17,775	
CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS			
Tap connection fees and other		238,750	
Total capital contributions		238,750	
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		858,023	
NET POSITION - beginning of year		11,160,500	
NET POSITION - end of year	\$	12,018,523	

CITY OF DAWSONVILLE, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS WATER, SEWER, AND GARBAGE PROPRIETARY FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Total Water, Sewer, & Garbage Fund
Cash flows from operating activities:	
Cash receipts from customers	\$ 2,381,573
Cash receipts from other operating sources	208,382
Cash payments for goods and services	(1,414,719)
Cash payments to employees for services and benefits	(584,162)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	591,074
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:	
Acquisition, construction and disposal of capital assets, net	(470,388)
Proceeds from tap fees	238,750
Principal paid on debt	(343,542)
Interest paid on debt	(80,055)
Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities	(655,235)
Cash Flows from investing activities:	
Interest received	97,830
Net cash provided by investing activities	97,830
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	33,669
Cash and equivalents - beginning of year	4,287,225
Cash and equivalents - end of year	\$ 4,320,894

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

CITY OF DAWSONVILLE, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (CONT'D) WATER, SEWER, AND GARBAGE PROPRIETARY FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	otal Water, er, & Garbage Fund
Reconciliation of operating gain (loss) to net cash provided	
by (used in) operating activities:	
Operating income	\$ 601,498
Adjustments	
Depreciation	667,523
(Increase) decrease in assets and deferred outflows of resources	
Accounts receivable	(648,407)
Prepaid expense	(21,074)
Due from general fund	12,964
Deferred outflows	(25,495)
Increase (decrease) in liabilities and deferred inflows of resources	
Accounts payable	52,017
Customer deposits	12,722
Accrued expenses	19,554
Accrued interest payable	-
Compensated absences payable	3,675
Due to general fund	(118,521)
Deferred inflows	(30,425)
Net pension liability	 65,043
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES:	\$ 591,074
Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 4,119,259
Cash and cash equivalents - restricted	 201,635
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$ 4,320,894

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

Note 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Narrative Profile

The financial statements of the City of Dawsonville, Georgia ("the City") have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") as applicable to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The City's significant accounting policies are described below.

B. Financial Reporting Entity

The City of Dawsonville, Georgia, was incorporated in 1859 and operates under the elected Mayor and City Council form of government. The City provides the following services to its citizens: the general government, public safety, public works, culture and recreation, planning and zoning, and housing and development services, including tourism. In addition, the City operates public utilities (water, sewer, and garbage) for most areas incorporated within the City limits as well as some immediate surrounding areas.

As required by the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States, the financial statements of the financial reporting entity present the City as the primary form of government and its component units (entities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable).

Blended Component Unit:

Dawsonville Downtown Development Authority

The Dawsonville Downtown Development Authority (the "Authority") began in 1996 when the Mayor and City Council of Dawsonville approved the obligation of the City to the Dawsonville Downtown Development Authority for the revitalization and redevelopment of the central business district for Dawsonville. As required by the Official Code of Georgia Annotated (O.C.G.A.) Section 36-42-4, the Mayor and City Council of Dawsonville selected 7 members to the Board of Directors for the Authority. The directors, according to law, are to be appointed by the City Council and should consist of the following: 2 directors for a term of 2 years each, 2 directors for a term of 4 years each, and 3 directors for a term of 6 years each. In addition, appointed directors may also be elected City Council officials serving concurrently.

The Dawsonville Downtown Development Authority serves the City solely and receives substantially all its revenues from the City. Because the Authority cannot stand alone without the support of the City and all members of its Board of Directors are appointed by the City Council, it is considered a blended component unit to the City. The Authority is a separate legal entity, therefore, the financial position, sources of revenues, and uses of resources of the Authority are presented as a special revenue fund in the City's financial statements. The financial statements for the Dawsonville Downtown Development Authority can be obtained at the following address:

Dawsonville Municipal Complex 415 Highway 53 East Dawsonville, GA 30534

C. Basic Financial Statements

The basic financial statements include both government-wide (based on the City as a whole) and fund financial statements. Fiduciary activities are not included at the government-wide reporting level. The focus of the reporting model is on either the City as a whole or major individual funds (within the fund financial statements). Both the government-wide and fund financial statements categorize activities as either governmental activities or business-type activities. In the government-wide Statement of Net Position, both the governmental and business-type activities columns (a) are presented on a consolidated basis by column and (b) are reflected, on a full accrual, economic resource basis, which incorporates long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations.

Note 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

C. Basic Financial Statements (cont'd)

The government-wide Statement of Activities reflects both the gross and net cost per functional category (public safety, public works, etc.), which are otherwise being supported by general government revenues (property, sales and use taxes, certain intergovernmental revenues, fines, permits and charges, etc.). The Statement of Activities reduces gross expenses (including depreciation) by related program revenues, operating and capital grants. The program revenues must be directly associated with the function or a business-type activity. Program revenues include revenues from licenses and permits fees, service assessments, and charges for services. The operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants while the capital grants column reflects capital-specific grants. The net cost (by function or business-type activity) is normally covered by general revenue (sales or use taxes, intergovernmental revenues, interest income, etc.).

This government-wide focus is more on the substantiality of the City as an entity and the change in aggregate financial position resulting from the activities of the fiscal period. The flow of economic resources measurement focus is used for both government-wide financial statements.

The fund financial statements are, in substance, very similar to the financial statements presented government-wide focus. However, emphasis is on the major funds in either the governmental or business-type categories. Non-major funds (by category or fund type) are summarized into a single column.

Unless an internal service fund is combined with the business-type activities (deemed to be an infrequent event), totals on the proprietary fund statements should directly reconcile to the business-type activity column presented in the government-wide statements.

The governmental funds major fund statements in the fund financial statements are presented on a current financial resource and modified accrual basis of accounting. This is the way these funds are normally budgeted. This presentation is deemed most appropriate to (a) demonstrate legal and covenant compliance, (b) demonstrate the source and use of liquid resources, and (c) demonstrate how the City's actual experience conforms to the budget or fiscal plan. Since the governmental fund statements are presented on a different measurement focus and basis of accounting than the government-wide statements governmental column, reconciliation is presented either on the fund statement or on the page following each statement which briefly explains the adjustment necessary to transform the fund based financial statements into the governmental column of the government-wide presentation.

The focus of the current financial resources model is on the City as a whole and the fund financial statements, including the major individual funds of the governmental and business-type categories. Each presentation provides valuable information that can be analyzed and compared (between years and between governments) to enhance the usefulness of the information.

D. Basis of Presentation

The financial transactions of the City are recorded in individual funds. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, reserves, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures/ expenses. The various funds are reported by generic classification within the financial statements.

The model as defined in GASB Statement No. 34 establishes criteria (percentage of the assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of either fund category or the governmental and enterprise combined) for the determination of major funds. The non-major funds are combined in a single column in the fund financial statements. The City reports the following major funds:

Governmental Fund: The General Fund is the general operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Note 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

D. Basis of Presentation (cont'd)

Capital Projects Fund: The Capital Projects Fund consists of the Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax ("SPLOST") fund which is used to account for the receipt and expenditures related to capital construction projects using SPLOST funds collected.

Special Revenue Fund: The American Rescue Act, Local Fiscal Recovery ("ARPA") fund is used for grant revenues and contributions received through the Coronavirus Economic Stimulus Bill.

Proprietary Funds: The Water, Sewer, and Garbage Fund is an enterprise fund. It is for the operation of the City's water and sewer utility and garbage collection service. Activities of the fund include administration, operation, and maintenance of the water and sewer system, garbage collection and disposal system, as well as billing and collection activities. The Fund also accounts for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, long-term debt principal and interest for revenue bonds and obligations under capital leases when due throughout the year. All costs are financed through charges made to utility customers with rates reviewed regularly and adjusted if necessary to ensure longevity of the Fund.

1. Non-Major Governmental Funds

Special Revenue Funds: This includes the Hotel-Motel Tax Fund which is used to account for the receipt of hotel-motel tax revenues. These funds are used to support tourism. This also includes DDA Fund that is used to support housing and development. The special revenue funds are represented together as "development services" in the basic financial statements but separated for analysis in some supplementary schedules. The City legally adopts an annual balanced budget for the special revenue funds.

Permanent Fund: The City reports one Permanent Fund for the cemetery. Permanent Funds account for resources that are legally restricted to allow the earnings (and not the principle) to be used to support the governments programs, such as cemeteries, libraries, parks, and scholarships. The City legally adopts an annual balanced budget for the cemetery fund.

2. Non-Current Governmental Assets/Liabilities

E. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to the point at which revenues or expenditures/expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. It relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

The Government-wide Financial Statements and the Proprietary Combining Financial Statements are presented on an accrual basis of accounting. The Governmental Funds in the Fund Financial Statements are presented on a modified accrual basis.

Accrual: Revenues are recognized when earned, and expenses are recognized when incurred.

Modified Accrual: All Governmental Funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual, i.e., both measurable and available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined. "Available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period.

The City defines the length of time used for "available" for purposes of revenue recognition in the governmental fund financial statements to be 60 days.

Expenditures are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related liability is incurred. The exception to this general rule is that principal and interest on general obligation long-term debt, if any, is recognized when due.

Note 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

E. Basis of Accounting (cont'd)

The City recognizes sales tax revenue on a modified accrual basis. Intergovernmental grant revenues, entitlements, and contributions are recognized in the year in which all eligibility requirements are met. In applying the "susceptible to accrual" concept to intergovernmental revenues pursuant to GASB Statement No. 33, the provider should recognize liabilities and expenses and the recipient should recognize receivables and revenue when the applicable eligibility requirements, including time requirements, are met. Resources transmitted before the eligibility requirements are met should, under most circumstances, be reported as advances by the provider and as deferred revenue by the recipient.

Proprietary Funds, which employ the economic resources measurement focus, distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing goods and services in connection with the Proprietary Fund's ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the City's Proprietary Funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for Proprietary Funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenue and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses, transfers, or capital contributions.

F. Budgets

The City Council adopts an operating budget for all governmental fund types for the upcoming fiscal year, prior to July 1. The City Council adopts a budget for the SPLOST fund under the adopted referendum and then annually in accordance with other governmental funds as projects are approved throughout the year. The adopted budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. The budget is legally enacted by the passage of a resolution.

The budget process begins each year with a budget priority-setting workshop in which members of the City Council, the Mayor and various departments, indicate the various issues of importance to be considered in the budget. Once the priorities are established, the Finance Director (budget officer) prepares estimates of both the current and proposed fiscal year revenue and expenditures for all funds. All budget estimates are then reviewed by the City Manager, who makes the final decisions regarding the proposed budget. The proposed budget is then presented to the Mayor and City Council during public hearings. These hearings are publicized in the local newspaper at least one week before the first hearing, and the budget document is made available for public inspection during this period. The final proposed budget is then adopted by the City Council on or before June 30 during a regular Council meeting, which is also open to the public.

The level of legal budgetary control (the level at which expenditures may not exceed appropriations) is the function level. Changes may be made within an operating budget from the Finance Director. All operating budget transfers between functions must be approved by the City Manager. Individual fund total budget adjustments must be approved by the City Council. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the yaer.

Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) at the legal level of budgetary control, which is the function level. Expenditures may not exceed the appropriations by more than 3% within a fund. Budgets, as reported in the financial statements, are as originally passed by and may be subsequently amended by, the Mayor and Council. Reasons for budget amendments may be to reflect changes in the local economy, changes in priorities or service needs, receipt of unbudgeted revenues, non-receipt of anticipated revenues, and for unanticipated expenditures.

G. Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position

1. Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments

For purposes of the Statements, the City considers cash and cash equivalents (including restricted cash and cash equivalents) to be currency on hand and liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased.

Cash and cash equivalents are included in both unrestricted as well as restricted assets.

Note 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

G. Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position (cont'd)

Investments include pooled investments and certificates of deposit (with maturities of three months or greater). Investments and certificates of deposit are reported at fair value.

The City does not maintain an investment policy that limits its investment choices. However, Georgia law authorizes the City to invest under the general provisions of O.C.G.A. Title 36 Chapters 80-98.

2. Inventories

Expendable supplies are recorded as expenditures at the time the items are purchased. The City does not record inventories of supplies at year end due to the lack of materiality. Inventories are recorded at a first-in, first-out basis.

3. Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond June 30, 2023 are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method by recording an asset for the prepaid amount and reflecting the expenditure/expense in the year in which services are consumed. At the fund reporting level, an equal amount of fund balance is reserved as this amount is not available for general appropriation.

4. Restricted Assets

Assets are reported as restricted when limitations on their use change the nature or normal understanding of the availability of the asset. Such constraints are either externally imposed by creditors, contributors, grantors, or laws of other governments, or are imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Restricted assets in the enterprise funds represent cash, cash equivalents, and certificates of deposit set aside for repayment of deposits to utility customers and cash funds required to be maintained by the bond.

5. Property Taxes

The City does not levy property taxes.

6. Capital Assets

General capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities reported in the Proprietary Funds. These assets generally result from expenditures in Governmental Funds. The City reports these assets in the governmental activities column of the Government-wide Statement of Net Position but does not report these assets in the Governmental Fund financial statements. Capital assets utilized by Proprietary Funds are reported both in the business-type activities column of the Government-wide Statement of Net Position and in the Proprietary Fund's Statement of Net Position.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their acquisition values as of the date received. The City maintains a capitalization threshold of \$ 5,000 and a useful life over one year.

The City's infrastructure consists of roads, bridges, and water lines. Improvements to capital assets are capitalized. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are expensed in the period incurred. Interest incurred during the construction of capital assets utilized by the Proprietary Fund is capitalized.

All reported capital assets are depreciated except for land, artifacts, right-of-way's, and construction in progress. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Useful lives for infrastructure were estimated based on the City's historical records of necessary improvements and replacement.

Note 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

G. Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position (cont'd)

6. Capital Assets (cont'd)

Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method for all real property and primarily straight line with other methods used periodically for equipment over the following useful lives:

Description	Governmental Activities scription Estimated Lives			
Building and Improvements	20-50 years	20-50 years		
Machinery and Equipment	5-10 years	5-10 years		
Vehicles	5-7 years	5-7 years		
Infrastructure	15-40 years	25-65 years		
Water/Sewer System and Plant	-	25-60 years		

7. Compensated Absences

Employees earn personal leave based on 26 bi-weekly payroll periods per year at the rate of 6 hours per bi-weekly payroll period for the first 5 years of employment, 8 hours per bi-weekly payroll period for 5 to 10 years of continuous service, and 10 hours per bi-weekly payroll period for over 10 years of continuous service. Personal leave cannot be accrued in excess of 240 hours. Employees may be compensated for excess personal leave up to 80 hours per year provided they have banked a minimum of 120 hours of personal leave.

Personal leave benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned, if the employee's rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered, and it is probable that the employer will compensate the employee for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. The total compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements. Proprietary funds report the total compensated liability in each individual fund at the fund reporting level. Governmental funds report the compensated absence liability at the fund reporting level only to the extent they are "due for payment" during the current year.

8. Accrued Liabilities and Long-term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements. In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and paid in full from current financial resources are reported as obligations of these funds. Capital leases are recognized as a liability in the governmental fund financial statements when due.

9. Fund Equity

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 34, Fund Balance Reporting and Government Fund Type Definitions, the City classifies government fund balances as follows:

- Non-spendable includes fund balances that cannot be spent either because it is not in spendable forms
 or because of legal or contractual constraints.
- Restricted includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes which are externally
 imposed by providers, such as creditors or amounts constrained due to constitutional provisions or enabling
 legislation.

Note 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

G. Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position (cont'd)

9. Fund Equity (cont'd)

- Committed includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes that are internally imposed by the Council and do not lapse at year-end.
- Assigned includes fund balance amounts that are intended to be used for specific purposes that are neither considered restricted or committed. Fund balance may be assigned by the Mayor and City Council.
- Unassigned includes positive fund balance with the General Fund which has not been classified within the above-mentioned categories and negative fund balances in other governmental funds.

Minimum Level of Unassigned Fund Balance - The general fund unassigned fund balance will be maintained at a level sufficient to provide for the required resources to meet operating costs, to allow for unforeseen needs of an emergency nature, and to permit orderly adjustment to changes resulting from fluctuations of revenue resources. The City has an informal policy to maintain at least six months of prior year general fund operating and non-operating expenses in the unassigned balance of the general fund.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available, it is the City's policy to use restricted/committed resources first, unless there are legal conditions that prohibit doing so, then unrestricted resources as they are needed. The City will consider committed resources first, assigned resources second, and unassigned resources last when an expenditure is incurred for purposes in which any of those unassigned balances could be used.

