

## **Comprehensive Annual Financial Report**

## For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018



"Protecting our History and Providing for the Future"



# City of Dawsonville, Georgia COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018



Submitted by: Robert D. Bolz City Manager

## INTRODUCTORY SECTION





#### CITY OF DAWSONVILLE, GEORGIA COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

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P.O. Box 6 415 Highway 53 E. Suite 100 Dawsonville, Georgia 30534



(706) 265-3256 Fax (706) 265-4214 www.dawsonville-ga.gov

December 3, 2018

To the Members of the City Council and Citizens of the City of Dawsonville:

It is our pleasure to present the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of the City of Dawsonville for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018 to the City Council and the citizens of Dawsonville. Georgia Code requires that every generalpurpose local government publish within six months of the close of each fiscal year a complete set of audited financial statements.

Within this report management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information contained in this report, based upon a comprehensive framework of internal controls that it has established for this purpose. Since the cost of internal controls should not exceed anticipated benefits, the objective is to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements.

Georgia Code requires an annual audit by independent certified public accountants. The City selected Alexander, Almand & Bangs, LLP to perform the annual independent financial statement audit for fiscal year 2018. The audit issued an unmodified opinion for the 2018 fiscal year which is included within this document.

Generally accepted accounting principles require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City of Dawsonville's MD&A can be found immediately following the auditor's report in the financial section of this report.

#### Profile of the Government

The City of Dawsonville, the county seat of Dawson County, is located in the foothills of the Northeast Georgia Mountains, approximately 50 miles northeast of Atlanta. Dawsonville was incorporated December 10, 1859 and was named after William C. Dawson, a compiler of the laws of Georgia and commander of a brigade in the Creek Indian War of 1836. Dawson also served in both houses of the state legislature and in Congress before the Civil War.

The government of the City of Dawsonville is vested in a City Council composed of a mayor and four council members. Each member serves a four year term of office and there are no limits on the amount of terms they may serve. The City has the authority to levy property tax on both real and personal property located within its boundaries.

The City provides many services including a water and sewer utility, solid waste collection, cemetery services, maintenance of highways and streets, planning and zoning, recreational facilities, and tourism event sponsorship.

The Downtown Development Authority of Dawsonville (DDA), a legally separate entity, was created by the City in 1996 to stimulate and sustain economic development in Downtown Dawsonville. The DDA works closely with downtown businesses and city leaders to ensure continued growth and investment into the downtown area while protecting our history and providing for the future.

The City of Dawsonville develops and adopts a balanced budget for each fiscal year. The Finance Administrator develops this document which is submitted to the Mayor and City Council for adoption. The City includes all governmental funds (General, SPLOST, Hotel/Motel Tax and Dawsonville Downtown Development Authority), and enterprise funds (Water/Sewage, and Solid Waste) in its budgeting process. Each fund is budgeted at the line item level but monitored at the legal level of control which is at the department level. The legal level of control is the level at which the budget must be balanced.

#### Local Economy

The economy within the City of Dawsonville has seen a gradual improvement from previous years.

Dawsonville is the only municipality located in Dawson County, situated in Northeast Georgia on two major state highways, Highway 53 and Highway 9, with Highway 400 in the County that opens a gateway for the Atlanta suburbs to expand north. This has been a major contributor to the growth of this community.

The North Georgia Premium Outlet Mall is the largest employer in the County employing 1,050 to 1,200 employees throughout the year. The Dawson County Board of Education is the second largest employer with nearly 550 employees.

The 2010 U.S. Census showed the City of Dawsonville grew more than 139% between 2000 and 2010, from 1,059 residents to 2,536. This population growth continues to impact all levels of service needs. Currently, the population of the City is estimated to be approximately 3,000 citizens.

The housing and banking crisis halted the development within the City in 2011. In the last two years, development has improved. Building and construction activity in the City and surrounding area has grown exponentially. This has impacted many areas, including reducing the estimated unemployment rate from roughly 9.0% in 2011, to 3.6% in 2018, for Dawson County as a whole.

The City does not levy ad valorem taxes presently and historically. The City has maintained adequate revenue streams necessary for service delivery without the assessment of a City property tax.

#### Long-term Financial Planning

Unassigned fund balance in the General Fund is \$ 2,992,823 to provide cash flow throughout the year and as a buffer against unforeseen events.

On November 4, 2014 Dawson County citizens approved the continuation of the Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax (SPLOST). SPLOST VI collections began in July 2015 and will continue until June 2021. SPLOST VI will not be pre-funded. Therefore, the Mayor and City Council determine the project priority for SPLOST VI. Projects from SPLOST proceeds include: sidewalks and revitalization of downtown and parking, city hall acquisition, and development of a recreational park, water and sewer projects, a farmer's market and purchasing public works equipment. The Mayor and City Council have designed these projects to improve the overall availability of resources, such as clean water, and recreational activities for the City's citizens.

#### **Relevant Financial Policies**

In March of 2014, Standard and Poor's assigned a credit rating of "AA" (stable) to the City.

The Council amended the Financial Policy Manual (a guide to the management of the finances of the City) April 9, 2018 to include additional roles of personnel and improve other financial processes and policies within the operations of the City. These policies address fund balances, the use of one-time revenues, issuance of debt, purchasing and procurement, cash and investment management, accounting practices, and water and sewer billing. These policies were designed to provide assurance that the City is able to meet its fiduciary responsibility to its citizens. The Council reviews and updates these policies on an ongoing basis.

#### Major Initiatives

The City remains in the process of constructing new wells, a recreational facility and park for citizens to use, and a covered market location for events. Each of the projects are time consuming, but certain phases are expected to be completed within the year. In addition, the Mayor and Council is working diligently to resolve common criticisms from citizens, such as parking and traffic flow in the Historic Downtown Area. This, too, is a time consuming project and requires devoted hours working with multiple agencies and regulatory authorities to accomplish.

#### Awards and Acknowledgements

The Governmental Finance Officers Association's (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Dawsonville for fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement the government is required to publish an easily readable and efficiently organized CAFR that satisfies both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievements Programs' requirements', and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The preparation of the CAFR has been accomplished through the dedicated efforts of the entire staff in conjunction with the external audit firm Alexander, Almand & Bangs, LLP. Appreciation is also expressed to the Mayor and Council for their support and providing the resources needed to deliver quality services for Dawsonville's citizens.

Respectfully submitted,

Robert D. Bolz City Manager



#### CITY OF DAWSONVILLE, GEORGIA OFFICIALS AND ADMINISTRATION as of June 30, 2018

### ELECTED OFFICIALS

Mayor	Mike Eason
Mayor Pro-Tem	Jason Power

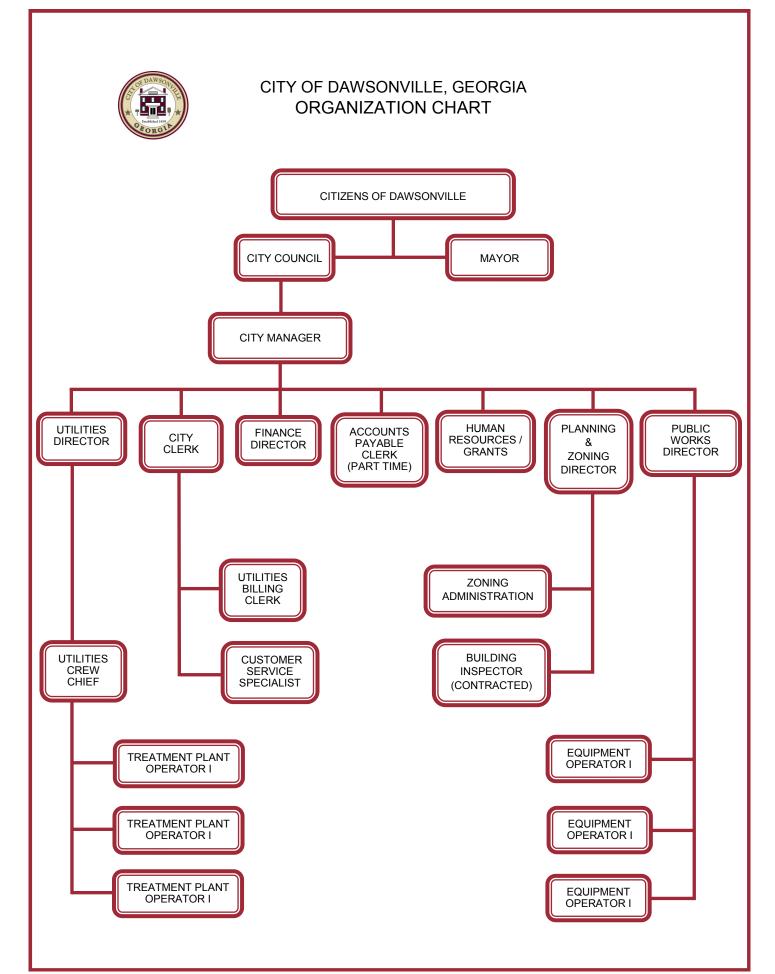
Council Member	Caleb Phillips
Council Member	Jason Power
Council Member	Stephen Tolson
Council Member	Mark French

### APPOINTED OFFICIALS

City Clerk	Beverly Banister
Deputy City Clerk	Tracy Smith
City Attorney	Dana Miles

### **ADMINISTRATION**

City Manager	Robert D. Bolz
Finance Director	Hayden Wiggins
Public Works Director	Trampas Hansard
Planning Director	Robbie Irvin
Utilities Director	Gary Barr





Government Finance Officers Association

# Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

# City of Dawsonville Georgia

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2017

Christophen P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

## FINANCIAL SECTION



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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Mayor and City Council City of Dawsonville Dawsonville, Georgia

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Dawsonville, Georgia as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Dawsonville, Georgia as of June 30, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position and where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Other Matters**

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion on pages 3 through 10 and the required Defined Benefit Retirement Plan Pension Schedules on pages 43 through 46 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Dawsonville, Georgia's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, the Schedule of Projects Constructed with Special Sales Tax Proceeds, the Schedules of Functional Allocations for the Water, Sewer and Garbage fund, the Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position budget and actual for the Water, Sewer and Garbage fund and the statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual non-major fund financial statements, the Schedule of Projects Constructed with Special Sales Tax Proceeds, the Schedules of Functional Allocations for the Water, Sewer and Garbage fund and the Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position budget versus actual for the Water, Sewer and Garbage fund are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual non-major fund financial statements, the Schedule of Projects Constructed with Special Sales Tax Proceeds, the Schedules of Functional Allocations for the Water, Sewer and Garbage fund, and the Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position budget versus actual for the Water, Sewer and Garbage fund, and the Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position budget versus actual for the Water, Sewer and Garbage fund, and the Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position budget versus actual for the Water, Sewer and Garbage fund, and the Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position budget versus actual for the Water, Sewer and Garbage fund, and the Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position budget versus actual for the Water, Sewer and Garbage fund, and the Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position budget versus actual for the Water, Sewer and Garbage fund are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a w

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subject to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide assurance on them.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated December 3, 2018 on our consideration of the City of Dawsonville, Georgia's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering City of Dawsonville, Georgia's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

alexander alment & Barr, SLP

Alexander, Almand & Bangs, LLP Gainesville, Georgia December 3, 2018 P.O. Box 6 415 Highway 53 E. Suite 100 Dawsonville, Georgia 30534



(706) 265-3256 Fax (706) 265-4214 www.dawsonville-ga.gov

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The City of Dawsonville (the "City") provides this Management Discussion and Analysis as prescribed by the provisions of Government Accounting Standards Board Statement 34 (GASB 34). This narrative overview and analysis of the City of Dawsonville's financial activities is for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2018 and 2017. Please consider this information in conjunction with the accompanying basic financial statements.

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Financial highlights of the year include the following:

- The assets of the City of Dawsonville exceeded its liabilities at the close of the year ending June 30, 2018 by \$ 18,233,607 (net position).
- The City's net position increased by \$ 1,672,064 for the year ending June 30, 2018 from the prior year. Of this amount, an increase of \$ 1,357,845 was associated with governmental activities and an increase of \$ 314,219 with business-type activities. In the government activities, the City received funds through SPLOST V and VI contributions.
- The City's net investment in capital assets, increased \$ 1,070,942 or 10% for the year ending June 30, 2018.

#### **Overview of the Financial Statements**

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City of Dawsonville's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements include three components: 1) Government-Wide Financial Statements, 2) Fund Financial Statements, and 3) Notes to the Basic Financial Statements. These components are described below:

#### Government-wide financial statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City of Dawsonville's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the City's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating. The statement of net position combines and consolidates the governmental funds current financial resources with capital assets and long-term obligations.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City of Dawsonville include general government, public safety, highways and streets and other charges. The major business-type activity of the City includes the water, sewer and garbage system.

The government-wide financial statements include a legally separate Dawsonville Downtown Development Authority, a component unit of the City. Financial information for the component unit is blended into the City's financial statements.

#### Fund financial statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City of Dawsonville can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds. These funds also include the blended component unit.

#### Governmental funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between the two.

The City maintains five governmental funds – the general fund, a capital projects fund, Downtown Development Authority ("DDA") and hotel-motel tax special revenue funds, and the permanent cemetery fund. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances. The general fund and capital projects funds are considered major funds, while the cemetery fund, DDA fund, and the hotel-motel tax fund are considered non-major governmental funds. The DDA and hotel-motel tax funds are referred to as "development" throughout the financial statements and schedules.

The City of Dawsonville adopted a full year budget for the period ending June 30, 2018 for all of its funds. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the all the funds, including the general fund to demonstrate compliance with the budget.

#### **Proprietary funds**

The City of Dawsonville maintains one proprietary enterprise fund. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. Information is presented separately in the proprietary statement of net position and the proprietary statement of revenues, expense and changes in net position for the water, sewer and garbage fund, which is considered a major proprietary fund.

#### Permanent Funds

Permanent funds account for resources that are legally restricted to allow the earnings (and not the principle) to be used to support the governments programs such as cemeteries, libraries, parks and scholarships.

#### Notes to the financial statements

Notes to the basic financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in government-wide and the fund financial statements. The notes can be found immediately following the fund financial statements.

#### Other information

Required supplementary information is reported in addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes.

#### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS**

At June 30, 2018, the City's assets exceeded liabilities by \$ 18,233,607. By far the largest portion of the City's net position reflects its net investment in capital assets, less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. Capital assets are used to provide services to citizens and they are not available for future spending. Although the investment in capital assets are reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

#### City of Dawsonville's Net Position

	Total 6/30/2018	Total 6/30/2017	Govt'l Activities 06/30/18	Govt'l Activities 06/30/17	Business Type Activities 06/30/18	Business Type Activities 06/30/17
Current assets	\$ 8,185,047	\$ 7,458,832	\$ 5,218,106	\$ 4,502,085	\$ 2,966,941	\$ 2,956,747
Capital assets	17,255,742	16,043,325	5,474,731	5,020,237	11,781,011	11,023,088
Total assets	25,440,789	23,502,157	10,692,837	9,522,322	14,747,952	13,979,835
Deferred outflows of resources	. 27,886	9,148	18,294	5,760	9,592	3,388
Long-term liabilities	6,344,887	6,215,760	1,226,336	1,447,286	5,118,551	4,768,474
Other current liabilities	841,687	688,280	318,602	275,473	523,085	412,807
Total liabilities	7,186,574	6,904,040	1,544,938	1,722,759	5,641,636	5,181,281
Deferred inflows of resources	48,494	45,722	31,814	28,789	16,680	16,933
Net position:						
Net investment in capital assets	10,579,159	9,508,218	4,126,980	3,447,930	6,452,179	6,060,288
Restricted for cemetery	219,781	203,093	219,781	203,093	-	-
Restricted for tourism	607	519	607	519	-	-
Restricted for capital projects	1,783,295	1,310,265	1,783,295	1,310,265	-	-
Restricted for DDA	31,328	34,586	31,328	34,586	-	-
Unrestricted	5,619,437	5,504,862	2,972,388	2,780,141	2,647,049	2,724,721
Total net position	\$ 18,233,607	\$ 16,561,543	\$ 9,134,379	\$ 7,776,534	\$ 9,099,228	\$ 8,785,009

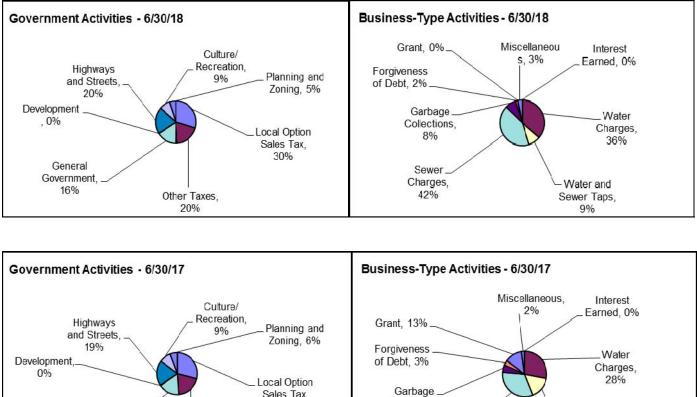
	Total 6/30/2018	Total 6/30/2017	Govt'l Activities 06/30/18	Govt'l Activities 06/30/17	Business Type Activities 06/30/18	Business Type Activities 06/30/17
Revenues:						
Program revenues:						
Charges for services	\$ 1,911,860	\$ 1,825,752	\$ 315,024	\$ 294,149	\$ 1,596,836	\$ 1,531,603
Operating grants & contributions	3,600	10,650	3,600	10,650	-	-
Capital grants & contributions	1,552,886	1,967,257	1,355,464	1,262,546	197,422	704,711
General revenues:						
Taxes	1,650,428	1,483,825	1,650,428	1,483,825	-	-
Gain (loss) on sale of assets	7,940	-	1,370	-	6,570	-
Interest	44,370	17,877	35,127	13,713	9,243	4,164
Total Revenues	5,171,084	5,305,361	3,361,013	3,064,883	1,810,071	2,240,478
Expenses:						
General government	1,156,139	1,013,076	1,156,139	1,013,076	-	-
Public safety	167	4,412	167	4,412	-	-
Public works	335,394	313,367	335,394	313,367	-	-
Culture/recreation	1,288	3,138	1,288	3,138	-	-
Planning and zoning	248,627	198,962	248,627	198,962	-	-
Development	32,858	44,029	32,858	44,029	-	-
Interest on long-term debt	158,292	151,527	42,923	39,209	115,369	112,318
Water and sewer	1,566,255	1,457,217			1,566,255	1,457,217
Total Expense	3,499,020	3,185,728	1,817,396	1,616,193	1,681,624	1,569,535
Increase in net position						
before transfers	1,672,064	2,119,633	1,543,617	1,448,690	128,447	670,943
Transfers			(185,772)	(125,724)	185,772	125,724
Change in net position	1,672,064	2,119,633	1,357,845	1,322,966	314,219	796,667
Net position - beginning of year	16,561,543	14,441,910	7,776,534	6,453,568	8,785,009	7,988,342
Net position - ending of year	\$ 18,233,607	\$ 16,561,543	\$ 9,134,379	\$ 7,776,534	\$ 9,099,228	\$ 8,785,009

#### City of Dawsonville's Changes in Net Position (continued)

#### Revenues by Source:

General Government

17%



29%

Other Taxes.

20%

For fiscal year 2018, total revenues for governmental activities increased 9.6% compared to fiscal year 2017 due to proceeds received for SPLOST and other taxes received in the general fund. Proceeds from SPLOST increased due to the growth of retail establishments in Dawson County where people in general are purchasing more goods, resulting in the City receiving a greater portion of special purpose taxes. Other taxes received in the general fund primarily consisted of Local Option Sales Taxes (LOST), taxes assessed through services such as utilities and insurance, and title ad valorem taxes. The overall collection of LOST receipts throughout the region have increased due to the overall increase in economic activity, like SPLOST funds. In addition to consumers purchasing more generic goods, they are also purchasing more vehicles, resulting in an increase in title ad valorem taxes received by the City. Taxes received through utilities and insurance are based on the population receiving the certain service within the City's annexed properties. The population assessed has grown due to the additional annexations of properties during the 2018 year, and therefore has impacted the City in a financially beneficial manner. For fiscal year 2018, total revenues for business-type activities decreased 19.3% compared to fiscal year 2017 due to the decrease of tap fees, minimal grant balances received, as well as a decrease in forgiveness of debt received. Forgiveness of debt received is based on the amount of GEFA (Georgia Environmental Finance Authority) loans drawn. Loans and grants were primarily drawn/received in the prior year for clean drinking water projects.