10. Operating and Non-Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary funds. For the City, these revenues are charges for services for water, sewer and garbage. Non-operating revenues and expenses consist of those revenues and expenses that are related to financing and investing type of activities and result from non-exchange transactions or ancillary activities. Operating expenses are necessary costs incurred to provide the good or service that are the primary activity of each fund.

The water, sewer and garbage fund recognizes the portion of tap fees intended to recover current costs (e.g. labor and materials to hook up new customers) as operating revenue. The portion intended to recover the costs of the infrastructure is recognized as non-operating revenue or capital contributions. Operating expenses for the proprietary funds include the costs of sales and service, depreciation on capital assets, and personnel services and benefits. All revenue and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenue and expenses or capital contributions and transfers.

11. Program Revenues

Program revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the governmental funds. These consist of licenses, permits, inspections, rental income, cemetery lot sales, fire protection service, and grants.

12. Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after non-operating revenues/expenses section in proprietary funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

Transfers between governmental and business-type activities on the government-wide statement of activities are reported as general revenues. Transfers between funds reported in the governmental activities column are eliminated. Transfers between funds reported in the business-type activities column are eliminated.

Note 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

G. Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position (cont'd)

13. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

14. Net Investment in Capital Assets

The "net investment in capital assets" reported on the government-wide statement of net position as of June 30, 2023 are as follows:

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities
Net investment in capital assets:		
Cost of capital assets	\$ 15,444,488	\$ 19,606,046
Accumulated depreciation	(3,946,781)	(8,498,979)
Book value	11,497,707	11,107,067
Capital related debt	(39,750)	(3,895,026)
Total net investment in capital assets	\$ 11,457,957	\$ 7,212,041

15. Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

16. New Accounting Pronouncement

During the prior fiscal year, the City implemented GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*, effective for period beginning after June 15, 2021, with early implantation allowable. This statement establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundation principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. There was no material effect on the City's financial statements with this implementation.

The City evaluated GASB Statement No. 91, *Conduit Debt Obligations*, effective for periods ending December 31, 2022. Through the evaluation, related items were not considered to qualify within the Statement and therefore have no implementation impacts on these financial statements.

The City implemented GASB Statement No. 101, Compensated Absences, effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2023 with early application allowable. This statement allows for a unified recognition and measurement that more appropriately reflects when a government incurs compensated absence liability. There was no material effect on the City's financial statements with the implementation. More information about the City's Compensated absences in Note 2.

NOTE 2 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

A. Deposits and Investments

Credit and Concentration Risk - Investments:

The City maintains investments in Georgia Fund 1, a combined state general fund and local government investment pool managed by the Office of the State Treasurer. Georgia Fund 1, formerly referred to as "LGIP" was established by O.C.G.A. 36-83-8. Georgia Fund 1 operates in a manner consistent with Rule 2a-7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940 and is considered to be a 2a-7 like pool. The pool is not registered with the SEC as an investment company.

The pool's primary objectives are safety of capital, investment income, liquidity and diversification while maintaining principal (\$1.00 per share value). Net asset value is calculated weekly to ensure stability. The pool distributes earnings on a monthly basis and determines participant's shares sold and redeemed based on \$1.00 per share. The Georgia Office of the State Treasurer manages Georgia Fund 1. The investment policies of Georgia Fund 1 are established by the Georgia State Depository Board, which provides regulatory oversight.

The Georgia Fund 1 is rated AAAf rated investment pool by Standard & Poor's. The weighted average maturity at June 30, 2023 was 28 days. Yield is calculated on an actual / 365-day basis, net of 5.5 basis points administrative fee. The City's balance in Georgia Fund 1 at June 30, 2023 was \$ 2,704,400.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits:

The City maintains a formal adopted deposit, investment, and custodial credit risk policy and all deposits at June 30, 2023 were insured or collateralized by pledges held in the City's name in the Georgia Bankers Association, Inc. pledging pool. Public funds are not required to disclose custodial credit risk for external investment pools; therefore, the Georgia Fund 1 is exempt from this requirement.

Interest Rate Risk – Deposits:

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates may adversely affect an investment's fair value. Since the price of a bond fluctuates with market interest rates, the risk an investor faces are that the price of a bond held in a portfolio will decline if market interest rates rise. The portfolio's weighted average maturity (WAM) is a key determinate of the tolerance of a fund's investments to risking interest rates. In general, the longer the WAM, the more susceptible the fund is to rising interest rate. According to GASB Statement 40, an acceptable method for reporting interest rate risk is WAM. WAM is the method used for reporting purposes for Georgia Fund 1.

The City's cash, cash equivalents, and certificates of deposit are restricted for the following purposes:

	6	3/30/2023
Capital projects fund:		_
SPLOST projects	\$	1,863,452
Special Revenue fund:		
DDA		9,942
ARPA		240
Permanent fund:		
Maintenance and care for the cemetery		229,751
Proprietary fund:		
Customer deposits		201,635
Total restricted cash, cash equivalents and certificates of deposit	\$	2,305,020

NOTE 2 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONT'D)

B. Accounts Receivable

Receivables are recorded on the City's financial statements to the extent that the amounts are determined to be material and substantiated not only by supporting documentation, but also by a reasonable, systematic method of determining their existence, completeness, valuation, and in the case of receivables, collectability. All receivables are current and therefore due within one year. The City has estimated an allowance for uncollectible accounts in the current year.

Accounts receivable at June 30, 2023 consist of the following:

	(General Fund		SPLOST Fund		Enterprise Hotel Water, Sewer & Fund Garbage Fund			Total	
Receivables	Φ.	24 200	•	_	ф.		•	1 225 020	Φ.	1 057 000
Billed services Intergovernmental	Ф	21,300 219,410	\$	194,989	\$	666	\$	1,235,928	\$	1,257,228 415,065
Allowance for doubtful accounts				-				(438,515)		(438,515)
Gross receivables	\$	240,710	\$	194,989	\$	666	\$	797,413	\$	1,233,778

C. Interfund Balances and Transfers

Interfund transactions are reflected as loans, services provided reimbursements, or transfers. Loans are reported as receivables and payables, as appropriate-- are subject to elimination upon consolidation and referred to as either "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the government activities and the business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances." Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable government funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not financial resources.

Internal services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures/expenses. Internal services provided are used and therefore not eliminated in the process of consolidation.

Reimbursements are when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund and reduces its related cost as reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers between government or proprietary funds are netted as part of the reconciliation to the government-wide presentation.

The composition of interfund balances as of June 30, 2023 are as follows:

		Paya	_			
	Nonmajor					
		Seneral	Gove	rnmental		
Receivable Fund		Fund		unds		Total
General Fund	\$	-	\$	430	\$	430
Nonmajor Governmental Funds		2,903		-		2,903
Enterprise Water, Sewer &						
Garbage Fund		18,301				18,301
Total	\$	21,204	\$	430	\$	21,634

NOTE 2 – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONT'D)

C. Interfund Balances and Transfers (cont'd)

Transfers from the general fund to the DDA are for operating and development grant purposes. There were no transfers from the general fund to the DDA in the current year. Transfers from the general fund to the SPLOST fund are to fund capital projects. There was a transfer for \$39,471 from the general fund during the year.

D. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2023 was as follows:

	Balance 6/30/2022	Additions	Deductions	Balance 6/30/2023
Governmental activities:	0/30/2022	Additions	Deductions	0/30/2020
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 1,179,694	\$ 904,353	\$ -	\$ 2,084,047
Construction in progress	362,261	50,595	362,259	50,597
Artifacts	49,751			49,751
Total capital assets not being depreciated	1,591,706	954,948	362,259	2,184,395
Depreciable capital assets:				
Buildings	4,706,569	452,727	_	5,159,296
Improvements other than buildings	32,825	13,559	_	46,384
Vehicles	243,979	95,421	-	339,400
Machinery and equipment	241,325	70,339	-	311,664
Infastructure	7,283,111	120,238		7,403,349
Total depreciable capital assets	12,507,809	752,284		13,260,093
Accumulated depreciation:				
Buildings	1,860,513	124,973	-	1,985,486
Improvements other than buildings	25,859	2,326	-	28,185
Vehicles	211,366	24,642	-	236,008
Machinery and equipment	145,256	25,674	-	170,930
Infastructure	1,188,181	337,991		1,526,172
Total accumulated depreciation	3,431,175	515,606		3,946,781
Total depreciable capital assets - net	9,076,634	236,678		9,313,312
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 10,668,340	\$ 1,191,626	\$ 362,259	\$ 11,497,707

NOTE 2 – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONT'D)

D. Capital Assets (cont'd)

	Balance 6/30/2022	 Additions	Deduc	tions	Balance 6/30/2023
Business-type activities:					
Capital assets not being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 3,179,295	\$ _	\$	_	\$ 3,179,295
Construction in progress		 322,395			322,395
Total capital assets not being depreciated	3,179,295	 322,395			3,501,690
Other capital assets:					
Buildings	258,847	-		-	258,847
Machinery and equipment	608,147	147,992		-	756,139
Water and sewer system	14,155,247	-		-	14,155,247
Sewer treatment plant	934,123	 -			934,123
Total other capital assets	15,956,364	 147,992			16,104,356
Accumulated depreciation:					
Buildings	87,395	7,801		-	95,196
Machinery and equipment	530,820	46,866		-	577,686
Water and sewer system	6,624,724	587,125		-	7,211,849
Sewer treatment plant	588,517	 25,731			614,248
Total accumulated depreciation	7,831,456	 667,523			8,498,979
Total depreciable capital assets - net	8,124,908	 (519,531)			7,605,377
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 11,304,203	\$ (197,136)	\$	_	\$ 11,107,067
Depreciation expense was charged to function	as follows:				
General government		\$ 162,988			
Planning and zoning		5,617			
Public works		203,986			
Culture and recreation		 143,015			
Total Governmental activities depreciation exp	ense	\$ 515,606			
Business-type Activities					
Water and sewer		\$ 667,523			

NOTE 2 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONT'D)

E. Retirement Plan

1. Plan Description

The City participates in the Georgia Municipal Employees Benefit System (GMEBS) Retirement Fund, an agent multipleemployer defined benefit plan where contributions made by the City are commingled with contributions made by the other participants of the GMEBS Retirement Fund for investment purposes. The plan periodically issues an overall report to the required agencies. A stand-alone financial report can be obtained at City Hall.

The specific benefit provisions of the City's plan were established by an adoption agreement executed by the City Council. The plan provides for benefits upon retirement, death, disablement, and termination of employment. The plan is affiliated with the Georgia Municipal Employees Benefit System Retirement Fund, an agent multiple-employer pension plan administered by the Georgia Municipal Association (GMA). The City Council retains the authority to amend the adoption agreement, which defines the specific operational provisions of the plan.

Under the provisions of the plan, employees including elected officials are eligible to participate immediately. The pension benefits are fully vested after 5 years in the plan. Elected officials have no vesting schedule. Elected officials may retire at the age of 65, while employees may retire at the age of 70. The benefit rate for employees terminated after December 1, 2004 is 1.5%. Elected officials will receive benefits at a rate of \$ 25 per month for each year of service up to a maximum of 25 years.

2. Funding Policy

The City is required to contribute an actuarially determined amount annually to the plan's trust. The contribution amount is determined using actuarial methods and assumptions approved by the GMEBS plan trustees and intended to satisfy the minimum contribution requirements set forth in controlling State of Georgia Statutes. The policy requires a different funding level than the estimated minimum annual contribution to minimize fluctuation in annual contribution amounts and to accumulate sufficient funds to secure benefits under the plan. Administrative expenses are based on expected total covered payroll of plan members and are added to the annual funding requirement. Funding for the pension liabilities and prior pension liabilities, has been provided through the respective employees' department in the general fund for governmental funds and between the water and sewer departments for the enterprise fund. The required minimum contribution for the year-ended for the plan based on these standards is \$ 87,008 representing 7.97% of the expected payroll of covered employees. The City's contribution is made prior to year-end.

3. Additional Information

At January 1, 2023, the date of the most recent actuarial valuation, the 45 participants (including 5 elected officials) was made up of the following:

Retirees, beneficiaries and disabled participants receiving benefits	6
Vested former participants	13
Active employees participating in the plan	26
Total number of participants	45

Actuarial Assumptions: The City's total pension liability was based on a September 30, 2022 measurement date; the net pension liability was measured as of January 1, 2023.

NOTE 2 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONT'D)

E. Retirement Plan (cont'd)

3. Additional Information (cont'd)

Actuarial valuation determined the total pension liability using assumptions that were applied to all periods included in the measurement. Assumptions were approved by the Plan's Board of Trustees in December 2019 based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2015 through June 30, 2019 conducted in November and December of 2019. The actuarially determined contribution was determined as of January 1, 2023 with an interest adjustment to the fiscal year. Contributions in relation to this actuarially determined contribution will be reported for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2024. These assumptions are as follows:

Inflation	2.250%
Projected salary increases	2.250% plus age and service based merit increases
Net investment rate of return	7.375%
Cost of living adjustments	0.000%
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Amortization method	Closed level dollar for remaining unfunded liability
Remaining amortization method	15 years

Healthy mortality rates were based on the sex-distinct Pri-2012 head-count weighted Healthy Retiree Mortality Table with rates multiplied by 1.25. Disabled participants mortality rates were based on the sex-distinct Pri-2012 head-count weighted Disabled Retiree Mortality Table with rates multiplied by 1.25. Active and terminated participants mortality rates were based on the sex-distinct Pri-2012 head-count weighted Employee Mortality Table.

The long-term expected rate of return was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The difference between the resulting rate and the rate on the ongoing basis is a margin for adverse deviation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of January 1, 2023 are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Domestic equity	45.00%	6.40%
International equity	20.00%	6.80%
Real estate	10.00%	3.90%
Global fixed income	5.00%	0.46%
Domestic fixed income	20.00%	0.40%
Total	100.00%	

Discount Rate. The discount rate used to determine the total pension liability was 7.375%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that City contributions will be made at rate equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all of the projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

NOTE 2 – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONT'D)

E. Retirement Plan (cont'd)

3. Additional Information (cont'd)

Changes in Net Pension Liability

Onanges in Net rension Elability	To	tal Pension Liability (TPL) (a)	iduciary t Position (FNP) (b)	t Pension Liability (NPL) (c)
Balances at September 30, 2021	\$	933,236	\$ 823,912	\$ 109,324
Changes of the year:				
Service cost	\$	56,050	\$ _	\$ 56,050
Interest		71,312	_	71,312
Differences between expected and actual experience		44,733	_	44,733
Contributions - employer		-	77,283	(77,283)
Contributions - employee		-	_	-
Net investment income		-	(137,958)	137,958
Benefits payments, including refunds of employee				
contributions		(44,695)	(44,695)	-
Administrative expense		-	(9,053)	9,053
Other		-	-	-
Net Changes		127,400	(114,423)	241,823
Balances at September 30, 2022	\$	1,060,636	\$ 709,489	\$ 351,147

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

Current											
1%	Decrease	1%	Increase								
(6.375%)	(7	7.375%)	(8.375%)							
\$	493,957	\$	351,147	\$	232,896						

NOTE 2 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONT'D)

E. Retirement Plan (cont'd)

3. Additional Information (cont'd)

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the City recognized government-wide pension expense of \$ 129,444. At June 30, 2023, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

					ln۱	estment		
	Ex	perience	Assun	nption	F	Results		
Year-Ended	Difference		Cha	ange [Difference		Total
2024	\$	29,096	\$	-	\$	18,185	\$	47,281
2025		18,515		-		4,988		23,503
2026		8,947		-		17,517		26,464
2027		8,947		-		39,918		48,865
2028 and Thereafter	_					-		
		65,505				80,608		146,113
Contributions after the mea	asureme	ent date					,	19,547
				Οι	utstandi	ng balance	\$	165,660

The \$ 19,547 of deferred outflows of resources resulting from the City's contributions subsequent to the measurement date of January 1, 2023, will be recognized as a reduction to the pension liability in the subsequent fiscal period rather than the current. The net effect of the deferred outflows and inflows of resources on the net pension liability as of June 30, 2023 is \$ 188,077. Certain amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources will be recognized as pension expense in future years and are as follows:

Year Ending June 30:	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
2024	\$ 91,627	\$ (43,131)
2025	68,741	(43,131)
2026	48,865	(22,401)
2027	48,865	<u> </u>
Total	\$ 258,098	\$ (108,663)

F. Long-Term Obligations

1. Notes Payable (Governmental Activities)

The City entered into a zero-interest agreement that will mature on December 1, 2027 for land acquired for the Farmer's Market. The monthly installments are \$ 750 and paid from the SPLOST fund. The remaining balance is \$ 39,750 as of June 30, 2023.

NOTE 2 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONT'D)

F. Long-Term Obligations (cont'd)

2. Revenue Bonds (Business-type Activities)

On November 1, 2019, the Downtown Development Authority issued Series 2019 Revenue Bonds in the amount of \$3,735,000. The proceeds of these bonds were used to: (a) redemption Series 2014 Bonds and (b) to pay the costs of \$120,000 for issuing the Series 2019 Bonds. The City, as obligor, entered into an Intergovernmental Agreement with the Downtown Development Authority by which the City has agreed to pay the bond debt installments until the full debt is satisfied. The bonds bear an interest rate of 1.90%. The obligation matures on February 1, 2033. The principal balance at June 30, 2021 is \$2,750,000. The City agreed that if necessary, an annual property tax would be levied to cover the cost. The City has not considered this necessary as of June 30, 2023.

3. Drinking Water State Revolving Fund Note Payable (Business-type Activities)

The City maintains two Drinking Water Revolving Fund Loans from Georgia Environmental Finance Authority (GEFA). The funds will be used for Water and Sewer projects. The City pays a monthly administrative fee to GEFA for the loans. Principal payments and accrued interest on the notes shall be payable monthly on the first day of each calendar month. All loans have been fully drawn and are in repayment as of June 30, 2023. GEFA requires the City to maintain a 105% debt service coverage.

The first loan, dated February 18, 2015, offered up to \$1,000,000 in principal with 30% to be forgiven by GEFA. The obligation bears an interest rate of 1.71% and matures on January 1, 2039. The principal balance at June 30, 2023 is \$565,311.

The second loan, dated July 1, 2018, offered up to \$ 569,000 in principal with 30% to be forgiven by GEFA. During the year ending June 30, 2020, GEFA forgave \$22,440 of the loan. The obligation bears an interest rate of 0.5% and matures on January 1, 2029. The principal balance at June 30, 2023 is \$ 239,306.

4. Clean Water State Revolving Fund Note Payable (Business-type Activities)

The City has a note payable dated April 1, 2019 from GEFA to finance the costs of updating the wastewater treatment plant. The clean water loan also requires the City to maintain a 105% debt coverage ratio. The loan had an original balance of \$ 445,000. The obligation bears an interest rate of 2.03% and matures on December 1, 2037. The principal balance at June 30, 2023 is \$ 340,408.

Changes in long-term obligations for the year ended June 30, 2023 are as follows:

Governmental Activities	Balance 6/30/2022	Increases	Decreases	Balance 6/30/2023	Due within One Year
Note Payable	\$ 48,750	\$ -	\$ 9,000	\$ 39,750	\$ 9,000
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 48,750	\$ -	\$ 9,000	\$ 39,750	\$ 9,000
Business-type Activities	Balance 6/30/2022	Increases	Decrease	Balance s 6/30/202	
Revenue Bond Notes Payable	\$ 3,000,000 1,238,567	·	- \$ 250,0 - 93,5	, ,,	
Total Business-type Activities	\$ 4,238,567	7\$	- \$ 343,5	41 \$ 3,895,0	026 \$ 349,703

Decreases for notes payable in the schedule above are a combination of actual principal paid on the notes of \$ 93,541.

NOTE 2 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONT'D)

F. Long-Term Obligations (cont'd)

Debt-service requirements for long-term obligations are as follows for the years ending June 30:

Governmental Activities

	P	Principal		erest	Total		
2024	\$	9,000	\$	_	\$	9,000	
2025	Ψ	9,000	Ψ	-	Ψ	9,000	
2026		9,000		-		9,000	
2027		9,000		-		9,000	
2028		3,750				3,750	
Total	\$	39,750	\$	_	\$	39,750	
		<u> </u>					

Business-type Activities	Revenue Bonds		3	Notes Payable					
	Principal	Inte	rest	Principal		Interest			Total
2024	\$ 255,000	\$	52,250	\$	94,703	\$	17,237	\$	419,190
2025	260,000		47,405		95,883		16,057		419,345
2026	260,000		42,465		97,084		14,857		414,406
2027	265,000		37,525		98,303		13,637		414,465
2028	270,000		32,490		99,543		12,399		414,432
2029 - 2033	1,440,000		86,615		322,926		44,786		1,894,327
2034 - 2038	-		5,700		312,601		16,194		334,495
2039 - 2042	-		-		23,983		137		24,120
Total	\$ 2,750,000	\$ 3	04,450	\$	1,145,026	\$	135,304	\$	4,334,780

Total government-wide, combined obligations including interest for the years ending June 30:

Government-Wide Activities

	F	Principal		Interest			Total
2024	\$	358,703		\$	69,487		\$ 428,190
2025		364,883			63,461		428,344
2026		366,084			57,322		428,344
2027		372,303			51,162		423,406
2028		373,292			44,889		423,465
2029 - 2033		1,762,926			128,401		1,891,327
2034 - 2038		312,602			16,194		328,796
2039 - 2042		23,983			137		24,120
Total	\$	3,934,776		\$	431,053		\$ 4,375,992

The City has no unused lines of credit open and has no assets pledged as collateral for debt. All notes, capital leases, and revenue bonds originated under direct borrowing agreements.

NOTE 2 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONT'D)

F. Long-Term Obligations (cont'd)

5. Compensated Absences (Governmental and Business-type Activities)

Compensated absences are liquidated in the general fund for governmental activities and in the enterprise fund for business-type activities (see Note 1 for a further explanation of compensated absences.) The City has reported 100% of the compensated absence liability as due in one year, as the City projects that most of the employees will use compensated absences earned within one year. Although the full balance is expected to be used within one year, the time earned will continue to replenish throughout the year and therefore the compensated absences remains noncurrent.

Compensated Absences	ted Absences Balance				Е	Balance	Dι	ıe within
	6/30/2022		Net Change		6/	30/2023	One Year	
Government-Wide Activities	\$	56,376	\$	9,120	\$	65,496	\$	65,496
Business-Type Activities		21,644		3,675		25,319		25,319
Total Activity	\$	78,020	\$	12,795	\$	90,815	\$	90,815

G. Restricted Equity and Fund Balances

Fund balances at June 30, 2023 consist of the following for the governmental funds:

					Gov	Other vernmental	Go	Total vernmental	
	General		SPLOST			Funds		Funds	
Restricted non-spendable:									
Prepaid items	\$	80,698	\$	-	\$	-	\$	80,698	
Cemetery		-		-		229,751		229,751	
Restricted spendable:									
SPLOST		-	2,	058,440		-		2,058,440	
ARPA						240		240	
Hotel/motel		-		-		1,617		1,617	
DDA		-		-		9,942		9,942	
Unassigned:		3,078,153						3,078,153	
Total fund balance	\$	3,158,851	\$ 2,	058,440	\$	241,550	\$	5,458,841	

1. Permanent Fund

Restricted for cemetery – An amount of \$ 229,751 has been restricted in the Cemetery Fund since this amount is not legally available for appropriation. Of these funds, \$ 229,751 is expendable for cemetery perpetual care.

2. Special Revenue Fund

Restricted for tourism and development – A total of \$ 1,617 has been restricted for tourism expenditures in the Hotel-Motel Fund since this amount is not legally available for appropriation. A total of \$ 9,942 has been restricted for housing and development in the Downtown Development Authority of Dawsonville, Georgia. A total of \$ 240 has been restricted from ARPA funds.

NOTE 2 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONT'D)

G. Restricted Equity and Fund Balances (cont'd)

3. Capital Projects Fund

Restricted for capital projects – An amount of \$ 2,058,440 has been restricted in the SPLOST capital projects fund because this amount is not legally available for appropriation.

H. Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees, and natural disasters. The Government has joined together with other municipalities in the state as part of the Georgia Interlocal Risk Management Agency Property and Liability Insurance Fund and the Georgia Municipal Association Group Self-Insurance Workers Compensation Fund, a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for member local governments.

As part of these risk pools, the Government is obligated to pay all contributions and assessments as prescribed by the pools, to cooperate with the pool's agents and attorneys, to follow loss reduction procedures established by the funds, and to report as promptly as possible, and in accordance with any coverage descriptions issued, all incidents which could result in the funds being required to pay any claim of loss. The Government is also to allow the pool's agents and attorneys to represent the Government in investigations, settlement discussions, and all levels of litigation arising out of any claim made against the Government within the scope of loss protection furnished by the funds.

The funds are to defend and protect the members of the funds against liability or loss as prescribed in the member government contract and in accordance with the worker's compensation law of Georgia. The funds are to pay all cost taxed against members in any legal proceeding defended by the members, all interest accruing after entry of judgment, and all expenses incurred for investigation, negotiation, or defense.

NOTE 3 – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

A. Intergovernmental agreement for Local Option Sales Tax (LOST) revenues.

Effective January 1, 2023 through December 31, 2032, the LOST proceeds, less the 1% paid into the general fund of the state treasury shall be distributed as follows: 86.12% to the County and 13.88% to the City.

B. Litigation

The City is a defendant in a lawsuit. Although the outcome of the current litigation is not presently determinable, in the opinion of the City's legal counsel the resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the City. In addition, the City may also be involved in various claims or assessments from time-to-time. Any asserted claims are also not considered to have a foreseeable material adverse effect to the financial condition of the City.

NOTE 4 – HOTEL/MOTEL TAX

During the year ended June 30, 2023, the City had receipts based on the tax rate of 6%, of \$ 8,293 and incurred expenditures of \$ 7,328 (92 % of revenues). These funds are held for disbursement to the Dawson County Chamber of Commerce for the purpose of promoting tourism. The City complied with the requirements of OCGA 48-13-51.

NOTE 5 – ARTIFACTS

Dawsonville History Museum (d/b/a Georgia Racing Hall of Fame, "the Museum"):

The Museum was established as its own entity in 2011. The collection has a remaining cost basis of \$49,751 as of June 30, 2023. The artifacts are expected to maintain intrinsic value and are, therefore, not depreciated.

The Board of Directors for the Museum is appointed by the City Council of Dawsonville. In addition, several members of the City's management, are voting members of the Board. Because of this, the Museum is considered to be a related party of the City. During the fiscal year 2023, the Dawsonville History Museum paid the City \$43,632 in rental income which included utilities. As of June 30, 2023, there is a balance receivable of \$21,300 from the Museum for renovations to the facilities.

NOTE 6 – JOINT VENTURE

Georgia Mountains Regional Commission (GMRC)

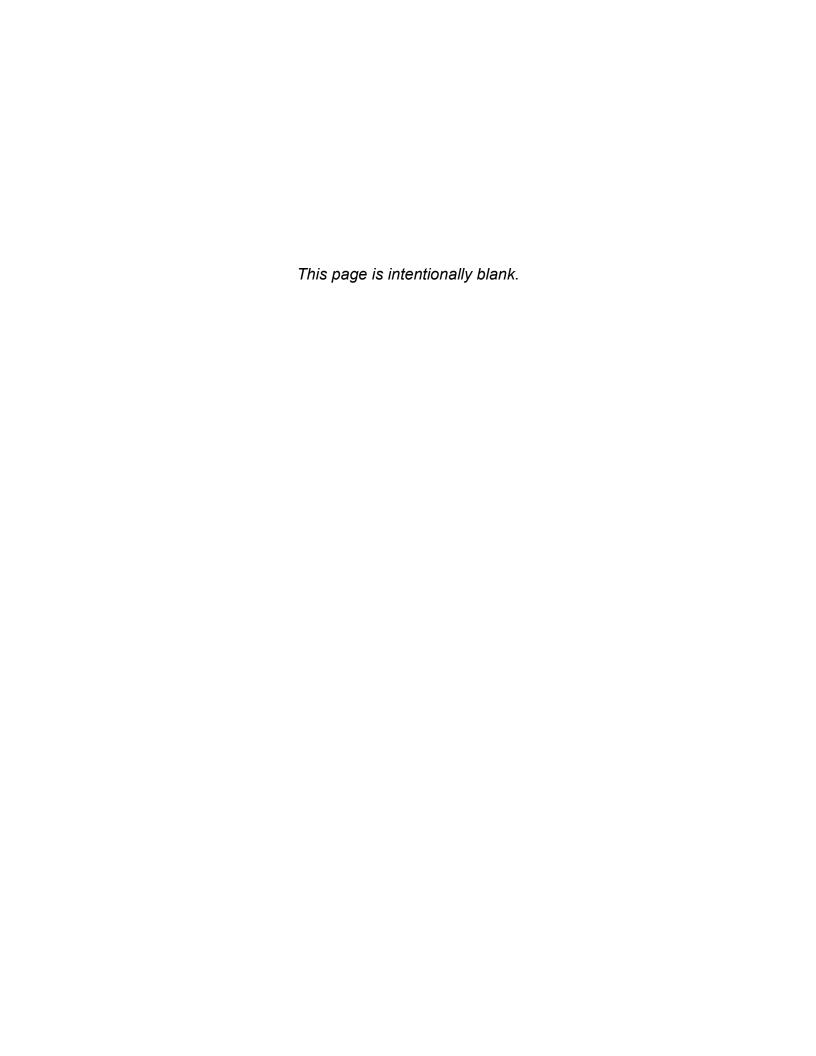
Under Georgia law, the City, in conjunction with other cities and counties in the thirty county Northeast Georgia area, is a member of the Georgia Mountains Regional Commission (GMRC) and is required to pay annual dues thereto. Membership in GMRC is required by the Official Code of Georgia Annotated (OCGA) Section 50-8-34 which provides for the organization structure of the GMRC in Georgia. The GMRC Board membership includes the chief elected official of each county and municipality of the area and private sector individuals from each County and three minority members. Annual dues are paid by the Dawson County Board of Commissioners to include the City of Dawsonville and overall county populace.

OCGA 50-8-39.1 provides that the member governments are liable for any debts or obligations of a GMRC. Separate financial statements may be obtained from the Georgia Mountains Regional Commission, 1310 West Ridge Road Gainesville, Georgia 30501.

NOTE 7 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Management has evaluated subsequent events through November 6, 2023 the date the financial statements were available to be issued and no events identified that required reporting.

FINANCIAL SECTION Required Supplementary Information



CITY OF DAWSONVILLE, GEORGIA SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS JUNE 30, 2023

(Unaudited)

Fiscal Year End

		riscai reai Eliu		
Total pension liability	2023	2022		2021
Service cost	56,050	49,988	\$	20,849
Interest	71,312	63,868	*	29,241
Differences between expected and actual experience	44,733	25,745		18,533
Change of assumptions	, -	· -		-
Change of benefit terms	-	-		-
Benefits payments, including refunds of				
employee contributions	(44,695)	(44,769)		(4,705)
Net change in total pension liability	127,400	94,832		63,918
Total pension liability - beginning	933,236	838,404		774,486
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$ 1,060,636	\$ 933,236	\$	838,404
Plan fiduciary net position				
Contributions - employer	77,283	51,341	\$	24,427
Contributions - employee	-	-		-
Net investment income	(137,958)	161,017		123,376
Benefits payments, including refunds of				
employee contributions	(44,695)	(44,769)		(4,705)
Administrative expense	(9,053)	(9,937)		(3,943)
Other				
Net change in fiduciary net position	(114,423)	157,652		139,155
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	823,912	666,260		527,105
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	709,489	\$ 823,912	<u>\$</u>	666,260
Net pension liability - ending (a)-(b)	351,147	\$ 109,324	\$	172,144
Plan's fiduciary net position as percentage of			<u> </u>	
the total pension liability	66.89%	88.29%		79.47%
Covered payroll	\$ 1,078,961	\$ 1,077,218	\$	940,739
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered	+ -,,,	÷ ·,-··, - ·•	*	, . • •
payroll	32.54%	10.15%		18.30%
• •				

Note: The schedule is intended to show ten years of information; however, fiscal year 2015 was the first year of implementation. Additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available.