Collections,

5%

Sewer

Charges,

33%

Water and

Sewer Taps

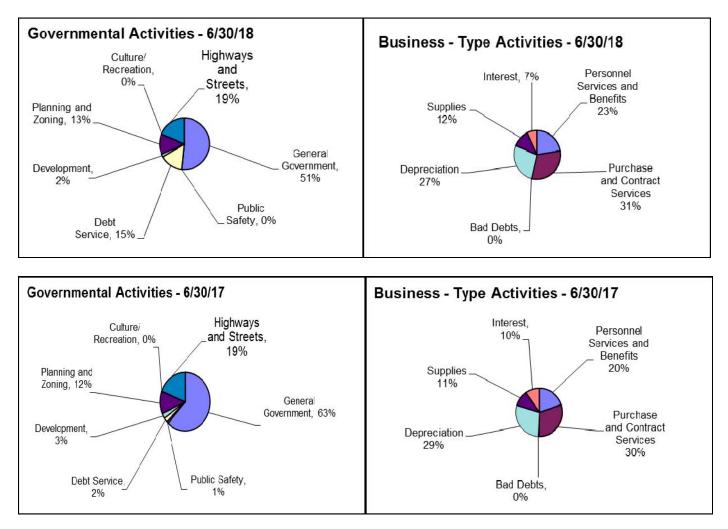
16%

#### **GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS**

Changes from the City's General Fund original budget to the final budget are detailed in the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual along with a comparison to actual activity for the year ended June 30, 2018. Fiscal management and expenditure control helped keep the budget in balance.

General Fund revenues of \$ 2,073,900 were less than budgeted revenues of \$ 2,073,901 for the year ended June 30, 2018. General Fund expenditures were less than budgeted. With total appropriations of \$ 2,073,901 the City actually spent \$ 1,868,421 or \$ 205,480 less than budgeted, for the year ended June 30, 2018. In addition to the increases of revenues, performing under budget by conservatively utilizing available resources of the City has contributed significantly to the overall increases in fund balances.

#### Expenditures by Function:



For fiscal year 2018, total expenditures for governmental activities increased 12.7% compared to fiscal year 2017 due to new staffing positions, and wages, that were added as well as professional fees for planning and development for the City. For fiscal year 2018, total expenditures increased 7.1% for business-type activities compared to fiscal year 2017 due to additional expenses for maintenance on water/sewer systems implemented in prior years and new staffing positions and wages that were added. In addition, certain rates for utility supplies increased from vendors during the fiscal year 2018.

#### **ECONOMIC FACTORS**

The issues facing the national and state economies correlate with the City's local economy. Currently the State of Georgia, especially the Northeast Region, is experiencing a significant economic growth period. This is attributed to the increased film production activity and corporate distribution/manufacturing facilities that are conducting business within the surrounding Region. The increased activities has created a greater demand for housing. Therefore, the City has seen a significant increase in requests for permits and local licensing for both new homes and commercial building construction. In addition, this has increased the needs for additional water and sewer systems, as well as general government services. The increase in demand for services will also provide increased revenues for the City. The City strives to be good stewards of the revenues received through fiscal management and expenditure control using a minimal amount of reserved funds to maintain a balanced budget. The City plans to maintain a conservative fiscal position, while increasing services, during the economic growth period.

#### **CAPITAL ASSETS**

As of June 30, 2018 and 2017 the City had \$ 25,122,455 and \$ 23,280,581 invested in a variety of capital assets, as in the schedule below. Adjustments for depreciation are \$ 654,998 and \$ 606,478 for the years ending June 30, 2018 and 2017. Adjustments for accumulated depreciation are \$ 7,866,713 and \$ 7,237,196 for the years ending June 30, 2018 and 2017. Further detail on capital assets is provided in the notes to the financial statements, note 2D.

#### Capital Assets at Year-end

		Total 30/2018	(	Total 6/30/2017	Govt'l Activities 6/30/2018	 Govt'l Activities 6/30/2017	1	Business Type Activities 6/30/2018	Business Type Activities 6/30/2017
Land	\$	4,170,689	\$	4,007,725	\$ 991,394	\$ 980,538	\$	3,179,295	\$ 3,027,187
Artifacts		49,751		49,751	49,751	49,751		-	-
Construction in progress	:	2,187,871		1,672,042	276,641	660,926		1,911,230	1,011,116
Buildings	:	3,737,666		3,620,581	3,507,201	3,390,116		230,465	230,465
Improvements		42,365		34,365	42,365	34,365		-	-
Vehicles		292,094		211,808	225,144	167,388		66,950	44,420
Equipment		770,381		620,621	274,453	261,053		495,928	359,568
Infrastructure		2,611,042		1,803,092	2,611,042	1,803,092		-	-
Water and Sewer System	1	0,336,673		10,336,673	-	-		10,336,673	10,336,673
Sewer Treatment Plant		923,923		923,923	 	 		923,923	 923,923
Total	2	5,122,455		23,280,581	 7,977,991	 7,347,229		17,144,464	 15,933,352

#### The following reconciliation summarizes the change in Capital Assets:

	Total 6/30/18	Total 6/30/17	Govt'l Activities 6/30/18	Govt'l Activities 6/30/17	Business Type Activities 6/30/18	Business Type Activities 6/30/17
Beginning Balance:	23,280,581	21,634,746	7,347,229	6,756,723	15,933,352	14,878,023
Additions:						
Land	162,964	-	10,856	-	152,108	-
Construction in Progress	1,022,687	1,531,302	122,573	562,903	900,114	968,399
Buildings	125,085	-	125,085	-	-	-
Vehicles	97,243	27,603	74,713	27,603	22,530	-
Equipment	158,344	122,950	13,400	-	144,944	122,950
Infrastructure	807,950	-	807,950	-	-	-
Water and Sewer System	-	421,455	-	-	-	421,455
Dispositions:	-	-				
Construction in Progress	(506,858)	(414,275)	(506,858)	-	-	(414,275)
Equipment	(25,541)	(43,200)	(16,957)	-	(8,584)	(43,200)
Infrastructure	-	-	-	-	-	-
Water and Sewer System	<u> </u>			-		-
Total	\$ 25,122,455	\$ 23,280,581	\$ 7,977,991	\$ 7,347,229	\$ 17,144,464	\$ 15,933,352

#### LONG-TERM DEBT

As of June 30, 2018, the City was liable for long-term capital lease obligations totaling \$ 1,347,751 and for revenue bond debt and a revolving fund loan totaling \$ 5,328,832. As of June 30, 2017, the City was liable for long-term capital lease obligations totaling \$ 1,572,307 for revenue bond debt totaling \$ 4,962,800. This is a net increase in debt of \$ 141,476 from the prior year. Further detail on long-term debt is provided in the notes to the financial statements, note 2H.

#### **REQUEST FOR FINANCIAL INFORMATION**

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City of Dawsonville's finances for all of Dawsonville's residents, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors. This financial report seeks to demonstrate the City's accountability for the money it receives. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report, or requests for additional information should be addressed to the City Clerk, c/o City of Dawsonville, P. O. Box 6, Dawsonville, Georgia 30534.

# FINANCIAL SECTION Basic Financial Statements

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#### CITY OF DAWSONVILLE, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2018

	F	Primary Government	t
	Governmental	Business-Type	
	Activities	Activities	Total
ASSETS			
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,138,740	\$ 2,715,703	\$ 5,854,443
Accounts receivable	305,504	109,005	414,509
Internal balance	750	(750)	-
Prepaid items	39,186	23,546	62,732
Restricted assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	1,733,926	119,437	1,853,363
Total current assets	5,218,106	2,966,941	8,185,047
Non-current assets			
Capital assets, non-depreciable			
Land	991,394	3,179,294	4,170,688
Construction in progress	276,641	1,911,231	2,187,872
Artifacts	49,751	-	49,751
Capital assets, depreciable (net of depreciation)	4,156,945	6,690,486	10,847,431
Total non-current assets	5,474,731	11,781,011	17,255,742
TOTAL ASSETS	10,692,837	14,747,952	25,440,789
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Retirement contributions	18,294	9,592	27,886
			,
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$ 10,711,131	\$ 14,757,544	\$ 25,468,675

#### CITY OF DAWSONVILLE, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2018

	Primary Government			
	Governmental	Business-Type		
	Activities	Activities	Total	
LIABILITIES				
Current liabilities				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 151,086	\$ 162,459	\$ 313,545	
Current portion, capital lease debt	151,902	-	151,902	
Current portion, notes payable	-	227,772	227,772	
Current portion, compensated absences	15,614	12,704	28,318	
Customer deposits payable from restricted assets	-	120,150	120,150	
Total current liabilities	318,602	523,085	841,687	
Long-term liabilities:				
Long-term debt, capital lease	1,195,849	-	1,195,849	
Long-term debt, notes payable	-	5,101,060	5,101,060	
Long-term portion, compensated absences	5,205	4,235	9,440	
Net pension liability	25,282	13,256	38,538	
Total long-term liabilities	1,226,336	5,118,551	6,344,887	
Total liabilities	1,544,938	5,641,636	7,186,574	
	1,044,000	0,041,000	7,100,074	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Retirement adjustments	31,814	16,680	48,494	
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets	4,126,980	6,452,179	10,579,159	
Restricted for:				
Cemetery	219,781	-	219,781	
Development	31,935	-	31,935	
Capital projects	1,783,295	-	1,783,295	
Unrestricted	2,972,388	2,647,049	5,619,437	
Total net position	9,134,379	9,099,228	18,233,607	
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES,	¢ 40 744 404	ф <b>44 757 544</b>	¢ of 400 075	
AND NET POSITION	\$ 10,711,131	\$ 14,757,544	\$ 25,468,675	

#### CITY OF DAWSONVILLE, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

		Program Revenues				
		Charges	Operating	Capital Grants		
		For	Grants and	and		
	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions		
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT						
Governmental Activities						
General government	\$ 1,156,139	\$ 143,006	\$ 1,000	\$ 386,104		
Public safety	167	100	-	-		
Public works	335,394	-	-	682,896		
Culture/recreation	1,288	-	-	286,464		
Planning and zoning	248,627	171,918	-	-		
Development	32,858	-	2,600	-		
Interest on long term debt	42,923		-			
		-				
Total Government Activities	1,817,396	315,024	3,600	1,355,464		
Business-Type Activities						
Water, sewer and garbage	1,681,624	1,596,836		197,422		
Total Business-Type Activities	1,681,624	1,596,836		197,422		
Total-Primary Government	\$ 3,499,020	\$ 1,911,860	\$ 3,600	\$ 1,552,886		

GENERAL REVENUES: Taxes: Sales Alcoholic Beverage Franchise Other Gain on sale of assets Interest earned TRANSFERS:

Total general revenues and transfers

Change in net position

NET POSITION - beginning of year

NET POSITION - end of year

#### CITY OF DAWSONVILLE, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes In Net Position							
			ry Governmen	t			
Governmental Business-Type							
	Activities		Activities		Total		
\$	(626,029)	\$	-	\$	(626,029)		
	(67)		-		(67)		
	347,502		-		347,502		
	285,176		-		285,176		
	(76,709)		-		(76,709)		
	(30,258)		-		(30,258)		
	(42,923)		-		(42,923)		
	(143,308)		-		(143,308)		
	-		112,634		112,634		
			,		,		
	-		112,634		112,634		
	(143,308)		112,634		(30,674)		
	993,116		-		993,116		
	93,976		-		93,976		
	198,382		-		198,382		
	364,954		-		364,954		
	1,370		6,570		7,940		
	35,127		9,243		44,370		
	(185,772)		185,772		-		
			,				
	1,501,153		201,585		1,702,738		
	1,357,845		314,219		1,672,064		
	7,776,534		8,785,009		16,561,543		
\$	9,134,379	\$	9,099,228	\$	18,233,607		

#### CITY OF DAWSONVILLE, GEORGIA BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2018

	General	SPLOST	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables (net):	\$ 3,138,740	\$-	\$-	\$ 3,138,740
Intergovernmental receivable	95,535	209,743	226	305,504
Internal balance receivable	750	-	-	750
Due from other funds	18,698	109,433	1,239	129,370
Prepaid items	39,186	-	-	39,186
Restricted assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents		1,464,119	269,807	1,733,926
TOTAL ASSETS	3,292,909	1,783,295	271,272	5,347,476
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable	119,702	-	858	120,560
Salaries payable	22,622	-	-	22,622
Interest payable	2,904	-	-	2,904
Deposits payable	5,000	-	-	5,000
Due to other funds	110,672		18,698	129,370
Total liabilities	260,900		19,556	280,456
FUND BALANCE				
Non-spendable:				
Prepaid items	39,186	-	-	39,186
Restricted:				
Permanent funds	-	-	219,781	219,781
Special revenue funds	-	-	31,935	31,935
Capital outlay	-	1,783,295	-	1,783,295
Unassigned:	2,992,823			2,992,823
Total Fund Balances	3,032,009	1,783,295	251,716	5,067,020
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	\$ 3,292,909	\$ 1,783,295	\$ 271,272	\$ 5,347,476

#### CITY OF DAWSONVILLE, GEORGIA RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2018

TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES		\$ 5,067,020
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds. Cost Accumulated depreciation Total capital assets, net depreciation	\$ 7,977,931 (2,503,200)	5,474,731
Certain liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds. Net pension liability Long-term debt Compensated absences payable Total liabilities	(25,282) (1,347,751) (20,819)	(1,393,852)
Retirement adjustments due to implementation of GASB # 68 Deferred outflows of resources Deferred inflows of resources	18,294 (31,814)	 (13,520)
NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES		\$ 9,134,379

#### CITY OF DAWSONVILLE, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	General	SPLOST	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES				
Taxes	\$ 1,647,457	\$ -	\$ 2,918	\$ 1,650,375
Charges for services	66,112	-	35,690	101,802
Intergovernmental	112,870	1,241,121	-	1,353,991
Licenses and permits	157,670	-	-	157,670
Contributions and donations	-	-	2,600	2,600
Interest earned	34,720	4,376	407	39,503
Rental income	55,071			55,071
Total Revenues	2,073,900	1,245,497	41,615	3,361,012
EXPENDITURES				
Current operating:				
General government	1,131,689	-	-	1,131,689
Public safety	167	-	-	167
Public works	452,833	-	19,409	472,242
Culture/recreation	675	-	-	675
Planning and zoning	271,057	-	-	271,057
Development	12,000	-	23,688	35,688
Capital outlay	-	319,216	-	319,216
Debt service:		267,479		267,479
Total Expenditures	1,868,421	586,695	43,097	2,498,213
EXCESS REVENUES (EXPENDITURES)	205,479	658,802	(1,482)	862,799
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in (out)	(15,000)	(185,772)	15,000	(185,772)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	190,479	473,030	13,518	677,027
FUND BALANCES - beginning of year	2,841,530	1,310,265	238,198	4,389,993
FUND BALANCES - end of year	\$ 3,032,009	\$ 1,783,295	\$ 251,716	\$ 5,067,020

#### CITY OF DAWSONVILLE, GEORGIA RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS		\$ 679,857
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay exceeds depreciation expense in the current period.		
Depreciation expense Capital outlay reported in general government function Gain on sale of assets	\$ (193,225) 647,719 1,370	455,864
Governmental funds include the cost of principal debt reduction as an expenditure which is not included in the statement of activities.		224,556
Governmental funds do not include the expense of compensated absences liabilities, which are reflected in the statement of net position.		
Current year liability - compensated absences Prior year liability - compensated absences	 (20,819) 19,018	(1,801)
Governmental funds do not include the expense of pension contributions.		
Pension contributions Change in net pension liability	 13,385 (14,016)	 (631)
CHANGE IN NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES		\$ 1,357,845

#### CITY OF DAWSONVILLE, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
REVENUES	<b>•</b> • • • • • • • •	<b>A</b> 4 450 550	<b>•</b> • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	<b>*</b> (00.00 <del>7</del>
Taxes	\$ 1,436,312	\$ 1,456,570	\$ 1,647,457	\$ 190,887
Charges for services	20,945	241,535	66,112	(175,423)
Licenses and permits	103,600	157,718	157,670	(48)
Intergovernmental revenues Interest earned	25,100	112,870	112,870	-
	10,700	10,700	34,720	24,020
Rental income	55,050	94,508	55,071	(39,437)
Total revenues	1,651,707	2,073,901	2,073,900	(1)
EXPENDITURES				
Current operating:				
General government	949,607	1,283,000	1,131,689	151,311
Public safety	2,000	2,000	167	1,833
Public works	376,800	486,901	452,833	34,068
Culture/recreation	3,000	3,000	675	2,325
Planning and zoning	268,300	272,000	271,057	943
Development	27,000	12,000	12,000	
Total expenditures	1,626,707	2,058,901	1,868,421	190,480
TOTAL REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	25,000	15,000	205,479	190,479
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Contingency Transfers in (out)	(25,000)	- (15,000)	- (15,000)	
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING				
SOURCES (USES)	(25,000)	(15,000)	(15,000)	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ -	\$-	190,479	\$ 190,479
FUND BALANCES - beginning of year			2,841,530	
FUND BALANCES - end of year			\$ 3,032,009	

#### CITY OF DAWSONVILLE, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION WATER, SEWER AND GARBAGE PROPRIETARY FUND June 30, 2018

	Total Water Sewer & Garbage Fund
ASSETS	
Current assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,715,703
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectible):	
Accounts	109,005
Internal balance	(750)
Prepaid expense	23,546
Restricted assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents	119,437
Total current assets	2,966,941
Non-current assets:	
Capital assets:	
Nondepreciable capital assets	5,090,525
Depreciable capital assets, net	6,690,486
Total non-current assets	11,781,011
TOTAL ASSETS	14,747,952
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Retirement contributions	9,592
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$ 14,757,544

## CITY OF DAWSONVILLE, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION WATER, SEWER AND GARBAGE PROPRIETARY FUND June 30, 2018

	Total Water Sewer & Garbage Fund
LIABILITIES	
Current liabilities:	
Accounts payable	\$ 107,548
Accrued expenses	11,860
Accrued interest payable	43,051
Current portion of long-term debt	227,772
Current portion, compensated absences	12,704
Customer deposits - payable from restricted assets	120,150
Total current liabilities	523,085
Long-term liabilities:	
Long-term portion, compensated absences	4,235
Long-term debt (net of current portion)	5,101,060
Net pension liability	13,256
Total long-term liabilities	5,118,551
TOTAL LIABILITIES	5,641,636
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Retirement adjustments	16,680
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	6,452,179
Unrestricted	2,647,049
TOTAL NET POSITION	9,099,228
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
AND NET POSITION	\$ 14,757,544

## CITY OF DAWSONVILLE, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION WATER, SEWER AND GARBAGE PROPRIETARY FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