The accompanying notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

CITY OF DAWSONVILLE, GEORGIA SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS JUNE 30, 2023 (Unaudited)

Fiscal Year End

2020	 2019	 2018	 2017	2016	2015
\$ 39,665	\$ 29,314	\$ 23,209	\$ 17,954	\$ 14,001	\$ 12,393
50,707	43,156	36,406	35,681	33,943	31,065
31,323	28,144	13,547	(39,532)	(21,140)	3,522
21,074	-	11,307	-	-	(5,461)
-	-	-	-	-	-
(9,410)	(11,160)	(5,111)	(4,377)	(4,378)	(4,377)
133,359	 89,454	 79,358	 9,726	22,426	37,142
641,127	551,673	472,315	462,589	440,163	403,021
\$ 774,486	\$ 641,127	\$ 551,673	\$ 472,315	\$ 462,589	\$440,163
\$ 42,708	\$ 30,943	\$ 29,208	\$ 30,958	\$ 27,612	\$ 26,495
(40,352)	18,956	55,665	48,498	1,462	30,673
(9,410)	(11,160)	(5,111)	(4,377)	(4,378)	(4,377)
(9,260)	(8,455)	(8,224)	(8,390)	(5,916)	(5,468)
(16,314)	30,284	71,538	66,689	18,780	47,323
 543,419	 513,135	 441,597	 374,908	 356,128	308,805
\$ 527,105	\$ 543,419	\$ 513,135	\$ 441,597	\$ 374,908	\$356,128
\$ 247,381	\$ 97,708	 38,538	\$ 30,718	 87,681	\$ 84,035
68.06%	84.76%	93.01%	93.50%	81.05%	80.91%
\$ 969,401	\$ 833,420	\$ 696,293	\$ 468,083	\$ 360,912	\$342,936
25.52%	11.72%	5.53%	6.56%	24.29%	24.50%

CITY OF DAWSONVILLE, GEORGIA SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS June 30, 2023 (Unaudited)

Fiscal Year End

	2023		2022				2021	
Actuarially determined contribution		67,632			58,691		\$	42,723
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution		67,632	_		53,772			42,723
Contribution deficiency (excess)			_		4,919		<u>\$</u>	
Covered payroll	\$	1,077,218	\$	6	940,739		\$	901,411
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		6.28%			5.72%			4.74%

Note: This schedule is intended to show ten years of information; however, fiscal year 2015 was the first year of implementation. Additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available.

The accompanying notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

CITY OF DAWSONVILLE, GEORGIA SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS June 30, 2023 (Unaudited)

Fiscal Year End

 2020	 2019	 2018	 2017	2016	2015
\$ 36,593	\$ 29,813	\$ 32,319	\$ 29,813	\$ 30,504	\$ 26,648
 36,593	 29,813	 33,299	 16,330	26,664	37,750
\$ 	\$ 	\$ (980)	\$ 13,483	\$ 3,840	\$ (11,102)
\$ 833,420	\$ 696,293	\$ 788,556	\$ 587,245	\$523,244	\$479,173
4.39%	4.28%	4.22%	2.78%	5.10%	7.88%

CITY OF DAWSONVILLE, GEORGIA NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION June 30, 2023

1. Valuation Date

The actuarially determined contribution was determined as of January, 1, 2023, with an interest adjustment to the fiscal year. Contributions in relation to this actuarially determined contribution will be reported for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2024.

2. Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates

Actuarial Cost Method: Projected Unit Credit

Amortization Method: Closed level dollar for remaining unfunded liability

Remaining Amortization Period: Remaining amortization period varies of the bases, with net effective

amortization of 15 years

Asset Valuation Method: Sum of actuarial value at beginning of year and the cash flow during the year plus the assumed investment return, adjusted by 10% of the amount that the value exceeds or is less than the market value at end of year. The actuarial value is adjusted, if necessary, to be within 20% of the market value of assets.

Net Investment Rate of Return: 7.375%

Projected Salary Increases: 2.25% plus service-based merit increases

Cost of Living Adjustments: N/A

Retirement Age for Inactive Vested Participants: 65

Mortality: Healthy retirees and beneficiaries were based on the sex-distinct Pri-2012 head-count weighted Healthy Retiree Mortality Table with rates multiplied by 1.25. Disabled mortality was based on the sex-distinct Pri-2012 head-count weighted Disabled Retiree Mortality Table with rates multiplied by 1.25. Active participants, terminated vested participants, and deferred beneficiaries on the sex-distinct Pri-2012 head-count weighted Employee Mortality Table.

Assumptions listed above were approved by the Plan's Board of Trustees in December 2019 based on the results of an actuarial experience study approved by the Board for the period January 1, 2015 through June 30, 2019.

3. Changes in Benefits

There were no changes in assumptions and benefit provisions in the last two fiscal years.

CITY OF DAWSONVILLE, GEORGIA BUDEGTARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
REVENUES				
Taxes	\$ 2,379,325	\$ 2,756,275	\$ 2,753,952	\$ (2,323)
Charges for services	-	13,000	53,351	40,351
Licenses and permits	132,600	190,350	149,755	(40,595)
Intergovernmental revenues	6,000	36,000	36,989	989
Fines and forfeitures	3,000	3,000	6,950	3,950
Interest earned	1,300	101,300	103,982	2,682
Rental income	68,000	70,800	73,927	3,127
Total revenues	2,590,225	3,170,725	3,178,906	8,181
EXPENDITURES				
Current operating:				
General government	1,402,416	1,860,299	1,860,299	-
Public safety	1,544	100	100	-
Public works	565,363	678,437	695,155	(16,718)
Culture/recreation	65,528	167,781	173,023	(5,242)
Planning and zoning	421,000	452,108	452,196	(88)
Development services	117,000	12,000	12,000	
Total expenditures	2,572,851	3,170,725	3,192,773	(22,048)
TOTAL REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	17,374		(13,867)	(13,867)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Contingency	-	-	-	-
Transfers in (out)	(17,374)	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING				
SOURCES (USES)	(17,374)			
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ -	\$ -	(13,867)	\$ (13,867)
FUND BALANCES - beginning			3,172,719	
FUND BALANCES - end of year			\$ 3,158,852	

NOTES TO THE BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

1. The budgetary basis of accounting used in this schedule is the same as GAAP.

CITY OF DAWSONVILLE, GEORGIA AMERICAN RESUCE PLAN ACT FUND SUPPLEMENTAL BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

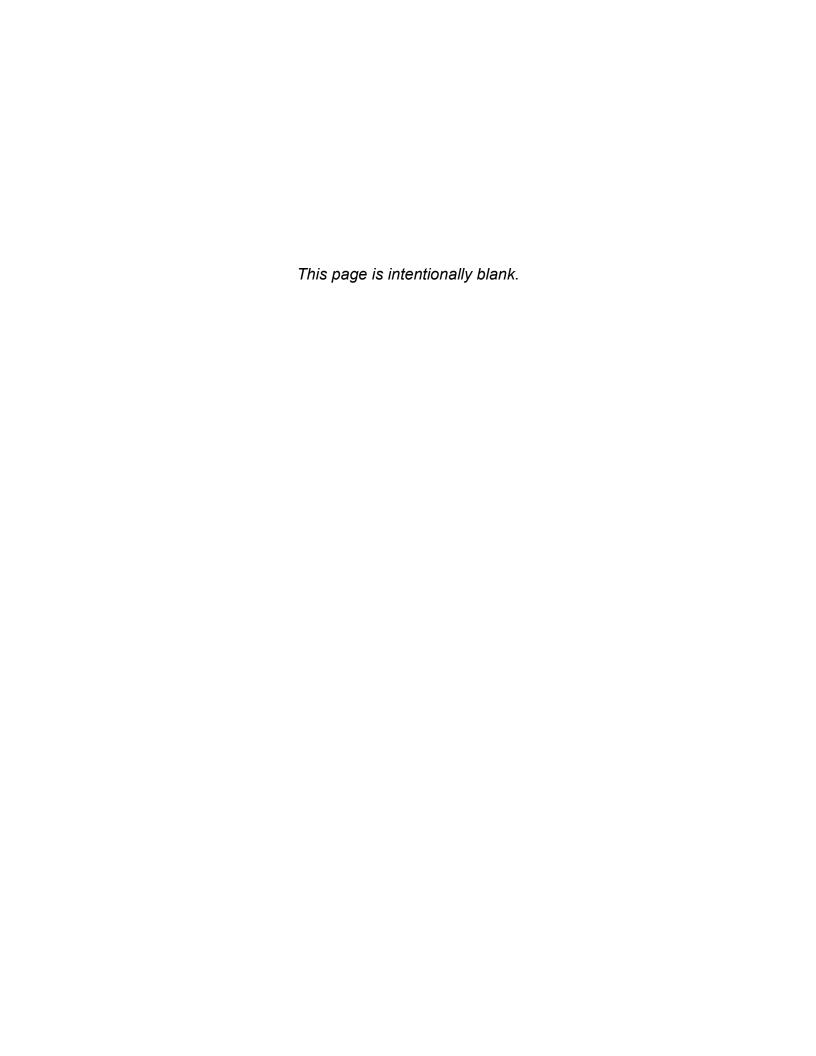
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
REVENUES Intergovernmental Interest income	\$ 3,700,000 400	\$ 901,000 400	\$ 901,114 -	\$ 114 (400)
Total revenues	3,700,400	901,400	901,114	(286)
EXPENDITURES Capital outlay - utility & public works building	3,700,400	901,400	901,191	209
Total expenditures	3,700,400	901,400	901,191	209
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES			(77)	(77)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ -	\$ -	(77)	\$ (77)
FUND BALANCES - beginning of year			317	
FUND BALANCES - end of year			\$ 240	

NOTES TO THE BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

^{1.} The budgetary basis of accounting used in this schedule is the same as GAAP.

FINANCIAL SECTION

Combining and Individual Fund Financial Statements and Schedules



CITY OF DAWSONVILLE, GEORGIA NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEETS June 30, 2023

	Special Revenue Fund Hotel-Motel	Special Revenue Fund DDA	Permanent Fund Cemetery	Total Non-Major Governmental Funds	
ASSETS Restricted assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ -	\$ 9,942	\$ 229,751	\$ 239,693	
Taxes receivable	666	-	-	666	
Due from other funds	2,903	<u> </u>		2,903	
TOTAL ASSETS	3,569	9,942	229,751	243,262	
LIABILITIES					
Current - accounts payable	1,952	-	-	1,952	
Due to general fund					
TOTAL LIABILITIES	1,952			1,952	
FUND BALANCE					
Restricted non-spendable:					
Cemetery	-	-	229,751	229,751	
Restricted spendable:					
Tourism	1,617	-	-	1,617	
Housing and business development		9,942		9,942	
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	1,617	9,942	229,751	241,310	
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	\$ 3,569	\$ 9,942	\$ 229,751	\$ 243,262	

CITY OF DAWSONVILLE, GEORGIA NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPEDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Special Revenue Fund Hotel-Motel		Special Revenue Fund DDA		Permanent Fund Cemetery		Total Non-Major Governmental Funds	
REVENUES					Φ.			
Taxes	\$	8,293	\$	-	\$	-	\$	8,293
Charge for services		-		- 0.405		34,260		34,260
Contributions and donations		-		2,425		-		2,425
Interest earned						2,826		2,826
Total revenues		8,293		2,425		37,086		47,804
EXPENDITURES Current operating:								
Tourism		7,328		-		-		7,328
Housing and business development		-		31,951		-		31,951
Cemetery services		-				34,432		34,432
Total expenditures		7,328		31,951		34,432		73,711
·				·		<u> </u>		
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		965		(29,526)		2,654		(25,907)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in								
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		965		(29,526)		2,654		(25,907)
FUND BALANCES - beginning of year		652		39,468		227,097		267,217
FUND BALANCES - end of year	\$	1,617	\$	9,942	\$	229,751	\$	241,310

CITY OF DAWSONVILLE, GEORGIA SPECIAL REVENUE FUND HOTEL-MOTEL FUND

SUPPLEMENTAL BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Variance wit Final Budge	
REVENUES								
Hotel-motel taxes	\$	6,000	\$	7,325	\$	8,293	\$	968
Total revenues		6,000		7,325		8,293		968
EXPENDITURES Current energing:								
Current operating: Housing and development - tourism		6,000		7,325		7,328		(3)
Total expenditures		6,000		7,325		7,328		3
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES						965		965
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$		\$			965	\$	965
FUND BALANCE - beginning of year						652		
FUND BALANCE - end of year					\$	1,617		

NOTES TO THE BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

CITY OF DAWSONVILLE, GEORGIA SPECIAL REVENUE FUND DOWNTOWN DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY FUND SUPPLEMENTAL BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Original Budget		-	Final Judget	Actual		Variance with Final Budget		
REVENUES		<u>g</u>							
Contributions and donations	_\$	4,400	_\$_	6,951	_\$_	2,425	\$	(4,526)	
Total revenues		4,400		6,951		2,425		(4,526)	
EXPENDITURES Current operating:									
Grants disbursed		25,000		25,000		25,000			
Housing and business development		4,400		6,951		6,951		_	
Housing and business development		4,400		0,951		0,931			
Total expenditures		29,400		31,951		31,951			
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(25,000)		(25,000)		(29,526)		(4,526)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in		25,000		25,000	-			(25,000)	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$		\$			(29,526)	\$	(29,526)	
FUND BALANCE - beginning of year						39,468			
FUND BALANCE - end of year					\$	9,942			

NOTES TO THE BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

CITY OF DAWSONVILLE, GEORGIA PERMANENT FUND

CEMETERY FUND

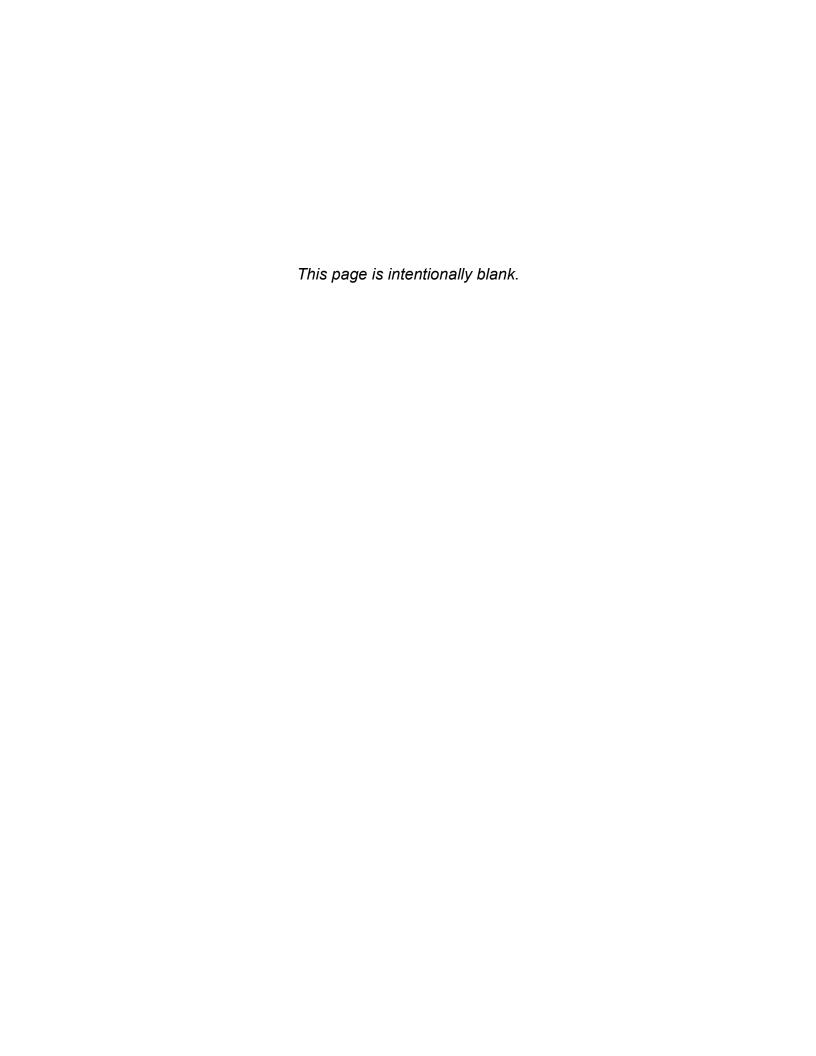
SUPPLEMENTAL BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Variance with Final Budget	
REVENUES								
Cemetery lot sales	\$	9,000	\$	9,000	\$	33,750	\$	24,750
Real estate fees		125		125		510		385
Interest income		100		100		2,826		2,726
Total revenues		9,225		9,225		37,086		27,861
EXPENDITURES								
Repairs and maintenance		12,000		12,000		5,455		6,545
Miscellaneous expenditures		200		200		537		(337)
Supplies		6,800		6,800		5,169		1,631
Capital outlay		100,000		15,500		23,271		(7,771)
Total expenditures		119,000		34,500		34,432		68
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(109,775)		(25,275)		2,654		27,929
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in		109,775		25,275		<u>-</u>		(25,275)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$		\$			2,654	\$	2,654
FUND BALANCES - beginning of year						227,097		
FUND BALANCES - end of year					\$	229,751		