OPERATING REVENUES       Fund         Charges for services       \$ 1,543,381         Miscellaneous       53,455         Total operating revenues       1,596,836         OPERATING EXPENSES       376,934         Purchased and contractual services       526,182         Bad debts       496         Supplies       200,870         Depreciation       461,773         Total operating expenses       1,566,255         OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)       30,581         NON-OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)       30,581         NON-OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)       6,570         Gain (loss) on sale of assets       6,570         Interest and other fiscal charges       (115,369)         Interest and other fiscal charges       1,1694         Stap connection fiese and other       29,228         Far connection fiese and other       156,500         Forgiveness of debt       29,228         Grants       11,694         Total capital contributions       197,422         INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE TRANSFERS       128,447         Transfers in (out)       185,772         Total transfers in (out)       185,772         CHANGE IN NET POSITION       314,219         NET POSITION -		Total Water,
OPERATING REVENUES Charges for services\$ 1,543,381 53,455Total operating revenues1,596,836OPERATING EXPENSES Personnel services and benefits376,934 9 urchased and contractual servicesBad debts496Supplies200,870Depreciation461,773Total operating expenses1,566,255OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)30,581NON-OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)30,581NON-OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)30,581Interest and other fiscal charges(115,369)Interest earned9,243Total non-operating income (loss)(99,556)CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS197,422INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE TRANSFERS128,447Transfers in (out)185,772CHANGE IN NET POSITION314,219NET POSITION - beginning of year8,785,009		Sewer, & Garbage
Charges for services\$ 1,543,381Miscellaneous53,455Total operating revenues1,596,836OPERATING EXPENSES376,934Purchased and contractual services526,182Bad debts496Supplies200,870Depreciation461,773Total operating expenses1,566,255OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)30,581NON-OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)30,581NON-OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)6,570Interest and other fiscal charges(115,369)Interest and other fiscal charges(115,369)Interest earned9,243Total non-operating income (loss)(99,556)CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS29,228Grants11,694Total capital contributions197,422INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE TRANSFERS128,447Transfers in (out)185,772CHANGE IN NET POSITION314,219NET POSITION - beginning of year8,785,009		Fund
Charges for services\$ 1,543,381Miscellaneous53,455Total operating revenues1,596,836OPERATING EXPENSES376,934Purchased and contractual services526,182Bad debts496Supplies200,870Depreciation461,773Total operating expenses1,566,255OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)30,581NON-OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)30,581NON-OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)30,581Interest and other fiscal charges(115,369)Interest and other fiscal charges(115,369)Interest earned9,243Total non-operating income (loss)(99,556)CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS29,228Grants11,694Total capital contributions197,422INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE TRANSFERS128,447Transfers in (out)185,772CHANGE IN NET POSITION314,219NET POSITION - beginning of year8,785,009	OPERATING REVENUES	
Total operating revenues1,596,836OPERATING EXPENSES Personnel services and benefits376,934Purchased and contractual services526,182Bad debts496Supplies200,870Depreciation441,773Total operating expenses1,566,255OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)30,581NON-OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)30,581Gain (loss) on sale of assets6,570Interest and other fiscal charges(115,369)Interest and other fiscal charges(99,556)CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS196,500Tap connection fees and other156,500Forgiveness of debt29,228Grants11694Total capital contributions197,422INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE TRANSFERS128,447Transfers in (out)185,772CHANGE IN NET POSITION314,219NET POSITION - beginning of year8,785,009		\$ 1,543,381
OPERATING EXPENSES Personnel services and benefits376,934Purchased and contractual services526,182Bad debts496Supplies200,870Depreciation461,773Total operating expenses1,566,255OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)30,581NON-OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)30,581Gain (loss) on sale of assets6,570Interest and other fiscal charges(115,369)Interest and other fiscal charges(115,369)Interest earned9,243Total non-operating income (loss)(99,556)CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS Tap connection fees and other156,500Forgiveness of debt (29,228)29,228Grants11,694Total capital contributions197,422INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE TRANSFERS128,447Transfers in (out)185,772CHANGE IN NET POSITION314,219NET POSITION - beginning of year8,785,009	Miscellaneous	53,455
Personnel services and benefits376,934Purchased and contractual services526,182Bad debts496Supplies200,870Depreciation461,773Total operating expenses1,566,255OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)30,581NON-OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)30,581Gain (loss) on sale of assets6,570Interest and other fiscal charges(115,369)Interest and other fiscal charges(115,369)Interest earned9,243Total non-operating income (loss)(99,556)CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS197,422Tap connection fees and other156,500Forgiveness of debt29,228Grants11,694Total capital contributions197,422INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE TRANSFERS128,447Transfers in (out)185,772CHANGE IN NET POSITION314,219NET POSITION - beginning of year8,785,009	Total operating revenues	1,596,836
Purchased and contractual services526,182Bad debts496Supplies200,870Depreciation461,773Total operating expenses1,566,255OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)30,581NON-OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)30,581Gain (loss) on sale of assets6,570Interest and other fiscal charges(115,369)Interest earned9,243Total non-operating income (loss)(99,556)CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS196,500Forgiveness of debt29,228Grants11,694Total capital contributions197,422INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE TRANSFERS128,447Transfers in (out)185,772Total transfers in (out)185,772CHANGE IN NET POSITION314,219NET POSITION - beginning of year8,785,009	OPERATING EXPENSES	
Bad debts496Supplies200,870Depreciation461,773Total operating expenses1,566,255OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)30,581NON-OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)30,581Gain (loss) on sale of assets6,570Interest and other fiscal charges(115,369)Interest earned9,243Total non-operating income (loss)(99,556)CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS(99,556)CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS11,694Tap connection fees and other Forgiveness of debt156,500Forgiveness of debt29,228Grants11,694Total capital contributions197,422INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE TRANSFERS128,447Transfers in (out)185,772Total transfers in (out)185,772CHANGE IN NET POSITION314,219NET POSITION - beginning of year8,785,009	Personnel services and benefits	
Supplies200,870Depreciation461,773Total operating expenses1,566,255OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)30,581NON-OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)6,570Gain (loss) on sale of assets6,570Interest and other fiscal charges(115,369)Interest earned9,243Total non-operating income (loss)(99,556)CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS(99,556)CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS195,500Forgiveness of debt29,228Grants11,694Total capital contributions197,422INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE TRANSFERS128,447Transfers in (out)185,772Total transfers in (out)185,772CHANGE IN NET POSITION314,219NET POSITION - beginning of year8,785,009		
Depreciation461,773Total operating expenses1,566,255OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)30,581NON-OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)6,570Gain (loss) on sale of assets6,570Interest and other fiscal charges(115,369)JInterest earned9,243Total non-operating income (loss)(99,556)CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS156,500Tap connection fees and other156,500Forgiveness of debt29,228Grants11,694Total capital contributions197,422INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE TRANSFERS128,447Transfers in (out)185,772Total transfers in (out)185,772CHANGE IN NET POSITION314,219NET POSITION - beginning of year8,785,009		
Total operating expenses1,566,255OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)30,581NON-OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)6,570Gain (loss) on sale of assets6,570Interest and other fiscal charges(115,369)Interest earned9,243Total non-operating income (loss)(99,556)CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS196,500Forgiveness of debt29,228Grants11,694Total capital contributions197,422INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE TRANSFERS128,447Transfers in (out)185,772Total transfers in (out)185,772CHANGE IN NET POSITION314,219NET POSITION - beginning of year8,785,009		
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)30,581NON-OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)6,570Gain (loss) on sale of assets6,570Interest and other fiscal charges(115,369)Interest earned9,243Total non-operating income (loss)(99,556)CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS(99,556)CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS156,500Forgiveness of debt29,228Grants11,694Total capital contributions197,422INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE TRANSFERS128,447Transfers in (out)185,772Total transfers in (out)185,772CHANGE IN NET POSITION314,219NET POSITION - beginning of year8,785,009	Depreciation	401;775
NON-OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) Gain (loss) on sale of assets Interest and other fiscal charges (115,369) Interest earned6,570 (115,369) 9,243Total non-operating income (loss)(99,556)CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS Tap connection fees and other Forgiveness of debt Grants156,500 29,228 11,694Total capital contributions197,422INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE TRANSFERS128,447Transfers in (out)185,772 10tal transfers in (out)CHANGE IN NET POSITION314,219NET POSITION - beginning of year8,785,009	Total operating expenses	1,566,255
Gain (loss) on sale of assets6,570Interest and other fiscal charges(115,369)Interest earned9,243Total non-operating income (loss)(99,556)CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS(99,556)Tap connection fees and other156,500Forgiveness of debt29,228Grants11,694Total capital contributions197,422INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE TRANSFERS128,447Transfers in (out)185,772Total transfers in (out)185,772CHANGE IN NET POSITION314,219NET POSITION - beginning of year8,785,009	OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	30,581
Gain (loss) on sale of assets6,570Interest and other fiscal charges(115,369)Interest earned9,243Total non-operating income (loss)(99,556)CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS(99,556)Tap connection fees and other156,500Forgiveness of debt29,228Grants11,694Total capital contributions197,422INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE TRANSFERS128,447Transfers in (out)185,772Total transfers in (out)185,772CHANGE IN NET POSITION314,219NET POSITION - beginning of year8,785,009	NON-OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	
Interest earned9,243Total non-operating income (loss)(99,556)CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS Tap connection fees and other Forgiveness of debt156,500Capital contributions156,500Total capital contributions197,422INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE TRANSFERS128,447Transfers in (out)185,772Total transfers in (out)185,772CHANGE IN NET POSITION314,219NET POSITION - beginning of year8,785,009	Gain (loss) on sale of assets	6,570
Total non-operating income (loss)(99,556)CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS Tap connection fees and other Forgiveness of debt156,500 29,228 (11,694)Grants11,694Total capital contributions197,422INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE TRANSFERS128,447Transfers in (out)185,772Total transfers in (out)185,772CHANGE IN NET POSITION314,219NET POSITION - beginning of year8,785,009		(115,369)
CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS Tap connection fees and other156,500Forgiveness of debt29,228Grants11,694Total capital contributions197,422INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE TRANSFERS128,447Transfers in (out)185,772Total transfers in (out)185,772CHANGE IN NET POSITION314,219NET POSITION - beginning of year8,785,009	Interest earned	9,243
Tap connection fees and other156,500Forgiveness of debt29,228Grants11,694Total capital contributions197,422INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE TRANSFERS128,447Transfers in (out)185,772Total transfers in (out)185,772CHANGE IN NET POSITION314,219NET POSITION - beginning of year8,785,009	Total non-operating income (loss)	(99,556)
Forgiveness of debt29,228Grants11,694Total capital contributions197,422INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE TRANSFERS128,447Transfers in (out)185,772Total transfers in (out)185,772CHANGE IN NET POSITION314,219NET POSITION - beginning of year8,785,009	CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS	
Grants11,694Total capital contributions197,422INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE TRANSFERS128,447Transfers in (out)185,772Total transfers in (out)185,772CHANGE IN NET POSITION314,219NET POSITION - beginning of year8,785,009	Tap connection fees and other	156,500
Total capital contributions197,422INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE TRANSFERS128,447Transfers in (out)185,772Total transfers in (out)185,772CHANGE IN NET POSITION314,219NET POSITION - beginning of year8,785,009	-	
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE TRANSFERS128,447Transfers in (out)185,772Total transfers in (out)185,772CHANGE IN NET POSITION314,219NET POSITION - beginning of year8,785,009	Grants	11,694
Transfers in (out)185,772Total transfers in (out)185,772CHANGE IN NET POSITION314,219NET POSITION - beginning of year8,785,009	Total capital contributions	197,422
Total transfers in (out)185,772CHANGE IN NET POSITION314,219NET POSITION - beginning of year8,785,009	INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE TRANSFERS	128,447
CHANGE IN NET POSITION314,219NET POSITION - beginning of year8,785,009	Transfers in (out)	185,772
NET POSITION - beginning of year 8,785,009	Total transfers in (out)	185,772
	CHANGE IN NET POSITION	314,219
NET POSITION - end of year \$ 9,099,228	NET POSITION - beginning of year	8,785,009
	NET POSITION - end of year	\$ 9,099,228

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

## CITY OF DAWSONVILLE, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS WATER, SEWER AND GARBAGE PROPRIETARY FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Total Water, Sewer, & Garbage Fund
Cash flows from operating activities:	
Cash receipts from customers	\$ 1,561,590
Cash receipts from other operating sources	53,455
Cash payments for goods and services	(652,659)
Cash payments to employees for services and benefits	(374,669)
Net cash provided (used in) by operating activities	587,717
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:	
Receipts from other funds	185,772
Acquisition, construction and disposal of capital assets, net	(1,213,124)
Proceeds from tap fees	156,500
Proceeds from grant	11,694
Proceeds from debt	643,565
Principal paid on debt	(248,305)
Interest paid on debt	(115,369)
Net cash provided by capital and related financing activities	(579,267)
Cash Flows from investing activities:	
Interest received	9,243
Net cash provided by investing activities	9,243
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	17,693
Cash and equivalents - beginning of year	2,817,446
Cash and equivalents - end of year	\$ 2,835,139
SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULE OF NON-CASH INVESTING AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES:	
Forgiveness of debt	\$ 29,228
Total non-cash investing and financing activities	\$ 29,228

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

## CITY OF DAWSONVILLE, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (CONT'D) WATER, SEWER AND GARBAGE PROPRIETARY FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Total Water Sewer & Garbag Fund	
Reconciliation of operating gain (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:		
Operating income	\$	30,581
Adjustments		
Depreciation		461,773
(Increase) decrease in assets and deferred outflows of resources		
Accounts receivable		9,815
Prepaid expense		(3,068)
Deferred outflows		(6,204)
Increase (decrease) in liabilities and deferred inflows of resources		
Accounts payable		83,913
Customer deposits		8,890
Accrued expenses		2,517
Accrued interest payable		(2,625)
Compensated absences payable		(252)
Internal balance		750
Deferred inflows		(253)
Net pension liability		1,880
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES:	\$	587,717
Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,715,703
Cash and cash equivalents - restricted		119,437
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,835,140

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

## Note 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### A. Narrative Profile

The financial statements of the City of Dawsonville, Georgia ("the City") have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") as applicable to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The City's significant accounting policies are described below:

## B. Financial Reporting Entity

The City of Dawsonville, Georgia was incorporated in 1859 and operates under the appointed Mayor and City Council form of government. The City provides the following services to its citizens: the general government, public safety, public works, culture and recreation, planning and zoning, and housing and business development services. In addition, the City operates public utilities (water, sewer and garbage) for most areas incorporated within the City limits as well as some immediate surrounding areas.

As required by the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States, the financial statements of the financial reporting entity present the City as the primary form of government and its component units (entities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable).

## **Blended Component Unit:**

#### Dawsonville Downtown Development Authority

The Dawsonville Downtown Development Authority (the "Authority") began in 1996 when the Mayor and City Council of Dawsonville approved the obligation of the City to the Dawsonville Downtown Development Authority for the revitalization and redevelopment of the central business district for the City. As required by the Official Code of Georgia Annotated (O.C.G.A.) Section 36-42-4, the Mayor and City Council of Dawsonville selected 7 members to the Board of Directors for the Authority. The directors, according to law, are to be appointed by the City Council and should consist of the following: 2 directors for a term of 2 years each, two directors for a term of 4 years each, and 3 directors for a term of 6 years each. In addition, appointed directors may also be elected City Council officials, concurrently.

The Dawsonville Downtown Development Authority serves the City solely and receives substantially all its revenues from the City. Because the Authority cannot stand alone without the support of the City, and all members of its Board of Directors are appointed by the City Council, it is considered a component unit to the City. The Authority is not a separate legal entity, therefore, the financial position, sources of revenues and uses of resources of the Authority are presented as a special revenue fund in the City's financial statements. The financial statements for the Dawsonville Downtown Development Authority can be obtained at the following address:

Dawsonville Municipal Complex 415 Highway 53 East Dawsonville, GA 30534

#### C. Basic Financial Statements

The basic financial statements include both government-wide (based on the City as a whole) and fund financial statements. Fiduciary activities are not included at the government-wide reporting level. The focus of the reporting model is on either the City as a whole or major individual funds (within the fund financial statements). Both the government-wide and fund financial statements categorize activities as either governmental activities or business-type activities. In the government-wide Statement of Net Position, both the governmental and business-type activities columns (a) are presented on a consolidated basis by column, and (b) are reflected, on a full accrual, economic resource basis, which incorporates long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations.

## Note 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

## C. Basic Financial Statements (cont'd)

The government-wide Statement of Activities reflects both the gross and net cost per functional category (public safety, public works, etc.), which are otherwise being supported by general government revenues (property, sales and use taxes, certain intergovernmental revenues, fines, permits and charges, etc.). The Statement of Activities reduces gross expenses (including depreciation) by related program revenues, operating and capital grants. The program revenues must be directly associated with the function or a business-type activity. Program revenues include revenues from licenses and permits fees, service assessments, and charges for services. The operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants while the capital grants column reflects capital-specific grants. The net cost (by function or business-type activity) is normally covered by general revenue (sales or use taxes, intergovernmental revenues, interest income, etc.).

This government-wide focus is more on the substantiality of the City as an entity and the change in aggregate financial position resulting from the activities of the fiscal period. The flow of economic resources measurement focus is used for both government-wide financial statements.

The fund financial statements are, in substance, very similar to the financial statements presented in the previous model. Emphasis here is on the major funds in either the governmental or business-type categories. Non-major funds (by category or fund type) are summarized into a single column.

Unless an internal service fund is combined with the business-type activities (deemed to be an infrequent event), totals on the proprietary fund statements should directly reconcile to the business-type activity column presented in the government-wide statements.

The governmental funds major fund statements in the fund financial statements are presented on a current financial resource and modified accrual basis of accounting. This is the manner in which these funds are normally budgeted. This presentation is deemed most appropriate to (a) demonstrate legal and covenant compliance, (b) demonstrate the source and use of liquid resources, and (c) demonstrate how the City's actual experience conforms to the budget or fiscal plan. Since the governmental fund statements are presented on a different measurement focus and basis of accounting than the government-wide statements' governmental column, reconciliation is presented either on the fund statement or on the page following each statement which briefly explains the adjustment necessary to transform the fund based financial statements into the governmental column of the government-wide presentation.

The focus of the current model is on the City as a whole and the fund financial statements, including the major individual funds of the governmental and business-type categories, as well as the component unit. Each presentation provides valuable information that can be analyzed and compared (between years and between governments) to enhance the usefulness of the information.

#### D. Basis of Presentation

The financial transactions of the City are recorded in individual funds. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, reserves, fund equity, revenues and expenditures/expenses. The various funds are reported by generic classification within the financial statements.

The model as defined in GASB Statement No. 34 establishes criteria (percentage of the assets, liabilities, revenues or expenditures/expenses of either fund category or the governmental and enterprise combined) for the determination of major funds. The non-major funds are combined in a single column in the fund financial statements. The City reports the following major funds:

**Governmental Fund:** The General Fund is the general operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

*Capital Projects Fund:* The Capital Projects Fund consists of the Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax ("SPLOST") fund which is used to account for the receipt and expenditures related to capital construction projects using SPLOST funds collected.

## Note 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

#### D. Basis of Presentation (cont'd)

**Proprietary Funds:** The Water, Sewer and Garbage Fund is for the operation of the City's water and sewer utility and garbage collection service. Activities of the fund include administration, operation and maintenance of the water and sewer system, garbage collection and disposal system, as well as billing and collection activities. The Fund also accounts for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, long-term debt principal and interest for revenue bonds and obligations under capital leases when due throughout the year. All costs are financed through charges made to utility customers with rates reviewed regularly and adjusted if necessary to ensure longevity of the Fund.

#### 1. Non-major Governmental Funds

**Special Revenue Fund:** This includes the Hotel-Motel tax fund which is used to account for the receipt of Hotel-Motel tax revenues. These funds are used to support tourism. This also includes DDA funds that are used to support housing and development. The special revenue funds are represented together as "development" in the financial statements and schedules.

**Permanent Fund:** Permanent Funds account for resources that are legally restricted to allow the earnings (and not the principle) to be used to support the governments programs, such as cemeteries, libraries, parks and scholarships.

#### 2. Non-Current Governmental Assets/Liabilities

GASB Statement No. 34 eliminates the presentation of Account Groups, but provides for these records to be maintained and incorporates the information into the Governmental column in the government-wide Statement of Net Position.

## E. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to the point at which revenues or expenditures/expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. It relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

The Government-wide Financial Statements and the Proprietary Combining Financial Statements are presented on an accrual basis of accounting. The Governmental Funds in the Fund Financial Statements are presented on a modified accrual basis.

Accrual: Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred.

**Modified Accrual**: Al governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual; i.e., both measurable and available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined. "Available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period.

The City defined the length of time used for "available" for purposes of revenue recognition in the governmental fund financial statements to be 60 days.

Expenditures are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related liability is incurred. The exception to this general rule is that principal and interest on general obligation long-term debt, if any, is recognized when due.

The City recognizes sales tax revenue on a modified accrual basis. Intergovernmental grant revenues, entitlements and contributions are recognized in the year in which all eligibility requirements are met. In applying the "susceptible to accrual" concept to intergovernmental revenues pursuant to GASB Statement No. 33, the provider should recognize liabilities and expenses and the recipient should recognize receivables and revenue when the applicable eligibility requirements including time requirements, are met. Resources transmitted before the eligibility requirements are met should, under most circumstances, be reported as advances by the provider and as deferred revenue by the recipient.

## Note 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

#### E. Basis of Accounting (cont'd)

Proprietary funds, which employ the economic resources measurement focus, distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing goods and services in connection with the proprietary fund's ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the City's proprietary funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for proprietary funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenue and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses, transfers or capital contributions.

## F. Budgets

The City follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. Prior to July 1, the Mayor submits to the Council, a proposed operating budget for the calendar year commencing the following July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. The current year period budget was adopted for the fiscal year July 1, 2017 to June 30, 2018.
- 2. The Council holds a public hearing on the budget, giving notice thereof at least ten days in advance by publication in the official organ of the City of Dawsonville.
- 3. The budget is then revised and adopted or amended by the Council at the first regular meeting in July of the year to which it applies.
- 4. The budget so adopted may be revised during the year "only" by formal action of the Council in a regular meeting and no increase shall be made therein without provision also being made for financing the increase.
- 5. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund and Water, Sewer and Garbage Fund.
- 6. The level of budgetary control is at the functional and department level. Budgets for the General Fund and Water and Sewer Fund are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).
- 7. Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted, or as amended by the Council. Individual amendments were not material in relation to the original appropriations, which were amended.

## G. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets

#### 1. Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the City considers cash and cash equivalents (including restricted cash and cash equivalents) to be currency on hand, and liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased.

Cash and cash equivalents are included in both unrestricted as well as restricted assets.

Investments include pooled investments and certificates of deposit (with maturities of three months or greater). Investments and certificates of deposit are reported at fair value.

The City does not maintain an investment policy that limits its investment choices. Georgia law authorizes the City to invest in the following type of obligations:

- > Obligations of the State of Georgia or of any other states
- > Obligations of the United States Government
- > Obligations fully insured or guaranteed by the U.S. government or by governmental agency of the United States
- Obligations of any corporation of the U.S. government
- Prime bankers' acceptances
- > The State of Georgia local government investment pool
- Repurchase agreements
- > Obligations of the other political subdivisions of the State of Georgia

## Note 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

#### 2. Inventories

Expendable supplies are recorded as expenditures at the time the items are purchased. The City does not record inventories of supplies at year end due to the lack of materiality.

#### 3. Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond June 30, 2018, are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method by recording an asset for the prepaid amount and reflecting the expenditure/expense in the year in which services are consumed. At the fund reporting level, an equal amount of fund balance is reserved as this amount is not available for general appropriation.

#### 4. Restricted Assets

Assets are reported as restricted when limitations on their use change the nature or normal understanding of the availability of the asset. Such constraints are either externally imposed by creditors, contributors, grantors, or laws of other governments, or are imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Restricted assets in the enterprise funds represent cash, cash equivalents and certificates of deposit set aside for repayment of deposits to utility customers and cash funds required to be maintained by the bond.

#### 5. Property Taxes

The City does not levy property taxes.

#### 6. Capital Assets

General capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities reported in the proprietary funds. These assets generally result from expenditures in governmental funds. The City reports these assets in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position but does not report these assets in the governmental fund financial statements. Capital assets utilized by enterprise funds are reported both in the business-type activities column of the government-wide statement of net position and in the enterprise fund's statement of net position.

#### 6. Capital Assets (cont'd)

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their acquisition values as of the date received. The City maintains a capitalization threshold of \$ 5,000. The City's infrastructure consists of roads, bridges and water lines. Improvements to capital assets are capitalized. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are expensed. Interest incurred during the construction of capital assets utilized by the enterprise fund is capitalized.

All reported capital assets are depreciated except for land, artifacts, right-of-ways and construction in progress. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Useful lives for infrastructure were estimated based on the City's historical records of necessary improvements and replacement. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method for all real property and primarily straight line with other methods used periodically for equipment over the following useful lives:

Description	Governmental Activities Estimated Lives	Business-Type Activities Estimated Lives		
Building and Improvements	20-50 years	20-50 years		
Machinery and Equipment	5-10 years	5-10 years		
Vehicles	5-7 years	5-7 years		
Infrastructure	15-40 years	25-65 years		
Water/Sewer System and Plant	-	25-60 years		

## Note 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

#### 7. Compensated Absences

Personal leave benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employee's rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means.

The total compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements. Proprietary funds report the total compensated liability in each individual fund at the fund reporting level. Governmental funds report the compensated absence liability at the fund reporting level only "when due".

#### 8. Accrued Liabilities and Long-term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements. In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as obligations of these funds. However, compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent they are "due for payment" during the current year. Capital leases are recognized as a liability in the governmental fund financial statements when due.

#### 9. Fund Equity

Fund equity at the governmental fund financial reporting level is classified as "fund balance." Fund equity for all other reporting is classified as "net position."

Fund Balance – Generally, fund balance represents the difference between the current assets and current liabilities. The City restricts those portions of fund balance which are legally segregated for a specific future use or which do not represent available, spendable resources and therefore are not available for appropriation or expenditure. Unassigned fund balance indicates that portion of fund balance that is available for appropriation in future periods. Designations are management's intent to set aside these resources for specific services.

Net Position – Net position represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net investment in capital assets, consist of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the City or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. All other net position is reported as unrestricted.

In accordance with Government Accounting Standards Board 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Government Fund Type Definitions, the County classifies government fund balances as follows:

- Non-spendable includes fund balances that cannot be spent either because it is not in spendable forms or because of legal or contractual constraints.
- Restricted includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes which are externally imposed by providers, such as creditors or amounts constrained due to constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Committed includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes that are internally imposed by the government through formal action of the highest level of decision making authority and does not lapse at year-end.
- Assigned includes fund balance amounts that are intended to be used for specific purposes that are neither considered restricted or committed. Fund balance may be assigned by the Mayor and City Council.
- Unassigned includes positive fund balance with the General Fund which has not been classified within the above mentioned categories and negative fund balances in other governmental funds.

## Note 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

## G. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position (cont'd)

## 9. Fund Equity (cont'd)

Minimum Level of Unassigned Fund Balance - The general fund unassigned fund balance will be maintained at a level sufficient to provide for the required resources to meet operating costs, to allow for unforeseen needs of an emergency nature and to permit orderly adjustment to changes resulting from fluctuations of revenue resources. The City will maintain at least six months of prior year general fund operating and non-operating expenses in the unassigned balance of the general fund.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available, it is the City's policy to use restricted/committed resources first, unless there are legal conditions that prohibit doing so, then unrestricted resources as they are needed. The City will consider committed resources first, assigned resources second, and unassigned resources last when an expenditure is incurred for purposes in which any of those unassigned balances could be used.

Fund balances at June 30, 2018 consist of the following for the governmental funds:

	General	Capital Projects	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Fund balances:				
Non-spendable				
Prepaid items	\$ 39,186	\$-	\$-	\$ 39,186
Restricted:				
Hotel/motel	-	-	607	607
DDA	-	-	31,328	31,328
Cemetery	-	-	219,781	219,781
Capital projects	-	1,783,295	-	1,783,295
Unassigned:	2,992,823	-	-	2,992,823
Total fund balance	\$ 3,032,009	\$ 1,783,295	\$ 251,716	\$ 5,067,020

#### 10. Operating and Non-Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary funds. For the City, these revenues are charges for services for water, sewer and garbage. Non-operating revenues and expenses consist of those revenues and expenses that are related to financing and investing type of activities and result from non-exchange transactions or ancillary activities. Operating expenses are necessary costs incurred to provide the good or service that are the primary activity of each fund.

The Water, Sewer and Garbage fund recognizes the portion of tap fees intended to recover current costs (e.g. labor and materials to hook up new customers as operating revenue. The portion intended to recover the costs of the infrastructure is recognized as non-operating revenue or capital contributions. Operating expenses for the proprietary funds include the costs of sales and service, depreciation on capital assets and personnel services and benefits. All revenue and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenue and expenses or capital contributions and transfers.

#### 11. Program Revenues

Program revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the governmental funds. These consist of licenses, permits, inspections, rental income, cemetery lot sales, fire protection service, and grants.

## Note 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

#### G. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position (cont'd)

#### 12. Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after non-operating revenues/expenses section in proprietary funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

Transfers between governmental and business-type activities on the government-wide statement of activities are reported as general revenues. Transfers between funds reported in the governmental activities column are eliminated. Transfers between funds reported in the business-type activities column are eliminated.

#### 13. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

#### 14. Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

#### NOTE 2 – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

#### A. Deposits and Investments

Credit and Concentration Risk – Investments: The City maintains investments in Georgia Fund 1, a combined state general fund and local government investment pool managed by the Office of the State Treasurer. Georgia Fund 1, formerly referred to as "LGIP" was established by O.C.G.A. 36-83-8. Georgia Fund 1 operates in a manner consistent with Rule 2a-7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940 and is considered to be a 2a-7 like pool. The pool is not registered with the SEC as an investment company.

The pool's primary objectives are safety of capital, investment income, liquidity and diversification while maintaining principal (\$1.00 per share value). Net asset value is calculated weekly to ensure stability. The pool distributes earnings on a monthly basis and determines participant's shares sold and redeemed based on \$ 1.00 per share. The Georgia Office of the State Treasurer manages Georgia Fund 1. The investment policies of Georgia Fund 1 are established by the Georgia State Depository Board, which provides regulatory oversight.

The Georgia Fund 1 is rated AAAf rated investment pool by Standard & Poor's. The weighted average maturity at June 30, 2018 was 10 days. Yield is calculated on an actual / 365 day basis, net of 5 basis points administrative fee. The City's balance in Georgia Fund 1 at June 30, 2018 was \$ 2,803,103.

#### Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits:

The City maintains a formal adopted deposit, investment and custodial credit risk policy and all deposits at June 30, 2018 were insured or collateralized by pledges held in the City's name in the Georgia Bankers Association, Inc. pledging pool. Public funds are not required to disclose custodial credit risk for external investment pools; therefore, the Georgia Fund 1 is exempt from this requirement.

## NOTE 2 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONT'D)

## A. Deposits and Investments (cont'd)

#### Interest Rate Risk - Deposits:

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates may adversely affect an investment's fair value. Since the price of a bond fluctuates with market interest rates, the risk than an investor faces is that the price of a bond held in a portfolio will decline if market interest rates rise. The portfolio's weighted average maturity (WAM) is a key determinate of the tolerance of a fund's investments to risking interest rates. In general, the longer the WAM, the more susceptible the fund is to rising interest rate. According to GASB Statement 40, an acceptable method for reporting interest rate risk is WAM. WAM is the method used for reporting purposes for Georgia Fund 1.

**Restricted Assets:** The City's cash, cash equivalents and certificates of deposit are restricted for the following purposes:

	 6/30/2018
Capital projects fund: SPLOST projects	\$ 1,464,119
Special Revenue fund:	
DDA	50,026
Permanent fund:	
Maintenance and care for the cemetery	219,781
Proprietary fund:	
Customer deposits	 119,437
Total restricted cash, cash equivalents and certificates of deposit	\$ 1,853,363

## **B. Accounts Receivable**

Receivables are recorded on the City's financial statements to the extent that the amounts are determined to be material and substantiated not only by supporting documentation, but also by a reasonable, systematic method of determining their existence, completeness, valuation, and in the case of receivables, collectability. All receivables are current and therefore due within one year. Receivables are reported net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts and revenues net of uncollectable accounts. Allowances for uncollectible accounts netted with accounts receivable were \$ - 0 - as of June 30, 2018.

Accounts Receivable at June 30, 2018 consist of the following:

	G	General Fund		Capital Enterprise Projects Hotel Water, Sewer & Funds Fund Garbage Fund		Projects		Total
Receivables Billed services Intergovernmental	\$	95,535	\$	- 209,743	\$	226	\$ 109,005	\$ 109,005 305,504
Gross receivables	\$	95,535	\$	209,743	\$	226	\$ 109,005	\$ 414,509

## NOTE 2 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONT'D)

## C. Interfund Balances and Transfers

Interfund transactions are reflected as loans, services provided reimbursements or transfers. Loans are reported as receivables and payables as appropriate, are subject to elimination upon consolidation and referred to as either "due to/from other funds". Any residual balances outstanding between the government activities and the business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances". Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable government funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not financial resources.

Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures/expenses. Reimbursements are when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund and reduces its related cost as reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers between government or proprietary funds are netted as part of the reconciliation to the government-wide presentation.

The composition of interfund balances as of June 30, 2018 are as follows:

	Interfund Receivables		 terfund ayables
General Fund	\$	18,698	\$ 110,672
SPLOST Fund		109,433	-
Non-major governmental Funds: DDA Hotel-Motel Fund		- 1,239	 18,698 -
Total	\$	129,370	\$ 129,370

The composition of interfund transfers as of June 30, 2018 are as follows:

	Tra	Transfers		ransfers	
Fund		In		Out	 Totals
General Fund	\$	-	\$	15,000	\$ (15,000)
SPLOST		-		185,772	(185,772)
Water & Sewer	185,772		-		185,772
DDA	15,000				 15,000
Totals	\$	200,772	\$	200,772	\$ -

Transfers from the general fund to the DDA are for operating and development grant purposes. Transfers from the SPLOST fund to the water and sewer fund are for capital expenditures to improve the drinking and clean water projects of the City.

The City's general fund also has an internal balance due from the water, sewer, and garbage enterprise fund of \$750 as of June 30, 2018.

## NOTE 2 – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONT'D)

## **D. Capital Assets**

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2018 was as follows:

Governmental activities:	Balance 6/30/2017	Additions	Deductions	Balance 6/30/2018
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Artifacts	\$    980,538 660,926 49,751	\$       10,856 122,573 	\$ - 506,858 	\$     991,394 276,641 49,751
Total capital assets not being depreciated	1,691,215	133,429	506,858	1,317,786
Depreciable capital assets:				
Buildings	3,390,116	117,085	-	3,507,201
Improvements other than buildings	34,365	8,000	-	42,365
Vehicles	167,388	74,713	16,957	225,144
Machinery and equipment	261,053	13,400	-	274,453
Infastructure	1,803,092	807,950		2,611,042
Total depreciable capital assets	5,656,014	1,021,148	16,957	6,660,205
Accumulated depreciation:				
Buildings	1,362,090	78,651	-	1,440,741
Improvements other than buildings	30,412	1,667	-	32,079
Vehicles	111,843	28,108	16,957	122,994
Machinery and equipment	223,140	13,224	-	236,364
Infastructure	599,507	71,575		671,082
Total accumulated depreciation	2,326,992	193,225	16,957	2,503,260
Total depreciable capital assets - net	3,329,022	827,923		4,156,945
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 5,020,237	\$ 961,352	\$ 506,858	\$ 5,474,731

## NOTE 2 – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONT'D)

## D. Capital Assets (cont'd)

	Balance 6/30/2017	Additions	Deductions	Balance 6/30/2018
Business-type activities: Capital assets not being depreciated				
Land	\$ 3,027,187	\$ 152,108	\$ -	\$ 3,179,295
Construction in progress	1,011,116	900,114		1,911,230
Total capital assets not being depreciated	4,038,303	1,052,222		5,090,525
Other capital assets:				
Buildings	230,465	-	-	230,465
Machinery and equipment	403,988	167,474	8,584	562,878
Water and sewer system	10,336,673	-	-	10,336,673
Sewer treatment plant	923,923			923,923
Total other capital assets	11,895,049	167,474	8,584	12,053,939
Accumulated depreciation				
Buildings	52,216	5,909	-	58,125
Machinery and equipment	239,946	47,080	8,584	278,442
Water and sewer system	4,181,171	385,094	-	4,566,265
Sewer treatment plant	436,931	23,690		460,621
Total accumulated depreciation	4,910,264	461,773	8,584	5,363,453
Total depreciable capital assets - net	6,984,785	(294,299)	8,584	6,690,486
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 11,023,088	\$ 757,923	<u>\$-</u>	\$ 11,781,011
Depreciation expense was charged to function a General government Highways and streets Culture and recreations	as follows:	\$    155,189 37,423 613		
Total Governmental activities depreciation expe	ense	\$ 193,225		
Business-type Activities				
Water and sewer		\$ 461,773		

#### E. Compensated Absences

Employees earn personal leave based on 26 bi-weekly payroll periods per year at the rate of 6 hours per bi-weekly payroll period for the first 5 years of employment, 8 hours per bi-weekly payroll period for 5 to 10 years of continuous service, and 10 hours per bi-weekly payroll period for over 10 years of continuous service.

Personal leave cannot be accrued in excess of 240 hours. Employees may be compensated for excess personal leave up to 80 hours per year provided they have banked a minimum of 120 hours of personal leave.

## NOTE 2 – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONT'D)

## F. Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Government has joined together with other municipalities in the state as part of the Georgia Interlocal Risk Management Agency Property and Liability Insurance Fund and the Georgia Municipal Association Group Self-Insurance Workers Compensation Fund, a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for member local governments.

As part of these risk pools, the Government is obligated to pay all contributions and assessments as prescribed by the pools, to cooperate with the pool's agents and attorneys, to follow loss reduction procedures established by the funds, and to report as promptly as possible, and in accordance with any coverage descriptions issued, all incidents which could result in the funds being required to pay any claim of loss. The Government is also to allow the pool's agents and attorneys to represent the Government in investigation, settlement discussions and all levels of litigation arising out of any claim made against the Government within the scope of loss protection furnished by the funds.

The funds are to defend and protect the members of the funds against liability or loss as prescribed in the member government contract and in accordance with the worker's compensation law of Georgia. The funds are to pay all cost taxed against members in any legal proceeding defended by the members, all interest accruing after entry of judgment, and all expenses incurred for investigation, negotiation or defense.

## G. Retirement Plan

## 1. Plan Description

The City participates in the Georgia Municipal Employees Benefit System (GMEBS) Retirement Fund, an agent multipleemployer defined benefit plan where contributions made by the City are commingled with contributions made by the other participants of the GMEBS Retirement Fund for investment purposes. The plan periodically issues an overall report to the required agencies. A stand-alone financial report can be obtained at City Hall.

The specific benefit provisions of the City's plan were established by an adoption agreement executed by the City Council. The plan provides for benefits upon retirement, death, disablement, and termination of employment. The plan is affiliated with the Georgia Municipal Employees Benefit System Retirement Fund, an agent multiple-employer pension plan administered by the Georgia Municipal Association (GMA). The City Council retains the authority to amend the adoption agreement, which defines the specific operational provisions of the plan.

Under the provisions of the plan, employees including elected officials are eligible to participate immediately. The pension benefits are fully vested after 5 years in the plan. Elected officials have no vesting schedule. Employees and elected officials may retire at the age of 65. The benefit rate for employees terminated after December 1, 2004 is 1.5%. Elected officials will receive benefits at a rate of \$ 25 per month for each year of service up to a maximum of 25 years.

#### 2. Funding Policy

The City is required to contribute an actuarially determined amount annually to the plan's trust. The contribution amount is determined using actuarial methods and assumptions approved by the GMEBS plan trustees and intended to satisfy the minimum contribution requirements set forth in controlling State of Georgia Statutes. The policy requires a different funding level than the estimated minimum annual contribution to minimize fluctuation in annual contribution amounts and to accumulate sufficient funds to secure benefits under the plan. Administrative expenses are based on expected total covered payroll of plan members and are added to the annual funding requirement. Funding for the pension liabilities has been provided through the respective employees' department (i.e. general fund or enterprise fund) in prior years. The required minimum contribution for the year-ended for the plan based on these standards is \$ 36,593; representing 5.18% of the expected payroll of covered employees. The City's contribution is made prior to year-end. The City

## NOTE 2 – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONT'D)

#### G. Retirement Plan (cont'd)

#### 3. Additional Information

At July 1, 2018, the date of the most recent actuarial valuation, the 33 participants (including of 5 elected officials) was made up of the following:

Reitrees, beneficiaries and disabled participants receiving benefits	3
Vested former participants	8
Active employees participating in the plan	22
Total number of participants	33

Actuarial Assumptions: The City's total pension liability was based on a July 1, 2018 measurement date; the net pension liability was measured as of March 31, 2018.

Actuarial valuation determined the total pension liability using assumptions that were applied to all periods included in the measurement. Assumptions were approved by the Plan's Board of Trustees in December, 2014 based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2010 through June 30, 2014. These assumptions are as follows:

Inflation	2.75%
Projected salary increases	2.75% plus age and service based merit increases
Net investment rate of return	7.50%
Cost of living adjustments	0.00%
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Amortization method	Closed level dollar for remaining unfunded liability
Remaining amortization method	17 years

Healthy mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Table with sex-distinct rates, set forward two years for males and one year for females.