NOTES TO THE BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

FINANCIAL SECTION Supplementary Information



CITY OF DAWSONVILLE, GEORGIA SUPPLEMENTAL BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE WATER, SEWER AND GARBAGE FUND

For the year ended June 30, 2023

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
OPERATING REVENUES			
Charges for services :			
Water fees	\$ 800,000	\$ 1,582,237	\$ 782,237
Sewer fees	900,000	1,117,001	217,001
Garbage fees	225,000	318,020	93,020
Miscellaneous	137,900	208,382	70,482
Total operating revenues	2,062,900	3,225,640	1,162,740
OPERATING EXPENSES			
Cost of sales and service:			
Advertising	900	2,261	(1,361)
Capital outlay	10,471,000	· -	10,471,000
Communications	16,000	14,916	1,084
Depreciation	574,000	667,523	(93,523)
Dues and subscriptions	16,000	13,513	2,487
Education and training	6,000	4,283	1,717
Food	2,000	3,418	(1,418)
Garbage service	204,200	247,588	(43,388)
Gas and fuel	16,250	16,533	(283)
Insurance	10,200	32,946	(32,946)
Licenses	600	32,340	600
Payment to other	62,411	45,660	16,751
Postage	5,800	4,956	844
<u> </u>	3,400	113	3,287
Printing and binding Professional	•		,
	193,000	179,919	13,081
Rental equipment	1,000	400 405	1,000
Repairs and maintenance	88,000	123,425	(35,425)
Supplies	140,000	194,112	(54,112)
Supplies - garbage	35,000	220,580	(185,580)
Travel	2,000	2,520	(520)
Technical services	77,000	92,819	(15,819)
Uniform service	5,000	5,246	(246)
Utilities	157,000	144,421	12,579
Total cost of sales and service:	12,076,561	2,016,752	10,059,809
Personnel services and benefits:			
Salaries	355,672	377,465	(21,793)
Payroll taxes	31,000	27,960	3,040
Group insurance	134,000	159,854	(25,854)
Workers compensation	20,200	7,685	12,515
Retirement	24,000	34,426	(10,426)
Total personnel services and benefits	564,872	607,390	(42,518)
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	(10,578,533)	601,498	11,180,031
NON-OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)			
Contignency (reserves)	10,265,983	_	(10,265,983)
Tap fees	400,000	238,750	(161,250)
Interest and fiscal charges	(87,450)	(80,055)	7,395
Interest earned		97,830	97,830
TOTAL NON-OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	10,578,533	256,525	(10,322,008)
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	\$ -	858,023	\$ 858,023
NET POSITION - beginning of year	<u>·</u>	11,160,500	
NET POSITION - end of year		\$12,018,523	

NOTES TO THE BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

CITY OF DAWSONVILLE, GEORGIA SPLOST VI AND VII SUPPLEMENTAL BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget		
REVENUES						
Intergovernmental	\$ 1,599,900	\$ 904,900	\$ 1,250,410	\$ 345,510		
Interest income	200	200	34,733	34,533		
Total revenues	1,600,100	905,100	1,285,143	380,043		
EXPENDITURES						
Debt service	9,000	9,000	9,000	-		
Capital outlay	1,634,000	939,000	899,663	39,337		
Total expenditures	1,643,000	948,000	908,663	39,337		
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(42,900)	(42,900)	376,480	419,380		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Contingency (fund reserves)	42,900	42,900		(42,900)		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	\$ -	\$ -	376,480	\$ 376,480		
FUND BALANCES - beginning of year			1,681,960			
FUND BALANCES - end of year			\$ 2,058,440			

NOTES TO THE BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

^{1.} The budgetary basis of accounting used in this schedule is the same as GAAP.

CITY OF DAWSONVILLE, GEORGIA SCHEDULES OF FUNCTIONAL ALLOCATIONS WATER, SEWER AND GARBAGE FUND SCHEDULE OF NET POSITION June 30, 2023

	Water /			
	Sewer	G	arbage	Total
ASSETS		•		
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,790,863	\$	328,396	\$ 4,119,259
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectible):	771,651		25,762	797,413
Prepaid expense	53,392		-	53,392
Due to general fund	18,301			18,301
Restricted assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	201,635			201,635
Total current assets	4,835,842		354,158	5,190,000
Non-current assets:				
Capital assets:				
Land	3,179,295		-	3,179,295
Construction in progress	322,395		-	322,395
Depreciable capital assets, net	7,605,377		-	7,605,377
Total non-current assets	11,107,067			11,107,067
TOTAL ASSETS	15,942,909		354,158	16,297,067
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Retirement contributions	51,505			51,505
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES	\$ 15,994,414	\$	354,158	\$ 16,348,572

CITY OF DAWSONVILLE, GEORGIA SCHEDULES OF FUNCTIONAL ALLOCATIONS WATER, SEWER AND GARBAGE FUND SCHEDULE OF NET POSITION June 30, 2023

	Water / Sewer	Garbage	Total
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable	\$ 75,238	\$ -	\$ 75,238
Accrued expenses	36,933	-	36,933
Due to general fund		-	-
Current portion of long-term debt	349,703	-	349,703
Customer deposits - payable from restricted assets	201,372		201,372
Total current liabilities	663,246	<u> </u>	663,246
Long-term liabilities:			
Compensated absences (due within one year)	25,319	_	25,319
Long-term debt (net of current portion)	3,545,322	-	3,545,322
Net pension liability	96,162		96,162
Total long-term liabilities	3,666,803		3,666,803
TOTAL LIABILITIES	4,330,049		4,330,049
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Retirement adjustments		<u> </u>	
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	7,212,042	-	7,212,042
Unrestricted	4,452,323	354,158	4,806,481
TOTAL NET POSITION	11,664,365	354,158	12,018,523
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES			
AND NET POSITION	\$ 15,994,414	\$ 354,158	\$ 16,348,572

CITY OF DAWSONVILLE, GEORGIA SCHEDULES OF FUNCTIONAL ALLOCATIONS WATER, SEWER AND GARBAGE FUND

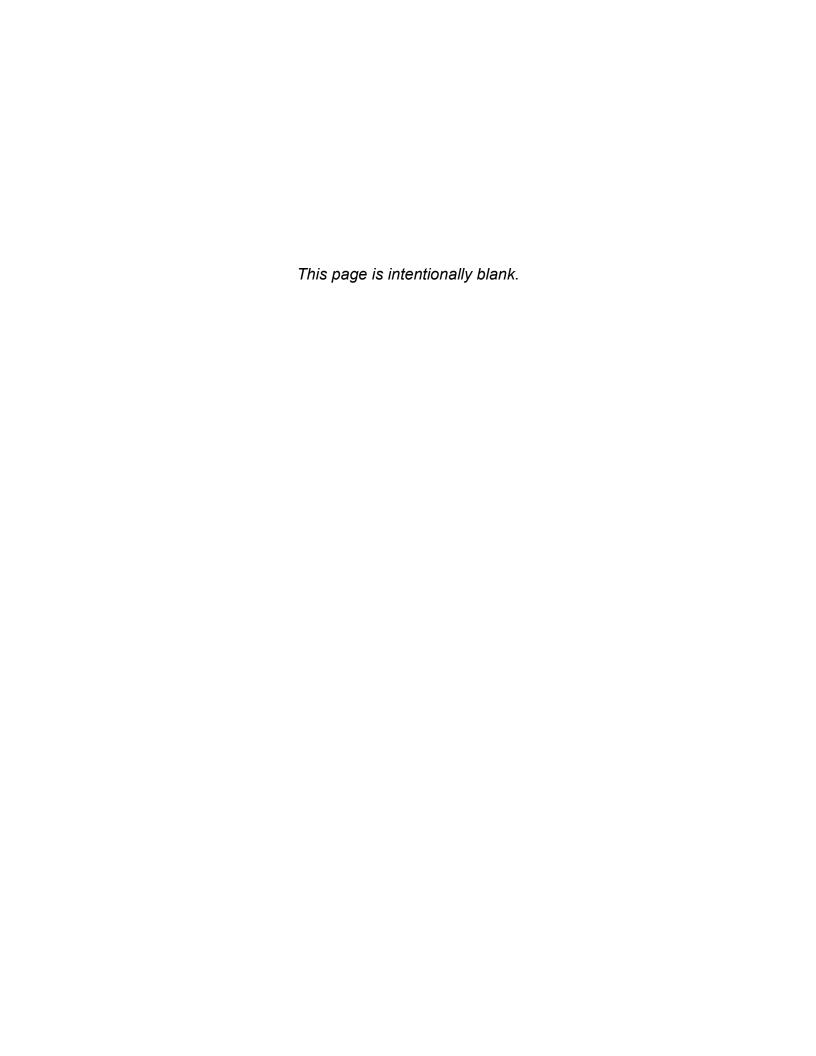
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGE IN NET POSITION For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Water / Sewer	Garbage	Total
OPERATING REVENUES	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
Charges for services Miscellaneous	\$ 2,699,238 208,382	\$ 318,020	\$ 3,017,258 208,382
Wildochai icoud	200,302		200,002
Total operating revenues	2,907,620	318,020	3,225,640
OPERATING EXPENSES			
Personnel services and benefits	607,390	-	607,390
Purchased and contractual services	916,902	238,215	1,155,117
Supplies	194,112	-	194,112
Depreciation and amortization	667,523		667,523
Total operating expenses	2,385,927	238,215	2,624,142
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	521,693	79,805	601,498
NON-OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)			
Tap fees	238,750	_	238,750
Interest and fiscal charges	(80,055)	_	(80,055)
Interest earned	97,830	-	97,830
	<u> </u>		
TOTAL NON-OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	256,525		256,525
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	778,218	79,805	858,023
NET POSITION - beginning of year	10,886,147	274,353	11,160,500
NET POSITION - end of year	\$ 11,664,365	\$ 354,158	\$ 12,018,523

CITY OF DAWSONVILLE, GEORGIA SPECIAL LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX SCHEDULE OF PROJECTS CONSTRUCTED WITH SPECIAL SALES TAX PROCEEDS From Inception Through June 30, 2023

<u>Project</u>	Original Budget	Current Project Budget	Prior Year Project to Date	urrent ⁄ear	Total	Percent Complete
SPLOST # VI						
Road, Streets, Bridges and Sidewalks Water and Sewer Projects Park and Recreation Facilities Farmers Market Facility Public Works Facility and Equipment City Hall Acquisition	\$ 1,250,000 2,750,000 2,250,000 1,000,000 400,000 2,000,000	\$ 1,328,391 350,000 2,450,000 1,138,186 342,000 2,039,200	\$ 1,324,142 316,313 2,436,522 1,089,436 292,101 2,039,198	\$ 9,000 94,221	\$ 1,324,142 316,313 2,436,522 1,098,436 386,322 2,039,198	99.68% 90.38% 99.45% 96.51% 112.96% 100.00%
SPLOST # VII	\$ 9,650,000	\$ 7,647,777	\$ 7,497,712	\$ 103,221	 7,600,933	99.39%
Road, Streets, Bridges and Sidewalks Land Acqusition Water - Sewer Projects Public Works Facility and Equipment Parks and Recreation Downtown Revitalization City Hall Facilities	\$ 2,000,000 485,000 2,120,000 121,000 605,000 304,000 \$ 6,180,000	\$ 2,000,000 485,000 2,120,000 121,000 605,000 304,000 545,000	\$ 4,980 107,300 - - - 165 \$ 112,445	\$ 485,000 - 6,917 304,000 9,525 805,442	\$ 4,980 592,300 - - 6,917 304,000 9,690 917,887	0.25% 122.12% 0.00% 0.00% 1.14% 100.00% 1.78%
Total All SPLOST Projects	\$ 15,830,000	\$ 13,827,777	\$ 7,610,157	\$ 908,663	 8,518,820	61.61%
Reconciliation to Capital Projects Fund:						
	Total Expenditur	es - Capital Projec	cts Fund	\$ 908,663		
	SPLOST VI and	VII Expenditures	- current year	\$ 908,663		

STATISTICAL SECTION



INTRODUCTION TO THE STATISTICAL SECTION

(Unaudited)

This part of the City of Dawsonville's annual comprehensive financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

Contents F	Pages
Financial Trends 5	59-66
These tables/schedules contain trend information designed to assist the reader in understanding how the City has performed from a financial perspective over time.	
Revenue Capacity 6	57-70
These tables/schedules contain information that may assist the reader in assessing the viability of the City's most significant revenue sources.	
Debt Capacity	71-75
These tables/schedules present information designed to assist the reader in analyzing the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt, and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	
Demographic and Economic Information	76-77
These tables/schedules offer demographic, economic and statistical information intended to assist the reader in understanding the environment in which the City's financial activities take place.	
Operating Information	78-80

These tables/schedules contain service and infrastructure data to assist the reader in understanding how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the government provides and the activities it performs.

CITY OF DAWSONVILLE, GEORGIA NET POSITION BY COMPONENT

Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

2023	2022	2021	2020						
11,457,957	10,619,590	9,681,962	8,636,438						
2,299,990	1,949,494	1,109,667	297,835						
2,974,942	3,027,039	2,815,993	2,757,053						
\$ 16,732,889	\$ 15,596,123	\$ 13,607,622	\$ 11,691,326						
7,169,271	7,065,636	7,246,078	7,039,379						
-	-	-	-						
4,818,827	4,094,864	3,787,994	3,186,105						
\$ 11,988,098	\$ 11,160,500	\$ 11,034,072	\$ 10,225,484						
18,627,228	17,685,226	16,928,040	15,675,817						
2,299,990	1,949,494	1,109,667	297,835						
7,793,769	7,121,903	6,603,987	5,943,158						
\$ 28,720,987	\$ 26,756,623	\$ 24,641,694	\$ 21,916,810						
	11,457,957 2,299,990 2,974,942 \$ 16,732,889 7,169,271 - 4,818,827 \$ 11,988,098 18,627,228 2,299,990 7,793,769	11,457,957	11,457,957 10,619,590 9,681,962 2,299,990 1,949,494 1,109,667 2,974,942 3,027,039 2,815,993 \$ 16,732,889 \$ 15,596,123 \$ 13,607,622 7,169,271 7,065,636 7,246,078 4,818,827 4,094,864 3,787,994 \$ 11,988,098 \$ 11,160,500 \$ 11,034,072 18,627,228 17,685,226 16,928,040 2,299,990 1,949,494 1,109,667 7,793,769 7,121,903 6,603,987						

CITY OF DAWSONVILLE, GEORGIA NET POSITION BY COMPONENT

Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
5,993,804	4,126,980	3,447,930	2,886,908	2,641,366	2,623,723
1,226,974	2,035,011	1,548,463	1,101,659	233,170	201,407
3,353,414	2,972,388	2,780,141	2,465,001	2,153,006	1,899,759
\$ 10,574,192	\$ 9,134,379	\$ 7,776,534	\$ 6,453,568	\$ 5,027,542	\$ 4,724,889
6,859,983	6,452,179	6,060,288	5,743,112	5,721,934	5,732,374
-	-	-	-	-	-
 2,613,434	 2,647,049	 2,724,721	2,245,230	 1,924,607	 1,788,771
\$ 9,473,417	\$ 9,099,228	\$ 8,785,009	\$ 7,988,342	\$ 7,646,541	\$ 7,521,145
12,853,787	10,579,159	9,508,218	8,630,020	8,363,300	8,356,097
1,226,974	2,035,011	1,548,463	1,101,659	233,170	201,407
 5,966,848	 5,619,437	5,504,862	4,710,231	 4,077,613	3,688,530
\$ 20,047,609	\$ 18,233,607	\$ 16,561,543	\$ 14,441,910	\$ 12,674,083	\$ 12,246,034