The long-term expected rate of return was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return be weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The difference between the resulting rate and the rate on the ongoing basis is a margin for adverse deviation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of March 31, 2018 are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Domestic equity	45.00%	6.71%
International equity	20.00%	7.71%
Real estate	10.00%	5.21%
Global fixed income	5.00%	3.36%
Domestic fixed income	20.00%	2.11%
Total	100.00%	

## NOTE 2 – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONT'D)

#### G. Retirement Plan (cont'd)

#### 3. Additional Information (cont'd)

*Discount Rate.* The discount rate used to determine the total pension liability was 7.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that City contributions will be made at rate equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all of the projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

#### **Changes in Net Pension Liability**

	al Pension Liability (TPL) (a)	iduciary et Position (FNP) (b)	Net Pension Liability (NPL) (c)		
Balances are March 31, 2017	\$ 472,315	\$ 441,597	\$	30,718	
Changes of the year:					
Service cost	\$ 23,209	\$ -	\$	23,209	
Interest	36,406	-		36,406	
Differences between expected and actual experience	13,547	-		13,547	
Contributions - employer	-	29,208		(29,208)	
Contributions - employee	-	-		-	
Net investment income	-	55,665		(55,665)	
Benefits payments, including refunds of employee					
contributions	(5,111)	(5,111)		-	
Administrative expense	-	(8,224)		8,224	
Other	 11,307	 		11,307	
Net Changes	 79,358	 71,538		7,820	
	\$ 551,673	\$ 513,135	\$	38,538	

## Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

		C	Current				
1%	Decrease	Disc	ount Rate	1%	Increase		
(	(6.50%)	(	7.50%)	(8.50%)			
			<u> </u>				
\$	108,246	\$	38,538	\$	(18,484)		

## NOTE 2 – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONT'D)

## G. Retirement Plan (cont'd)

## 3. Additional Information (cont'd)

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the City recognized government-wide pension expense of \$ 33,299. At June 30, 2018, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Ŭ	Du Ou Re	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions City contributions subsquent to measurement date Net difference between projected and actual earnings	\$	11,540 9,044 7,302	\$	(29,003) (1,092) -
on pension plan investments				(18,399)
Total	\$	27,886	\$	(48,494)

The \$ 7,302 of deferred outflows of resources resulting from the City's contributions subsequent to the measurement date of March 31, 2018, will be recognized as a reduction to the pension liability in the subsequent fiscal period rather than the current. The net effect of the deferred outflows and inflows of resources on the net pension liability as of June 30, 2018 is \$ 20,608. Certain amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources will be recognized as pension expense in future years and are as follows:

Year Ending June 30:	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
2019 2020 2021 2022	\$ 11,036 10,332 4,970 4,970	\$ (23,415) (15,819) (15,819) (4,165)
Total	\$ 31,308	\$ (59,218)

#### H. Long-Term Debt

## 1. Revenue Bonds (Water & Sewer Fund)

On April 1, 2014, the Downtown Development Authority issued Series 2014 Revenue Bonds for the purpose of prepaying outstanding loans to the City from Georgia Environmental Finance Authority redeeming the City's outstanding Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds acquisition of the system, and to pay the cost of issuance of the Series 2014 Bonds. The loans outstanding were paid off as intended during that time period. The City entered into an Intergovernmental Lease Agreement with the Downtown Development Authority by which the City has agreed to pay the bond debt installments under a lease-purchase arrangement until the full debt is satisfied. The City has agreed, if necessary, to levy an annual property tax to produce revenues sufficient to fulfill the debt obligation.

## NOTE 2 – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONT'D)

## H. Long-Term Debt (cont'd)

#### 2. Drinking Water State Revolving Fund Loan (Water & Sewer Fund)

The City maintains two Drinking Water Revolving Fund Loans from Georgia Environmental Finance Authority (GEFA). The funds will be used for Water and Sewer projects. The primary loan is up to \$ 1,000,000 with 30% forgiven by GEFA. During the year ending June 30, 2018, GEFA forgave \$ 29,229 of the loan. During the current year, the City entered into a second drinking water loan with GEFA for \$ 569,000 for replacement of water meters and systems. The City pays a monthly administrative fee to GEFA for the loans. Principal payments and accrued interest on the notes shall by payable monthly on the first day of each calendar month. Principal payments are not yet in effect for the second drinking water loan. GEFA requires the City to maintain a 105% debt service coverage.

## 3. Clean Water State Revolving Fund Loan (Water & Sewer Fund)

The City has obtained a loan from GEFA during the year to finance the costs of updating the wastewater treatment plant. The loan is up to \$ 445,500. The loan includes administrative fees at a rate of 1% to GEFA. Principal payments and accrued interest on the note shall be payable on the first day of each calendar month. The City must maintain a Financial Stability Plan to comply with the provisions of the Clean Water State Revolving Fund loan. The clean water loan also requires the City to maintain a 105% debt coverage ratio.

Changes in debt liability for the year ending June 30, 2018 are as follows:

Changes in dest hability for the year en	Balance 6/30/2017	Issued	Retired	Balance D Retired 6/30/2018	
Series 2014, Water & Sewer Revenue Bond dated February 1, 2014 interest at 2.0% and not to to exceed 3.5 % beginning February 1, 2014 and ending February 1, 2033. Original Ioan \$ 4,675,000.	\$ 4,045,000	\$ -	\$ 210,000	\$ 3,835,000	Year \$ 220,000
GEFA Drinking Water State Revolving Fund loan dated February 18, 2015 with interest currently at 1.71%.	488,703	97,429	29,229	556,903	3,421
GEFA Drinking Water State Revolving Fund Ioan dated September 21, 2017 with interest currently at .5%. Interest only estimated until July 1, 2019.	_	500,506	-	500,506	-
GEFA Clean Water Loan loan dated April 1, 2017 with interest at 2.03%.	429,097	16,403	9,077	436,423	4,351
Total Debt (Water & Sewer Fund)	\$ 4,962,800	\$ 614,338	\$ 248,306	\$ 5,328,832	\$ 227,772

## NOTE 2 – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONT'D)

## H. Long-Term Debt (cont'd)

Debt-service requirements for long-term debt are as follows for the years ending June 30:									
	Principal			Interest		Total			
2019	\$	227,772	\$	122,728	\$	350,500			
2020		264,314		117,549		381,863			
2021		287,967		115,129		403,096			
2022		293,823		109,782		403,605			
2023		469,754		133,276		603,030			
2024 and thereafter		3,785,202		571,764		4,356,966			
Total	\$	5,328,832	\$	1,170,228	\$	6,499,060			

#### 4. Downtown Development Authority Series 2005 and 2014 Revenue Bonds (Component Unit) And Intergovernmental Capital Lease Agreement (General Fund)

On December 22, 2005, the Downtown Development Authority issued Series 2005 Revenue Bonds for the purpose of financing or refinancing the costs of acquiring property known as the Dawsonville Municipal Complex for the City of Dawsonville. The value of capital assets recorded under the capital lease agreement for the Dawsonville Municipal Complex building totals \$ 2,575,106. Subsequently, the City entered into an Intergovernmental Lease Agreement with the Downtown Development Authority by which the City has agreed to pay the bond debt installments under a lease-purchase arrangement until the full debt is satisfied. The City has agreed, if necessary, to levy ad valorem tax on property to produce revenues sufficient to fulfill the debt obligation.

On August 1, 2014, the Downtown Development Authority issued Series 2014 Revenue Bonds for the purpose of financing the costs to acquire land adjacent to the Dawsonville Municipal Complex. The total cost of the land was \$ 557,735. The City then entered into an Intergovernmental Lease Agreement with the Downtown Development Authority in which the City pays the bond debt installments under a lease-purchase arrangement until the full debt is satisfied.

The Series 2005 – A Bonds provide financing for the portion of the Dawsonville Municipal Complex that houses the City government facilities and thereby designated as a "qualified tax-exempt" obligation eligible for preferential governmental finance rates.

The Series 2014 – Bonds provide financing for the undeveloped land surrounding the Dawsonville Municipal Complex. The City plans to develop this land into a downtown park for the use of its residents.

## NOTE 2 – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONT'D)

## H. Long-Term Debt (cont'd)

#### 4. Downtown Development Authority Series 2005 and 2014 Revenue Bonds (Component Unit) (cont'd) And Intergovernmental Capital Lease Agreement (General Fund) (cont'd)

And intergovernmental Capital L	Balance 6/30/2017	Issued Retired			Balance 6/30/2018	Due One Year	
Series 2014, DDA Revenue Bonds dated July 25, 2014 with interest rate per annum equal to the "London Interbank Offered Rate", currently at 4.35%. Monthly payments of \$ 3,730 for 59 months beginning August 24, 2014 and ending July 24, 2019 with final payment of \$ 398,557.59. Original Ioan \$ 557,735.	\$ 467,914	\$ -	\$	84,052	\$ 383,862	\$	30,270
Series 2005-A, DDA Revenue Bonds dated December 22, 2005 with interest rate per annum equal to the "Prime Rate" as published in the Money Rates section of <u>The Wall Street Journal -</u> <u>Southeastern Edition</u> , currently at 3.25%. Monthly payments of \$ 11,902 beginning January 22, 2006 and ending December 22, 2025. Original Ioan \$ 2,166,922.	1,104,391	-		140,502	963,889		121,632
	 1,101,001	 		110,002	 000,000		121,002
Total Bond Debt (DDA)	\$ 1,572,305	\$ -	\$	224,554	\$ 1,347,751	\$	151,902

Debt-service requirements for long-term debt for the 2005 and 2014 revenue bonds are as follows for the years ending June 30:

	F	Principal		Interest	 Total
2019	\$	151,902	\$	38,678	\$ 190,580
2020		478,425		22,151	500,576
2021		128,117		17,705	145,822
2022		131,848		14,334	146,182
2023		135,559		10,936	146,495
2024 and thereafter		321,900		38,693	 360,593
	\$	1,347,751	\$	142,497	\$ 1,490,248

## NOTE 2 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONT'D)

## H. Long-Term Debt (cont'd)

## 5. Compensated Absences (General Fund and Water & Sewer Fund)

Compensated absences liability consists of the following as of June 30, 2018:

	_	Balance 6/30/2017				Retired		Balance 6/30/2018		ue One Year
Governmental Activities Compensated Absences	\$	19,018	\$	29,795	\$	27,994	\$	20,819	\$	15,614
Water & Sewer Fund Compensated Absences		17,191		22,402		22,654		16,939		12,704
Total Compensated Absences	\$	36,209	\$	52,197	\$	50,648	\$	37,758	\$	28,318

The City estimates that employees will use most earned absences on vacation during the year. Compensated absences are liquidated in the general fund for governmental activities and in the enterprise fund for business-type activities.

#### I. Restricted Equity Balances

#### 1. Permanent Fund

Restricted for cemetery – An amount of \$ 219,781 has been restricted in the Cemetery Fund since this amount is not legally available for appropriation. Of these funds, \$ 219,781 is expendable for cemetery perpetual care.

#### 2. Special Revenue Fund

Restricted for tourism and development – A total of \$ 607 has been restricted for tourism expenditures in the Hotel-Motel Fund since this amount is not legally available for appropriation. A total of \$ \$ 31,328 has been restricted for housing and development in the Downtown Development Authority of Dawsonville, Georgia.

#### 3. Capital Projects Fund

Restricted for capital projects – An amount of \$ 1,783,295 has been restricted in the SPLOST capital projects fund for restricted assets since this amount is not legally available for appropriation.

## Note 3 – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

#### A. Intergovernmental agreement for LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX (LOST) revenues.

Effective January 1, 2013 through December 31, 2022, the local option sales tax proceeds shall be divided between parties with Dawson County to receive 88% of the LOST proceeds and the City to receive 12% of LOST proceeds.

#### **B.** Litigation

According to management and the City's legal counsel, there are no adverse legal issues outstanding that should substantially or materially affect the financial statements.

#### Note 4 – GRHOF MUSEUM ARTIFACTS

During 2001, the City of Dawsonville acquired the collateral goods and artifacts of the Georgia Racing Hall of Fame Museum for \$ 69,000. The City of Dawsonville has disposed and sold some of the artifacts during the years and now has a remaining cost basis of \$ 49,751. The collection includes racing artifacts and memorabilia, which are expected to maintain intrinsic value and are, therefore, not depreciated. Also included in the purchase were various equipment and fixtures that are not depreciated because individual items are valued below the City's capitalization threshold. In January 2011, the Georgia Racing Hall of Fame established its own entity as the Dawsonville History Museum, Inc. The City still owns the collateral goods and artifacts of the Georgia Racing Hall of Fame.

## Note 5 – JOINT VENTURE

#### Georgia Mountains Regional Commission (GMRC)

Under Georgia law, the City, in conjunction with other cities and counties in the thirty County Northeast Georgia area, is a member of the Georgia Mountains Regional Commission (GMRC) and is required to pay annual dues thereto. Membership in GMRC is required by the Official Code of Georgia Annotated (OCGA) Section 50-8-34 which provides for the organization structure of the GMRC in Georgia. The GMRC Board membership includes the chief elected official of each county and municipality of the area and private sector individuals from each County and three minority members. Annual dues are paid by the Dawson County Board of Commissioners to include the City of Dawsonville and overall county populace.

OCGA 50-8-39.1 provides that the member governments are liable for any debts or obligations of a GMRC. Separate financial statements may be obtained from:

Georgia Mountains Regional Commission 1310 West Ridge Road Gainesville, Georgia 30501

## Note 6 – HOTEL/MOTEL TAX

During the year ended June 30, 2018, the City had receipts based on the tax rate of 6%, of \$ 2,918 and incurred expenditures of \$ 2,830 (97% of revenues). These funds are held for disbursement to the Dawson County Chamber of Commerce for the purpose of promoting tourism. The City complied with the requirements of *OCGA 48-13-51*.

#### Note 7 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Prior to year-end and shortly thereafter, the City entered into multiple construction contracts for the recreational park and additional water and sewer expansion projects. These projects will be funded through the SPLOST, Enterprise and General Funds. Management has evaluated subsequent events through December 3, 2018, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

# FINANCIAL SECTION

# Required Supplementary Information

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#### CITY OF DAWSONVILLE, GEORGIA SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS June 30, 2018 (Unaudited)

	Fiscal Year End							
	2018		2017		2016		2015	
Total pension liability								
Service cost	\$	23,209	\$	17,954	\$	14,001	\$	12,393
Interest		36,406		35,681		33,943		31,065
Differences between expected and actual experience		13,547		(39,532)		(21,140)		3,522
Change of assumptions		11,307		-		-		(5,461)
Change of benefit terms		-		-		-		-
Benefits payments, including refunds of								
employee contributions		(5,111)		(4,377)		(4,378)		(4,377)
Net change in total pension liability		79,358		9,726		22,426		37,142
Total pension liability - beginning		472,315		462,589		440,163		403,021
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$	551,673	\$	472,315	\$	462,589	\$	440,163
Plan fiduciary net position								
Contributions - employer	\$	29,208	\$	30,958	\$	27,612	\$	26,495
Contributions - employee		-		-		-		-
Net investment income		55,665		48,498		1,462		30,673
Benefits payments, including refunds of								
employee contributions		(5,111)		(4,377)		(4,378)		(4,377)
Administrative expense		(8,224)		(8,390)		(5,916)		(5,468)
Other		-		-		-		-
Net change in fiduciary net position		71,538		66,689		18,780		47,323
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		441,597		374,908		356,128		308,805
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	513,135	\$	441,597	\$	374,908	\$	356,128
· ····································	<u> </u>	,		,	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	,
Net pension liability - ending (a)-(b)	\$	38,538	\$	30,718	\$	87,681	\$	84,035
Plan's fiduciary net position as percentage of		,	<u> </u>	, -		- /		- ,
the total pension liability		93.01%		93.50%		81.05%		80.91%
Covered payroll	\$	696,293	\$	468,083	\$	360,912	\$	342,936
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered	Ψ	030,230	Ψ	+00,000	Ψ	500,312	Ψ	072,000
		5.53%		6.56%		24.29%		24.50%
payroll		5.55%		0.00%		24.23%		24.00%

Note: The schedule is intended to show ten years of information; however, fiscal year 2015 was the first year of implementation. Additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available.

The accompanying notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

## CITY OF DAWSONVILLE, GEORGIA SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS June 30, 2018 (Unaudited)

	Fiscal Year End								
	2018		2017		2016			2015	
Actuarially determined contribution	\$	32,319	\$	29,813	\$	30,504	\$	26,648	
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution		33,299		16,330		26,664		37,750	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	(980)	\$	13,483	\$	3,840	\$	(11,102)	
Covered payroll	\$	788,556	\$	587,245	\$	523,244	\$	479,173	
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		4.22%		2.78%		5.10%		7.88%	

Note: This schedule is intended to show ten years of information; however, fiscal year 2015 was the first year of implementation. Additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available.

The accompanying notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

#### CITY OF DAWSONVILLE, GEORGIA NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION June 30, 2018

## 1. Valuation Date

The actuarially determined contribution was determined as of July, 1, 2018, with an interest adjustment to the fiscal year. Contributions in relation to this actuarially determined contribution will be reported for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2019.

#### 2. Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates

Actuarial Cost Method: Entry Age Normal Method

Amortization Method: Closed level dollar for remaining unfunded liability

Remaining Amortization Period: Remaining amortization period varies of the bases, with net effective amortization of 17 years

Asset Valuation Method: Sum of actuarial value at beginning of year and the cash flow during the year plus the assumed investment return, adjusted by 10% of the amount that the value exceeds or is less than the market value at end of year. The actuarial value is adjusted, if necessary, to be within 20% of market value.

Net Investment Rate of Return: 7.50%

Projected Salary Increases: 2.75% plus service based merit increases

Cost of Living Adjustments: 0.00%

Retirement Age for Inactive Vested Participants: 65

Mortality: Healthy mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Health Mortality Table with sex-distinct rates, set forward two year for males and one year for females. Disabled mortality were based on the RP-2000 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table with sex-distinct rates

Assumptions listed above were approved by the Plan's Board of Trustees in December, 2017 based on the results of an actuarial experience study in September 2017. Other remaining assumptions were based on an experience study approved by the Board in December 2014 for the period January 1, 2010 through June 30, 2014.

#### 3. Changes in Benefits

There have been no benefit changes in plan features during the current year. Pap

## 4. Changes of Assumptions

Assumption changes based on the results of the actuarial study in September 2017 were minimal. Those changes are:

- The investment return assumption was reduced from 7.75% to 7.50%.
- The inflation assumption was reduced from 3.25% to 2.75%
- The salary increase rates were reduced by 0.50% for all years of services, consistent with the reduction in the inflation assumption.

There were no other changes in methods or assumptions.

## FINANCIAL SECTION

## Combining and Individual Fund Financial Statements and Schedules

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## CITY OF DAWSONVILLE, GEORGIA NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEETS June 30, 2018

	Non-Major Fund Special Revenue Fund Hotel-Motel	<u>Non-Major Fund</u> Special Revenue Fund DDA	Non-Major Fund Permanent Fund Cemetery	Total Non-Major Governmental Funds	
ASSETS Restricted assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$-	\$ 50,026	\$ 219,781	\$ 269,807	
Taxes receivable	226	-	-	226	
Due from other funds	1,239			1,239	
TOTAL ASSETS	1,465	50,026	219,781	271,272	
LIABILITIES					
Current - accounts payable	858	-	-	858	
Due to other funds		18,698		18,698	
TOTAL LIABILITIES	858	18,698		19,556	
FUND BALANCE Restricted for:					
Tourism	607	-	-	607	
Housing and business development	-	31,328	-	31,328	
Cemetery			219,781	219,781	
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	607	31,328	219,781	251,716	
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	\$ 1,465	\$ 50,026	\$ 219,781	\$ 271,272	

#### CITY OF DAWSONVILLE, GEORGIA NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPEDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Non-Major Fund Special Revenue Fund Hotel-Motel		Non-Major Fund Special Revenue Fund DDA		Non-Major Fund Permanent Fund Cemetery		Total Non-Major Governmental Funds	
REVENUES Taxes Charge for services Contributions and donations Interest earned	\$	2,918 - - -	\$	- - 2,600 -	\$	- 35,690 - 407	\$	2,918 35,690 2,600 407
Total revenues		2,918		2,600		36,097		41,615
EXPENDITURES Current operating: Tourism Housing and business development Cemetery services		2,830 - -		- 20,858 -		- - 19,409		2,830 20,858 19,409
Total expenditures		2,830		20,858		19,409		23,688
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		88		(18,258)		16,688		(1,482)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in				15,000				15,000
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		88		(3,258)		16,688		13,518
FUND BALANCES - beginning of year		519		34,586		203,093		238,198
FUND BALANCES - end of year	\$	607	\$	31,328	\$	219,781	\$	251,716

## CITY OF DAWSONVILLE, GEORGIA NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS HOTEL-MOTEL FUND BALANCE SHEET June 30, 2018

	Hotel-Motel Fund	
ASSETS Taxes receivable Due from other funds	\$	226 1,239
TOTAL ASSETS		1,465
LIABILITIES Current - accounts payable		858
TOTAL LIABILITIES		858
FUND BALANCE Restricted for tourism		607
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	\$	1,465

## CITY OF DAWSONVILLE, GEORGIA NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS HOTEL-MOTEL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Final Budget			Actual	Variance with Final Budget		
REVENUES					 		
Hotel-motel taxes	\$	4,000	\$	2,918	\$ (1,082)		
Total revenues		4,000		2,918	 (1,082)		
EXPENDITURES							
Current operating:							
Housing and development - tourism		4,000		2,830	 (1,170)		
Total expenditures		4,000		2,830	 (1,170)		
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES							
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		-		88	 88		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	\$			88	\$ 88		
FUND BALANCES - beginning of year				519			
FUND BALANCES - end of year			\$	607			

#### CITY OF DAWSONVILLE, GEORGIA NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS DOWNTOWN DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY FUND BALANCE SHEET June 30, 2018

	DDA Fund
ASSETS Restricted assets: Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 50,026
TOTAL ASSETS	 50,026
LIABILITIES Due to other funds	 18,698
TOTAL LIABILITIES	 18,698
FUND BALANCE Restricted for housing and business development	 31,328
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	\$ 50,026

#### CITY OF DAWSONVILLE, GEORGIA NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS DOWNTOWN DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
REVENUES			
Contributions and donations	\$ 15,000	\$ 2,600	\$ (12,400)
Total revenues	15,000	2,600	(12,400)
EXPENDITURES Current operating:			
Grants disbursed	-	4,650	4,650
Housing and business development	65,000	16,208	(48,792)
		10,200	(10,102)
Total expenditures	65,000	20,858	(44,142)
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(50,000)	(18,258)	31,742
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in	50,000	15,000	(35,000)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	\$	(3,258)	\$ (3,258)
FUND BALANCES - beginning of year		34,586	
FUND BALANCES - end of year		\$ 31,328	

#### CITY OF DAWSONVILLE, GEORGIA NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENAL FUNDS PERMANENT FUND CEMETERY FUND BALANCE SHEET June 30, 2018

ASSETS	Ceme	etery Fund
Restricted assets: Cash and cash equivalents	\$	219,781
TOTAL ASSETS		219,781
FUND BALANCES Restricted for cemetery fund		219,781
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	\$	219,781

#### CITY OF DAWSONVILLE, GEORGIA NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS PERMANENT FUND CEMETERY FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Final 3udget	Actual	Variance v Final Budg		
REVENUES					
Cemetery lot sales	\$ 13,500	\$ 35,500	\$	22,000	
Real estate fees	180	190		10	
Interest income	 243	 407		164	
Total revenues	 13,923	 36,097		22,174	
EXPENDITURES					
Repairs and maintenance	10,943	6,290		(4,653)	
Miscellaneous expenditures	2,980	7,219		4,239	
Capital outlay	 29,000	 5,900		(23,100)	
Total expenditures	 42,923	 19,409		(23,514)	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	 (29,000)	 16,688		45,688	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in	 29,000	 		(29,000)	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	\$ 	16,688	\$	16,688	
FUND BALANCES - beginning of year		 203,093			
FUND BALANCES - end of year		\$ 219,781			

# FINANCIAL SECTION

Supplementary Information

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#### CITY OF DAWSONVILLE, GEORGIA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL WATER, SEWER AND GARBAGE FUND For the year ended June 30, 2018

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget -
OPERATING REVENUES			
Charges for services :			
Water fees	\$ 566,793	\$ 648,858	\$ 82,065
Sewer fees	659,537	754,467	94,930
Garbage fees	104,684	140,056	35,372
Miscellaneous	38,062	53,455	15,393
Total operating revenues	1,369,076	1,596,836	227,760
OPERATING EXPENSES			
Cost of sales and service:			
Advertising	895	1,055	(160)
Bad debts	2,076	496	1,580
Communications	13,200	11,138	2,062
Depreciation	414,000	461,773	(47,773)
Dues and subscriptions	16,200	15,526	674
Education and training	7,000	3,275	3,725
Food	2,200	-	2,200
Garbage service	90,350	104,785	(14,435)
Gas and fuel	6,200	10,376	(4,176)
Insurance	23,000 300	23,550	(550) 300
Licenses Postage	10,000	- 9,446	554
Printing and binding	2,200	3,262	(1,062)
Professional	109,500	99,837	9,663
Rental equipment	972	648	324
Repairs and maintenance	74,000	73,459	541
Supplies	136,100	200,870	(64,770)
Travel	2,000		2,000
Technical services	56,000	42,627	13,373
Uniform service	3,000	358	2,642
Utilities	108,900	126,839	(17,939)
Total cost of sales and service:	1,078,093	1,189,320	(111,227)
Personnel services and benefits:			
Salaries	246,000	270,616	(24,616)
Payroll taxes	16,600	19,827	(3,227)
Group insurance	75,500	73,099	2,401
Workers compensation	10,000	3,858	6,142
Retirement	15,500	9,535	5,965
Total personnel services and benefits	363,600	376,935	(13,335)
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	(72,617)	30,581	103,198
NON-OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)			
Transfers in (out)	340,822	185,772	(155,050)
Gain (loss) on sale of assets	-	6,570	6,570
Forgiveness of debt	-	29,228	29,228
Grant	-	11,694	11,694
Contingency/fund reserves	(432,500)	-	432,500
Tap fees Interest and fiscal charges	270,000 (109,605)	156,500 (115,369)	(113,500) (5,764)
Interest earned	3,900	9,243	5,343
TOTAL NON-OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	72,617	283,638	211,021
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	\$ -	314,219	\$ 314,219
NET POSITION - beginning of year		8,785,009	
NET POSITION - end of year		\$ 9,099,228	

#### CITY OF DAWSONVILLE, GEORGIA SCHEDULES OF FUNCTIONAL ALLOCATIONS WATER, SEWER AND GARBAGE FUND SCHEDULE OF NET POSITION June 30, 2018

	Water /	Oarthaura	<b>T</b> _4-1
ASSETS	Sewer	Garbage	Total
Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,544,517	\$ 171,186	\$ 2,715,703
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectible):	. , ,	. ,	. , ,
Accounts	97,552	11,453	109,005
Internal balance	(750)	-	(750)
Restricted assets:			
Prepaid expense	23,546	-	23,546
Cash and cash equivalents	119,437		119,437
Total current assets	2,784,302	182,639	2,966,941
Non-current assets: Capital assets:			
Land	3,179,295	-	3,179,295
Construction in progress	1,911,230	-	1,911,230
Depreciable capital assets, net	6,690,486		6,690,486
Total non-current Assets	11,781,011		11,781,011
TOTAL ASSETS	14,565,313	182,639	14,747,952
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Retirement contributions	9,592		9,592
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES	\$ 14,574,905	\$ 182,639	\$ 14,757,544

#### CITY OF DAWSONVILLE, GEORGIA SCHEDULES OF FUNCTIONAL ALLOCATIONS WATER, SEWER AND GARBAGE FUND SCHEDULE OF NET POSITION June 30, 2018

	Water / Sewer	Garbage	Total
Current liabilities:	\$ 107,548	\$-	\$ 107,548
Accounts payable Accrued expenses	\$ 107,548 11,860	φ -	۶ 107,548 11,860
Accrued interest payable	43,051	-	43,051
Current portion of long-term debt	227,772	-	227,772
Current portion, compensated absences	12,704	-	12,704
Customer deposits - payable from restricted assets	120,150		120,150
Total current liabilities	523,085		523,085
Long-term liabilities:			
Long-term debt (net of current portion)	5,101,060	-	5,101,060
Long-term portion, compensated absences	4,235	-	4,235
Net pension liability	13,256		13,256
Total long-term liabilities	5,118,551		5,118,551
TOTAL LIABILITIES	5,641,636		5,641,636
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Retirement adjustments	16,680		16,680
NET POSITION			
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	6,452,179	-	6,452,179
Unrestricted	2,464,410	182,639	2,647,049
TOTAL NET POSITION	8,916,589	182,639	9,099,228
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES AND NET POSITION	\$ 14,574,905	\$ 182,639	\$ 14,757,544

#### CITY OF DAWSONVILLE, GEORGIA SCHEDULES OF FUNCTIONAL ALLOCATIONS WATER, SEWER AND GARBAGE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGE IN NET POSITION For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

OPERATING REVENUES	Water / Sewer	Garbage	Total
	¢ 4 400 005	¢ 140.056	¢ 4 5 4 0 0 0 4
Charges for services	\$ 1,403,325	\$ 140,056	\$ 1,543,381
Miscellaneous	53,455		53,455
Total operating revenues	1,456,780	140,056	1,596,836
OPERATING EXPENSES			
Personnel services and benefits	376,280	654	376,934
Purchased and contractual services	425,751	100,431	526,182
Bad debts	411	85	496
Supplies	200,870	-	200,870
Depreciation and amortization	461,773		461,773
Total operating expenses	1,465,085	101,170	1,566,255
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	(8,305)	38,886	30,581
NON-OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)			
Transfers in (out)	185,772	-	185,772
Gain (loss) on sale of assets	6,570	-	6,570
Forgiveness of debt	29,228	-	29,228
Grant	11,694	-	11,694
Tap fees	156,500	-	156,500
Interest and fiscal charges	(115,369)	-	(115,369)
Interest earned	9,243		9,243
TOTAL NON-OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	283,638		283,638
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	275,333	38,886	314,219
NET POSITION - beginning of year	8,641,256	143,753	8,785,009
NET POSITION - end of year	\$ 8,916,589	\$ 182,639	\$ 9,099,228

# STATISTICAL SECTION



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#### INTRODUCTION TO THE STATISTICAL SECTION

(Unaudited)

This part of the City of Dawsonville's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

Contents F	Pages
Financial Trends	57-64
These tables/schedules contain trend information designed to assist the reader in understanding how the City has performed from a financial perspective over time.	
Revenue Capacity	65-68
These tables/schedules contain information that may assist the reader in assessing the viability of the City's most significant revenue sources.	
Debt Capacity	69-73
These tables/schedules present information designed to assist the reader in analyzing the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt, and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	
Demographic and Economic Information	74-75
These tables/schedules offer demographic, economic and statistical information intended to assist the reader in understanding the environment in which the City's financial activities take place.	
Operating Information	76-78
These tables/schedules contain service and infrastructure data to assist the reader in understanding how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the services the government provides and the activities it performs.	

Source: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these tables is derived from the comprehensive annual financial report for the relevant year.

#### CITY OF DAWSONVILLE, GEORGIA NET POSITION BY COMPONENT

#### NET POSITION BY COMPONENT

Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	Fiscal Year Ending 6/30					
	2018	2017	2016	2015		
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES						
Net Investment in capital assets	4,126,980	3,447,930	2,886,908	2,641,366		
Restricted	2,035,011	1,548,463	1,101,659	233,170		
Unrestricted	2,972,388	2,780,141	2,465,001	2,153,006		
Total governmental activities net position	\$ 9,134,379	\$ 7,776,534	\$ 6,453,568	\$ 5,027,542		
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES						
Net Investment in capital assets	6,452,179	6,060,288	5,743,112	5,721,934		
Restricted	-	-	-	-		
Unrestricted	2,647,049	2,724,721	2,245,230	1,924,607		
Total business-type activities net position	\$ 9,099,228	\$ 8,785,009	\$ 7,988,342	\$ 7,646,541		
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT						
Net Investment in capital assets	10,579,159	9,508,218	8,630,020	8,363,300		
Restricted	2,035,011	1,548,463	1,101,659	233,170		
Unrestricted	5,619,437	5,504,862	4,710,231	4,077,613		
Total primary government net position	\$ 18,233,607	\$ 16,561,543	\$ 14,441,910	\$ 12,674,083		

(1) The City converted to a June 30 fiscal year end in 2009; consequently budgets and financial reporting are presented for the six month period of January 1 to June 30, 2009.

### CITY OF DAWSONVILLE, GEORGIA NET POSITION BY COMPONENT

Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	Fisc	cal Year Ending 6	6/30		Six-Months Ending 6/30
2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009 (1)
2,623,723	2,625,541	2,193,856	2,238,622	2,381,617	2,292,575
201,407	215,198	304,838	341,926	169,888	158,873
1,899,759	1,537,287	1,525,884	1,182,435	1,102,263	803,025
\$ 4,724,889	\$ 4,378,026	\$ 4,024,578	\$ 3,762,983	\$ 3,653,768	\$ 3,254,473
5,732,374	5,979,576 217,758	6,134,502 216,476	6,445,279 215,221	6,547,234 106,332	6,117,659 169,576
1,788,771	1,476,569	1,107,259	1,184,364	1,702,406	1,111,983
\$ 7,521,145	\$ 7,673,903	\$ 7,458,237	\$ 7,844,864	\$ 8,355,972	\$ 7,399,218
0.050.007	0.005.447	0.000.050	0.000.004	0.000.054	0.440.004
8,356,097	8,605,117	8,328,358	8,683,901	8,928,851	8,410,234
201,407	432,956	521,314	557,147	276,220	328,449
3,688,530	3,013,856	2,633,143	2,366,799	2,804,669	1,915,008
\$ 12,246,034	\$ 12,051,929	\$ 11,482,815	\$ 11,607,847	\$ 12,009,740	\$ 10,653,691

## **CHANGES IN NET POSITION**

Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	Fiscal Year Ending 6/30							
		2018		2017		2016		2015
EXPENSES								
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES:								
General Government	\$	1,156,139	\$	1,013,076	\$	740,287	\$	688,376
Public Safety		167		4,412		235		-
Public Works		335,394		313,367		341,970		341,626
Culture and Recreation		1,288		3,138		4,454		863
Planning and Zoning		248,627		198,962		81,709		100,322
Housing and Development		32,858		44,029		60,466		19,637
Interest		42,923		39,209		43,330		47,996
Total Governmental Activities		1,817,396		1,616,193		1,272,451		1,198,820
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES:								
Water and Sewage		1,681,624		1,569,535		1,427,252		1,351,765
Total Business-type Activities		1,681,624		1,569,535		1,427,252		1,351,765
Total Expenses	\$	3,499,020	\$	3,185,728	\$	2,699,703	\$	2,550,585
PROGRAM REVENUES								
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES:								
Charges for services:								
General Government	\$	143,006	\$	121,425	\$	121,425	\$	120,923
Public Safety		100		240	•	240		50
Highways and Streets		-		-		-		-
Culture and Recreation		-		-		-		-
Planning and Zoning		171,918		172,484		172,484		101,255
Development		-		-		-		-
Operating grants and contributions		3,600		10,650		10,650		14,300
Capital grants and contributions		1,355,464		1,262,546		1,262,546		1,048,782
Total governmental activities program reven		1,674,088		1,567,345		1,567,345		1,285,310
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES:								
Charges for Services:								
Water and Sewage		1,596,836		1,531,603		1,315,557		1,285,971
Capital grants and contributions		197,422		704,711		425,540		125,000
Total Business-type Activities		1,794,258		2,236,314		1,741,097		1,410,971
Total Program Revenues	\$	3,468,346	\$	3,803,659	\$	3,308,442	\$	2,696,281
Net (Expense) / Revenue								
Governmental activities	\$	(143,308)	\$	(48,848)	\$	294,894	\$	86,490
Business-type activities	-	112,634	•	666,779	·	313,845		59,206
Total Net Expense	\$	(30,674)	\$	617,931	\$	608,739	\$	145,696
			_					

(1) The City converted to a June 30 fiscal year end in 2009; consequently budgets and financial reporting are presented for the six month period January 1 to June 30, 2009.

## **CHANGES IN NET POSITION**

Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

				iscal \	/ear Ending 6/	30					ix-Months nding 6/30
	2014		2013		2012		2011		2010		2009 (1)
\$	682,148	\$	706,717	\$	728,050	\$	706,602	\$	673,355	\$	284,632
	-		80,000		160,000		160,000		166,550		80,000
	221,424		265,141		157,539		63,848		55,414		21,038
	1,933		5,641		5,993		66,023		20,821		10,220
	97,632		63,448		79,660		68,694		93,952		125,549
	11,577		23,667		5,357		3,062		2,655		7,476
	29,952		39,202		46,422		47,563		50,320		29,087
	1,044,666		1,183,816		1,183,021		1,115,792 1,063,067			558,002	
	1,465,860		1,360,724		1,353,080		1,489,493		1,525,155		745,660
	1,465,860		1,360,724		1,353,080		1,489,493		1,525,155		745,660
\$	2,510,526	\$	2,544,540	\$	2,536,101	\$	2,605,285	\$	2,588,222	\$	1,303,662
\$	106,907	\$	84,070 - - -	\$	129,225 1,500 - -	\$	109,271 19,261 - -	\$	94,318 900 - 19,182	\$	96,988 2,600 - 20,512
	79,488		28,036		41,138		36,659		10,381		33,180
	17,420		9,993		1,000		1,000		4,500		7,458
	-		16,629		16,523		4,320		112,275		73,466
	203,815		138,728		189,386		170,511		241,556		234,204
	1,204,829		1,121,978		962,042		972,252		990,093		459,627
	104,300		466,000						563,762		97,698
	1,309,129		1,587,978		962,042		972,252		1,553,855		557,325
\$	1,512,944	\$	1,726,706	\$	1,151,428	\$	1,142,763	\$	1,795,411	\$	791,529
						-					
\$	(840,851)	\$	(1,045,088)	\$	(993,635)	\$	(945,281)	\$	(821,511)	\$	(323,798)
¢	(156,731)	¢	227,254	¢	(391,038)	¢	(517,241)	¢	28,700	¢	(188,335)
\$	(997,582)	\$	(817,834)	\$	(1,384,673)	\$	(1,462,522)	\$	(792,811)	\$	(512,133)

#### CITY OF DAWSONVILLE, GEORGIA CHANGES IN NET POSITION (continued)

Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	Fiscal Year Ending 6/30									
		2018		2017		2016		2015		
GENERAL REVENUES										
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES:										
Property Taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-		
Sales Tax		993,116		885,518		899,360		788,952		
Other excise taxes		93,976		107,339		87,132		91,757		
Franchise taxes		198,382		190,223		182,404		210,988		
Intergovernmental-unrestricted		-		-		-		-		
Unrestricted investment earnings		35,127		13,713		7,000		3,182		
Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets		1,370		-		-		-		
Miscellaneous		364,954		300,745		261,876		233,488		
Transfers in/out		(185,772)		(125,724)		(24,605)		-		
Special Item		-		-		-		-		
Total general revenues, transfers,										
and special item		1,501,153		1,371,814		1,413,167		1,328,367		
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES:										
Unrestricted investment earnings		9,243		4,164		3,351		2,899		
Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets		6,570		-		-		-		
Miscellaneous		-		-		-		-		
Transfers in/out		185,772		125,724		24,605		-		
Special Item		-		-		-		-		
Total Business-type Activities		201,585		129,888		27,956		2,899		
Total Primary Government	\$	1,702,738	\$	1,501,702	\$	1,441,123	\$	1,331,266		
Change in Net Position										
Governmental Activities	\$ 1,357,8		\$	1,228,506	\$	1,364,319	\$	1,185,059		
Business-type Activities		314,219		242,522		694,735		115,533		
Total Change in Net Position	\$	1,672,064	\$	1,471,028	\$	2,059,054	\$	1,300,592		

(1) The City converted to a June 30 fiscal year end in 2009; consequently budgets and financial reporting are presented for the six month period of January 1 to June 30, 2009.