CHANGES IN NET POSITION

Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	Fiscal Year Ending 6/30										
		2023		2022		2021		2020			
EXPENSES		_									
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES:											
General Government	\$	2,214,051	\$	1,320,221	\$	1,262,990	\$	1,226,733			
Public Safety		100		100		134		1,008			
Public Works		661,036		692,702		575,777		645,805			
Culture and Recreation		178,833		156,235		120,347		79,781			
Planning and Zoning		452,196		406,577		339,293		342,311			
Housing and Development		205,879		24,592		100,914		36,318			
Interest		-		-		5,710		26,216			
Total Governmental Activities		3,712,095		2,600,427		2,405,165		2,358,172			
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES:											
Water and Sewage		2,704,196		2,390,240		2,026,665		1,968,737			
Total Business-type Activities		2,704,196		2,390,240		2,026,665		1,968,737			
Total Expenses	\$	6,416,291	\$	4,990,667	\$	4,431,830	\$	4,326,909			
PROGRAM REVENUES GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES: Charges for services: General Government Public Safety Highways and Streets Culture and Recreation Planning and Zoning Development	\$	168,488 - - - 149,755	\$	112,526 - - - 168,260	\$	120,977 - - - 194,721	\$	138,406 - - - 166,653 -			
Operating grants and contributions		2,425		31,050		25,050		-			
Capital grants and contributions		2,223,245		1,972,464		1,854,462		1,436,973			
Total Governmental Activities		2,543,913		2,284,300		2,195,210		1,742,032			
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES: Charges for Services:											
Water and Sewage		3,225,639		2,410,014		2,262,170		1,824,606			
Capital grants and contributions		238,750		104,250		569,500		793,940			
Total Business-type Activities		3,464,389		2,514,264		2,831,670		2,618,546			
Total Program Revenues	\$	6,008,302	\$	4,798,564	\$	5,026,880	\$	4,360,578			
Net (Expense) / Revenue Governmental activities	\$	(1,168,182)	\$	(316,127)	\$	(209,955)	\$	(616,140)			
Business-type activities		760,193		124,024		805,005		649,809			
Total Net Expense	\$	(407,989)	\$	(192,103)	\$	595,050	\$	33,669			

CHANGES IN NET POSITION

Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

				r Ending 6/30						
	2019	2018	2017		2016		2015		2014	
\$	1,332,954	\$ 1,156,139	\$ 1,013,076	\$	740,287	\$	688,376	\$	682,148	
	1,111	167	4,412		235		-		-	
	373,071	335,394	313,367		341,970		341,626		221,424	
	83,021	1,288	3,138		4,454		863		1,933	
	325,837	248,627	198,962		81,709		100,322		97,632	
	50,489	32,858	44,029		60,466		19,637		11,577	
	47,812	 42,923	 39,209		43,330		47,996		29,952	
	2,214,295	1,817,396	 1,616,193		1,272,451	_	1,198,820		1,044,666	
	1,819,554	1,681,624	1,569,535		1,427,252		1,351,765		1,465,860	
	1,819,554	 1,681,624	 1,569,535		1,427,252		1,351,765		1,465,860	
\$	4,033,849	\$ 3,499,020	 3,185,728	\$_	2,699,703	\$	2,550,585	\$	2,510,526	
\$	110,910	\$ 143,006	\$ 121,425	\$	121,425	\$	120,923	\$	106,907	
	380	100	240		240		50		-	
	-	-	-		-		-		_	
	-	-	-		-		-		-	
	202,114	171,918	172,484		172,484		101,255		79,488	
	3,767	-	-		-		_		_	
	280	3,600	10,650		10,650		14,300		17,420	
	1,414,048	 1,355,464	 1,262,546		1,262,546		1,048,782		- 000 045	
_	1,731,499	 1,674,088	 1,567,345	_	1,567,345		1,285,310		203,815	
	1,688,289	1,596,836	1,531,603		1,315,557		1,285,971		1,204,829	
	342,278	197,422	704,711		425,540		125,000		104,300	
	2,030,567	1,794,258	2,236,314		1,741,097		1,410,971		1,309,129	
\$	3,762,066	\$ 3,468,346	\$ 3,803,659	\$	3,308,442	\$	2,696,281	\$	1,512,944	
\$	(482,796)	\$ (143,308)	\$ (48,848)	\$	294,894	\$	86,490	\$	(840,851)	
	211,013	112,634	666,779		313,845		59,206		(156,731)	
\$	(271,783)	\$ (30,674)	\$ 617,931	\$	608,739	\$	145,696	\$	(997,582)	

CHANGES IN NET POSITION

Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	Fiscal Year Ending 6/30												
		2023		2022		2021		2020					
GENERAL REVENUES													
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES:													
Property Taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-					
Sales Tax		1,843,021		1,501,379		1,355,636		1,083,319					
Other excise taxes		114,385		115,135		117,870		117,295					
Franchise taxes		243,560		238,004		225,729		212,912					
Unrestricted investment earnings		103,982		6,301		3,094		45,633					
Other		-		443,809		423,922		359,558					
Transfers in/out		-		-		-		(85,444)					
Total general revenues, transfers,													
and special item		2,304,948		2,304,628		2,126,251		1,733,273					
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES:													
Unrestricted investment earnings		97,830		2,404		3,583		16,814					
Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets		-		-		-		-					
Transfers in/out		-		-		-		85,444					
Special Item		<u>-</u> _						=_					
Total Business-type Activities		97,830		2,404		3,583		102,258					
Total Primary Government	\$	2,402,778	\$	2,307,032	\$	2,129,834	\$	1,835,531					
Change in Net Position													
Governmental Activities	\$	1,136,766	\$	1,988,501	\$	1,916,296	\$	1,117,072					
Business-type Activities		858,023		126,428		808,588		752,067					
Total Change in Net Position	\$	1,994,789	\$	2,114,929	\$	2,724,884	\$	1,869,139					

CHANGES IN NET POSITION

Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

					Fiscal Year	⊢nai	ng 6/30				
	2019		2018		2017		2016		2015		2014
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
	1,072,132		993,116		885,518		899,360		788,952		783,018
	101,668		93,976		107,339		87,132		91,757		90,626
	215,166		198,382		190,223		182,404		210,988		143,418
	77,265		35,127		13,713		7,000		3,182		2,243
	387,942		364,954		300,745		261,876		233,488		233,496
	(144,820)		(185,772)		(125,724)		(24,605)		-		-
	1,709,353		1,499,783		1,371,814		1,413,167		1,328,367		1,252,801
	18,356		9,243		4,164		3,351		2,899		3,973
	-		6,570		-		-		-		-
	144,820		185,772		125,724		24,605		-		_
	-		· -		· -		-		-		_
	163,176		201,585		129,888		27,956		2,899		3,973
\$	1,872,529	\$	1,701,368	\$	1,501,702	\$	1,441,123	\$	1,331,266	\$	1,256,774
\$	1,226,557	\$	1,016,987	\$	889,018	\$	1,269,859	\$	845,571	\$	346,863
•	374,189	•	412,598	•	340,901	•	140,590	•	213,912	•	(152,758)
\$	1,600,746	\$	1,429,585	\$	1,229,919	\$	1,410,449	\$	1,059,483	\$	194,105
			, ,		, ,	_					,

FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Last Ten Fiscal Years (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	Fiscal Year Ending 6/30											
	2023		2022		2021			2020				
General Fund												
Nonspendable	\$	80,698	\$	32,553	\$	31,475	\$	26,320				
Unassigned		3,078,153		3,140,164		2,917,748		2,852,052				
Total General Fund:	\$	3,158,851	\$	3,172,717	\$	2,949,223	\$	2,878,372				
All Other Governmental Funds												
Nonspendable	\$	229,752	\$	227,099	\$	218,425	\$	200,598				
Restricted		2,070,339		1,722,395		891,243		97,238				
Total all Other Governmental Funds:	\$	2,300,091	\$	1,949,494	\$	1,109,668	\$	297,836				

CITY OF DAWSONVILLE, GEORGIA FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

			ricear rear Enamy eree							
	2019	2018		2017		2016		2015		2014
\$	20,806	\$ 39,186	\$	20,478	\$	27,366	\$	5,048	\$	43,732
	3,409,306	 2,992,823		2,821,052		2,491,569		2,201,835		1,864,596
\$	3,430,112	\$ 3,032,009	\$	2,841,530	\$	2,518,935	\$	2,206,883	\$	1,908,328
\$	198,628	\$ 219,781	\$	203,093	\$	204,696	\$	205,421	\$	190,388
*	1,028,346	1,815,230	*	1,345,370	•	896,963	•	27,749	*	11,019
\$	1,226,974	2,035,011	\$	1,548,463	\$	1,101,659	\$	233,170	\$	201,407

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Last Ten Fiscal Years (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	Fiscal Year Ending 6/30												
		2023		2022		2021		2020					
REVENUES													
Taxes	\$	2,762,245	\$	2,298,328	\$	2,123,157	\$	1,773,084					
Charges for services		87,611		27,787		67,104		96,237					
Intergovernmental		2,188,513		1,977,659		1,854,462		1,436,973					
Licenses and permits		149,755		168,260		194,721		166,653					
Fines, fees and forfeitures	6,950			4,065		4,430		-					
Interest	2,425			7,105		3,095		45,633					
Contributions		141,540		25,050		50		-					
Miscellaneous		73,927		81,386		49,443		42,170					
Total Revenues		5,412,966		4,589,640		4,296,462		3,560,750					
EXPENDITURES													
General Government		1,860,299		1,224,908		1,100,322		1,016,800					
Public Safety		100		100		134		1,008					
Highways and Streets		695,468		584,614		555,748		561,318					
Culture and Recreation		167,671		168,605		482,056		801,640					
Planning and Zoning		452,196		396,920		329,635		359,341					
Development		51,279		24,592		46,100		31,234					
Debt Service													
Principal		9,000		9,000		692,342		436,205					
Interest		-		-		-		24,980					
Capital Outlay		1,840,324		1,117,578		207,442		1,723,658					
Total Expenditures		5,076,337		3,526,317		3,413,779		4,956,184					
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues													
over Expenditures	\$	336,629	\$	1,063,323	\$	882,683	\$	(1,395,434)					

CITY OF DAWSONVILLE, GEORGIA CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Last Ten Fiscal Years (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

			1 Iscal Teal Littling 0			700		0044		
	2019	 2018	 2017		2016		2015		2014	
\$	1,780,626 138,882	\$ 1,650,375 101,802	\$ 1,483,767 96,129	\$	2,462,221 69,194	\$	1,325,185 64,625	\$	1,250,558 5,330	
	1,414,328	1,353,991	1,261,871		17,833		1,000		20,370	
	1,414,320	157,670	137,243		87,955		67,588		54,461	
	117,132	137,070	137,243		07,933		07,500		34,401	
	- 77,265	39,503	15 290		7,000		3,182		2,268	
	77,205 50	2,600	15,389		13,800		16,420		2,200	
	57,369	55,071	9,650 60,836		65,080		54,182		58,542	
	3,585,672	 3,361,012	 3,064,885		2,723,083		1,532,182		1,391,529	
_	0,000,012	 0,001,012	 0,004,000		2,720,000	_	1,002,102	_	1,001,020	
	1,225,589	1,131,689	850,333		689,860		566,867		538,842	
	1,111	167	4,412		21,491		-		-	
	413,631	472,242	381,468		346,940		329,030		223,199	
	51,014	675	2,527		4,454		-		100	
	323,774	271,057	198,962		81,709		100,322		97,632	
	54,093	32,858	47,530		63,481		22,229		14,349	
	226,116	224,554	149,015		143,822		135,419		112,223	
	47,812	42,925	39,330		43,330		47,997		29,952	
	1,720,962	 319,216	496,185		122,850				23,944	
	4,064,102	2,495,383	2,169,762		1,517,937		1,201,864		1,040,241	
\$	(478,430)	\$ 865,629	\$ 895,123	\$	1,205,146	\$	330,318	\$	351,288	

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Last Ten Fiscal Years (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	Fiscal Year Ending 6/30										
		2023		2022		2021		2020			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In	\$		\$		\$		\$	<u>-</u>			
Transfers Out	•	-	•	-	•	(85,444)	•	(144,820)			
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		_		-		(85,444)		(144,820)			
Net change in fund balances before special item		336,629		1,063,323		882,683		(1,480,878)			
Special Item		-		-		-		-			
Net change in fund balances	\$	336,629	\$	1,063,323	_\$_	882,683	\$	(1,480,878)			
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures		0.24%		0.40%		24.35%		18.57%			

Note: The current year ration was calculated using the capital outlay reported on page 18.

The capital outlay includes \$ 939,133 spent with SPLOST, \$ 201,214 spent with ARPA and \$ 204,626 spent in the general fund government functions for a total of \$1,344,973.

The debt service is the \$ 9,000 principal payment only for a note payable.

CITY OF DAWSONVILLE, GEORGIA CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Last Ten Fiscal Years (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

2019	2018	2017	2016		2015		2014
\$ (185,772) (185,772)	\$ (185,772) (185,772)	\$ (125,724) (125,724)	\$ (213,025 (213,025		5	- - - -	\$ - - -
(623,250)	679,857	769,399	11,802,54	<u> </u>	330,3	318	351,288
\$ (623,250)	\$ 679,857	\$ 769,399	\$ 11,802,54	- <u> </u>	330,3	- <u>818</u> _	\$ 351,288
12.61%	14.76%	17.35%	15.499	%	15.8	36%	14.31%

GENERAL FUND HISTORY

Last Five Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year Ending 6/30

			ar rear Lituring			
	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	
Revenues						
Taxes	\$ 2,753,952	\$ 2,289,310	\$ 2,117,280	\$ 1,768,142	\$ 1,776,908	
Charges for services	53,351	13,812	44,379	78,577	117,522	
Intergovernmental	36,989	42,207	157,920	85,359	74,215	
Licenses and permits	149,755	168,260	194,721	166,653	117,153	
Fines, fees and forfeitures	6,950	4,065	4,430	-	-	
Interest	103,982	6,182	2,138	42,099	68,024	
Contributions	-	-	-	-	-	
Rental income	73,927	81,386	49,443	42,170	57,369	
Total Revenues	3,178,906	2,605,222	2,570,311	2,183,000	2,211,191	
Expenditures						
General Government	1,860,299	1,224,908	1,100,322	1,016,800	1,225,529	
Public Safety	100	100	134	1,008	1,111	
Pubic Works	661,036	579,193	550,313	543,950	370,416	
Culture and Recreation	167,671	168,605	482,056	801,640	51,014	
Planning and Zoning	452,195	396,920	329,635	359,341	323,774	
Housing and Development	12,000	12,000	12,000	12,000	12,000	
Total Expenditures	3,153,301	2,381,726	2,474,460	2,734,739	1,983,844	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	25,605	223,496	95,851	(551,739)	227,347	
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in (out)	(39,471)		(25,000)		(42,500)	
Net Change in Fund Balances	(13,866)	223,496	70,851	(551,739)	184,847	
Fund Balance- beginning of year	3,172,719	2,949,223	2,878,372	3,430,112	3,032,009	
Prior Period Adjustment				(1)	213,256	
Fund Balance- end of year	\$ 3,158,853	\$ 3,172,719	\$ 2,949,223	\$ 2,878,372	\$ 3,430,112	

Note: This schedule is provided to comply with debt requirements in prior years. The City continues to present for analytical comparisons.

CITY OF DAWSONVILLE, GEORGIA WATER & SEWER FUND HISTORY

Last Five Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year Ending 6/30									
	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019					
Operating Revenues										
Charges for services	\$ 2,699,238	\$ 1,939,79	4 \$ 1,712,144	\$ 1,534,555	\$ 1,477,260					
Miscellaneous	208,382	201,34		96,473	54,161					
Total Operating Revenues	2,907,620	2,141,14	2,031,765	1,631,028	1,531,421					
Operating Expenses										
Personal Services & Benefits	637,815	554,76	•	483,906	411,578					
Purchased/Contracted Service	737,209	723,37	3 567,511	423,895	458,525					
Bad Debts				-	-					
Supplies	194,112	159,16		96,962	113,053					
Depreciation & Amortization	667,523	659,00		611,072	573,071					
Total Expenditures	2,236,659	2,096,31	1 1,723,025	1,615,835	1,556,227					
					(2.4.222)					
Operating Income (Loss)	670,961	44,83	0 308,740	15,193	(24,806)					
Non-Operating Income (Loss)										
				22.440	173,528					
Forgiveness of Debt	-			(120,000)	173,320					
Bond Issuance Costs	(90 0EE)	(81,19	8) (83,603)	(46,959)	(124,028)					
Interest & Fiscal Charges	(80,055) 97,830	2,40		16,814	18,356					
Interest Earned	91,030	2,40	4 3,363	10,014	10,330					
Total Non-Operating Income (Loss)	17,775	(78,79	4) (80,020)	(127,705)	67,856					
Total Non-Operating meetic (2033)	17,773	(10,19	4) (00,020)	(127,703)	07,000					
Net Income Before Transfers	688,736	(33,96	4) 228,720	(112,512)	43,050					
Tap Fees & Other	000,700	(00,00	220,720	(112,012)	10,000					
Tap Fees & Other	238,750	104,25	0 569,500	771,500	168,750					
Transfers In (Out)	200,100	,		85,444	144,820					
Transiers in (Out)		-			111,020					
Change in Net Position	927,486	70,28	6 798,220	744,432	356,620					
Change in Not 1 Collien	,	,	,	,	,					
Net Position- beginning of year	10,886,147	10,815,86	1 10,017,641	9,273,209	8,916,589					
3 3 ,					2,2.2,200					
Net Position - end of year	\$ 11,813,633	\$ 10,886,14	<u>7 </u>	\$ 10,017,641	\$ 9,273,209					

Note: This schedule is provided to comply with debt requirements in prior years. Financial results related to the Garbage Function are excluded in this presentation. As such, amounts will differ from the total reported in the City's basic financial statements. Details of the functional allocations can be found in supplementary schedules to the City's annual financial statements. The required budget schedule for the Water & Sewer Fund is also included in supplementary information. The City continues to present for analytical comparisons.