#### CITY OF DAWSONVILLE, GEORGIA CHANGES IN NET POSITION (continued)

Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

Six-Months Ending 6/30			Fiscal Year Ending 6/30													
2009 (1)		2010		2011		2012		2013		2014						
	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$					
405,666		782,352		832,894		892,217		802,222		783,018						
95,571 5,782		176,932 111,417		78,869 120,936		80,496 120,715		84,451 148,922		90,626 143,418						
5,762		-		120,930		120,715		140,922		143,410						
3,970		5,539		3,737		2,254		2,573		2,243						
-		22,385		-		_,		_,0:0		_,						
-		-		80,839		178,423		219,710		233,496						
25,015		-		-		-		-		-						
-		129,433		-		-		90,000		-						
536,004		1,228,058		1,117,275		1,274,105		1,347,878		1,252,801						
8,227		12,054		7,633		4,413		3,953		3,973						
(25,015)		- 12,004		(1,500)		(2)		- 0,000								
(_0,0:0)		_		-		(_)		_		-						
-		-		-		-		-		-						
-	_	916,000	_	-		-		(15,541)		-						
(16,788)		928,054		6,133		4,411		(11,588)		3,973						
\$ 519,216	\$	2,156,112	\$	1,123,408	\$	1,278,516	\$	1,336,290	\$	1,256,774	\$					
\$ (304,847)	\$	387,207	\$	243,039	\$	261,595	\$	353,448	\$	346,863	\$					
(173,519)		771,323		(511,108)		(386,627)		215,666		(152,758)						
\$ (478,366)	\$	1,158,530	\$	(268,069)	\$	(125,032)	\$	569,114	\$	194,105	\$					

# FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Last Ten Fiscal Years (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	Fiscal Year Ending 6/30											
	2018			2017		2016		2015				
General Fund												
Nonspendable	\$	39,186	\$	20,478	\$	27,366	\$	5,048				
Committed		-		-		-		-				
Assigned		-		-		-		-				
Unassigned		2,992,823		2,821,052		2,491,569		2,201,835				
Total General Fund:	\$	3,032,009	\$	2,841,530	\$	2,518,935	\$	2,206,883				
All Other Governmental Funds												
Nonspendable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-				
Restricted		2,035,011		1,548,463		1,101,659		233,170				
Committed		-		-		-		-				
Assigned		-		-		-		-				
Unassigned		-		-		-		-				
Total all Other Governmental Funds:	\$	2,035,011	\$	1,548,463	\$	1,101,659	\$	233,170				

(1) The City converted to a June 30 fiscal year end in 2009; consequently budgets and financial reporting are presented for the six month period of January 1 to June 30, 2009.

#### CITY OF DAWSONVILLE, GEORGIA FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Last Ten Fiscal Years (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	Fi	scal \	ear Ending 6/	30			x-Months nding 6/30
2014	 2013		2012		2011	 2010	 2009 (1)
\$ 43,732	\$ 13,530	\$	36,897	\$	8,840	\$ 17,497	\$ 20,593
-	-		-		-	-	-
-	-		-		-	-	-
 1,864,596	 1,529,719		1,494,558		1,175,171	 924,863	 563,359
\$ 1,908,328	\$ 1,543,249	\$	1,531,455	\$	1,184,011	\$ 942,360	\$ 583,952
\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -
201,407	215,198		304,838		341,926	331,348	383,811
-	-		-		-	-	-
-	-		-		-	-	-
-	-		-		-	-	-
\$ 201,407	\$ 215,198	\$	304,838	\$	341,926	\$ 331,348	\$ 383,811

#### CITY OF DAWSONVILLE, GEORGIA CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Last Ten Fiscal Years (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	Fiscal Year Ending 6/30										
		2018		2017		2016		2015			
REVENUES											
Taxes	\$	1,650,375	\$	1,483,767	\$	2,462,221	\$	1,325,185			
Charges for services		101,802		96,129		69,194		64,625			
Intergovernmental		1,353,991		1,261,871		17,833		1,000			
Licenses and permits		157,670		137,243		87,955		67,588			
Fines, fees and forfeitures		-		-		-		-			
Interest		39,503		15,389		7,000		3,182			
Contributions		2,600		9,650		13,800		16,420			
Miscellaneous		55,071		60,836		65,080		54,182			
Total Revenues		3,361,012		3,064,885		2,723,083		1,532,182			
EXPENDITURES											
General Government		1,131,689		850,333		689,860		566,867			
Public Safety		167		4,412		21,491		-			
Highways and Streets		472,242		381,468		346,940		329,030			
Culture and Recreation		675		2,527		4,454		-			
Planning and Zoning		271,057		198,962		81,709		100,322			
Development		32,858		47,530		63,481		22,229			
Debt Service											
Principal		224,554		149,015		143,822		135,419			
Interest		42,925		39,330		43,330		47,997			
Capital Outlay		319,216		496,185		122,850		-			
Total Expenditures		2,495,383		2,169,762		1,517,937		1,201,864			
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues											
over Expenditures	\$	865,629	\$	895,123	\$	1,205,146	\$	330,318			

(1) The City converted to a June 30 fiscal year end in 2009; consequently budgets and financial reporting are presented for the six month period of January 1 to June 30, 2009.

#### CITY OF DAWSONVILLE, GEORGIA CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Last Ten Fiscal Years (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

		Fi	scal Y	/ear Ending 6/	30			Six-Months Ending 6/30			
 2014		2013		2012		2011		2010		2009 (1)	
\$ 1,250,558	\$	1,255,305	\$	1,271,852	\$	1,113,537	\$	1,070,702	\$	507,019	
5,330		25,465		35,644		33,866		34,072		6,286	
20,370		17,523		5,055		111,682		73,466		-	
54,461		69,713		63,134		35,471		64,880		34,697	
-		-		-		-		50		-	
2,268		2,573		2,520		4,330		5,539	1,75		
			4,500		7,458		1,667				
58,542 76,685 66,412			55,444		80,913		19,625				
 1,391,529 1,447,264 1,444,617			1,358,830		1,337,080		571,048				
538,842		577,984		494,045		461,597		437,813		189,673	
-		80,000		160,000		160,000		166,550		80,000	
223,199		247,217		136,796		49,684		46,966		17,620	
100		1,991		2,343		62,373		17,429		8,953	
97,632		63,448		79,054		67,241		91,462		101,178	
14,349		26,635		7,800		12,811		4,016		7,476	
112,223		368,955		118,900		117,135		117,715		53,842	
29,952		39,202		46,422		47,563		50,320		29,087	
23,944		119,678		88,901		128,197		228,297		19,925	
 1,040,241		1,525,110		1,134,261		1,106,601		1,160,568		507,754	
\$ 351,288	\$	(77,846)	\$	310,356	\$	252,229	\$	176,512	\$	63,294	

#### CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (continued)

Last Ten Fiscal Years (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	Fiscal Year Ending 6/30										
		2018		2017		2016		2015			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)											
Transfers In	\$	-	\$	-	\$	188,420	\$	-			
Transfers Out		(185,772)		(125,724)		(213,025)		-			
General Obligation bonds issued		-		-		-		-			
Premium on general obligation bonds		-		-		-		-			
Refunding bonds issued		-		-		-		-			
Premium on refunding bonds issued		-		-		-		-			
Discount on special assessment bonds issued		-		-		-		-			
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent		-		-		-		-			
Capital lease		-		-		-		-			
Sales of general capital assets		-		-		-		-			
Insurance recoveries		-		-				-			
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(185,772)		(125,724)		(24,605)		-			
Net change in fund balances											
before special item		679,857		769,399		1,180,541		330,318			
Special Item		_		_		_		_			
Net change in fund balances	\$	679,857	\$	769,399	\$	1,180,541	\$	330,318			
Debt service as a percentage of											
noncapital expenditures		14.41%		16.94%		15.49%		15.86%			

(1) The City converted to a June 30 fiscal year end in 2009; consequently budgets and financial reporting are presented for the six month period of January 1 to June 30, 2009.

#### CITY OF DAWSONVILLE, GEORGIA CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (continued)

#### Last Ten Fiscal Years (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	F	- iscal Ye	ear Ending 6/	30			-Months ding 6/30
 2014	2013		2012		2011	2010	009 (1)
\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 25,015
-	-		-		-	-	-
-	-		-		-	-	-
-	-		-		-	-	-
-	-		-		-	-	-
-	-		-		-	-	-
-	-		-		-	-	-
-	-		-		-	-	-
-	-		-		-	-	-
 -			-		-	-	 25,015
 351,288	(77,846)		310,356		252,229	 176,512	 88,309
-	-		-		-	129,433	-
\$ 351,288	\$ (77,846)	\$	310,356	\$	252,229	\$ 305,945	\$ 88,309
14.31%	29.68%		15.81%		16.83%	18.02%	17.00%

GENERAL FUND HISTORY

Last Five Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year Ending 6/30											
	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014							
Revenues												
Taxes	\$ 1,647,457	\$ 1,480,174	\$ 1,284,945	\$ 1,322,513	\$ 1,247,700							
Charges for services	66,112	81,039	55,574	44,235	1,530							
Intergovernmental	112,870	25,098	17,833	1,000	3,766							
Licenses and permits	157,670	137,243	87,955	67,588	54,461							
Fines, fees and forfeitures	-	-	-	-	-							
Interest	34,720	13,463	6,254	2,922	1,981							
Contributions	-	-	-	-	-							
Miscellaneous	55,071	60,836	65,080	54,182	58,542							
Total Revenues	2,073,900	1,797,853	1,517,641	1,492,440	1,367,980							
Expenditures												
General Government	1,131,689	850,333	689,860	561,273	528,218							
Public Safety	167	4,412	21,491	-	, _							
Pubic Works	452,833	364,524	332,343	329,030	223,199							
Culture and Recreation	675	2,527	4,454	-	100							
Planning and Zoning	271,057	198,962	81,709	100,322	97,632							
Housing and Development	12,000	12,000	12,000	-	11,577							
Debt Service	-	-	-	183,416	142,175							
Capital Outlay	-	-	187,152	-	-							
Total Expenditures	1,868,421	1,432,758	1,329,009	1,174,041	1,002,901							
Excess (Deficiency) of												
Revenues over Expenditures	205,479	365,095	188,632	318,399	365,079							
Other Financing Sources (Uses)												
Transfers in (out)	(15,000)	(42,500)	123,420	(7,500)	_							
	(10,000)	(12,000)	120,120	(1,000)								
Net Change in Fund Balances	190,479	322,595	312,052	310,899	365,079							
Fund Balance- beginning of year	2,841,530	2,518,935	2,206,883	1,908,328	1,543,249							
Prior Period Adjustment				(12,344)								
Fund Balance- end of year	\$ 3,032,009	\$ 2,841,530	\$ 2,518,935	\$ 2,206,883	\$ 1,908,328							

Note: This schedule is provided to comply with debt requirements in prior years.

#### CITY OF DAWSONVILLE, GEORGIA WATER & SEWER FUND HISTORY

Last Five Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year Ending 6/30										
	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014						
Operating Revenues											
Charges for services	\$ 1,403,325	\$ 1,363,254	\$ 1,177,492	\$ 1,144,184	\$ 1,084,192						
Miscellaneous	53,455	50,123	31,175	47,150	28,639						
Total Operating Revenues	1,456,780	1,413,377	1,208,667	1,191,334	1,112,831						
Operating Expenses											
Personal Services & Benefits	376,280	287,380	266,569	279,851	241,309						
Purchased/Contracted Services	425,751	466,946	362,852	352,989	353,927						
Bad Debts	411	1,207	5,829	2,843	4,292						
Supplies	200,870	151,271	149,927	87,520	63,621						
Depreciation & Amortization	461,773	427,979	413,210	413,457	413,016						
Total Expenditures	1,465,085	1,334,783	1,198,387	1,136,660	1,076,165						
Operating Income (Loss)	(8,305)	78,594	10,280	54,674	36,666						
Non-Operating Income (Loss)											
Intergovernmental Revenues	11,694	288,306	-	-	-						
Contributions & Donations	-	-	-	-	-						
Gain (loss) on Sale of Assets	6,570	-	-	-	-						
Forgiveness of Debt	29,228	55,405	154,040	-	-						
Interest & Fiscal Charges	(115,369)	(112,318)	(139,363)	(122,555)	(318,564)						
Interest Earned	9,243	4,164	3,351	2,899	3,973						
Total Non-Operating Income (Loss)	(58,634)	235,557	18,028	(119,656)	(314,591)						
Net Income Before Transfers	(66,939)	314,151	28,308	(64,982)	(277,925)						
Tap Fees & Other											
Tap Fees & Other	156,500	361,000	271,500	125,000	104,300						
Transfers In (Out)	185,772	125,724	24,605								
Change in Net Assets	275,333	800,875	324,413	60,018	(173,625)						
Net Assets- beginning of year	8,641,256	7,840,381	7,421,968	7,392,659	7,566,284						
Prior Period Adjustment			94,000	(30,709)	<u> </u>						
Net Assets- end of year	<u>\$ 8,916,589</u>	<u>\$ 8,641,256</u>	<u>\$ 7,840,381</u>	\$ 7,421,968	\$ 7,392,659						

Note: This schedule is provided to comply with debt requirements in prior years. Financial results related to the Garbage Function are excluded in this presentation. As such, amounts will differ from the total reported in the City's basic financial statements. Details of the functional allocations can be found in supplementary schedules to the City's annual financial statements. The required budget schedule for the Water & Sewer Fund is also included in supplementary information.

# CITY OF DAWSONVILLE, GEORGIA ASSESSED VALUE AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY

Last Ten Years

-		Real P		Personal Property (1)						
Tax Year	Residential Property	Agricultural & Conservation Property	-	ommercial & Istrial Property	Pu	blic Utilities	Moto	or Vehicles	Mobile Homes	
2018	\$ 83,471,379	\$ 9,977,936	\$	26,183,110	\$	2,409,781	\$	49,200	\$	-
2017	65,131,888	9,170,797		25,732,544		2,390,900		54,600		-
2016	55,455,965	8,786,418		24,932,499		2,009,547		66,180		-
2015	49,962,771	9,202,748		22,049,743		1,999,574		2,938		1,340
2014	44,143,055	8,833,142		24,609,041		1,811,627		169,780		1,340
2013	40,167,378	8,526,540		21,789,893		2,003,986		207,450		2,410
2012	43,109,208	8,537,257		18,067,672		1,783,236		252,490		12,657
2011	48,561,693	11,203,280		18,849,201		1,743,018		198,620		16,922
2010	55,080,051	15,635,971		19,713,929		1,731,940		159,750		17,417
2009	60,623,516	14,703,393		19,203,214		1,660,263		256,800		18,319

Source: Georgia Department of Revenue

- (1) The City does not presently levy ad valorem tax, therefore inventory and equipment valuations are not reported.
- (2) Digest is not adjusted for bond exemptions since no taxes were levied for bond debt service and therefore the exemptions were not calculated by the Dawson County Tax Commissioner.
- (3) Total assessed value, after deducting exemptions for purposes of levying tax for the maintenance and operation of the City, if the City had levied such tax.

# CITY OF DAWSONVILLE, GEORGIA ASSESSED VALUE AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY

Last Ten Years

Gross Tax Digest / Bond Digest (2)		Exemption Adjustments	As	Total Taxable sessed Value (3)	Total Direct Tax Rate	 timated Actual axable Value	Assessed Value as a Percentage of Estimated Actual Value
\$	122,091,406	\$ (4,676,131)	\$	117,415,275	0.00	\$ 293,538,188	40%
	102,480,729	(4,077,959)		98,402,770	0.00	246,006,925	40%
	91,250,609	(4,631,222)		86,619,387	0.00	216,548,468	40%
	83,219,114	(3,563,366)		79,655,748	0.00	199,139,370	40%
	79,567,985	(3,739,663)		75,828,322	0.00	189,570,805	40%
	72,697,657	(2,649,546)		70,048,111	0.00	175,120,278	40%
	71,762,520	(2,649,546)		69,112,974	0.00	172,782,435	40%
	80,572,734	(3,122,450)		77,450,284	0.00	193,625,710	40%
	92,339,058	(4,483,511)		87,855,547	0.00	219,638,868	40%
	96,465,505	(4,420,906)		92,044,599	0.00	230,111,498	40%

#### CITY OF DAWSONVILLE, GEORGIA PROPERTY TAX RATES - MILLS DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS

Last Ten Years

	Direct Rate						
	City of Dawsonville	Dawson ( Board of Ec	,	State of Georgia	Dawson County	Total Direct and	
Tax Year	Operating Operating Millage Millage		Debt Service	Operating Millage	Operating Millage	Overlapping Rates	
2018	0.000	15.778	0.000	0.000	8.138	23.916	
2017	0.000	15.778	0.000	0.000	8.138	23.916	
2016	0.000	15.778	0.000	0.050	8.138	23.966	
2015	0.000	16.496	0.000	0.050	8.138	24.684	
2014	0.000	17.246	0.000	0.100	8.138	25.484	
2013	0.000	17.246	0.000	0.150	8.138	25.534	
2012	0.000	15.546	0.400	0.200	8.138	24.284	
2011	0.000	15.546	0.400	0.250	8.138	24.334	
2010	0.000	13.646	0.400	0.250	8.138	22.434	
2009	0.000	13.646	0.400	0.250	8.138	22.434	

Source: Georgia Department of Revenue

Note: Mills - rate per \$1,000 of taxable assessed value

#### CITY OF DAWSONVILLE, GEORGIA PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS

Current Year and Nine Years Ago

					2009					
Taxpayer Type of Business		Taxable Assessed Value		Rank	Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed Value (1)	Taxable Assessed Value		Rank	Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed Value (1)	
Atlanta Motorsports Park, LLC	Motorsports Park	\$	2,510,267	1	2.06%	\$	-		0.00%	
Dawsonville Fee Owner, LLC	Shopping Center Owner		2,272,535	2	1.86%		-		0.00%	
Farmington Woods, LP	Apartment Complex		1,862,119	3	1.53%		-		0.00%	
D & M Financial LLC	Commercial Business Owner		1,040,974	4	0.85%		-		0.00%	
Gold Creek Processing, LLC	Poultry Processing		1,052,714	5	0.86%		2,113,745	3	2.19%	
LCG Residential, LLC	Residential Developer		921,042	6	0.75%		-		0.00%	
B&K Turner Family, LLP	Public Utility		895,976	7	0.73%		-		0.00%	
Windstream Standard, Inc.	Public Utility		804,582	8	0.66%		1,151,272	7	1.19%	
Starmount Properties Inc.	Apartment Complex		747,274	9	0.61%		-		0.00%	
Mason Avenue Partners, LLC	Residential Developer		729,252	10	0.60%				0.00%	
Dawsonville Retail Investors, LLC	Real Estate Investment		-		0.00%		2,397,548	1	2.49%	
EHK Investments LLC	Family Owned Real Estate		-		0.00%		2,131,065	2	2.21%	
E Elliott Family Partnership LLLP	Real Estate Investment		-		0.00%		2,031,815	4	2.11%	
SBW Development Venture	Residential & Commercial Developer		-		0.00%		1,341,392	5	1.39%	
Meadow Trace	Residential Developer		-		0.00%		1,212,286	6	1.26%	
Rainhill Investments, LLC	Real Estate Investment		-		0.00%		1,019,240	8	1.06%	
Appalachian Community Bank	Commercial Business Owner		-		0.00%		944,276	9	0.98%	
Dawson Development Assoc. LLC	Residential Developer		-	_	0		896,000	10	0.93%	
Totals			10,326,468		8.46%		15,238,639		15.80%	

Source: Dawson County Tax Commissioner

Note: The City of Dawsonville does not levy property tax. Rank is based on the amount of County maintenance & operations taxes billed since exemptions that reduce the assessed value can vary by entity.

(1) Percentages are based on the City's gross tax digest of \$ 122,091,406 for calendar year 2018, and \$ 96,465,505 for calendar year 2009.