CITY OF DAWSONVILLE, GEORGIA ASSESSED VALUE AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY Last Ten Years

_		Personal Property (1)					
Tax Year			esidential Conservation Industrial		Motor Vehicles	Mobile Homes	
2023	\$ 224,031,705	\$ 14,104,955	\$ 31,649,185	\$ 3,048,470	\$ 321,930	\$ -	
2022	161,754,383	10,171,868	28,174,895	2,841,578	275,210	-	
2021	130,330,032	10,128,012	28,163,110	2,621,525	205,940	-	
2020	110,319,686	10,681,135	28,482,260	2,591,569	93,380	-	
2019	95,555,293	10,427,246	26,250,833	2,520,502	34,090	-	
2018	83,471,379	9,977,936	26,183,110	2,409,781	49,200	-	
2017	65,131,888	9,170,797	25,732,544	2,390,900	54,600	-	
2016	55,455,965	8,786,418	24,932,499	2,009,547	66,180	-	
2015	49,962,771	9,202,748	22,049,743	1,999,574	2,938	1,340	
2014	44,143,055	8,833,142	24,609,041	1,811,627	169,780	1,340	

Source: Georgia Department of Revenue

- (1) The City does not presently levy ad valorem tax, therefore inventory and equipment valuations are not reported.
- (2) Digest is not adjusted for bond exemptions since no taxes were levied for bond debt service and therefore the exemptions were not calculated by the Dawson County Tax Commissioner.
- (3) Total assessed value, after deducting exemptions for purposes of levying tax for the maintenance and operation of the City, if the City had levied such tax.

CITY OF DAWSONVILLE, GEORGIA ASSESSED VALUE AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY Last Ten Years

oss Tax Digest ond Digest (2)	Exemption Adjustments	-	otal Taxable ssessed Value (3)	Total Direct Tax Rate	 timated Actual axable Value	Assessed Value as a Percentage of Estimated Actual Value
\$ 273,156,245 203,217,934	\$ (4,828,860) (3,657,619)	\$	268,327,385 199,560,315	0.00 0.00	\$ 670,818,463 498,900,788	40% 40%
171,448,619 152,168,030 134,787,964	(4,303,559) (5,137,553) (4,865,034)		167,145,060 147,030,477 129,922,930	0.00 0.00 0.00	417,862,650 367,576,193 324,807,325	40% 40% 40%
122,091,406 102,480,729	(4,676,131) (4,077,959)		117,415,275 98,402,770	0.00 0.00	293,538,188 246,006,925	40% 40%
91,250,609 83,219,114 79,567,985	(4,631,222) (3,563,366) (3,739,663)		86,619,387 79,655,748 75,828,322	0.00 0.00 0.00	216,548,468 199,139,370 189,570,805	40% 40% 40%

CITY OF DAWSONVILLE, GEORGIA PROPERTY TAX RATES - MILLS DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS

Last Ten Years

	Direct Rate						
	City of Dawsonville	Dawson County Board of Education		State of Georgia	Dawson County	Total Direct and	
Tax		Operating	Debt			Overlapping	
Year	Operating Millage	Millage	Service	Operating Millage	Operating Millage	Rates	
2023	0.000	14.200	0.000	0.000	7.222	21.422	
2022	0.000	15.000	0.000	0.000	7.625	22.625	
2021	0.000	15.778	0.000	0.000	7.885	23.663	
2020	0.000	15.778	0.000	0.000	8.138	23.916	
2019	0.000	15.778	0.000	0.000	8.089	23.867	
2018	0.000	15.778	0.000	0.000	8.138	23.916	
2017	0.000	15.778	0.000	0.000	8.138	23.916	
2016	0.000	15.778	0.000	0.050	8.138	23.966	
2015	0.000	16.496	0.000	0.050	8.138	24.684	
2014	0.000	17.246	0.000	0.100	8.138	25.484	

Source: Georgia Department of Revenue

Note: Mills - rate per \$1,000 of taxable assessed value 2023 tax rates not yet available for publication

CITY OF DAWSONVILLE, GEORGIA PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS

Current Year and Nine Years Ago

			2023				2014			
Taxpayer	Taxa	Taxable Assessed Value		Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed Value (1)	Taxa	Taxable Assessed Value		Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed Value (1)		
Atlanta Motorsports Park, LLC	\$	3,393,902	1	1.24%	\$	1,613,027	3	2.03%		
Dawsonville Fee Owner, LLC		2,482,760	2	0.91%		2,307,249	2	2.90%		
Farmington Woods, LP		2,149,631	3	0.79%		2,498,340	1	3.14%		
Georgia Power Company		1,818,883	4	0.67%		-	-	0.00%		
Lorcar, Inc.		1,474,600	5	0.54%		-	-	0.00%		
Gryphon North Georgia Properties LLC		1,580,000	6	0.58%		-	-	0.00%		
Motorsports Realty LLC		1,207,040	7	0.44%		-	-	0.00%		
Gold Meadow Land LLC		1,018,800	8	0.37%		-	-	0.00%		
Phillips Tracy W		882,564	9	0.32%		-	-	0.00%		
Gravitt Investments LLLP		881,440	10	0.32%		-	-	0.00%		
Starmount Properties Inc.		-	-	0.00%		764,164	10	0.96%		
Gold Creek Processing, LLC		-	-	0.00%		1,584,077	5	1.99%		
Windstream Standard, Inc.		-	-	0.00%		933,319	6	1.17%		
Rainhill Investments, LLC		-	-	0.00%		664,000	9	0.84%		
SCC Villas, LLC		-	-	0.00%		1,243,816	4	1.56%		
EHK Investments, LLC		-	-	0.00%		872,279	7	1.10%		
Meadow Trace		-	-	0.00%		674,004	8	0.85%		
Totals	\$	16,889,620		6.18%	\$	13,154,275		16.54%		

Source: Dawson County Tax Commissioner

Note: The City of Dawsonville does not levy property tax. Rank is based on the amount of County maintenance & operations taxes billed sinc the assessed value can vary by entity.

CITY OF DAWSONVILLE, GEORGIA LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX DISTRIBUTION COMMODITY REPORT

Last Five Fiscal Years

	2023					2022				
Commodity (1)	Tot	al Distributed	Rank	% of Total	Tota	al Distributed	Rank	% of Total		
General Merchandise Food/Bars Other Retail Miscellaneous Service Other Services Wholesale Home Furnishing Utility Manufacturing Auto	\$	3,415,638 2,756,714 2,025,406 1,152,084 930,771 678,983 841,353 395,309 484,144 309,457	1 2 3 4 5 7 6 9 8 10	25.77% 20.79% 15.28% 8.69% 7.02% 5.12% 6.35% 2.98% 3.65% 2.33%	\$	3,316,932 2,479,310 1,832,473 1,057,399 905,206 670,515 821,353 358,393 455,460 280,370	1 2 3 4 5 7 6 9 8 10	26.70% 19.96% 14.75% 8.51% 7.29% 5.40% 6.61% 2.89% 3.67% 2.26%		
Construction Accommodations		128,802 138,202	- -	0.97% 1.04%		111,827 132,929	<u>-</u> -	0.90% 1.07%		
Totals	\$	13,256,863		100.00%_	\$	12,422,167		100.00%		

Source: Georgia Department of Revenue, Local Government Services

(1) Data is not available for City of Dawsonville; Dawson County totals are reported on this schedule.

CITY OF DAWSONVILLE, GEORGIA LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX DISTRIBUTION COMMODITY REPORT

Last Five Fiscal Years

	2021				2	2020			2019		
!	Total Distributed	Rank	% of Total		Total Distributed		% of Total	[Total Distributed	Rank	% of Total
\$	3,353,655 2,252,398 1,466,571 968,717 738,438 465,217 693,244 333,009 363,074 252,153 99,856 106,873	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	30.23% 20.30% 13.22% 8.73% 6.66% 4.19% 6.25% 3.00% 3.27% 2.27% 0.90% 0.96%	\$	2,629,924 1,973,740 1,164,694 802,732 477,353 467,165 465,446 316,042 281,248 209,682 85,384 82,032	1 2 3 4 7 5 6 9 8 10	29.37% 22.04% 13.01% 8.96% 5.33% 5.22% 5.20% 3.53% 3.14% 2.34% 0.95% 0.92%	\$	2,888,305 1,776,131 1,107,888 781,325 428,626 482,410 449,248 307,624 305,890 174,954 72,702 84,739	1 2 3 4 7 5 6 8 9 10	32.60% 20.05% 12.50% 8.82% 4.84% 5.44% 5.07% 3.47% 3.45% 1.97% 0.82% 0.96%
\$	11,093,205		100.00%	\$	8,955,442	- -	100.00%	\$	8,859,842	-	100.00%

CITY OF DAWSONVILLE, GEORGIA RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Governmental
Activities Business-Type Activities

	Intergovern-						
Fiscal	mental	Notes				Percentage	
Year	Contractual	Payable	Revenue	Municipal	Total Primary	of Personal	Per Capita
Ended	Agreement (2)	(3)	Bonds Payable	Loans	Government	Income (1)	(1)
2023	\$ -	\$ 39,750	\$ 2,750,000	\$ 1,145,025	\$ 3,934,775	2.16%	957
2022	-	48,750	3,000,000	1,238,567	4,287,317	2.36%	1,047
2021	-	57,750	3,245,000	1,330,965	4,633,715	2.77%	1,236
2020	685,916	67,500	3,485,000	1,422,238	5,660,654	3.52%	1,522
2019	1,045,135	76,500	3,615,000	1,536,262	6,272,897	4.72%	2,018
2018	1,347,751	-	3,835,000	1,493,832	6,676,583	5.30%	2,237
2017	1,572,307	-	4,045,000	917,800	6,535,107	5.43%	2,214
2016	1,721,322	-	4,250,000	359,426	6,330,748	6.03%	2,403
2015	1,865,144	-	4,450,000	-	6,315,144	6.18%	2,410
2014	1,442,828	-	4,675,000	-	6,117,828	6.56%	2,412

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

- (1) See the Schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics on page 76 for personal income and population data.
- (2) The City maintains liability through an intergovernmental contractual agreement for bonds issued by the Downtown Development Authority, a blended component unit of the City. See notes to the financial statements for further detail.
- (3) Promissory Note for acquisition of land on Allen Street.

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT

GENERAL OBLIGATION AND REVENUE BONDS June 30, 2023

Governmental Unit	Debt Outstanding	Percentage Applicable to City of Dawsonville (1)	Amount Applicable to City of Dawsonville
Overlapping Debt:			
Dawson County School System	10,000,000	14.37%	1,437,000
City of Dawsonville	4,287,000	14.37%	616,042
Total Overlapping Debt	14,287,000		2,053,042
City of Dawsonville Direct Debt:			
Notes Payable	\$ 39,750	100.00%	\$ 39,750
Total Direct	39,750		39,750
Total	\$ 14,326,750		\$ 2,092,792

Source: Direct debt outstanding provided by the City as of June 30, 2023, as represented in current financial statements. Overlapping debt outstanding data as per reported in the Dawson County ACFR for December 31, 2022.

Note: Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with the geographic boundaries of the City. This schedule estimates the portion of the outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that is borne by the residents and businesses of the City. This process recognizes that, when considering the government's ability to issue and repay long-term debt, the entire debt burden borne by the residents and businesses should be taken into account. However, this does not imply that every taxpayer is a resident.

(1) The percentage of overlapping debt applicable is estimated using taxable assessed property values. Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the portion of the county's taxable assessed value that is within the government's boundaries and dividing it by the county total taxable assessed value.

LEGAL DEBT MARGIN - GENERAL OBLIGATION DEBT

Last Ten Fiscal Years

		2023	2022	2021		2020
Assessed value of property, gross tax digest	\$	273,156,245	\$ 203,217,934	\$ 171,448,619	\$	152,168,030
Debt Limit (10% of total assessed value)		27,315,625	20,321,793	17,144,862		15,216,803
Amount of Debt applicable to limit:						
General obligation bonds and contracts payable	;	-	-	-		685,916
Notes Payable		39,750	48,750	57,750		67,500
Less: Resources restricted to paying principal				-		-
Total net debt applicable to limit		39,750	48,750	57,750		753,416
Legal debt margin	<u>\$</u>	27,275,875	\$ 20,273,043	\$ 17,087,112	<u>\$</u>	14,463,387
Total net debt applicable to the limit		0.450/	0.049/	0.040/		4.05%
as a percentage of debt limit		0.15%	0.24%	0.34%		4.95%

LEGAL DEBT MARGIN - GENERAL OBLIGATION DEBT

Last Ten Fiscal Years

 2019	2018	2017		2016	2015	2014
\$ 134,787,964	\$ 122,091,406	\$ 102,480,729	\$	91,250,609	\$ 83,219,114	\$ 79,567,985
13,478,796	12,209,141	10,248,073		9,125,061	8,321,911	7,956,799
1,045,135 76,500	1,347,751	1,572,307		1,721,322	1,334,130	1,442,828
 1,121,635	1,347,751	 1,572,307		1,721,322	 1,334,130	 1,442,828
 1,121,000	1,047,701	 1,072,007	_	1,721,022	 1,004,100	 1,442,020
\$ 12,357,161	\$ 10,861,390	\$ 8,675,766	\$	7,403,739	\$ 6,987,781	\$ 6,513,971
8.32%	11.04%	15.34%		18.86%	16.03%	18.13%

PLEDGED-REVENUE COVERAGE

WATER, SEWER & GARBAGE FUND

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Public Utilities Revenue Bonds & Pledged Municipal Loans

		Less	Net				
Fiscal	Operating	Operating	Available	Debt S	Service		
Year	Revenue (1)	Expenses (2)	Revenue	Principal	Interest (3)	Coverage	
2023	\$ 3,323,470	\$ 1,956,619	\$ 1,366,851	\$ 343,542	\$ 80,055	3.23	
2022	2,412,418	1,650,039	762,379	337,398	81,198	1.82	
2021	2,265,754	1,318,306	947,448	331,272	84,605	2.28	
2020	1,841,420	1,190,706	650,714	364,025	46,959	1.58	
2019	1,706,645	1,122,455	584,190	268,964	124,028	1.49	
2018	1,606,079	1,104,482	501,597	248,305	115,369	1.38	
2017	1,535,767	1,029,238	506,529	260,405	112,318	1.36	
2016	1,318,908	874,680	444,228	200,000	139,363	1.31	
2015	1,288,870	812,753	476,117	225,000	97,159	1.48	
2014	1,208,802	734,280	474,522	170,715	296,608	1.02	

⁽¹⁾ Total operating revenues including interest income, but excluding tap connection fees and other.

⁽²⁾ Total operating expenses excluding depreciation and interest charges.

⁽³⁾ Beginning 2016, amount shown is interest and other fiscal charges, including fees associated with debt.

CITY OF DAWSONVILLE, GEORGIA TAX SUPPORTED DEBT RATIOS

June 30, 2023

	Su	ect Tax pported ebt (1)	Overlapping Tax Supported Debt (1)		Overall Tax Supported Debt (6)	
Per Capita Debt (2)	\$	10	\$	566	\$	576
Percentage of Gross Tax Digest (3)		0.01%		0.87%		0.88%
Percentage of Direct Fair Market Value (4)		0.01%		0.42%		0.43%
Per Capita Debt as Percentage of Per Capita Income (5)		0.02%		1.28%		1.29%

Note: This schedule is provided to comply with debt covenant requirements from prior years. The City continues to present for analytical comparisons.

⁽¹⁾ Direct and overlapping debt is shown in total on page 72.

⁽²⁾ Based on 2023 City of Dawsonville population of 4,113, see page 76.

⁽³⁾ Based on 2023 Gross Tax Digest of \$ 273,156,245, see page 67.

⁽⁴⁾ Based on 2023 estimated actual value of \$ 268,327,385, see page 67.

⁽⁵⁾ Based on 2023 estimated per capita income figure for Dawson County of \$44,342, see page 76.

⁽⁶⁾ Based on amount of overlapping debt applicable to City of Dawsonville taxable property.

CITY OF DAWSONVILLE, GEORGIA DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year Ended	Population Dawson County (1)	Population City of Dawsonville (2)	timated City of Dawsonville Personal Income (4)	Pe P	wson Co. er Capita ersonal come (3)	Dawson County Average Annual Unemployment Rate (5)
2023	30,138	4,113	\$ 182,379,569	\$	44,342	2.7%
2022	30,138	4,095	180,476,967		44,073	2.7%
2021	26,798	3,850	167,550,853		43,520	3.0%
2020	26,108	3,720	160,908,600		43,255	6.1%
2019	26,108	3,109	132,792,967		42,712	3.2%
2018	25,083	2,984	125,855,547		42,177	3.7%
2017	24,378	2,952	120,458,484		40,806	4.3%
2016	23,604	2,634	104,901,684		39,826	4.9%
2015	23,312	2,620	102,109,260		38,973	5.4%
2014	22,957	2,536	93,266,472		36,777	6.5%

Data Sources:

- (1) U.S. Department of Labor Bureau / County Regional Planning Commission
- (2) Information shown is estimate provided by City Manager
- (3) Georgia Department of Labor
- (4) Personal Income figures specifically for the City are not consistently available. Calculated estimate by multiplying county per capita rate by City population.
- (5) U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics

CITY OF DAWSONVILLE, GEORGIA PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS

Current Year and Nine Years Ago

		2023		2014			
			Percentage of			Percentage of	
			City			City	
Taxpayer	Employees	Rank	Employment	Employees	Rank	Employment	
Dawson County Board of Education (1)	528	1	28.37%	256	2	16.32%	
Dawson County Board of Commissioners	353	2	18.97%	248	3	15.81%	
Gold Creek Foods	292	3	15.69%	590	1	37.60%	
Atlanta Motor Sports Park LLC	70	4	3.76%	30	5	0.00%	
Food Lion Store # 2132	43	5	2.31%	40	4	2.55%	
T.W. Phillips Grading, Inc.	27	6	1.45%	-	-	0.00%	
Dairy Queen of Dawsonville	25	7	1.34%	18	7	1.15%	
RNL Global, Inc DBA The Grocery Garage	14	9	0.75%	-	-	0.00%	
North Georgia Assisted Living	18	8	0.97%	-	-	0.00%	
Fajita Grill # 2(Midelvia Macias DBA)	15	10	0.81%	14	8	0.89%	
Koch Electric Inc	15	10	0.81%	-	-	0.00%	
True North Transportation, LLC	15	10	0.81%	-	-	0.00%	
United Community Bank	-	-	0.00%	13	9	0.83%	
Bojangles # 845	-	-	0.00%	25	6	1.59%	
Amicalola Propane, Inc.	-	-	0.00%	12	10	0.76%	
All Others	446	-	23.97%	323	-	20.59%	
Totals	1,861	- -	100.00%	1,569	- -	98.09%	

Source: Employment data based on business license applications and phone surveys.

(1) Represented in the employment figures presented are employees of the BOE offices, Dawson County High School, Dawson County Junior High, Robinson Elementary and Hightower Academy.

CITY OF DAWSONVILLE, GEORGIA CITY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	20	23	20	2022		2021		20
Function	Full Time	Part Time	Full Time	Part Time	Full Time	Part Time	Full Time	Part Time
General government:								
Mayor and council	-	5	-	5	-	5	-	5
Finance and administration	6	-	6	-	6	-	6	-
Planning and zoning	4	-	4	-	4	-	2	1
Highways and streets	6	-	5	-	5	-	5	1
Water and sewer	6	-	6	-	6	-	6	-
Totals	22	5	21	5	21	5	19	7

Source: City employment records.

CITY OF DAWSONVILLE, GEORGIA CITY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION

Last Ten Fiscal Years

20	19	20	18	20	17	20	16	20	15	20	14
Full Time	Part Time										
_	5	_	5	_	5	_	5	_	5	_	5
6	-	5	1	3	1	2	1	1	1	1	1
2	1	2	1	2	-	1	-	1	-	1	-
4	1	3	-	3	-	3	-	3	-	3	-
6	-	6	-	5	-	5	-	3	-	3	-
18	7	16	7	13	6	11	6	8	6	8	6

CITY OF DAWSONVILLE, GEORGIA OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION Last Ten Fiscal Years

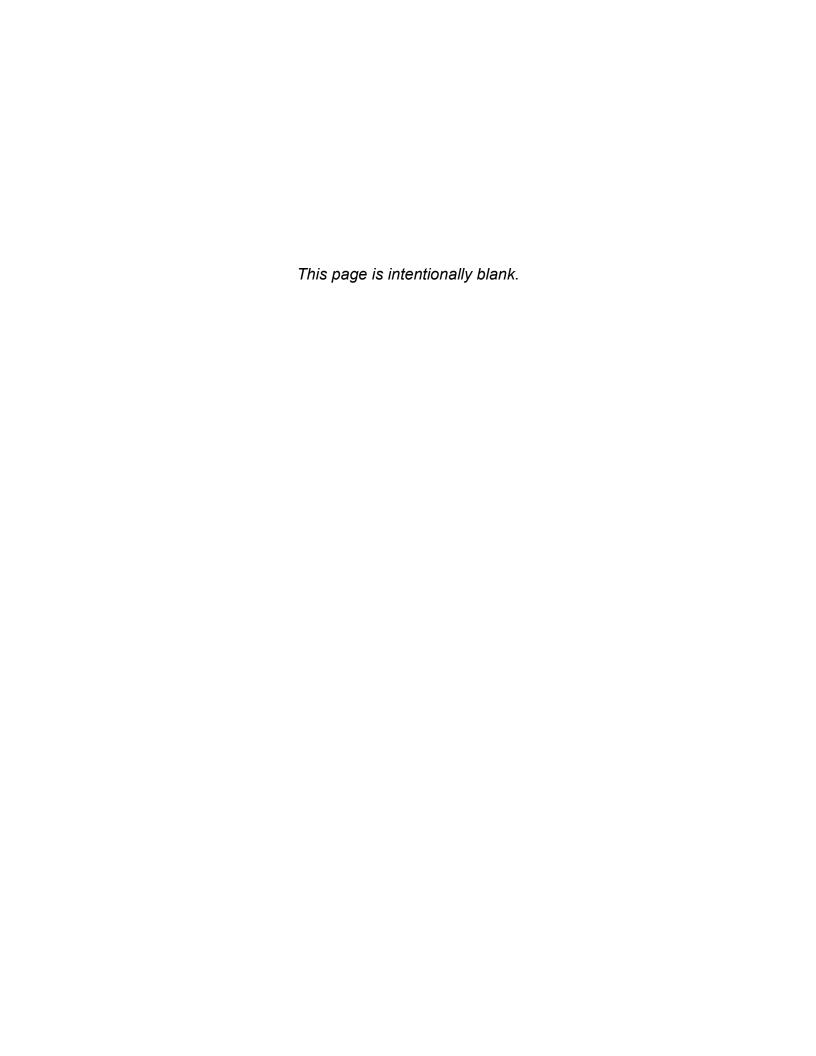
Function	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
General Government: Number of accounts payable										
checks issued	1,460	1,481	1,696	1,637	1,729	1,579	1,426	1,404	730	730
Number of payroll checks issued	691	636	600	554	651	504	418	326	286	286
Highways and streets										
Miles of streets maintained	17.36	12.04	12.04	12.04	12.04	12.04	11.60	11.60	10.87	10.87
Miles of sidewalks maintained	19.34	19.34	8.30	8.30	8.30	8.30	7.80	6.68	5.93	5.93
Planning & Zoning										
Permits issued	125	164	214	188	162	280	206	141	100	97
Licenses issued	587	544	325	539	208	280	219	204	181	190
Water System										
Number of service connections	1,687	1,771	1,728	1,483	1,414	1,316	1,248	1,208	1,250	1,250
Daily average consumption in gallons	264,859	247,798	234,848	228,962	236,422	220,037	204,309	242,947	190,688	190,688
Sewer System										
Number of service connections	1,536	1,613	1,418	1,335	1,234	1,144	1,077	970	1,075	1,075
Daily average treatment in gallons	217,434	228,334	194,334	207,940	212,696	197,183	183,826	164,764	176,698	176,698
Garbage Collection										
Customers	1,352	1,308	1,229	1,083	970	876	816	654	572	556

CITY OF DAWSONVILLE, GEORGIA CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION Last Ten Fiscal Years

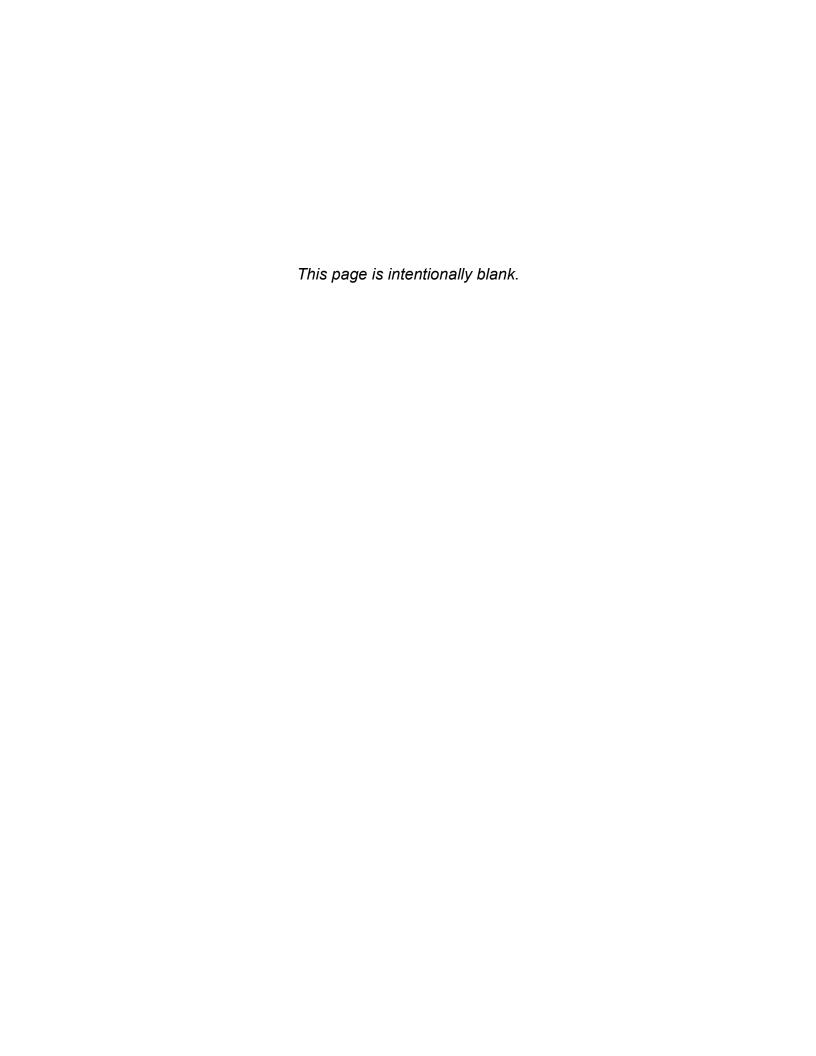
Function	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
General Government:										
Municipal facilities	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Rental houses	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Undeveloped land acreage	17.74	17.74	17.74	17.74	17.74	17.74	17.74	17.74	17.74	3.53
Culture and Recreation										
Parks	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	1
Park acreage	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	1
Highways and Streets										
Maintenance facilities	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Miles of streets maintained	12.04	12.04	12.04	12.04	12.04	11.60	11.60	10.87	10.87	10.87
Miles of sidewalks maintained	19.34	19.34	8.30	8.30	8.30	7.80	6.68	6.43	5.93	5.70
Water System										
Miles of mains	25.80	25.8	25.5	25.5	25.5	25.5	25.5	25.5	25.5	25.5
Number of fire hydrants	282	282	280	280	280	280	280	275	275	268
Number of developed wells	6	6	6	6	5	5	5	5	5	5
Maximum daily capacity in gallons	750,000	750,000	600,000	600,000	500,000	500,000	500,000	835,200	835,200	835,200
Sewer System										
Miles of sewer	15.0	15.0	15.0	15.0	15.0	15.0	15.0	15.0	15.0	15.0
Waste water treatment plants Maximum daily capacity of treatment	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
plant in gallons	400,000	400,000	400,000	400,000	400,000	400,000	400,000	400,000	400,000	400,000

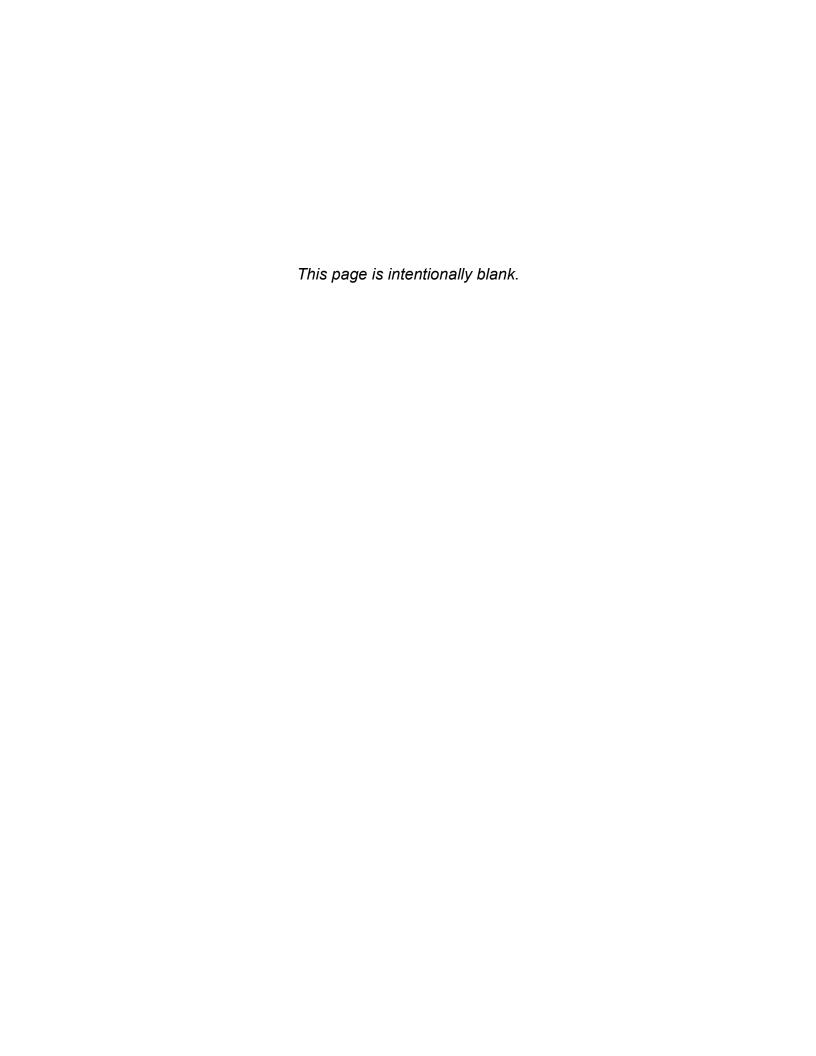
Source: Various City departments.

OTHER REPORTING SECTION



COMPLIANCE SECTION







INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Mayor and City Council City of Dawsonville, Georgia

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, the aggregate discretely presented component units, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Dawsonville, Georgia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise City of Dawsonville, Georgia's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 6, 2023.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered City of Georgia, Georgia's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of City of Dawsonville, Georgia's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of City of Dawsonville, Georgia's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements, on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether City of Dawsonville, Georgia's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Alexander, Almand & Bangs, LLP

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Gainesville, Georgia November 6, 2023