#### CITY OF DAWSONVILLE, GEORGIA LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX DISTRIBUTION COMMODITY REPORT

Last Five Fiscal Years

		2018	2017				
Commodity (1)	Total Distributed	Rank	% of Total	Total Distributed	Rank	% of Total	
General Merchandise	\$ 2,756,933	1	33.37%	\$ 2,488,72	0 1	34.07%	
Food/Bars	1,724,121	2	20.87%	1,511,49	22	20.69%	
Other Retail	991,588	3	12.00%	731,54	33	10.02%	
Miscellaneous Service	693,971	4	8.40%	695,11	24	9.52%	
Wholesale	423,375	5	5.12%	442,63	25	6.06%	
Home Furnishing	370,178	6	4.48%	339,66	37	4.65%	
Manufacturing	345,113	7	4.18%	417,27	36	5.71%	
Other Services	323,353	8	3.91%	97,37	3 10	1.33%	
Utility	314,792	9	3.81%	278,89	48	3.82%	
Auto	159,012	10	1.92%	169,30	59	2.32%	
Accommodations	88,855		1.08%	89,54	6	1.23%	
Construction	69,713		0.84%	42,80	0	0.59%	
Totals	8,261,004	-	100.00%	7,304,35	3	100.00%	

Source: Georgia Department of Revenue, Local Government Services

(1) Data is not available for City of Dawsonville; Dawson County totals are reported on this schedule.

#### CITY OF DAWSONVILLE, GEORGIA LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX DISTRIBUTION COMMODITY REPORT

Last Five Fiscal Years

2016							2014				
Total Distributed	Rank	% of Total		Total Distributed	Rank	% of Total		Total Distributed	Rank	% of Total	
\$ 2,678,360	1	39.04%	\$	2,764,194	1	42.83%	\$	2,764,194	1	42.83%	
1,232,140	2	17.96%		1,085,753	2	16.82%		1,085,753	2	16.82%	
671,004	3	9.78%		687,741	3	10.66%		687,741	3	10.66%	
568,871	4	8.29%		508,180	4	7.87%		508,180	4	7.87%	
383,261	6	5.59%		415,047	5	6.43%		415,047	5	6.43%	
277,962	7	4.05%		197,512	8	3.06%		197,512	8	3.06%	
438,265	5	6.39%		236,342	7	3.66%		236,342	7	3.66%	
83,607	10	1.22%		98,596	10	1.53%		98,596	10	1.53%	
269,555	8	3.93%		271,837	6	4.21%		271,837	6	4.21%	
160,335	9	2.34%		119,989	9	1.86%		119,989	9	1.86%	
75,391		1.10%		54,951		0.85%		54,951		0.85%	
21,273		0.31%		13,600		0.21%		13,600		0.21%	
6,860,024	:	100.00%		6,453,742	:	100.00%	_	6,453,742		100.00%	

#### CITY OF DAWSONVILLE, GEORGIA RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Governmental	Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities	_		
Fiscal Year Ended	Intergovern- mental Contractual Agreement (3)	Capital Leases	Water & Sewer Revenue Bonds	Municipal Loans	Total Primary Government	Percentage of Personal Income (1)	Per Capita
2018	1,347,751	-	3,835,000	1,493,832	6,676,583	5.30%	2,237
2017	1,572,307	-	4,045,000	917,800	6,535,107	5.43%	2,214
2016	1,721,322	-	4,250,000	359,426	6,330,748	6.03%	2,403
2015	1,865,144	-	4,450,000	-	6,315,144	6.18%	2,410
2014	1,442,828	-	4,675,000	-	6,117,828	6.56%	2,412
2013	1,555,048	-	3,761,717	1,083,998	6,400,763	7.41%	2,596
2012	1,924,006	-	3,816,575	1,147,157	6,887,738	8.84%	3,003
2011	2,042,906	-	3,867,828	1,207,565	7,118,299	9.38%	3,070
2010	2,160,041	-	3,917,948	1,265,372	7,343,361	9.93%	3,073
2009	(2) 2,277,756	-	3,961,563	1,320,784	7,560,103	15.06%	4,675

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

(1) See the Schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics on page 74 for personal income and population data.

(2) The City converted to a June 30 fiscal year end in 2009; consequently, financial reporting is presented for the six-month period ending June 30, 2009. Preceding periods are based on a fiscal year end of December 31.

(3) The City maintains liability through an intergovernmental contractual agreement for bonds issued by the Downtown Development Authority, a blended component unit of the City. See notes to the financial statements for further detail.

#### DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT

GENERAL OBLIGATION AND REVENUE BONDS

June 30, 2018

Governmental Unit	Deb	t Outstanding	Estimated Percentage Available	Estimated Share of Overlapping Debt		
City of Dawsonville Direct Debt						
Intergovernmental Contractual Obligations	\$	1,347,751	100%	\$	1,347,751	
Total Direct		1,347,751			1,347,751	
Overlapping Debt: Dawson County Board of Commissioners		2,865,000	6.72%		192,528	
Dawson County School System		12,210,000	6.72%		820,512	
Total Overlapping Debt		15,075,000			1,013,040	
Total	\$	16,422,751		\$	2,360,791	

Source: Direct debt outstanding provided by the City as of June 30, 2018, as represented in current financial statements. Overlapping debt outstanding data as per reported in the Dawson County CAFR for December 31, 2017.

Note: Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with the geographic boundaries of the City. This schedule estimates the portion of the outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that is borne by the residents and businesses of the City. This process recognizes that, when considering the government's ability to issue and repay long-term debt, the entire debt burden borne by the residents and businesses should be taken into account. However, this does not imply that every taxpayer is a resident.

The percentage of overlapping debt applicable is estimated using taxable assessed property values. Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the portion of the county's taxable assessed value that is within the government's boundaries and dividing it by the county total taxable assessed value.

#### LEGAL DEBT MARGIN - GENERAL OBLIGATION DEBT

#### Last Ten Fiscal Years

	 2018	 2017	 2016	 2015
Assessed value of property, gross tax digest	\$ 122,091,406	\$ 102,480,729	\$ 91,250,609	\$ 83,219,114
Debt Limit (10% of total assessed value)	12,209,141	10,248,073	9,125,061	8,321,911
Amount of Debt applicable to limit:				
General obligation bonds and contracts payable	1,347,751	1,572,307	1,721,322	1,334,130
Less: Resources restricted to paying principal	 -	 -	 -	 -
Total net debt applicable to limit	 1,347,751	 1,572,307	 1,721,322	 1,334,130
Legal debt margin	\$ 10,861,390	\$ 8,675,766	\$ 7,403,739	\$ 6,987,781
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	11.04%	15.34%	18.86%	16.03%

### CITY OF DAWSONVILLE, GEORGIA

### LEGAL DEBT MARGIN - GENERAL OBLIGATION DEBT

Last Ten Fiscal Years

_	2014	 2013	 2012	 2011	 2010	 2009
\$	79,567,985	\$ 72,697,657	\$ 71,762,520	\$ 80,752,734	\$ 92,339,058	\$ 96,465,505
	7,956,799	7,269,766	7,176,252	8,075,273	9,233,906	9,646,551
	1,442,828	1,555,048 -	1,924,006	2,042,906	2,160,041	2,277,756
	1,442,828	 1,555,048	 1,924,006	 2,042,906	2,160,041	 2,277,756
\$	6,513,971	\$ 5,714,718	\$ 5,252,246	\$ 6,032,367	\$ 7,073,865	\$ 7,368,795
	18.13%	21.39%	26.81%	25.30%	23.39%	23.61%

### CITY OF DAWSONVILLE, GEORGIA PLEDGED-REVENUE COVERAGE WATER, SEWER & GARBAGE FUND

Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Public Utilities Revenue Bonds & Pledged Municipal Loans									
			Less	Net							
Fiscal		Operating	Operating	Available	Debt Se						
Year		Revenue (1)	Expenses (2)	Revenue	Principal	Interest (3)	Coverage				
2018		1,606,079	1,104,482	501,597	248,305	115,369	1.38				
2017		1,535,767	1,029,238	506,529	260,405	112,318	1.36				
2016		1,318,908	874,680	444,228	200,000	139,363	1.31				
2015		1,288,870	812,753	476,117	225,000	97,159	1.48				
2014		1,208,802	734,280	474,522	170,715	296,608	1.02				
2013		1,125,931	719,778	406,153	118,017	208,528	0.76				
2012		966,455	710,484	255,971	111,661	213,678	0.79				
2011		979,885	836,095	143,790	107,928	217,410	0.44				
2010		1,002,147	868,042	134,105	99,025	226,311	0.41				
2009	(4)	467,854	439,860	27,994	49,905	112,764	0.17				

(1) Total operating revenue including interest.

(2) Total operating expenses exclusive of depreciation.

(3) Beginning 2016, amount shown is interest and other fiscal charges, including fees associated with debt.

(4) The City converted to a June 30 fiscal year end in 2009; consequently financial reporting is presented for the six month period ending June 30, 2009.

### CITY OF DAWSONVILLE, GEORGIA TAX SUPPORTED DEBT RATIOS

June 30, 2018

	Supp	ot Tax ported ot (1)	Sup	oping Tax ported ot (1)	Overall Tax Supported Debt (6)	
Per Capita Debt (2)	\$	452	\$	339	\$	791
Percentage of Gross Tax Digest (3)	1.1	0%	0.	83%		1.93%
Percentage of Direct Fair Market Value (4)	0.4	6%	0.	35%		0.80%
Per Capita Debt as Percentage of Per Capita Income (5)	1.0	)7%	0.	80%		1.87%

Note: This schedule is provided to comply with debt covenant requirements from prior years.

Direct and overlapping debt is shown in total on page 70.
 Based on 2018 City of Dawsonville population of 2,984, see page 74
 Based on 2018 Gross Tax Digest of \$ 122,091,406, see page 65
 Based on 2018 estimated actual value of \$ 293,538,188, see page 65
 Based on 2018 estimated per capita income figure for Dawson County of \$ 42,177, see page 74
 Based on amount of overlapping debt applicable to City of Dawsonville taxable property.

### CITY OF DAWSONVILLE, GEORGIA DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year Ended	Population Dawson County	Population City of Dawsonville	Estimated City of Dawsonville Personal Income (4)	Dawson Co. Per Capita Personal Income		Dawson County Average Annual Unemployment Rate (1)
2018 (2)	24,621	2,984	125,855,547	42,177	(3)	3.6%
2017	24,006	2,952	120,458,484	40,806		4.4%
2016	23,604	2,634	104,901,684	39,826		4.7%
2015	23,256	2,620	102,109,260	38,973		5.6%
2014	22,891	2,536	93,266,472	36,777		5.8%
2013	22,574	2,466	86,376,582	35,027		6.7%
2012	22,371	2,294	77,872,124	33,946		7.7%
2011	22,209	2,319	75,866,085	32,715		9.0%
2010	22,287	2,390	73,970,500	30,950		9.8%
2009	22,325	1,617	50,196,531	31,043		9.8%

Data Sources: U.S. Census Bureau and Bureau of Economic Analysis, unless otherwise noted.

(1) Data provided through the Georgia Department of Labor and U.S. Department of Labor Bureau of Labor Statistics.

(2) U.S. Census population data for 2017 not available; information shown is estimate provided by Georgia Hometown Locator.

(3) Current per capita data unavailable. Calculated estimate by applying to the preceding year, the compound annual growth rate of 3.36% realized for the nine year period 2009-2017.

(4) Personal Income figures specifically for the City are not consistently available. Calculated estimate by multiplying county per capita rate by City population.

### CITY OF DAWSONVILLE, GEORGIA

### PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS

### Current Year and Ten Years Ago

		2018	3	2009			
Taxpayer	Employees	Rank	Percentage of City Employment	Employees	Rank	Percentage of City Employment	
Dawson County Board of Commissioners	393	1	23.75%	274	2	17.91%	
Gold Creek Processing, LLC / Gold Creek Foods	356	2	21.51%	501	1	32.75%	
Dawson County Board of Education (1)	321	3	19.40%	234	3	15.29%	
Atlanta Motor Sports Park LLC	62	4	3.75%				
T.W. Phillips Grading, Inc.	45	5	2.72%	18	7/8	1.18%	
Food Lion Store # 2132	39	6	2.36%	36	4	2.35%	
Bojangles Restaurant	25	7/8	1.51%				
North Georgia Assisted Living	25	7/8	1.51%				
Dairy Queen of Dawsonville	25	7/8	1.51%	18	7/8	1.18%	
City of Dawsonville	23	9	1.39%	13	9	0.85%	
Koch Electric	14	10	0.85%				
Ernie Elliott Inc.				24	5	1.57%	
Davis Machine Inc.				23	6	1.50%	
Southern Foodservice Management				18	7/8	1.18%	
Southern Catholic College				10	10	0.65%	
Subway				10	10	0.65%	
All Others	327	. –	19.76%	351	_	22.94%	
Totals	1,655	_	100.00%	1,530	_	100.00%	

Source: Employment data based on business license applications and phone surveys.

(1) Represented in the employment figures presented are employees of the BOE offices, Dawson County High School, Dawson County Middle School, Robinson Elementary and Hightower Academy.

### CITY OF DAWSONVILLE, GEORGIA CITY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2018		20	2017		16	2015	
Function	Full Time	Part Time	Full Time	Part Time	Full Time	Part Time	Full Time	Part Time
General government:								
Mayor and council	-	5	-	5	-	5	-	5
Finance and administration	5	1	3	1	2	1	1	1
Planning and zoning	2	1	2	-	1	-	1	-
Highways and streets	3	-	3	-	3	-	3	-
Water and sewer	6	-	5	-	5	-	3	-
Totals	16	7	13	6	11	6	8	6

Source: City employment records.

### CITY OF DAWSONVILLE, GEORGIA CITY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION

Last Ten Fiscal Years

20	)14	20	13	20	12	20	11	20	10	20	09
Full Time	Part Time										
-	5	-	5	-	5	-	5	-	5	-	5
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	-
1	-	1	-	1	-	1	-	1	-	2	-
3	-	1	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
3	-	3	-	3	-	4	-	5	-	4	-
8	6	6	7	6	7	6	6	7	6	8	5

#### CITY OF DAWSONVILLE, GEORGIA OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION Last Nine Fiscal Years

Function	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
General Government:									
Number of accounts payable									
checks issued	1,579	1,426	1,404	730	730	656	554	1,004	1,067
Number of payroll checks issued	504	418	326	286	286	290	278	273	280
Highways and streets									
Miles of streets maintained	12.04	11.60	11.60	10.87	10.87	10.87	10.08	10.07	10.07
Miles of sidewalks maintained	8.30	7.80	6.68	5.93	5.93	5.70	5.52	5.09	4.80
Planning & Zoning									
Permits issued	280	206	141	100	97	96	83	98	77
Licenses issued	598	219	204	181	190	163	151	152	160
Water System									
Number of service connections	1,316	1,248	1,208	1,250	1,250	1,118	1,131	1,096	1,135
Daily average consumption in gallons	220,037	204,309	242,947	190,688	190,688	187,092	294,304	194,215	183,486
Sewer System									
Number of service connections	1,144	1,077	970	1,075	1,075	941	934	904	946
Daily average treatment in gallons	197,183	183,826	164,764	176,698	176,698	166,530	270,731	172,218	160,841
Garbage Collection									
Customers	876	816	654	572	556	553	518	522	517

Source: Various City departments.

#### CITY OF DAWSONVILLE, GEORGIA CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009 (1)
General Government:										
Municipal facilities	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Rental houses	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Undeveloped land acreage	17.74	17.74	17.74	17.74	3.53	3.53	3.53	3.53	3.53	3.53
Culture and Recreation										
Parks	2	2	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	1
Park acreage	15	15	15	15	15	1	1	1	1	1
Highways and Streets										
Maintenance facilities	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Miles of streets maintained	12.04	11.60	11.60	10.87	10.87	10.87	10.08	10.07	10.07	10.07
Miles of sidewalks maintained	8.30	7.80	6.68	6.43	5.93	5.70	5.52	5.09	4.80	4.43
Water System										
Miles of mains	25.5	25.5	25.5	25.5	25.5	25.5	24.9	24.9	24.6	24.6
Number of fire hydrants	280	280	280	275	275	268	268	268	268	268
Number of developed wells	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Maximum daily capacity in gallons	500,000	500,000	500,000	835,200	835,200	835,200	835,200	835,200	835,200	835,200
Sewer System										
Miles of sewer	15.0	15.0	15.0	15.0	15.0	15.0	14.4	14.4	14.2	14.2
Waste water treatment plants Maximum daily capacity of treatment	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
plant in gallons	400,000	400,000	400,000	400,000	400,000	400,000	400,000	400,000	400,000	400,000

Source: Various City departments.

(1) The City converted to a June 30 fiscal year end in 2009; consequently financial reporting is presented for the six month period ending June 30, 2009

# OTHER REPORTING SECTION



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# CITY OF DAWSONVILLE, GEORGIA SPECIAL LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX SCHEDULE OF PROJECTS CONSTRUCTED WITH SPECIAL SALES TAX PROCEEDS From Inception Through June 30, 2018

Project	Original Budget	Current Project Budget	Prior Year Project to Date	Current Year	Total	Percent Complete
SPLOST # 5						
Roads, Streets, Bridges and Sidewalks Water and Sewer Projects Recreation	\$ 211,000 200,000 50,000	\$ 302,831 _ 	\$ 172,693 - -	\$ 130,138 - -	\$ 302,831 _ 	100.00% 0.00% 0.00%
	\$ 461,000	\$ 302,831	\$ 172,693	\$ 130,138	\$ 302,831	100.00%
SPLOST # 6						
Roads, Streets, Bridges and Sidewalks Water and Sewer Projects Park and Recreation Facilities Farmers Market Facility Public Works Facility and Equipment City Hall Acquisition	<pre>\$ 1,250,000 2,750,000 2,250,000 1,000,000 400,000 2,000,000 \$ 9,650,000</pre>	\$ 1,250,000 2,750,000 2,250,000 1,000,000 400,000 2,000,000 \$ 9,650,000	\$ 233,067 14,093 154,067 	\$ 55,649 185,772 116,846 16,583 267,479 \$ 642,329	<pre>\$ 288,716 199,865 270,913 16,583 184,620 611,743 \$ 1,572,440</pre>	23.10% 7.27% 12.04% 1.66% 46.16% 30.59% 16.29%
Total All SPLOST Projects	\$ 10,111,000	\$ 9,952,831	\$ 1,102,804	\$ 772,467	\$ 1,875,271	18.84%
Reconciliation to Capital Projects Fund:						

Reconciliation to Capital Projects Fund:

Total Expenditures - Capital Projects Fund Transfers to other funds	\$ 586,695 185,772
SPLOST 5 & 6 Expenditures - current year	\$ 772,467

# COMPLIANCE SECTION



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### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Mayor and City Council City of Dawsonville Dawsonville, Georgia

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Dawsonville, Georgia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Dawsonville, Georgia's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 3, 2018.

### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City of Dawsonville, Georgia's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Dawsonville, Georgia's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Dawsonville, Georgia's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses.

### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Dawsonville, Georgia's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses as item 2018-01.

### City of Dawsonville, Georgia's Response to Findings

The City of Dawsonville, Georgia's response identified in the audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses. The City's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

alexander alment & Barn, SLP

Alexander, Almand & Bangs, LLP Gainesville, Georgia December 3, 2018

### CITY OF DAWSONVILLE, GEORGIA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

### SPECIAL PURPOSE LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX (SPLOST) FUND

### Finding 2018-01 - Commingling Assets

<u>CRITERIA</u> – Internal controls should be in place to ensure that all amounts received and expended on restrictive grants and special purpose funds are appropriately accounted for and reconciled to the subsidiary ledgers.

<u>CONDITION</u> – An audit adjustment and reconciliation was required in order to determine the applicable Local Maintenance and Improvement Grant (LMIG) and Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax (SPLOST), receipts and expenditures.

<u>CONTEXT/CAUSE</u> – During audit procedures, it was noted that receipt of funds restricted for LMIG projects were received into the General Fund. LMIG projects were completed and expended from the SPLOST Fund, restricted by the Official Code of Georgia Annotated (OCGA) 48-8-121, without an interfund repayment occurring.

<u>EFFECT</u> – An adjustment for an interfund receivable/payable in the amount of \$ 109,433 was required in the SPLOST and General Funds, respectively, for the year-ending June 30, 2018. In addition, blending SPLOST Funds with those in the General Fund results in non-compliance with state legislation.

<u>RECOMMENDATION</u> – The City should implement processes and/or strengthen internal controls that determines the applicable use of funds received, which can be applied across the City's Funds.

<u>MANAGEMENT RESPONSE</u> – The City recognizes and agrees with the finding. Subsequent to year end, the City transferred funds to satisfy the interfund balance. The City remains committed to developing and implementing internal controls to ensure that monies are distributed from the correct funds.

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